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# Enterprise PeopleTools 8.51 PeopleBook: PeopleSoft Process Scheduler

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October 2011

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# PeopleSoft Process Scheduler Preface

This preface provides a general overview of the contents discussed in PeopleSoft Process Scheduler.

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## PeopleSoft Process Scheduler

PeopleTools Process Scheduler is a centralized tool that enables application developers, system administrators, and application users to manage PeopleSoft batch processes. Using PeopleSoft Pure Internet Architecture, you can access a list of processes through a web browser and queue and run a process request.

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**Note.** *DB2 UDB for OS/390 and z/OS* is the official IBM name for the DBMS. In the current PeopleTools release, PeopleSoft no longer supports the OS/390 operating system, only z/OS, its replacement. For the sake of brevity, this PeopleBook sometimes refers to DB2 UDB for OS/390 and z/OS as *DB2 z/OS*, and it sometimes refers to DB2 UDB for Linux, UNIX and Windows as *DB2 UNIX/NT*.

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## PeopleBooks and the PeopleSoft Online Library

A companion PeopleBook called *PeopleBooks and the PeopleSoft Online Library* contains general information, including:

- Understanding the PeopleSoft online library and related documentation.
- How to send PeopleSoft documentation comments and suggestions to Oracle.
- How to access hosted PeopleBooks, downloadable HTML PeopleBooks, and downloadable PDF PeopleBooks as well as documentation updates.
- Understanding PeopleBook structure.
- Typographical conventions and visual cues used in PeopleBooks.
- ISO country codes and currency codes.
- PeopleBooks that are common across multiple applications.
- Common elements used in PeopleBooks.
- Navigating the PeopleBooks interface and searching the PeopleSoft online library.
- Displaying and printing screen shots and graphics in PeopleBooks.
- How to manage the locally installed PeopleSoft online library, including web site folders.
- Understanding documentation integration and how to integrate customized documentation into the library.
- Application abbreviations found in application fields.

You can find *PeopleBooks and the PeopleSoft Online Library* in the online PeopleBooks Library for your PeopleTools release.

## Chapter 1

# Getting Started With PeopleSoft Process Scheduler

This chapter provides an overview of PeopleSoft Process Scheduler and discusses:

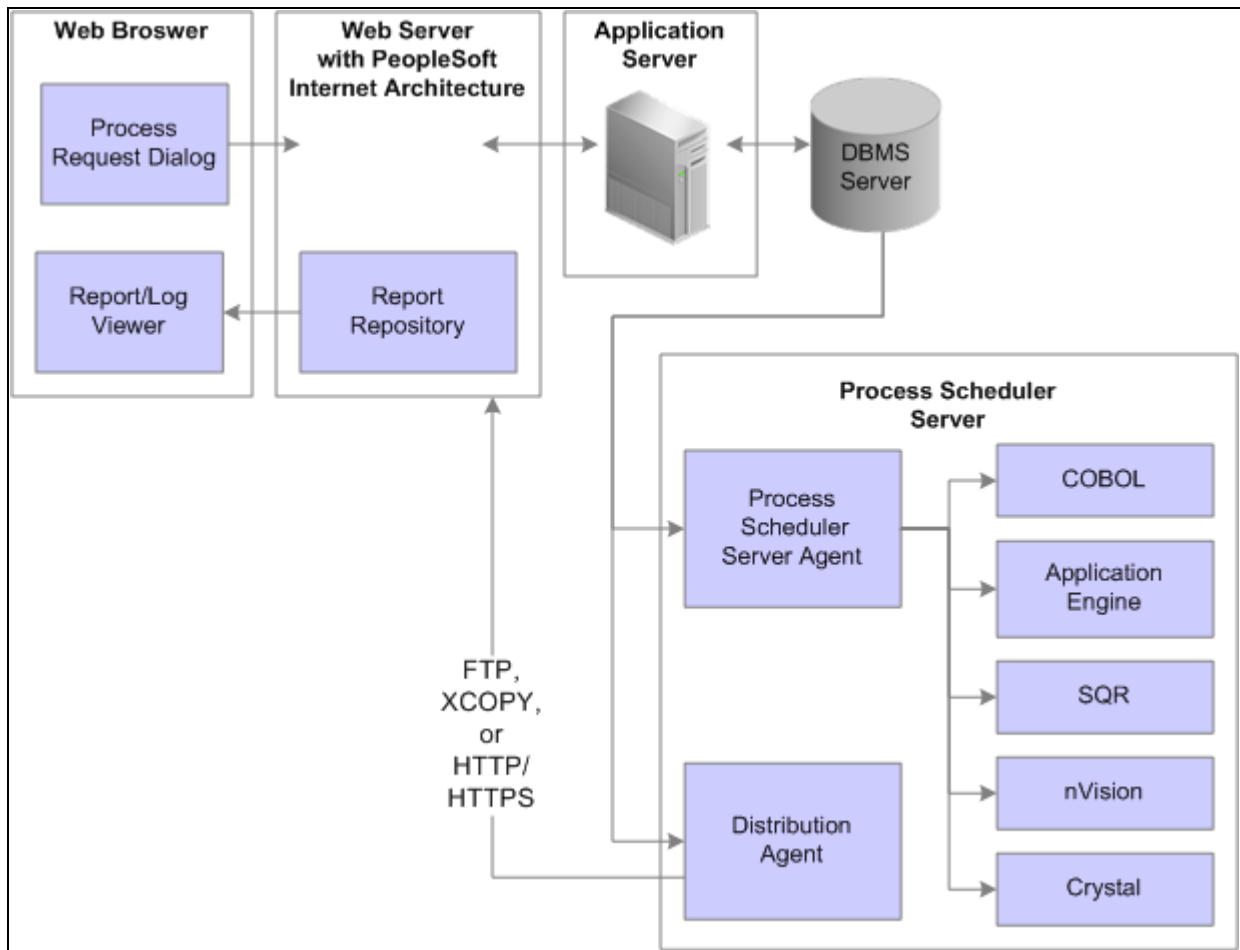
- PeopleSoft Process Scheduler implementation
- Other sources of information

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## PeopleSoft Process Scheduler Overview

PeopleSoft Process Scheduler is a centralized tool that enables application developers, system administrators, and application users to manage PeopleSoft batch processes. Using PeopleSoft Pure Internet Architecture, you can access a list of processes through a web browser and queue and run a process request. Process requests using PeopleSoft Pure Internet Architecture have the added functionality of new distribution options that enable you to distribute output through the web in different formats (HTML, PDF, Microsoft Excel, and so on) to other users based on their user or role ID. You also can send reports as email to other users.

The following diagram describes the overall PeopleSoft Process Scheduler architecture:



PeopleSoft Process Scheduler architecture

## PeopleSoft Process Scheduler Implementation

This section provides information to consider before you begin to use PeopleSoft Process Scheduler.

Implementation of PeopleSoft Process Scheduler can be categorized into the following activities:

- Configure Process Scheduler general settings.
- Configure process security.
- Set server definitions.
- Configure jobs and jobsets.

### ***Configuring Process Scheduler General Settings***

To maintain a single-row table that stores system-wide parameters and system defaults, you perform the following steps:

<b>Step</b>	<b>Reference</b>
1. Define system settings.	See <a href="#">Chapter 6, "Defining PeopleSoft Process Scheduler Support Information," Defining System Settings, page 76</a> .
2. Define process type definitions.	See <a href="#">Chapter 6, "Defining PeopleSoft Process Scheduler Support Information," Defining Process Type Definitions, page 89.</a>
3. Define process definitions.	See <a href="#">Chapter 6, "Defining PeopleSoft Process Scheduler Support Information," Defining Process Definitions, page 106.</a>
4. Define recurrence definition.	See <a href="#">Chapter 6, "Defining PeopleSoft Process Scheduler Support Information," Defining Recurrence Definitions, page 122.</a>

### **Configuring Process Security**

To secure access to the processes, you perform the following steps:

<b>Step</b>	<b>Reference</b>
1. Configure permission lists, roles, and user profiles.	See <i>PeopleTools 8.51 PeopleBook: Security Administration</i> , "Understanding PeopleSoft Security," Security Basics.
2. Set up Process Scheduler privileges and profiles.	See <a href="#">Appendix C, "Setting Up PeopleSoft Process Scheduler Security," page 225.</a>
3. Grant PeopleSoft Process Scheduler system administration role.	See <a href="#">Appendix C, "Setting Up PeopleSoft Process Scheduler Security," Granting a PeopleSoft Process Scheduler System Administration Role, page 228.</a>

### **Setting Server Definitions**

To set up server definitions, you perform the following steps:

<b>Step</b>	<b>Reference</b>
1. Create server definitions.	See <a href="#">Chapter 8, "Setting Server Definitions," Creating Server Definitions, page 147.</a>
2. Define report nodes.	See <a href="#">Chapter 8, "Setting Server Definitions," Defining Report Nodes, page 157.</a>
3. Define daemon groups.	See <a href="#">Chapter 8, "Setting Server Definitions," Defining Daemon Groups, page 161.</a>
4. Define batch timings.	See <a href="#">Chapter 8, "Setting Server Definitions," Defining Batch Timings, page 161.</a>

## ***Configuring Jobs and JobSets***

To run several processes in one batch, you perform the following steps to define jobs and jobsets:

<b>Step</b>	<b>Reference</b>
1. Create job definitions.	See <a href="#">Chapter 9, "Defining Jobs and JobSets," Creating Job Definitions, page 164.</a>
2. Define scheduled jobsets.	See <a href="#">Chapter 9, "Defining Jobs and JobSets," Defining Scheduled JobSets, page 173.</a>

## ***Other Sources of Information***

In addition to implementation considerations presented in this chapter, take advantage of all PeopleSoft sources of information, including the installation guides, release notes, and PeopleBooks.

## ***See Also***

["PeopleSoft Process Scheduler Preface," page xi](#)

*PeopleTools 8.51 PeopleBook: Getting Started with Enterprise PeopleTools*



## Chapter 2

# Understanding PeopleSoft Process Scheduler

This chapter discusses:

- PeopleSoft Process Scheduler.
- PeopleSoft Process Scheduler architecture.
- PeopleSoft Process Scheduler components.

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## PeopleSoft Process Scheduler

The primary role of Process Scheduler is to support the PeopleSoft application environment. With a PeopleSoft application, you might want to perform certain processes (such as running programs, batch programs, reports, and so on) in the background of the online system. Running reports, posting journal entries, loading benefit enrollment forms, and calculating payroll deductions are all examples of processes that you might want to perform independently of the PeopleSoft application.

Using PeopleSoft Process Scheduler can streamline your business practices by enabling you to take advantage of the distributed computing environment at your site, whereby you can schedule performance-sensitive jobs to run on a powerful server while the online system is still available to end users.

PeopleSoft Process Scheduler enables you to:

- Schedule recurring processes.
- Create jobs (groups of processes).
- Schedule a process request to run on any date or during any time interval that your business requires, such as monthly, daily, hourly, or by the minute.
- Submit a job to run several processes and conditionally schedule successive processes based on the status of a previous process in the job.

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**Note.** PeopleSoft Process Scheduler does not support any third-party products, such as AUTOSYS.

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## PeopleSoft Process Scheduler Architecture

End users need to be concerned only with successfully submitting process requests, monitoring their progress, and viewing their output in Report Manager. However, they also should understand how each part of PeopleSoft Process Scheduler functions.

The following sections describe the role of each of the basic components in a three-tier environment.

### ***PeopleSoft Application Server***

The application server runs the appropriate SQL against the database to add a row to the Process Request table (PSPRCSRQST) for the submitted process request. Process Monitor also uses SQL to fetch the process status from the Process Request table.

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**Note.** In this context, *application server* refers to the physical machine on which the PeopleSoft Application Server runs. The PeopleSoft Application Server is the actual set of server processes that are controlled by Oracle Tuxedo. The PeopleSoft Process Scheduler Server is a separate component that does not necessarily need to run on the application server.

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### ***PeopleSoft Process Scheduler Server Agent***

The PeopleSoft Process Scheduler Server Agent is the component that resides on a server and runs as a process; that is, after it is initiated, it runs continuously in the background and requires no user interaction until it receives a request to shut down. Although the PeopleSoft Process Scheduler Server can run on the application server machine, it can also run on any supported batch server or database server.

As with each of the server processes, such as PSAPPSRV, that run within a PeopleSoft Application Server domain, the PeopleSoft Process Scheduler Server maintains its own SQL connection to the database server.

The PeopleSoft Process Scheduler Server Agent becomes idle for a specified interval of time so that it does not consume server resources. It continues alternating between being idle and active until the database administrator stops it manually.

The PeopleSoft Process Scheduler Server Agent polls the Process Request table at a regular, user-defined interval to determine whether any process requests have been directed toward the server. If so, it starts the appropriate process, based on the requested run date and time. The agent also updates the run status of that process instance to Initiated and updates the session ID with the process ID (PID) of that process.

After the PeopleSoft Process Scheduler Server Agent initiates a process, the started process—if it is API-Aware—is responsible for updating the Run Status column in PSPRCSRQST accordingly. However, during the polling cycle, the agent also:

- Cancels (at the operating system-level) processes that have been canceled through the Process Monitor.
- Checks for processes with a run status of Initiated and Processing to determine whether these processes are actually running.

To make this determination, it uses the PID that is stored in the database when the process is started. If the PID does not exist, the process is then set to Error.

## **Database Server**

The database server houses the Process Request tables that contain a variety of data that are related to the requests, such as command line parameters, output options, and process status.

## **Distribution Agent**

Report distribution in the PeopleSoft system is closely associated with PeopleSoft Process Scheduler. Process Scheduler uses the PeopleSoft Process Scheduler Server Agent to run the reports and log files that you submit using a process request. When they have finished, the Distribution Agent transfers these reports and log files to the Report Repository where you can view them from a web browser using PeopleSoft Pure Internet Architecture. You can transfer the following files to the Report Repository:

- Reports
- Logs
- Trace files

Report distribution options enable you to restrict access to these reports based on user ID or role ID, as defined in PeopleSoft Security Administration.

For the Distribution Agent to pass authentication, you must ensure that the following rules are enforced:

- The user ID that you use to start the Process Scheduler server must include the *ProcessSchedulerAdmin* role.

See [Chapter 10, "Managing PeopleSoft Process Scheduler," Granting PeopleSoft Process Scheduler Administrative Rights, page 188.](#)

- On the Report Node Definition page, the Universal Resource Locator (URL) Host must contain a fully qualified name.

If you specify the Auth Token Domain name during the PeopleSoft Pure Internet Architecture installation, you must also include the domain name on the URL Host.

See [Chapter 8, "Setting Server Definitions," Defining HTTP Distribution Nodes, page 158.](#)

The Distribution Agent process runs on the same server as the PeopleSoft Process Scheduler Server Agent. When you use the Server Definition page to set up the PeopleSoft Process Scheduler Server Agent with a distribution node, either the PeopleSoft Process Scheduler Server Agent or Oracle Tuxedo starts the Distribution Agent, depending on the operating system in which you start PeopleSoft Process Scheduler. In Windows and UNIX, Oracle Tuxedo starts the Distribution Agent, while in OS390, the PeopleSoft Process Scheduler Server Agent starts it.

The PeopleSoft Process Scheduler Server Agent and the Distribution Agent both check the status of each process in the Report List table (PS\_CDM\_LIST). When the PeopleSoft Process Scheduler Server Agent initiates a process request that has an output destination type of Web, or if the Server Definition page is set up to transfer system log or trace files to Report Manager, then an entry is inserted into the Report List table. When the program that is associated with the process finishes, the status in the Report List table is updated to Generated, indicating that the files are ready to transfer to the Report Repository. In Windows and UNIX, where PeopleSoft Process Scheduler servers are started through Oracle Tuxedo, the Process Scheduler (PSPRCRV) sends a Tuxedo service to the Distribution Agent (PSDSTSRV) to initiate transferring of reports to the Report Repository. In OS390, the Distribution Agent polls the Report List table to determine which process requests have finished running and then transfers them to Report Repository.

See [Appendix D, "Using the PSADMIN Utility," page 231.](#)

### **Report Repository**

The Report Repository is the designated server where the Distribution Agent transfers reports that are generated from the PeopleSoft Process Scheduler Server. The repository can be set up on either a UNIX or Microsoft Windows machine by installing PeopleSoft Pure Internet Architecture and certified web server software (WebLogic or WebSphere), and can be used by multiple PeopleSoft databases. The Distribution Agent determines the Report Repository to which it should transfer the reports based on the setting that is specified in the server definition. When the Distribution Agent transfers all the files for a specific request, it creates a subdirectory under the designated directory that is specified in the PeopleSoft Pure Internet Architecture as the PSReports home directory, for example: <Database Name>/<Transfer date in YYYYMMDD format>/<Report Instance>

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## **PeopleSoft Process Scheduler Components**

Process Scheduler has several components that work together to help you run reports and processes offline. After a job has been submitted, use Process Monitor to check the status of the job, and then use Report Manager to view the output of the job through a web browser.

Process Scheduler Manager involves the interaction of these components, which you can select from the menu:

<b>Process Type Definitions</b>	Set global definitions for processes.
<b>Process Definitions</b>	Define settings that are specific to a process.
<b>Job Definitions</b>	Group processes.
<b>Schedule JobSet Definitions</b>	Describe the jobsets that run on a recurring basis, such as weekly or monthly.
<b>Recurrence Definitions</b>	Describe the frequency of processes that run on a recurring basis, such as weekly or monthly.
<b>Server Definitions</b>	Define to instances of the PeopleSoft Process Scheduler Server Agent.
<b>Report Node Definitions</b>	Define the report distribution node, including URL, home directory, and File Transfer Protocol (FTP) address. Use this component to set the parameters that are needed for the PeopleSoft Process Scheduler Server to transfer reports and log and trace files that are generated from a process request to Report Manager.
<b>Process System Settings</b>	View or change the last process instance number, as well as the system's default operating system.

**Process Request**

Submit a job or process to run. This component is commonly integrated into applications to support process requests that you make by selecting Run from PeopleSoft applications. The Process Request page enables you to specify variables, such as where a process runs and in what format the process output is generated.

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**Note.** Depending on your role at your site, you might be concerned with only one or two of these components. Most end users are concerned with only the basic tasks of submitting a process request, checking its progress, and viewing it in Report Manager.

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## Chapter 3

# Submitting and Scheduling Process Requests

This chapter provides an overview of run control IDs and discusses how to:

- Submit process requests.
- Schedule process requests.
- Use process status notifications.

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**Note.** This chapter is intended for the PeopleSoft application user who uses PeopleSoft Process Scheduler from a web browser to run background processes, such as PeopleSoft Application Engine, COBOL, or Structured Query Report (SQR). Depending on your security authorizations, you can run background processes on your browser or on a network server.

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## Understanding Run Control IDs

To run a report, you must tell the system when and where you want the report to run. For example, you might tell the system to run the report on the database server at midnight or on a Microsoft Windows server every Sunday afternoon, or you might tell it to run the report immediately. For most reports, you must also set parameters that determine the content of the report, such as the business unit or time period on which to report.

A run control is a database record that provides values for these settings. Instead of entering the same values each time you run a report, you create and save a run control with those settings. The next time that you run the report, you select the run control, and the system completes the settings.

You can create run controls that apply to several related reports. For example, suppose that all of the reports that you run at the end of a month require the same parameters: business unit, department, and from and to dates. You can create a single run control that provides values for these parameters and use it for every report.

Conversely, you can create several run controls for the same report to manage different situations. For example, you can create one run control that sets the parameters for a quarterly report and another run control that sets them for a year-to-date version of the same report. Each time that you run the report, you select the appropriate run control. This way, you can print several variations of the same report without changing the settings every time.

A run control ID is used as a key (with a user ID) for records that contain the parameters that a process needs at runtime. Storing the parameters in a table that the process can query using the run control ID and user ID enables the process to run without user intervention. Run control IDs are stored in a minimum of two tables: an application run control table and the Tools Run Control table (PSPRCRQST). You can examine the PS\_PRCRUNCTL table as a sample application run control table.

The PeopleTools Run Control table stores information that is required by PeopleSoft Process Scheduler, such as output type, format, distribution, file dependency, and destination. The application run control table stores information that is required to run a process, such as the from date, department ID, employee ID, and so on. All application run control tables are keyed by user ID and run control ID.

**Note.** Run control IDs are product-specific. See your PeopleSoft product documentation for details on the run control IDs that you will be using. It is recommended to use alphanumeric characters when possible since some special characters may cause conflicts with some products.

## Submitting Process Requests

This section discusses how to:

- Use the Process Request Dialog page.
- Run processes from PeopleSoft applications.

### Page Used to Submit Process Requests

<i>Page Name</i>	<i>Definition Name</i>	<i>Navigation</i>	<i>Usage</i>
Process Request Dialog	PRCSSAMPLEPNL1	PeopleTools, Process Scheduler, System Process Requests  Select a run control ID and submit a process request.	Run processes from PeopleSoft applications.

### Using the Process Request Dialog Page

The Process Request Dialog page shows the run control ID that you selected or added for submitting your process request. It also includes links to Report Manager and Process Monitor so that you can check the progress of your job and view its content immediately after it is posted.

The Process Request Dialog page has two additional pages that show your options for submitting requests if you do not run the process from the browser:

- The Component Interface page enables you to run the process from a component.
- The ProcessRequest PeopleCode page enables you to run the process using PeopleCode.

This chapter is written with the primary focus of submitting process requests from the browser. Click the *Run* button to access the Process Scheduler Request page.



**See Also**

Appendix A, "Using Process Request APIs," Scheduling Processes from Outside the PeopleSoft System, page 208

Appendix A, "Using Process Request APIs," Using the PeopleCode ProcessRequest Class, page 214

## Running Processes from PeopleSoft Applications

To expedite the process of running reports, PeopleTools delivers Run Control subpages for application developers. Using these subpages, application developers can run reports without accessing the Process Request Dialog page.

The following subpages are recommended for application developers to use:

- PRCSRUN\_LC\_SBP
- PRCSRUN\_RL\_SBP
- PRCSRUN\_SBP
- PRCSRUN\_SBP2

The subpages comprise the following buttons:

**Run Now**

Click to request a process to run without launching the Process Request Dialog page. Process Scheduler will run the first process as listed on the Process Request Dialog page. If the process has previously been run, the system will retain the default output type based on the Run Control record.

**Advance Schedule**

Click to launch the Process Scheduler Request page to submit requests and configure the output type and output format of the process. This option is synonymous with the Run button on the Process Request Dialog page.

**See Also**

*PeopleTools 8.51 PeopleBook: PeopleSoft Application Designer Developer's Guide, "Using Page Controls," Defining Subpages*

---

## Scheduling Process Requests

This section provides an overview of PeopleSoft Process Scheduler Requests and discusses how to:

- Specify process variables.
- Set job detail information.
- Select output types and formats.

- Set report distribution.
- Set log/output directory and report repository.

## Understanding PeopleSoft Process Scheduler Requests

The Process Scheduler Request page enables you to submit a job or process to run. This page is commonly integrated into applications to support process requests that you make from a PeopleSoft application by clicking Run.

When you click Run, the Process Scheduler Request page appears, showing all of the jobs and processes that you have the security to run.

The Process Scheduler Request page enables you to specify variables, such as where a process runs and in what format the process output is generated. You can set:

- Server name.
- Run date, run time, and time zone.
- Recurrence.
- Output type.
- Output format.
- Output destination.
- Distribution.

## Pages Used to Schedule Process Requests

<i>Page Name</i>	<i>Definition Name</i>	<i>Navigation</i>	<i>Usage</i>
Process Scheduler Request	PRCSRQSTDLG	PeopleTools, Process Scheduler, System Process Requests  Click Run on the Process Request Dialog page.	Specify process variables.
Job Detail	PRCSRQSTITEMS_DLG	Click a job description listed on the Process Scheduler Request page.	Set job detail information.
Distribution Detail	PRCSRQSTCDMAUTH	Click a Distribution link on the Process Scheduler Request page.	Set report distribution.
File Dependency	PRCSRQST_FILE	Click a File Dependency link on the Process Scheduler Request page.	Change the file dependency filename.

Specifying Process Variables

To specify process variables:

- Select PeopleTools, Process Scheduler, System Process Requests.
- Select an existing run control ID or add a new run control ID.
- Click Run.

Process Scheduler Request

User ID: QEDMO

Run Control ID: 2

Server Name: PSNT

Run Date: 07/02/2010

Recurrence:

Run Time: 8:59:51AM

Reset to Current Date/Time

Time Zone:

Process List

Select	Description	Process Name	Process Type	*Type	*Format	Distribution	File Dependency
<input type="checkbox"/>	<a href="#">COBOL Multi-process Job</a>	3CBL	PSJob	(None)	(None)	<a href="#">Distribution</a>	
<input type="checkbox"/>	<a href="#">Crystal Multi-process Job</a>	3CRYSTAL	PSJob	(None)	(None)	<a href="#">Distribution</a>	
<input type="checkbox"/>	<a href="#">SQR Multi-process Job</a>	3SQR	PSJob	(None)	(None)	<a href="#">Distribution</a>	
<input type="checkbox"/>	<a href="#">6XRFWIN</a>	6SQR	PSJob	(None)	(None)	<a href="#">Distribution</a>	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Simple AE test program	AEMINITEST	Application Engine	Web	TXT	<a href="#">Distribution</a>	
<input type="checkbox"/>	<a href="#">All Process Types</a>	ALLTYPES	PSJob	(None)	(None)	<a href="#">Distribution</a>	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Data Designer/Database Audit	DDDAUDIT	SQR Report	Web	PDF	<a href="#">Distribution</a>	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Export User Tables	EXPRTUSR	Data Mover	Web	TXT	<a href="#">Distribution</a>	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Process Scheduler Server Clean	PRCSSRVCLN	Application Engine	Web	TXT	<a href="#">Distribution</a>	

Process Scheduler Request page

- Server Name

Select the name of the server on which you want the process to run.
- Recurrence

Select the recurring time intervals for the process to run.  
For example, to run a process every weekday at 5:00 p.m., select the predefined recurrence definition *M-F at 5pm*.
- Time Zone

Select the time zone in which the process will run.  
For example, you might be in Eastern Standard Time (EST) and schedule a process to run in Pacific Standard Time (PST).
- Run Date

Select the date on which you want the process to run.
- Run Time

Select the time when you want the process to run.
- Reset to Current Date/Time

Click to reset the run date and time to the present date and time.
- Select

Select a job or process to run. You can select multiple jobs and processes.

<b>Description</b>	Identifies a process or job. Jobs are listed as links. Click the link to display the Job Detail page, which shows all of the individual processes and jobs that are associated with the selected main job.
<b>Process Name and Process Type</b>	Identifies the name and type (such as COBOL or Crystal) of the process as it appears in the process or job definition.

**Type**

Select the output type for this job or process.

An output type that is selected for a process at the process definition level overwrites the output type, and the output type drop-down list box becomes unavailable.

An output type that is selected for a job at the main job level carries through to the job items. An output type that is selected for individual job items overwrites the output type that is entered for the parent job.

Output type for an XML Publisher report is set at the report definition level. Options set at that level may render the output type drop-down list box unavailable.

*File:* Writes the output to the file that you indicate in the Output Destination field.

---

**Note.** For PS/nVision, the Output Destination must contain the full path and the name of the file.

---

*Printer:* Sends the output to a printer. You can enter a custom printer location in the Output Destination field if you have the appropriate security access. If the Output Destination field is left blank, the printer that is defined on the Process Profile Permissions page is used. If that printer is undefined, the default printer that is defined for the process scheduler is used.

*Email:* Sends the output by email. To distribute a report to an email list, enter the appropriate information on the Distribution Detail page by clicking the Distribution link. By default, the output is sent by email to the person running the process. This option is available for SQR, PS/nVision, Crystal reports and XML Publisher.

*Web:* Sends all output of the process to the report repository, including log and trace files. The format of the report is specified by the format list.

*Window:* Sends the output to a new browser window. The status of the process now appears in the new browser window before the results are displayed. The different states can be *Queued*, *Initiated*, *Processing*, *Success*, *Error*, or *Warning*. All output for the process is also sent to the report repository, including log and trace files. The format of the report is specified by the format list.

When multiple processes are requested, a new browser window is opened for each request.

---

**Note.** This output type is not available if the user does not have REN server *Report Window* permission, or no active REN server cluster is available for Reporting.

To grant access to the new browser window, the permission lists of the users must include full access for the Realtime Event Notification for Reporting Window and the WEBLIB\_RPT web library with full access.

---

**Format**

Select the output format for this job or process.

When an output format is selected for a process at the process definition level, it cannot be changed. Therefore, the Format drop-down list box becomes unavailable.

An output format that is selected for a job at the main job level carries through to the job items. The format that is selected for individual processes or jobs that are attached to a job override the format that is entered for the parent job.

Output format for an XML Publisher report is set at the report definition level. Options set at that level may render the output format drop-down list box unavailable.

**Distribution**

Click the Distribution link to access the Distribution Detail page, where you enter additional distribution information when the output type is *Web*, *Window*, or *Email*. Also use this page to select a folder name to which the output should be distributed when the output type is *Web* or *Window*.

**File Dependency**

Click the File Dependency link to access the File Dependency page, where you can change the name of the file that is currently listed.

---

**Note.** File dependency information is saved with the run control ID. Therefore, information that is changed in the process definition will not appear here.

---

**Output Destination**

Enter the file directory path or printer destination for the output. This field is available only when the output type that you select is *File* or *Printer*.

If you select an output destination for a process at the process definition level, this field is populated with that output destination.

---

**Note.** For PS/nVision, if the output type is *File*, the output destination must contain the full path and the name of the file.

---

## See Also

Chapter 6, "Defining PeopleSoft Process Scheduler Support Information," Defining Recurrence Definitions, page 122

Chapter 6, "Defining PeopleSoft Process Scheduler Support Information," Defining Process Type Definitions, page 89

Chapter 6, "Defining PeopleSoft Process Scheduler Support Information," Defining Process Output Types, page 79

Chapter 6, "Defining PeopleSoft Process Scheduler Support Information," Defining Process Output Formats, page 80

Chapter 6, "Defining PeopleSoft Process Scheduler Support Information," Setting Process Definition Options, page 111

*PeopleTools 8.51 PeopleBook: Security Administration*, "Setting Up Permission Lists," Defining Permissions

*Enterprise PeopleTools 8.51 PeopleBook: XML Publisher for PeopleSoft Enterprise*, "Defining Report Definitions," Setting Output Options

## Setting Job Detail Information

To access the Job Detail page, click a job description listed on the Process Scheduler Request page.

**Job Detail**

Main Job Name: 3SQR      Job Name: 3SQR      SQR Multi-process Job

Left | Right

- 3SQR
  - XRFIELDS
  - XRFMENU
  - XRFRCFL

Process Name	Description	Process Type	*Type	*Format	Distribution
XRFIELDS	Cross Reference Field Listing	SQR Report	Web	PDF	<a href="#">Distribution</a>
XRFMENU	Menu Listing Report	SQR Report	Web	PDF	<a href="#">Distribution</a>
XRFRCFL	Cross Reference - Records and	SQR Report	Web	PDF	<a href="#">Distribution</a>

Job Detail page

When a job or JobSet is listed, only the main job appears on the Process Scheduler Request page. The Job Detail page displays all of the jobs and processes that are attached to the main job in a hierarchical view that assists you with specifying output options and distribution information for individual processes.

**Note.** You can specify the output options for jobs either at the main job level or for each job or process in the job.

## See Also

Chapter 9, "Defining Jobs and JobSets," page 163

## Selecting Output Types and Formats

You can choose from several file output types and formats for your process. The following table lists file output types by process type. The output type for PS/nVision is the same as the default output type on the PS/nVision Report Request page.

---

**Note.** The *Window* output type is not available if the user does not have REN server *Report Window* permission, or no active REN server cluster is available for Reporting.

To grant access to the new browser window, the permission lists of the users must include full access for the Realtime Event Notification for Reporting Window and the WEBLIB\_RPT web library with full access.

---

See *PeopleTools 8.51 PeopleBook: Security Administration*, "Setting Up Permission Lists," Defining Permissions.

---

**Note.** For Process Type XML Publisher, available output options are based on the report definition template type.

---

See *Enterprise PeopleTools 8.51 PeopleBook: XML Publisher for PeopleSoft Enterprise*, "Defining Report Definitions," Creating Report Definitions.

<b>Process Type</b>	<b>Output Type</b>	<b>Default</b>
AppEngine (PeopleSoft Application Engine)	FILE, WEB, WINDOW, EMAIL	WEB
COBOL	NONE, WINDOW, WEB	NONE
Crystal	WEB, WINDOW, EMAIL, FILE, PRINTER	WEB
Cube	NONE	NONE
nVision (PS/nVision)	WEB, WINDOW, EMAIL, FILE, PRINTER, DEFAULT	DEFAULT
SQR	WEB, WINDOW, EMAIL, FILE, PRINTER	WEB
WinWord (Microsoft Word)	WEB, WINDOW	WEB
Data Mover	FILE, WEB, WINDOW	WEB



<b>Process Type</b>	<b>Output Type</b>	<b>Default</b>
Essbase Cube Builder	ANY Generates an OLAP cube which can be viewed via Smart View in MS Office applications, or in Essbase applications.	ANY
XML Publisher	FILE, WEB, EMAIL, PRINTER	WEB
OTHER	WEB, WINDOW, EMAIL, FILE, PRINTER, NONE	NONE

The following table lists valid file output formats by process type.

<b>Process Type</b>	<b>Output Type</b>	<b>Output Format</b>	<b>Default</b>
AppEngine	FILE	PDF, XLS, TXT, HTM, XMLP, XML  <b>Note.</b> XMLP and XML formats only apply when running Schedule queries.  <i>See Enterprise PeopleTools 8.51 PeopleBook: PeopleSoft Query, "Modifying, Scheduling, and Organizing Queries," Scheduling Queries.</i>	TXT
AppEngine	WEB	PDF, XLS, TXT, HTM, XMLP, XML  <b>Note.</b> XMLP and XML formats only apply when running Schedule queries.	TXT
AppEngine	WINDOW	PDF, XLS, TXT, HTM, XMLP, XML  <b>Note.</b> XMLP and XML formats only apply when running Schedule queries.	TXT

<i>Process Type</i>	<i>Output Type</i>	<i>Output Format</i>	<i>Default</i>
AppEngine	EMAIL	PDF, XLS, TXT, HTM, XMLP, XML  <b>Note.</b> XMLP and XML formats only apply when running Schedule queries.	TXT
COBOL	NONE	NONE	NONE
COBOL	WEB	TXT	TXT
COBOL	WINDOW	TXT	TXT
Crystal	EMAIL	DOC, HTM, PDF, RPT, RTF, TXT, XLS	PDF
Crystal	FILE	DOC, HTM, PDF, RPT, RTF, TXT, XLS	PDF
Crystal	PRINTER	RPT	RPT
Crystal	WEB	DOC, HTM, PDF, RPT, RTF, TXT, XLS	PDF
Crystal	WINDOW	DOC, HTM, PDF, RPT, RTF, TXT, XLS	HTM
Cube	NONE	NONE	NONE
nVision	EMAIL	HTM, XLS	XLS
nVision	FILE	HTM, XLS	XLS
nVision	PRINTER	HTM, XLS	XLS
nVision	WEB	HTM, XLS	XLS
nVision	WINDOW	HTM, XLS	XLS

<i>Process Type</i>	<i>Output Type</i>	<i>Output Format</i>	<i>Default</i>
nVision	DEFAULT	DEFAULT	DEFAULT
SQR	EMAIL	CSV, HP, HTM, LP, PDF, PS, SPF	PDF
SQR	FILE	CSV, HP, HTM, LP, PDF, PS, SPF, OTHER	PDF
SQR	PRINTER	HP, LP, PS, WP, OTHER	PS
SQR	WEB	CSV, HP, HTM, LP, PDF, PS, SPF	PDF
SQR	WINDOW	CSV, HP, HTM, LP, PDF, PS, SPF	PDF
WinWord	WEB	DOC	DOC
WinWord	WINDOW	DOC	DOC
Data Mover	FILE	TXT	TXT
Data Mover	WEB	TXT	TXT
Data Mover	WINDOW	TXT	TXT
Essbase Cube Builder	ANY	OLAP cube	ANY
XML Publisher	FILE	PDF, HTM, RTF, XLS	HTM
XML Publisher	PRINTER	PDF	PDF
XML Publisher	WEB	PDF, HTM, RTF, XLS	HTM
XML Publisher	EMAIL	HTM, PDF, RTF, XLS	HTM
OTHER	NONE	NONE	NONE

**Note.** You must install Adobe Acrobat Reader on your workstation to read PDF files.

**Note.** When using BusinessObjects Enterprise XI, the default output format for Window output type is PDF.

Setting Report Distribution

To access the Distribution Detail page, click a distribution link on the Process Scheduler Request page.

**Note.** You must specify an output type of *Web*, *Window*, or *Email* for the distribution list to be accepted when the process instance is created

Distribution Detail

Process Name: DDDAUDIT

Process Type: SQR Report

Folder Name:

Retention Days: 

7

Email Only

Email Subject:

Email With Log: ☐

Email Web Report: ☐

Message Text:

Email Address List:

Distribute To

\*ID Type

\*Distribution ID

User

QEDMO

Distribution Detail page

Folder Name

Select the folder in which the report results are posted. Folders organize report results into meaningful groups and can be viewed from Report Manager.

**Note.** This option is available only when the output type on the Process Scheduler Request page for this process is *Web* or *Window*.

<b>Retention Days</b>	Set the retention days that are used to determine the expiration date. The expiration date is determined by adding the retention days from the date on which the report was generated.
<b>Distribute To</b>	Select the recipients of the process output. Select an ID type of <i>User</i> or <i>Role</i> and the corresponding distribution ID.  Email recipients must be authorized to view the content of the email and their email addresses must be entered in their security user profiles.
<b>Email Subject</b>	Enter the text that appears in the subject line of the email. If this field is empty, the following default text message is used:  Output from <Program Name>(<Process Instance>).
<b>Email With Log</b>	Select to include log files resulting from the SQR program as attachments to the email file (SQR only).
<b>Email Web Report</b>	Select to send an email with a link to the completed report output. This option is available only when the output type for the request is <i>Web</i> .
<b>Message Text</b>	Enter text to appear in the body of the email. If this field is empty, the following default text message is used:  Message from Process Scheduler running on system <Process Scheduler Server Agent> using database <Database Name>.
<b>Email Address List</b>	Enter a list of email addresses, separated by semicolons, to which the email should be sent.

### See Also

*PeopleTools 8.51 PeopleBook: Security Administration*, "Administering User Profiles"

## Setting Log/Output Directory and Report Repository

When Process Scheduler submits a request, the system creates a new subdirectory to store the log, trace, and reports that were generated by the request. This subdirectory is created in the directory that is specified in the Log/Output Directory parameter in the Process Scheduler configuration file `psprcs.cfg`. When a high volume of requests is being processed by the Process Scheduler server, limitations imposed by the operating system can prevent additional directories from being generated for the new requests. For instance, certain UNIX operating systems only allocate 32K inodes for a directory.

To prevent the Log/Output directory from reaching the limit that is imposed by the operating system, you can set up additional subdirectories using meta variables. You can modify the Log/Output directory parameter to include any of the meta variables that are listed below in order to build additional subdirectories.

The meta variables are:

<b>Meta Variable</b>	<b>Description</b>
%OPRID%	PeopleSoft User ID
%REPORTID%	Report Instance
%PRCSINSTANCE%	Process Instance
%PRCSTYPE%	Process Type
%SERVER%	Process Scheduler Server
%CURRDATE%	Current Date
%CURRHOUR%	Current Hour
%JOBNAME%	Job Name
%JOBINSTANCE%	Job Instance

### **Log/Output Directory**

By default, the Log/Output directory is %PS\_SERVDIR%\log\_output. You can modify the structure of the subdirectory to include the date and hour as subdirectories by changing the default parameter to:

%PS\_SERVDIR%\log\_output\%CURRDATE%\%CURRHOUR%

### **Report Repository**

You can use the same mechanism to alter the subdirectory structure for the Report Repository. To change the directory structure in the Report Repository, you need to modify the definition of the Report Node stored in the PS\_CDM\_DIST\_NODE.

In the PS\_CDM\_DIST\_NODE table, the field CDM\_DIR\_TEMPLATE sets the directory structure like this:

%DBNAME%/%CURRDATE%/%REPORTID

You can alter the value of the field to include any of the meta-variables listed previously.

### **See Also**

[Appendix B, "Understanding Logging Systems," Log and Output Directory, page 215](#)

---

## **Using Process Status Notifications**

This section provides an overview of process status notification and describes how to:

- Enable process status notifications locally

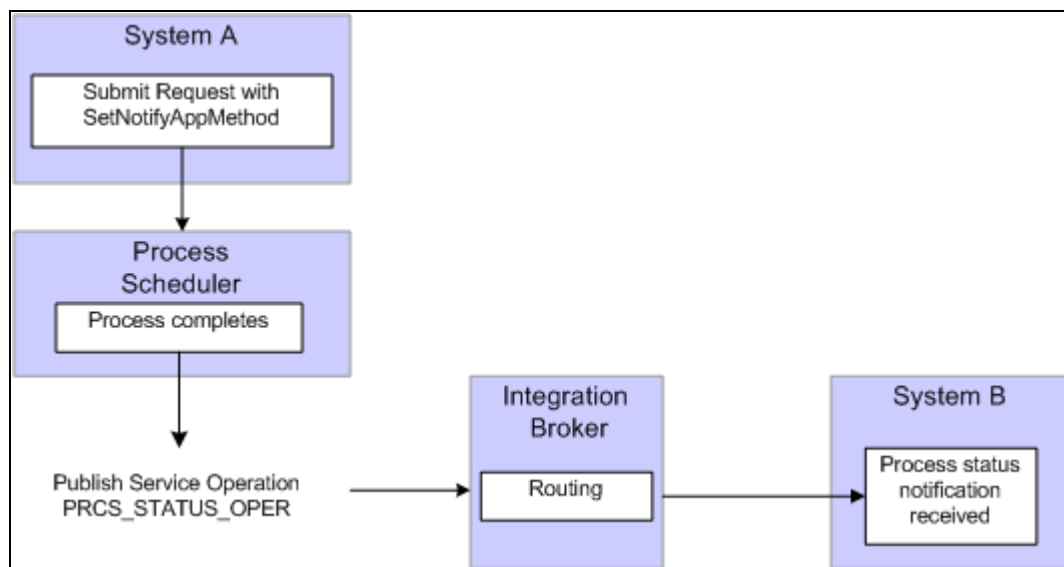
- Enable process notification between systems

## Understanding Process Status Notification

Process status notification provides the ability to publish a process request status notification either locally or to a remote application. Upon receipt of the notification, you can trigger additional logic in your application based on the notification results. Notifications are published using service operations and routed by the Integration Broker. The service operation `PRCS_STATUS_OPER` is delivered and triggered when the `SetNotifyAppMethod` is invoked. This service operation does not contain any delivered routings. You can also create your own service operation and trigger it with the `SetNotifyService` method.

### *SetNotifyAppMethod*

This method allows you to create your own application class to handle the notification and information you want to send. This method will invoke the service operation `PRCS_STATUS_OPER`, as shown in this diagram:



`SetNotifyAppMethod`

To use this method:

1. Create an application class to handle notifications.

This is an example of an application class to handle notifications:

```
class ProcessNotification
    method ProcessNotification();
    method ReceiveNotification(&_MSG As Message);
end-class;

method ProcessNotification
end-method;

method ReceiveNotification
    /* &_MSG as Message */
    Local Rowset &rs_msg, &NotifyInfo;
    Local Message &message;
    Local string &sName, &sValue;
    &rs_msg = &_MSG.GetRowset();

    /******
    /* Add logic you want to execute upon receiving notification */
    /* For example :
    /* &RQST.SetNotifyAppMethod("RECEIVE_NOTIFICATION:ProcessNotification",=>
"ReceiveNotification"); */
    /* &RQST.AddNotifyInfo("SQR Report", "XRFMENU");
    /*

    If &rs_msg(1).PRCS_STATUS.RUNSTATUS.Value = "9" Then /* process ran to success=>
    */

        &NotifyInfo = &rs_msg.GetRow(1).GetRowset(Scroll.PRCSNOTIFYATTR);
        /* if you have more name-value pairs
        /* add code to traverse the rows from the PRCSNOTIFYATTR rowset*/

        /* e.g. Get the first name-value pair */
        &sName = &NotifyInfo(1).PRCSNOTIFYATTR.PRCS_ATTRIBUT_NAME.Value;
        &sValue = &NotifyInfo(1).PRCSNOTIFYATTR.PRCS_ATTRIBUT_VALU.Value;

        /* logic to excute on success */
        /* e.g. submit another process */
        Local number &PrCsInstance;
        Local ProcessRequest &RQST;
        &RQST = CreateProcessRequest();
        &RQST.ProcessType = &sName;
        &RQST.ProcessName = &sValue;
        &RQST.RunControlID = "test";
        &RQST.RunLocation = "PSNT";
        &RQST.OutDestType = "WEB";
        &RQST.OutDestFormat = "PDF";
        &RQST.RunDateTime = %Datetime;
        &RQST.TimeZone = %ServerTimeZone;
        &RQST.Schedule();
    Else
        /* other processing */
    End-If;
    /******
end-method
```

See *PeopleTools 8.51 PeopleBook: PeopleCode API Reference*, "Application Classes."

2. Include SetNotifyAppMethod, using the application class and method created in step 1, in the process request.



- Optionally, use `AddNotifyInfo` to include specific information in the message that will be published.

This is an example of a process request:

```

/*****
* Construct a ProcessRequest Object.
*****/
&RQST = CreateProcessRequest();
&RQST.ProcessType = "SQR Report";
&RQST.Processname = "XRFMENU";
&RQST.RunControlID = "TEST";
&RQST.OutDestType = "WEB";
&RQST.OutDestFormat = "PDF";
&RQST.NotifyTextMsgSet = 65;
&RQST.NotifyTextMsgNum = 237;
&RQST.RunDateTime = %Datetime;
&RQST.TimeZone = %ServerTimeZone;
&RQST.SetNotifyAppMethod("RECEIVE_NOTIFICATION:ProcessNotification", =>
    "ReceiveNotification");
&RQST.AddNotifyInfo("SQR Report", "XRFMENU");
&RQST.Schedule();
&PRCSSTATUS = &RQST.Status;
&PRCSINSTANCE = &RQST.ProcessInstance;
If &PRCSSTATUS = 0 Then
    MessageBox(%MsgStyle_OK, "", 65, 366, "Process Instance", "XRFMENU", =>
        &PRCSINSTANCE);
Else
    MessageBox(%MsgStyle_OK, "", 65, 0, "Process Instance", "Process Not=>
        submitted");
End-If;

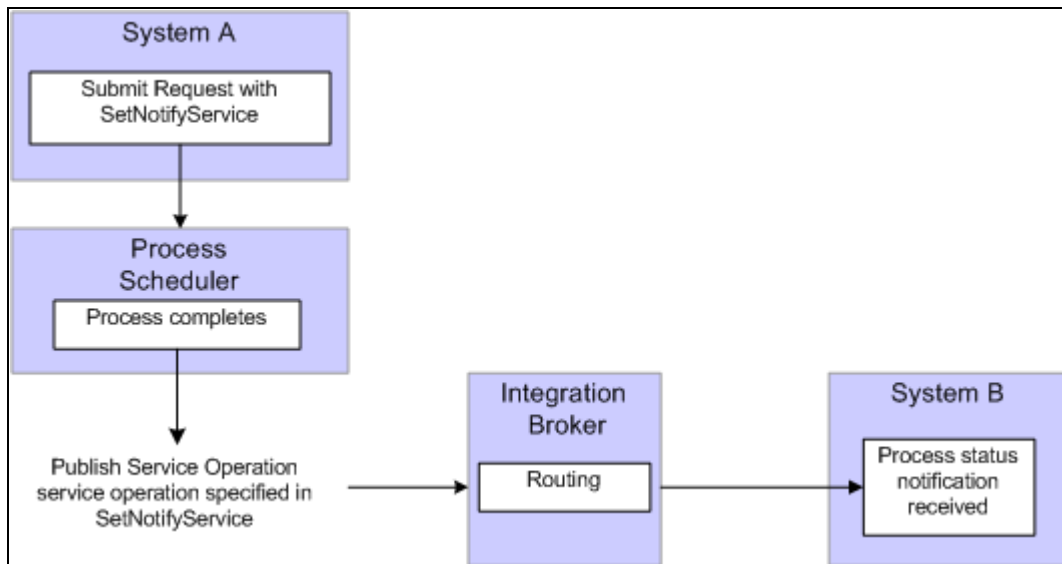
```

- Add an outbound routing to the service operation `PRCS_STATUS_OPER` pointing to your remote system.
- On the remote system add an inbound routing to the service operation `PRCS_STATUS_OPER`.

See *PeopleTools 8.51 PeopleBook: PeopleSoft Integration Broker*, "Managing Service Operation Routing Definitions."

### **SetNotifyService**

This method requires you to create your own service operation and service operation handler to publish the message when the process request completes.



### SetNotifyService

To use this method:

1. Create a service operation and service operation handler to handle the notification. The service operation must use the message definition PRCS\_STATUS\_MSG.

---

**Note.** This service operation and all its related metadata, such as message and handler classes must be on all participating systems. You can create a project in Application Designer and migrate the definitions.

---

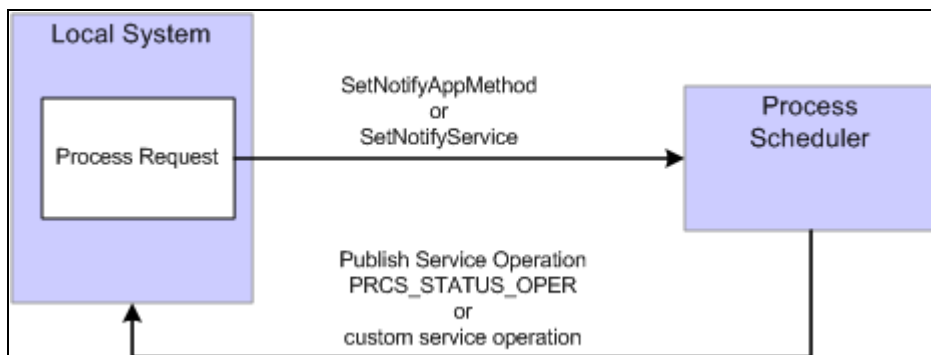
2. Include SetNotifyService using the service operation created in step 1 in the process request.
3. Optionally, include AddNotifyInfo in the process request.
4. Add an outbound routing to the service operation you created in step 1 pointing to your remote system.
5. On the remote system add an inbound routing to the service operation you created in step 1.

See *PeopleTools 8.51 PeopleBook: PeopleSoft Integration Broker*, "Managing Service Operation Routing Definitions."

See *PeopleTools 8.51 PeopleBook: PeopleCode API Reference*, "Process Request Classes," SetNotifyAppMethod; *PeopleTools 8.51 PeopleBook: PeopleCode API Reference*, "Process Request Classes," SetNotifyService and *PeopleTools 8.51 PeopleBook: PeopleCode API Reference*, "Process Request Classes," AddNotifyInfo.

## Enabling Process Status Notification Locally

This diagram illustrates how you can set up process status notification to run locally:



#### Local process status notification

To enable process status notification locally:

1. Include SetNotifyService or SetNotifyAppClass in the process request.
2. Include AddNotifyInfo in the process request.
3. Add a local-to-local routing to the service operation PRCS\_STATUS\_OPER if you are using SetNotifyAppMethod. If you are using SetNotifyService, add the local-to-local routing to the service operation referenced in the SetNotifyService method.

To add the local routing to PRCS\_STATUS\_OPER service operation:

- a. Select PeopleTools, Integration Broker, Integration Setup, Service Operations.
  - b. Select PRCS\_STATUS\_OPER.
  - c. Select the Generate Local-to-Local check box.
  - d. Click Save.
4. Submit the process request.

5. After the process request completes, you can check the service operation monitor to verify that your process notification was received.
  - a. Select PeopleTools, Integration Broker, Service Operations Monitor, Monitoring Asynchronous Services.
  - b. Select the Operation Instances tab.
  - c. Enter PRCS\_STATUS\_OPER (or your custom service operation if you used SetNotifyService) in the service operation field and click Refresh.
  - d. Click the Details link for your Transaction Id.

This is an example of the asynchronous details page. If any errors occur, the View Error/Info link can be used to view the error message. The View XML link will display the XML message.

**Note.** The message may contain report instance related information for process requests with an output type of Web or Windows. Refer to the message PRCS\_STATUS\_MSG for the details on the fields that are published. (Select PeopleTools, Integration Broker, Integration Setup, Messages and search for message name PRCS\_STATUS\_MSG).

### Asynchronous Details

Transaction ID

5dd9c202-845d-11df-b82f-f05b8e207b6f

External Service Name

PRCS\_STATUS\_OPER.V1

Publishing Node

FS\_LOCAL

\*Segment

1

Refresh

Queue Name

PSRF\_REPORTING\_FOLDERS

View XML

Archive

Queue Sequence ID

Not Applicable - Unordered Queue

Sub Queue

5dd9c202-845d-11df-b82f-f05b8e207b6f

Original Publishing Node

FS\_LOCAL

Status

DONE

Uncompressed Data Length

6080

Data Length View Limit

100000

View IB Info

Publication Contracts

Customize | Find | 1 of 1 | First | Last

Actions

Information

Subscriber Node	*Segment	Status				
QE_LOCAL	1	Done	View XML	Resubmit	Cancel	View Error/Info   View IB Info

Subscription Contracts

Customize | Find | 1 of 1 | First | Last

Actions

Information

Action Name	*Segment	Status				
StatusNotify	1	Done	View XML	Resubmit	Cancel	View Error/Info   View IB Info

Asynchronous details page

See *PeopleTools 8.51 PeopleBook: PeopleSoft Integration Broker*, "Managing Service Operation Routing Definitions," Managing System-Generated Routing Definitions.

## Enabling Process Notifications Between Systems

To enable process notification between systems:

1. Include SetNotifyService or SetNotifyAppClass in the process request.
2. Include AddNotifyInfo in the process request.
3. Add an outbound routing to the service operation PRCS\_STATUS\_OPER (or your custom service operation if you are using SetNotifyService) pointing to your remote system.
  - a. Select PeopleTools, Integration Broker, Integration Setup, Service Operations.
  - b. Select PRCS\_STATUS\_OPER.
  - c. Access the Routing tab.
  - d. Enter a Routing Name for your routing and click Add.
  - e. Enter the Sender Node (node name for the system where you are logged on).
  - f. Enter the Receiver Node (node of the PeopleSoft application where you want to send the notification).
  - g. Click Save.
4. On the Receiving system, follow the steps a thru d in step 3.

The Sending node is the remote system and the Receiving node is the current system.
5. Save the routing.

See *PeopleTools 8.51 PeopleBook: PeopleSoft Integration Broker*, "Managing Service Operation Routing Definitions."



## Chapter 4

# Using Process Monitor

This chapter provides an overview of Process Monitor and discusses how to view the status of:

- Processes.
- Servers.

---

## Understanding Process Monitor

After you submit a job using the Process Scheduler Request page, use Process Monitor to review the status of scheduled or running processes. You can view all processes to see the status of any job in the queue and control processes that you initiated. Process Monitor consists of two pages: the Process List page and the Server List page.

Use the Process List page to monitor the process requests that you submit. If a process encounters an error, or if a server is down, you can find out almost immediately. You can also see what processes are queued to run in the future.

Use the Server List page to view information about each of the PeopleSoft Process Scheduler Server Agents that is defined in the system.

---

## Viewing the Status of Processes

This section discusses how to view:

- The process list.
- Process details.
- Process request parameters.

## Pages Used to View the Status of Processes

<i>Page Name</i>	<i>Definition Name</i>	<i>Navigation</i>	<i>Usage</i>
Process List	PMN_PRCSLIST	PeopleTools, Process Scheduler, Process Monitor  PeopleTools, Process Scheduler, System Process Requests, Process Request Dialog  Click the Process Monitor link on the Process Request Dialog page.	Monitor the process requests that you submit.
Process Detail	PMN_PRCSLISTTREE	PeopleTools, Process Scheduler, Process Monitor  Click the main job name on the Process List page.	View the status of all jobs and processes that are attached to the main job in tree format.
Process Detail	PMN_PRCSRQSTDETAIL	PeopleTools, Process Scheduler, Process Monitor  Click the Details link on the Process List page.	View process detail information and manipulate the program run.
Process Request Parameters	PMN_PRCSRQSTPARMS	Click the Parameters link on the Process Detail page.	View additional information about the process parameters.
Message Log	PMN_BAT_MSGLOG	Click the Message Log link on the Process Detail page.	View messages that are inserted into the message log by the programs that are running.
Batch Timings - Summary	PMN_BAT_TIMINGS	Click the Batch Timings link on the Process Detail page.	View statistics the system administrator can use to tune the system for better performance.
View Log/Trace	PMN_CDM_INDEX	Click the View Log/Trace link on the Process Detail page.	View files posted to the Report Repository.

## Viewing the Process List

To access the Process List page, select PeopleTools, Process Scheduler, Process Monitor.



Process List    Server List

---

View Process Request For

User ID:  Type:  Last  Days  [Refresh](#)

Server:  Name:  Instance:  to

Run Status:  Distribution Status:  ☒ Save On Refresh

Process List									
Select	Instance	Seq.	Process Type	Process Name	User	Run Date/Time	Run Status	Distribution Status	Details
<input type="checkbox"/>	67		XML Publisher	PSXPQRYRPT	VP1	07/01/2010 2:05:18PM PDT	Success	Posted	<a href="#">Details</a>
<input type="checkbox"/>	66		SQR Report	DDDAUDIT	VP1	07/01/2010 1:56:29PM PDT	Success	Posted	<a href="#">Details</a>
<input type="checkbox"/>	65		XML Publisher	XRFWIN	VP1	07/01/2010 1:47:15PM PDT	Success	Posted	<a href="#">Details</a>
<input type="checkbox"/>	64		Application Engine	AEMINITEST	VP1	07/01/2010 1:47:15PM PDT	Success	Posted	<a href="#">Details</a>

### Process List page

#### User ID

View the processes submitted by a user ID. Usually, you view your own user ID. Leave blank to view all of the processes that you are authorized to view.

#### Type

View by a process type, such as Application Engine, Crystal, COBOL, SQR, or Application Engine.

#### Last or Date Range

Specify an interval of time by which to limit the process requests that appear in the list. Select *Last* to display only those reports that were created in the last number of days, hours, years, or minutes. Enter a custom numerical value in the field and then select a unit type: *Days*, *Hours*, *Years*, *Minutes*, or *All*.

If you select *All*, the time interval fields will be grayed out and all process requests will appear.

Select *Date Range* to display only those reports created between two specific dates. Enter a From date and a To date.

#### Server

View processes that are run on a particular server.

#### Name

View processes by a process name.

---

**Note.** You will not be able to select a value for this field until you first select a process type.

---

#### Instance

Specify a range of instances by which to limit the process requests that appear in the list. To limit the view to a single request, enter the required instance ID in the first text field.

#### Run Status

View processes by status, such as *Success* or *Error*.

**Save on Refresh**

Select the check box to save changes to filter criteria when you select the Refresh button.

The rules applying to *Save on Refresh* are listed later in this section.

**Refresh**

Click to check the current status of a submitted process.

**Select All and Deselect All**

The Select All and Deselect All buttons appear at the bottom of the page when the process list contains processes that can be deleted, cancelled, held, or restarted.

Click Select All to select all valid processes. Once selected, click Delete Request to delete all the selected processes. Click Cancel Request to cancel all of the selected processes. Click Hold Request to hold all of the selected processes. Click Restart Request to restart *multiple* processes or jobs that are on hold.

Click Deselect All to deselect all valid processes.

Use the check box that appears to the left of each process to select individual processes. The check box is only active for valid processes.

---

**Note.** The Delete, Cancel, Hold, and Restart options can be performed only on processes with specific run statuses. Therefore, the options will only be visible when processes are filtered by a valid run status for that option.

---

**Instance**

Displays the process instance; that is, the order in which the process appears in the queue. This number is generated automatically.

**Seq (sequence)**

Within a PSJob, each process request has a defined sequence in which it runs in relation to the others. This column displays this sequence, such as 1, 2, 3, and so on.

**Process Type**

Displays the type of process, such as *Application Engine*, *COBOL*, or *SQL*.

**Process Name**

Displays the name of the process.

When a job or a jobset is listed, only the main job appears, and the system displays its name as a link. Click to see the status of all jobs and processes that are attached to the main job.



Click the Recurrence icon to go to the Recurring Process/Job page, where you can perform one of the following actions on the current queued request.

*Hold:* Suspend initiating and recurring.

*Stop:* Stop from recurring a new request.

*Restart:* Resume activity based on the last action selected.

This page displays the Recurrence Name, Process Type, and Process Name of the selected recurring process. It also lists a history of the recurrence process. The most current instance is listed first.



Click the Schedule JobSet icon to go to the Schedule JobSet page. This page displays a history of the scheduled jobset.

Click Return to return to the Process Monitor page.

<b>User</b>	Displays the user ID of the person who submitted the request.
<b>Run Date/Time</b>	Displays the time and date at which the process request was created.
<b>Run Status</b>	Indicates the status of the process, such as <i>Queued</i> , <i>Initiated</i> , or <i>Cancelled</i> . A complete list of Run Status values appears later in this section.
<b>Distribution Status</b>	Displays the distribution status for each individual job and process. Valid states are: <i>N/A</i> , <i>None</i> , <i>Generated (OS390)</i> , <i>Not Posted</i> , <i>Posting</i> , and <i>Posted</i> .
<b>Details</b>	Click to display the Process Details page.

See [Chapter 9, "Defining Jobs and JobSets," page 163](#) and [Chapter 6, "Defining PeopleSoft Process Scheduler Support Information," Defining Recurrence Definitions, page 122](#).

### **Process Request Run Status**

The Run Status column on the Process List page indicates the current state of a process. Knowing the status of a job helps you determine where it is in the queue or identify a problem if the process has an error.

<b>Run Status</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Updated By</b>
Blocked	The running of this process has been blocked, which indicates that this process is waiting for one of the following: the number of active occurrences of this process to drop below Max Concurrent value, a process recognized as mutually exclusive to complete, or a dependent file to be located.	Batch program
Cancel	Indicates that a user has requested to cancel the scheduling of a process request.	Process Monitor See <a href="#">Appendix F, "Editing JCL Templates in OS390 for COBOL and SQR," Limitations of Process Scheduler Server, page 277</a> .
Cancelled	Indicates that the server agent has successfully canceled the request after it has started.	PeopleSoft Process Scheduler Server Agent

<b><i>Run Status</i></b>	<b><i>Description</i></b>	<b><i>Updated By</i></b>
Error	Indicates that the program associated with the process request encountered an error while processing transactions within the program. In this case, delivered programs are coded to update the run status to Error before terminating.	Batch Program
Hold	Indicates that a user has requested that the scheduling of a process request be put on hold.	Process Monitor
Initiated	Indicates that a PeopleSoft Process Scheduler Server has acknowledged the new request. At this time, PeopleSoft Process Scheduler validates the parameters that are associated with this request and submits the command line to start the process.	PeopleSoft Process Scheduler
No Success	Indicates that the program encountered an error within the transaction. <i>No Success</i> is different from <i>Error</i> because the process is marked as restartable. (Application Engine is the only delivered process type that is restartable.)	Batch Program
Pending	Status assigned to an item of a new PSJob request. This indicates that this item is waiting for a previous item in the job before PeopleSoft Process Scheduler releases this item. When the previous item has completed successfully, PeopleSoft Process Scheduler changes the status of the item to <i>Queued</i> .	Process Request Dialog or ProcessRequest() PeopleCode function
Processing	Indicates that PeopleSoft Process Scheduler has successfully initiated the program. A status of <i>Processing</i> indicates that the program is running.	Batch Program

<b><i>Run Status</i></b>	<b><i>Description</i></b>	<b><i>Updated By</i></b>
Queued	Status assigned to a new process request. The process request remains <i>Queued</i> until a PeopleSoft Process Scheduler Server picks up the new request.	Process Request Dialog or ProcessRequest() PeopleCode function
Restart	Indicates that a process, which encountered an error, is attempting to restart.	Batch program
Success	Indicates that the program has successfully completed.	Batch Program
Warning	A warning status is available to use in a job definition. A job definition may continue or stop when a process encounters a warning.  The warning status must be set using PeopleSoft Application Engine. Set the AE_APPSTATUS field to <i>1</i> .	Batch program

### ***Save on Refresh***

The following rules apply to the Save on Refresh check box:

- The Save on Refresh check box is selected by default.
- Instance to values are not saved, even if the Save on Refresh check box is selected.
- Selecting Save saves any changed filter criteria.
- Changed filter criteria is saved if you select the Refresh button and the Save on Refresh check box is selected.
- Changed filter criteria is not saved if you select the Refresh button and the Save on Refresh check box is not selected.

However, a warning message appears when you attempt to leave the page.

- The save warning message appears when changes have been made to filter criteria and you attempt to leave the page without selecting the Refresh button.

## **Viewing Process Details**

To access the Process Detail page, click the Details link on the Process List page.

Process Detail	
<b>Process</b>	
<b>Instance:</b> 9999977	<b>Type:</b> Application Engine
<b>Name:</b> PORTAL_CSS	<b>Description:</b> Portal Cref Security Sync
<b>Run Status:</b> Processing	<b>Distribution Status:</b> N/A
<b>Run</b>	<b>Update Process</b>
<b>Run Control ID:</b> audits <b>Location:</b> Server <b>Server:</b> PSNT <b>Recurrence:</b> <b>Current Step:</b> PORTAL_CSS.CREFPERM.Step01	<input type="radio"/> Hold Request <input type="radio"/> Queue Request <input type="radio"/> Cancel Request <input type="radio"/> Delete Request <input type="radio"/> Restart Request
<b>Date/Time</b>	<b>Actions</b>
<b>Request Created On:</b> 02/20/2009 3:34:21PM PST <b>Run Anytime After:</b> 02/20/2009 3:34:19PM PST <b>Began Process At:</b> 02/20/2009 3:34:43PM PST <b>Ended Process At:</b>	<a href="#">Parameters</a> Transfer <a href="#">Message Log</a> <a href="#">View Locks</a> <a href="#">Batch Timings</a> <a href="#">View Log/Trace</a>

Process Detail page

Use the Process Detail page to view details, such as request parameters, message logs, and any recovery instances that have been run. Many of the items on this page are display-only. However, you can use some controls to manipulate the program run.

---

**Note.** You must click OK to confirm the Update Process request on the Process Detail page.

---

## Process

This display-only group box contains general descriptive information to help you identify the process request, including the run and distribution states.

## Run

**Run Control ID and Location** Displays the run control ID and the run location.

**Server** Displays the name of the server used, if the process runs on the server.

---

**Note.** When the process is in queue status, the name of the requested server is appears.

---

<b>Recurrence</b>	Displays the recurrence name if this process has a recurring schedule.
<b>Current Step</b>	For Application Engine Process Type only. The Step this Application Engine process is currently executing appears in PROGNAME.SECTION.Step format.

### ***Update Process***

The actions that are available in this group box depend on your user authorizations and the current status of the request. This group box is available only if your user ID is authorized to update the selected request.

The option that you select depends on the current run status of the process request. For instance, you cannot cancel a job that has already completed, and you cannot hold a request that is currently processing. The valid actions based on the current status of each process request appear in the following table:

<b><i>Current Status</i></b>	<b><i>Valid Actions</i></b>
Blocked	Hold, Cancel
Cancelled	Delete
Error	Delete
Hold	Delete, Cancel, Restart
Initiated	Cancel
No Success	Delete
Pending	Hold, Cancel
Processing	Cancel
Queued	Hold, Cancel
Restart	Hold, Cancel
Success	Delete
Warning	Delete

---

**Note.** The action *Resend Content* is available when the Distribution Status for a process is *Not Posted*.

---

***Date/Time***

<b>Request Created On</b>	Displays the date and time at which the request appeared in the Process Request table (PSPRCSRQST). This is the same as the Start Request field on the Recurrence Definition page.
<b>Run Anytime After</b>	Indicates the date and time at which the user selected File, Run in a PeopleSoft application.
<b>Began Process At</b>	<p>Displays the actual date and time at which the process was selected and initiated.</p> <p>For server-based requests, a large gap may exist between the Request Created On and Began Process At values because of PeopleSoft Process Scheduler Server Agent sleep time and other server processing activity.</p>
<b>Ended Process At</b>	Indicates the date and time at which the selected process status updated to Success.

---

**Note.** If the request fails at initiation, the begin and end times do not appear.

---

***Actions***

This group box contains links to other pages, including Parameters, Message Log, Batch Timings, Transfer, and Temp Tables, and View Log/Trace. These pages provide additional details about the process.

Additional information about these actions is provided in the following Viewing Process Detail Actions section of this chapter.

**Viewing Process Detail Actions**

This section discusses the process detail action pages.

---

**Note.** All action pages contain a group box that displays general information about the process.

---

***Viewing Process Request Parameters***

Access the Process Request Parameters page.

Use this page to view additional information about the process parameters.

All non-secure, runtime definition variables are expanded for both client and server requests in this group box. This information should help eliminate configuration problems by identifying incorrect entries in either the PeopleSoft Configuration Manager (PSADMIN) or the operating environment.



<b>Command Line</b>	<p>Displays the path and program used to run the process.</p> <p>You can select the command line and copy it into other tools. This is useful when trying to isolate a request-related problem originating outside of PeopleSoft Process Scheduler, such as an incorrect entry in Configuration Manager or an SQR compile problem.</p> <p>For example, after copying the command line, you might paste the parameters directly into the target of an SQRW icon and then run the process outside of PeopleSoft Process Scheduler to isolate a problem.</p>
<b>Working Dir</b> (working directory)	Displays the directory in which the database connectivity software is installed.
<b>Destination</b>	<p>Displays the location of the completed output that is generated by the process, such as %%OutputDirectory%%.</p> <p>When the output destination for the process is Web, the destination lists the user or role IDs that are authorized to view the report in Report Manager.</p>
<b>Message Text</b>	Displays additional information about the process status. Typically, this displays built-in messages that describe the status of the program that you are running.

---

**Note.** You must manually provide passwords (CP %OPPPSWD% params) that are required in the request parameters, because they are not exposed on the Process Request Parameters page for security reasons.

---

### ***Viewing the Message Log***

Access the Message Log page.

Use the Message Log page to view messages that are inserted into the message log by the program that are running.

**Explain** Click to see a detailed explanation of the message.

---

**Note.** This option is available for PeopleSoft Application Engine and COBOL processes only.

---

### ***Viewing Batch Timings***

Click the Batch Timings link on the Process Detail page to access the Batch Timings report.

---

**Note.** The Batch Timings link is only available for process requests with a process type of *Application Engine*.

---

The Batch Timings report contains a set of statistics that system administrators can use to tune the system to gain better performance. This report relates specifically to PeopleSoft Application Engine program performance.

## Viewing Transfer Pages

Click the Transfer link on the Process Detail page to access the page defined on the Page Transfer page for this process definition.

## Viewing Temporary Tables

Click the Temp Tables link on the Process Detail page to access the Temporary Tables page.

Temporary tables can be important assets for many PeopleSoft Application Engine programs. They are used to:

- Store transient or intermediate results during a program run.
- Improve performance.

See *Enterprise PeopleTools 8.51 PeopleBook: Application Engine*, "Using Temporary Tables."

## Viewing Log and Trace Files

Click the View Log/Trace link on the Process Detail page to access the View Log/Trace page.

**View Log/Trace**

**Report**

**Report ID:** 146      **Process Instance:** 66      [Message Log](#)  
**Name:** DDDAUDIT      **Process Type:** SQR Report  
**Run Status:** Success  
 Data Designer/Database Audit

**Distribution Details**

**Distribution Node:** XCOPY      **Expiration Date:** 07/08/2010

**File List**

Name	File Size (bytes)	Datetime Created
<a href="#">DDDAUDIT_66.PDF</a>	1,933	07/01/2010 2:03:24.328000PM PDT
<a href="#">Trace File</a>	0	07/01/2010 2:03:24.328000PM PDT
<a href="#">Message Log</a>	1,793	07/01/2010 2:03:24.328000PM PDT

**Distribute To**

Distribution ID Type	*Distribution ID
User	VP1

View Log/Trace page

The View Log/Trace page enables you to view the output file, message log and trace file in a browser. The View Log/Trace link appears active on the Process Detail page when at least one of the following conditions is met:

- The output destination for the process request is *Web*, and the report and log files were successfully posted to the Report Repository by the Distribution Agent.

The process must have a run status of *Success*.

- If the report has not been transferred to the Report Repository, the run status of the process request remains *Processing* and the View Log/Trace link is not active.
- If the status of the request remains *Processing*, check the message log for messages from the Distribution Agent indicating that problems occurred while transferring files to the Report Repository.
- The process request ran from a PeopleSoft Process Scheduler Server Agent that was set up using the Server Definition page with a distribution node.

You must have also selected to transfer log files to the Report Repository when you set up the preferences on this page.

---

## Viewing the Status of Servers

This section discusses how to view:

- The server list.
- Server activity.
- Server details.

## Pages Used to View the Status of Servers

<i>Page Name</i>	<i>Definition Name</i>	<i>Navigation</i>	<i>Usage</i>
Server List	PMN_SRVRLIST	PeopleTools, Process Scheduler, Process Monitor, Server List	View information about each of the PeopleSoft Process Scheduler Server Agents that is defined in the system.
Server Activity	PMN_SRVR_ACTVTY	PeopleTools, Process Scheduler, Process Monitor, Server List  Click the name of a server on the Server List page.	View the activity details of the selected server by process and by process category.
Server Detail	PMN_SRVRDETAIL	PeopleTools, Process Scheduler, Process Monitor, Server List  Click the Details link on the Server List page.	View server detail information and update its status.

## Viewing the Server List

To access the Server List page, select PeopleTools, Process Scheduler, Server List.

Process List		Server List							
									Refresh
Server	Hostname	Last Update Date/Time	Dist Node	Master	CPU (%)	Memory (%)	Active	Status	Details
<a href="#">PSNT</a>	PLE-INFODEV-13	07/01/2010 2:05:24PM	XCOPY	Y	2	83	0	Running	<a href="#">Details</a>

Process Monitor - Server List page

<b>Server</b>	Displays the system name that identifies the server. Click to view activity details for the selected server.
<b>Hostname</b>	Displays the name of server on which the PeopleSoft Process Scheduler Server Agent was started.
<b>Last Update Date/Time</b>	Displays the last time that you refreshed the server list to display the most current information.
<b>Dist Node</b> (distribution node)	Displays the name of the report node where the Distribution Agent posted all generated reports, logs, or trace files.
<b>Master</b>	Displays <i>Y</i> if this server is designated as a Master Scheduler.
<b>CPU (%)</b>	Displays current CPU usage as a percentage of the total.
<b>Memory (%)</b>	Displays current memory usage as a percentage of the total.
<b>Active</b>	Displays the number of processes that are currently in an active state of processing.
<b>Status</b>	Status of the server. Values are <i>Running</i> , <i>Down</i> , and <i>Suspended</i> . A complete list of Status values appears later in this section.
<b>Details</b>	Click to display detailed information about the selected server agent.
<b>Refresh</b>	Click to display the most current status of a server.

### Server Status

The Status column on the Server List page indicates the current state of a PeopleSoft Process Scheduler server. Knowing the status of a server helps you identify a problem if the server has an error. This table describes each server status:

<b>Status</b>	<b>Description</b>
Running	Server is active and querying the process request for any queued request to schedule.
Running With No Report Node	<p>The server has not been assigned a report node in the server definition, so reports with output destination of Web will remain in posting status until a report node is specified.</p> <p><b>Note.</b> Server is active and querying the process request for any queued request to schedule.</p>
Down	Server was shut down.
Suspended - Disk Low	Server determined that the current Log/Output directory is below the disk threshold specified in the Process Scheduler configuration file. The server will not schedule new requests until space becomes available.
Suspended - Offline	Server is suspended because current day and time is not within the allowed operation times defined in the server definition.
Overload	The amount of CPU or memory used exceeds the percentage value thresholds entered. The server will wait to launch any new processes.

See [Chapter 8, "Setting Server Definitions," Defining Servers, page 148.](#)

## Viewing Server Activity

To access the Server Activity page, click the name of a server on the Server List page.

Server Activity			
Server Name PSNT			Refresh
Process Category	Priority	Max Concurrent	Active
Default	Medium	5	0
LOADCACHE	Medium	0	0
QEHIGH	Medium	5	0
QELow	Medium	5	0
QEMEDIUM	Medium	5	0
QEZEROMAX	Medium	5	0
Process Type	Priority	Max Concurrent	Active
Application Engine	Medium	3	0
COBOL SQL	Medium	3	0
Crw Online	Medium	3	0
Crystal	Medium	3	0
Cube Builder	Medium	3	0
Data Mover	Medium	3	0
Essbase Cube Builder	Medium	3	0
Optimization Engine	Medium	2	0
PSJob	Medium	3	0
SQR Process	Medium	3	0
SQR Report	Medium	3	0
SQR Report For WF Delivery	Medium	3	0
Winword	Medium	3	0
XML Publisher	Medium	3	0
nVision-Report	Medium	3	0
nVision-ReportBook	Medium	3	0

### Server Activity page

Use this page to view the following server activity information by process type and by process category:

- Priority
- Max. Concurrent
- Active

Click the Refresh button to refresh the information. Click Return to return to the Server List page.

## Viewing Server Details

To access the Server Detail page, click the Details link on the Server List page.

Server Detail			
<b>Server</b>			
Server Name:	PSNT	NT Server Agent	
Operating System:	Windows	Status:	Running
Max API Aware Tasks:	5	Hostname:	PLE-INFODEV-13
Server Load Balancing Option: Use for Load Balancing			
<b>Threshold</b>		<b>Resource</b>	
CPU Threshold:	%	CPU Usage:	2 %
Memory Threshold:	%	Memory Usage:	83 %
Disk Space Threshold:	10 MB	Disk Space Available:	73819 MB
<b>Intervals</b>		<b>Update Details</b>	
Sleep Time:	15 seconds	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Stop Server <input type="radio"/> Suspend Server <input type="radio"/> Restart Server	
Heartbeat:	60 seconds		
<b>Daemon</b>			
Daemon Enabled	<input type="checkbox"/>	<a href="#">Message Log</a>	
Daemon Group:			
Daemon Sleep Time:	minutes		

Server Detail page

## Server

<b>Server Name</b>	Displays the name of the server on which this process runs.
<b>Operating System</b>	Displays the name of the operating system of the server.
<b>Status</b>	Displays the current status of the server: <i>Running</i> , <i>Down</i> or <i>Suspended</i> .
<b>Max API Aware Tasks</b> (maximum application programming interface aware tasks)	Displays the number of concurrent processes that can run on this PeopleSoft Process Scheduler Server.
<b>Hostname</b>	Displays the name of the server on which the PeopleSoft Process Scheduler Server Agent was started.
<b>Server Load Balancing Option</b>	Displays the Server Load Balancing Option value selected for this server.

See [Appendix A, "Using Process Request APIs,"](#) page 201.

***Threshold***

<b>CPU Threshold</b>	Displays the CPU threshold percentage value specified in the server definition.  If CPU usage exceeds this value, the server will not schedule new requests until CPU usage drops below this amount.
<b>Memory Threshold</b>	Displays the Memory threshold percentage value specified in the server definition.  If memory usage exceeds this value, the server will not schedule new requests until memory availability drops below this amount.
<b>Disk Space Threshold</b>	Displays the disk threshold specified in Process Scheduler configuration file. The server will not schedule new requests until space becomes available.

***Usage***

<b>CPU Usage</b>	Displays current CPU usage.
<b>Memory Usage</b>	Displays current memory usage.
<b>Disk Space Available</b>	Displays the amount of disk space available.

***Intervals***

<b>Sleep Time</b>	Displays the specified interval at which the PeopleSoft Process Scheduler Server Agent wakes up and polls the Process Request table.
<b>Heartbeat</b>	Displays the value used by the PeopleSoft Process Scheduler Server Agent to track server status. Each time the server issues a heartbeat message, it updates the last date and time stamp in this table with the current date and time. This prevents the database from accepting more than one PeopleSoft Process Scheduler Server Agent with the same name.

***Update Details***

<b>Stop Server(OS390 only)</b>	Select to shut down a PeopleSoft Process Scheduler Server that is running or exhibiting problematic behavior.
<b>Suspend Server</b>	Select to prevent a running PeopleSoft Process Scheduler Server from accepting new process requests.



**Restart Server**

Select to restart a PeopleSoft Process Scheduler Server that has been suspended. If a server has been stopped, you must restart it using PSADMIN.

---

**Note.** After selecting one of these options, you must click OK to run the command.

---

***Daemon*****Daemon Enabled, Daemon Group, and Daemon Sleep Time**

Displays the selections specified in the server definition.

**Message Log**

Click to go to the Message Log page. A Delete button is located on this page, but it remains hidden when the daemon is running. When the Delete button appears, click it to delete all the messages in the log.

**See Also**

Chapter 8, "Setting Server Definitions," page 147



## Chapter 5

# Using Report Manager

This chapter provides an overview of Report Manager and discusses how to:

- Administer Report Manager.
- View reports.
- Maintain reports.
- Use the My Reports pagelet.

---

## Understanding Report Manager

As part of PeopleSoft Process Scheduler, Report Manager provides several different methods of viewing reports, based on the level of access granted. For example, only users who are assigned to a Report Manager Administration role in PeopleSoft Security can delete reports from the database using the Report Manager - Administration page.

Using Report Manager, you can see all of the reports that you are authorized to view by opening your report list in a browser. Folders are provided to assist in organizing reports and reducing the size of the report lists.

---

**Note.** A warning message appears the first time you open the page if more than 1000 reports are in your view or when changing the filter criteria causes more than 1,000 reports to appear.

---

---

## Administering Report Manager

This section discusses how to:

- Grant Report Manager administrative roles.
- Understand report folders.
- Configure Integration Broker.
- Post reports to other PeopleSoft applications.
- Monitor the status of reports.

## Pages Used to Administer Report Manager

Page Name	Definition Name	Navigation	Usage
User Profile - Roles	USER_ROLES	PeopleTools, Security, User Profiles, User Profiles, Roles	Grant Report Manager administrative roles.
Report Folders Administration	PSRF_FOLDER_ADM	PeopleTools, Process Scheduler, System Settings, Report Folders Administration	Define report folders to organize report results in Report Manager.

## Granting Report Manager Administrative Roles

To access the User Profiles - Roles page, select PeopleTools, Security, User Profiles, User Profiles, Roles.

The screenshot shows the 'User Profiles - Roles' page. At the top, there are tabs: General, ID, Roles (selected), Workflow, Audit, Links, and User ID Queries. Below the tabs, the 'User ID' is 'QEDMO' and the 'Description' is 'QE User'. On the left, there is a 'Dynamic Role Rule' section with a search box, 'Test Rule(s)', 'Refresh', and 'Execute Rule(s)' buttons, and links for 'Process Monitor' and 'Service Monitor'. The main area displays a table of 'User Roles'.

Role Name	Description	Dynamic	Route Control	View Definition
PeopleSoft User	PeopleSoft User	<input type="checkbox"/>	<a href="#">Route Control</a>	<a href="#">View Definition</a>
Portal Administrator	Portal Administrator	<input type="checkbox"/>	<a href="#">Route Control</a>	<a href="#">View Definition</a>
ReportSuperUser	Report Super User	<input type="checkbox"/>	<a href="#">Route Control</a>	<a href="#">View Definition</a>
QE Role	QE Role	<input type="checkbox"/>	<a href="#">Route Control</a>	<a href="#">View Definition</a>

### User Profiles - Roles page

Any user who maintains the content of Report Manager must be assigned a Report Manager administrator role in PeopleSoft Security. With this administrator role, the user can:

- Change the distribution list by adding or deleting a user or role ID.
- Delete a report from Report Manager.
- Alter the report's expiration date.

A *super user* role is also available that allows you to delete and update all report output in Report Manager. Super users are allowed to delete the report entry and update the distribution list or expiration date of report entries.

The difference between the administrator (ReportDistAdmin) and super user (ReportSuperUser) roles is that the administrator role can access and update any report in the Report Manager. The super user role can update only reports that they are authorized to view.

To grant a Report Manager administrator role to a user ID:

1. In the role list, insert a new row, if necessary.
2. Click the search button next to the Role Name field.
3. Select *ReportDistAdmin* or *ReportSuperUser*.
4. Save your changes.

## Understanding Report Folders

The Distribution Agent determines the report folder in which the report is viewed in Report Manager using the following rules:

- The report folder was specified at the time that the request was scheduled, either through the Process Request Dialog page or the PeopleCode ProcessRequest class.
- If the report folder was not specified when the process request was scheduled, the Distribution Agent verifies whether a folder was set in the process definition.
- If the report folder was not specified when the process request was scheduled or in the process definition, the Distribution Agent assigns the default folder that is specified in the Report Folder Administration page.

### See Also

Chapter 6, "Defining PeopleSoft Process Scheduler Support Information," Defining Report Folders, page 84

## Configuring Integration Broker

To view reports on the Report Manager - Explorer and Report Manager - List pages, the service operations that are used to send reports must be added to the local node and the domain must be activated.

To add service operations to the local node:

1. Select PeopleTools, Integration Broker, Integration Setup, Service Operations.
2. Open the service operation PSRF\_FOLDER\_CREATE.
3. Make sure the Active field is selected in the Default Service Operation Version section.
4. Save the service.
5. Perform the same steps as listed above for all of these services:
  - PSRF\_FOLDER\_CREATE
  - PSRF\_REPORT\_CREATE
  - PSRF\_REPORT\_DATE\_CHANGE
  - PSRF\_REPORT\_DELETE

---

**Note.** Reports that have already run do not appear on the Report Manager - Explorer and Report Manager - List pages. To distribute previously run reports to the List and Explorer pages, you must rerun them.

---



---

**Note.** Integration Broker must be configured and your domain must be active.

---

See *PeopleTools 8.51 PeopleBook: PeopleSoft Integration Broker Administration*, "Managing Pub/Sub Server Domains," Activating Pub/Sub Server Domains and *PeopleTools 8.51 PeopleBook: PeopleSoft Integration Broker*, "Managing Service Operations," Configuring Service Operation Definitions.

## Posting Reports to Other PeopleSoft Applications

If you have several PeopleSoft applications, you may want to post reports to the report repository on another PeopleSoft databases. PeopleTools 8.50 uses the service operation PSRF\_REPORT\_CREATE\_VERSION\_2, releases prior to 8.50 use PSRF\_REPORT\_CREATE\_VERSION\_1. If you want to send reports to a system where VERSION\_2 is the default (PT 8.50 and above) from a system using VERSION\_1 (PT 8.49 and below), you will need to add a transformation in the Service Operation Version definition.

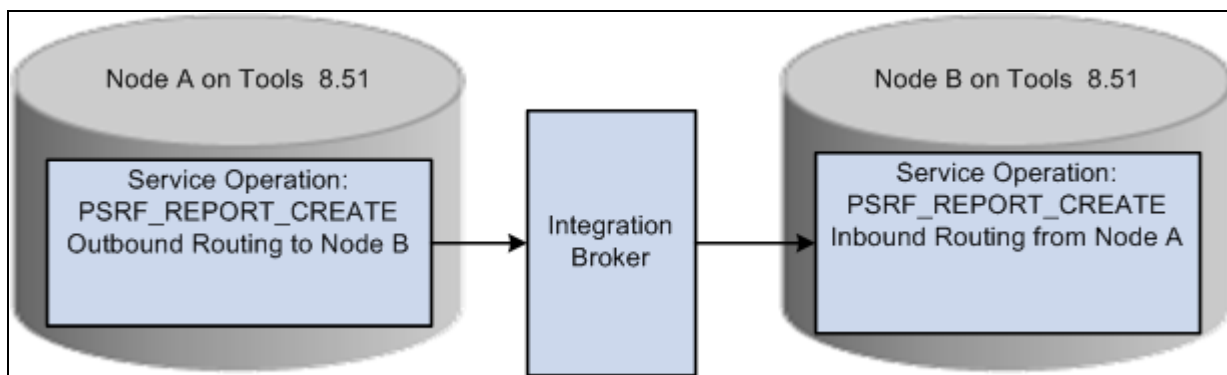
---

**Note.** You can not send reports from a system where VERSION\_2 is the default to a system where VERSION\_1 is the default.

---

### **Posting Reports to Another PeopleSoft Database with Same Version**

If both databases use the same version of the service operation PSFT\_REPORT\_CREATE, you will need to add the outbound routing on the sending system and the inbound routing on the receiving system, as illustrated in this diagram:



Posting reports to another PeopleSoft database

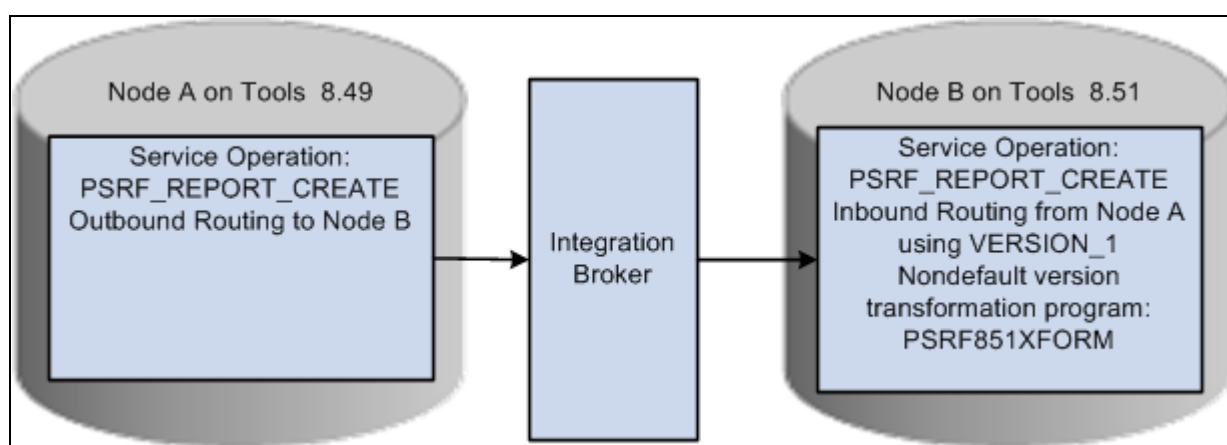
To add service operation routings:

1. On the Sending system, select PeopleTools, Integration Broker, Integration Setup, Service Operations
2. Open the service operation PSRF\_REPORT\_CREATE.
3. Navigate to Routing tab.
4. Enter a Routing Name for your routing and click Add.
5. Enter the Sender Node (node name for the system where you are logged on).

6. Enter the Receiver Node (node name of the PeopleSoft application where you want to post the report).
7. Click Save.
8. On the Receiving system, repeat steps 1 thru 4 above.
9. The Sending node is the remote system and the Receiving node is the current system.
10. Save the routing.

### ***Transforming Inbound Service Operation Version***

If the sending database uses PSFT\_REPORT\_CREATE.VERSION\_1 and the receiving database expects VERSION\_2, you will need to activate the nondefault version of the message and add the transformation program PSRF851XFORM. This transformation program will transform the inbound message to VERSION\_2.



Inbound transformation

To add the inbound routing:

1. On the Receiving system, select PeopleTools, Integration Broker, Integration Setup, Service Operations
2. Open the service operation PSRF\_REPORT\_CREATE.
3. Navigate to Routing tab.
4. Enter a Routing Name for your routing and click Add.
5. Select VERSION\_1 for the Version.
6. Enter the Sender Node (remote node).
7. Enter the Receiver Node (current node).
8. Click Save.

To set up the non-default version:

1. Navigate back to General tab, click VERSION\_1 under Non-Default Versions to open Service Operation VERSION\_1.

2. Make sure the Active check box is selected.
3. In the Service Operation Mappings section enter PSRF851XFORM in the Transform to Default field.
4. Click Save.

## Monitoring the Status of Reports

When a report fails to post to the Report Repository or fails to send the message to have the report added on the Report Manager - Explorer or Report Manager - List page, check the following sources to trace the problem:

- The distribution status on the Report Manager - Administration page and the Process Monitor - Process List page.
- The message log on the Report Manager - Report Detail page.
- The run status on the Process Monitor - Process List page.
- The Service Operations Monitor in PeopleSoft Integration Broker.
- The Distribution Agent log files.

See *PeopleTools 8.51 PeopleBook: PeopleSoft Integration Broker*, "Understanding PeopleSoft Integration Broker."

### ***Distribution Status on the Report Manager - Administration Page***

The Report Manager - Administration page displays the current state of a report. The distribution status of the report shows the process of a request without having to check the Process Monitor. The following table lists the available statuses:

<b>Status</b>	<b>Description</b>
N/A or None	The process has just been added to the report request, but processing has not yet started.  No file is available to post.  An error has occurred and no file is available to post.
Generated (OS390 and SQR only)	The report has finished processing and all files are available for transferring.
Posting	The report is in the process of being transferred to the Report Repository.
Posted	The report was successfully transferred to the Report Repository.



<b>Status</b>	<b>Description</b>
Not Posted	The Distribution Agent was unsuccessful in transferring the files from the PeopleSoft Process Scheduler server into the Report Repository.

### **Message Log on the Report Manager Detail page**

When the Distribution Agent receives the request to post the report, the agent inserts information into the Message Log table, detailing any important event. This information can be helpful in tracking down problems that the Distribution Agent encountered. If HTTP is used to transfer reports to the Report Repository, the message log includes error messages that are received from the Java servlet (SchedulerTransfer). This example illustrates a message log entry.

<b>Message Log</b>			
<b>Process</b>			
<b>Instance:</b>	66	<b>Type:</b>	SQR Report
<b>Name:</b>	DDDAUDIT	<b>Description:</b>	Data Designer/Database Audit
Customize   Find   View All     First 1-3 of 3 Last			
Severity	Log Time	Message Text	Explain
10	2:03:21PM	Process request completed successfully.	<a href="#">Explain</a>
	2:03:26PM	Published message with ID 177c83ec-8554-11df-b82f-f05b8e207b6f to create entry in folder TEST.	<a href="#">Explain</a>
	2:03:26PM	Successfully posted generated files to the report repository	<a href="#">Explain</a>

Example message log entry

### **Run Status on the Process Monitor Detail Page**

The Process Monitor – Process Detail page in PeopleSoft Process Scheduler displays the run status of a scheduled request. As PeopleSoft Process Scheduler processes the reports, it updates the status of the request. The following table shows:

- The different stages that a process request with an output destination type of *Web* goes through from the time that the PeopleSoft Process Scheduler Server Agent initiates the process to the time that the Distribution Agent transfers the files to the Report Repository.
- How the Report Manager distribution status changes as each stage is completed.

**Note.** The table shows only process requests with an output destination type of *Web*. Other process requests can be tracked through the message log.

<b>Stage of Process Request</b>	<b>Distribution Status (Report Manager)</b>
A new process request is created.	N/A or None
The program for the process request is started.	N/A
The program has finished.	N/A
The Distribution Agent attempts to transfer the files to the Report Repository.	Posting
The Distribution Agent failed to transfer a file to the Report Repository and hasn't reached the Maximum Transfer Retries value.  <b>Note.</b> Maximum Transfer Retries value is the number that sets how many times the Distribution Agent should retry the report Repository file transfer when it fails. The message log for the process request is updated.	Posting
All files are successfully transferred to the Report Repository.	Posted
The Distribution Agent failed to transfer files to the Report Repository and has used up the maximum transfer retries.	Not Posted

See [Chapter 4, "Using Process Monitor," Viewing Process Details, page 41.](#)

### **Service Operations Monitor in PeopleSoft Integration Broker**

Select PeopleTools, Integration Broker, Service Operations Monitor, Monitoring, Asynchronous Details to access the Asynchronous Details page.

---

**Note.** You can also access this page by selecting the Details link for a specific transaction ID on the PeopleTools, Integration Broker, Service Operations Monitor, Monitoring, Asynchronous Services, Subscription Contracts page.

---

### Asynchronous Details

Transaction ID

177c83ec-8554-11df-b82f-f05b8e207b6f

External Service Name

PSRF\_REPORT\_CREATE.VERSION\_2

Publishing Node

FS\_LOCAL

\*Segment

1

Refresh

Queue Name

PSRF\_REPORTING\_FOLDERS

View XML

Archive

Queue Sequence ID

Not Applicable - Unordered Queue

Sub Queue

177c83ec-8554-11df-b82f-f05b8e207b6f

Original Publishing Node

FS\_LOCAL

Status

DONE

Uncompressed Data Length

4254

Data Length View Limit

100000

View IB Info

Subscription Contracts							
Customize   Find   1 of 1   First   Last							
Actions   Information   [Filter]							
Action Name	*Segment	Status					
ReportCreate	1	Done	View XML	Resubmit	Cancel	View Error/Info	View IB Info

#### Asynchronous Details page

After the Distribution Agent posts the report to the Report Repository, the final task is to send a message to have the entry added to the report folder table. The Distribution Agent writes the transaction information, which includes the transaction ID and the report folder. The transaction ID can be used to monitor the status of the sent message in PeopleSoft Integration Broker.

See *PeopleTools 8.51 PeopleBook: PeopleSoft Integration Broker*, "Understanding Messaging" and *PeopleTools 8.51 PeopleBook: Integration Broker Service Operations Monitor*, "Monitoring Asynchronous Service Operations," Monitoring Asynchronous Service Operation Transactions.

#### Distribution Agent Log Files

Additional information can be found in the Distribution Agent log files.

See [Appendix B, "Understanding Logging Systems," page 215](#).

## Viewing Reports

This section provides an overview of the Report Manager views and discusses how to:

- View a list of reports to which you have access.
- View a hierarchical view of folders and reports.

## Understanding the Report Manager Views

Use the Report Manager - Explorer and Report Manager - List pages to view all of the reports that are in the PeopleSoft system (across multiple databases) that the user is authorized to access. When a user first accesses Report Manager, the Report Manager - Explorer page appears, showing a hierarchical view of folders and reports.

Unlike the Report Manager - Administration page, the Report Manager - Explorer and Report Manager - List pages list reports when both of the following events occur:

1. The Distribution Agent has successfully posted the report to the report repository.

When the report has posted, the Distribution Agent sends a message to have an entry added to the report folder table for the new report.

2. The local message node has received the message that was sent by the Distribution Agent by adding an entry for the report in the report folder table.

New reports that have been scheduled or are in the process of being posted to the report repository are viewed only through the Report Manager - Administration page.

---

**Note.** Folders that have been deleted remain active until all reports have been purged from them. However, new reports cannot be added to a deleted folder.

---

## Pages Used to View Reports

<i>Page Name</i>	<i>Definition Name</i>	<i>Navigation</i>	<i>Usage</i>
Report Manager - List	PSRF_REPORTS_CHRON	Reporting Tools, Report Manager, List	View a list of reports to which you have access.
Report Manager - Explorer	PSRF_REPORT_VIEWER	Reporting Tools, Report Manager, Explorer  PeopleTools, Process Scheduler, System Process Requests  Click the Report Manager link on the System Process Requests page.	View a hierarchical view of folders and reports.

## Viewing a List of Reports to Which You Have Access

To access the Report Manager - List page, select Reporting Tools, Report Manager, List.

List Explorer Administration Archives

View Reports For

Folder:  Instance:  to:  Refresh

Name:  Created On:  Last 1 Days

Reports Customize | Find | View 100 First 1-50 of 101 Last

	Report	Report Description	Folder Name	Completion Date/Time	Report ID	Process Instance
1	<a href="#">MSGSET - MSGSET.htm</a>	MSGSET - MSGSET.HTM	General	07/01/10 2:05PM	148	67
2	<a href="#">DDDAUDIT</a>	DATA DESIGNER/DATABASE AUDIT	TEST	07/01/10 2:03PM	146	66
3	<a href="#">XRFRCL</a>	CROSS REFERENCE - RECORDS AND	General	07/01/10 1:51PM	142	63
4	<a href="#">XRFMENU</a>	MENU LISTING REPORT	General	07/01/10 1:50PM	141	62
5	<a href="#">XRFIELDS</a>	CROSS REFERENCE FIELD LISTING	General	07/01/10 1:50PM	140	61
6	<a href="#">AEMINTEST</a>	SIMPLE AE TEST PROGRAM	General	07/01/10 1:49PM	143	64

Report Manager - List page

**View Reports For**

Enter criteria to filter the reports to list. Report Manager ignores criteria for fields that are blank.

**Note.** A warning message appears if more than 1,000 rows are available for display on the Report Manager List page.

<b>Folder</b>	Select a specific folder to list only the reports that are contained in that folder.
<b>Instance and to</b>	Enter a range of process instances. Leave the to field blank to list all instances after the number that you enter in the Instance field.
<b>Name</b>	Enter the name or part of a name to list only reports that match the name that you enter.
<b>Created On</b>	Use the calendar or enter a specific date to list only reports that were created on that date.

**Last or Date Range**

Specify an interval of time by which to limit the reports that appear in the list. Select *Last* to display only those reports that were created in the last number of days, hours, years, or minutes. Enter a custom numerical value in the field, and then select a unit type: *Days*, *Hours*, *Years*, *Minutes*, or *All*. For example, to list only those reports that were created within the last two hours, enter 2 and select *Hours*.

If you select *All* the time interval fields will be grayed out and all reports will appear.

Select *Date Range* to display only those reports created between two specific dates. Enter a From date and a To date.

**Refresh**

Click to update the report list with newly run reports and to use any newly entered filtering criteria.

**Reports**

This grid includes all of the reports in the PeopleSoft system that you are authorized to view across multiple databases. Filtering criteria is used to better manage the list.

---

**Note.** When a new user is added to the system or a new role is added to an existing user, the user will be able to view existing reports authorized to the role. If a role is removed from a user profile, the user will no longer be able to view the reports authorized by that role.

---

**Report**

Click the name of the report to display the Report Detail page. The File group box lists the output file names and any associated log or message file names.

Click the output file name, or associated log or message file name, to display the report or message log in another browser window.

**Report Description**

Displays a detailed description of the report.

**Folder Name**

Displays the folder in which the report is located.

**Completion Date/Time**

Displays the date and time when the report was created.

**Report ID**

Displays the report ID that was automatically assigned when the report was run.

**Process Instance**

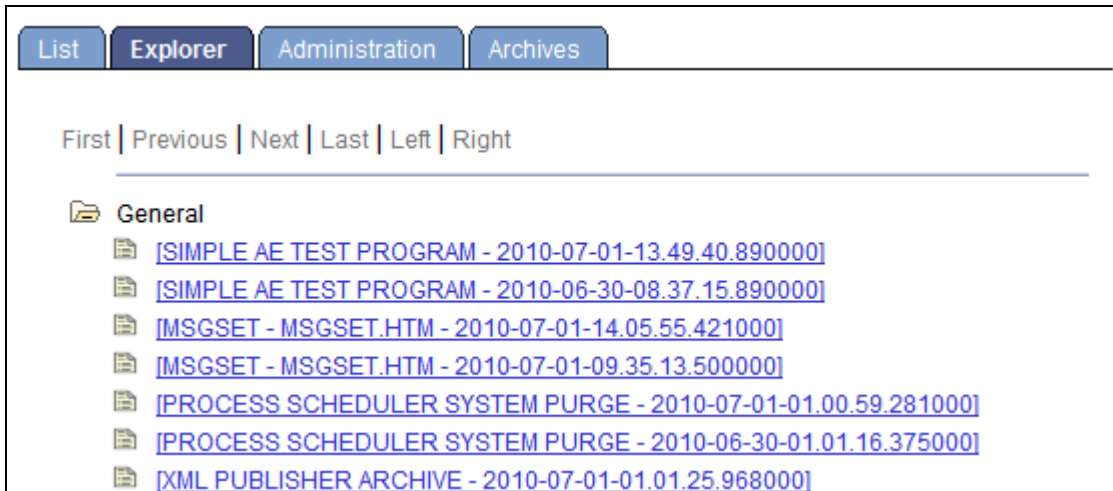
Displays the process instance number that was automatically assigned when the report was run.



Click the Download icon on the navigation bar to download the list to a Microsoft Excel spreadsheet.

## Viewing a Hierarchical View of Folders and Reports

To access the Report Manager - Explorer page, select Reporting Tools, Report Manager, Explorer. You can also access this page from a link on the System Process Request page.



Report Manager - Explorer page



Click to open a folder and view the contents. Click the folder again to close it.



Click the Report Description link to display the Report Detail page. The File List group box lists the output file names and any associated log or message file names.

Click the output file name, or associated log or message file name, to display the report or message log in another browser window.

The Report Manager - Explorer page displays a hierarchical view of the same reports that are listed on the Report Manager - List page. Subfolders can be created only in PS/nVision for organizing nVision reports.

---

**Note.** Empty folders are not included in the hierarchical view.

---

### See Also

*Enterprise PeopleTools 8.51 PeopleBook: PS/nVision*, "Running PS/nVision Reports on the Web," Creating Report Requests

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## Maintaining Reports

This section provides an overview of the purge reports process and discusses how to:

- Delete reports and add users to the distribution list.
- View archived reports.

## Understanding the Purge Reports Process

When PeopleSoft Process Scheduler is set to perform a periodic purge on the System Purge tab in the system settings, it triggers the Application Engine program PRCSYSPURGE. This program purges both the Process Request and Report Manager tables. As part of the Report Manager cleanup, it also purges the reports from the Report Repository and archives the data into the Report Archive table.

The application server must be running during the purge process for reports posted by an HTTP report node or a FTP report node. This is necessary because:

- For reports posted by an HTTP report node, user authentication is done while deleting reports. The application server must be running to enable the purge process to delete expired reports.
- For reports posted by a FTP report node, a HTTP request is made to check if the reports are present in the report repository.

---

**Note.** The purge process will not run unless the user ID that starts the Process Scheduler has TLSALL listed as a process group within the primary process profile. The PRCSYSPURGE program is delivered with the TLSALL process group.

---

If multiple Process Schedulers are running against the same database, and each has its own Report Repository, PRCSYSPURGE is initially responsible for the purge process. It will remove all entries from the PS\_CDM\_LIST table and then purge all reports that match its server name or report node from its report repository. The PRCSYSPURGE program then inserts entries to the PS\_CDM\_LIST\_PURGE table where neither the server name nor the report node name matches. If the PRCSYSPURGE program detects that more than one Process Scheduler is active, it schedules the Application Engine PRCSRVCLN program to run on all the other active Process Scheduler servers. The PRCSRVCLN program checks whether the server uses its own Report Repository and if so, the program deletes reports from the report Repository that is used by the server.

---

**Note.** If two Process Schedulers have the same report node (report repository), then one scheduler performs the deletions for both schedulers.

---

For XML Publisher reports, metadata related to expired reports is archived when the process PSXPARCHATTR runs. This process runs automatically as part of the PRCSYSPURGE program. The URLs of the report files are archived along with the process information in the PSXP\_FLURL\_ARCH table. Search data related to XML Publisher reports is stored along with the process information in the PSXP\_RATTR\_ARCH table.

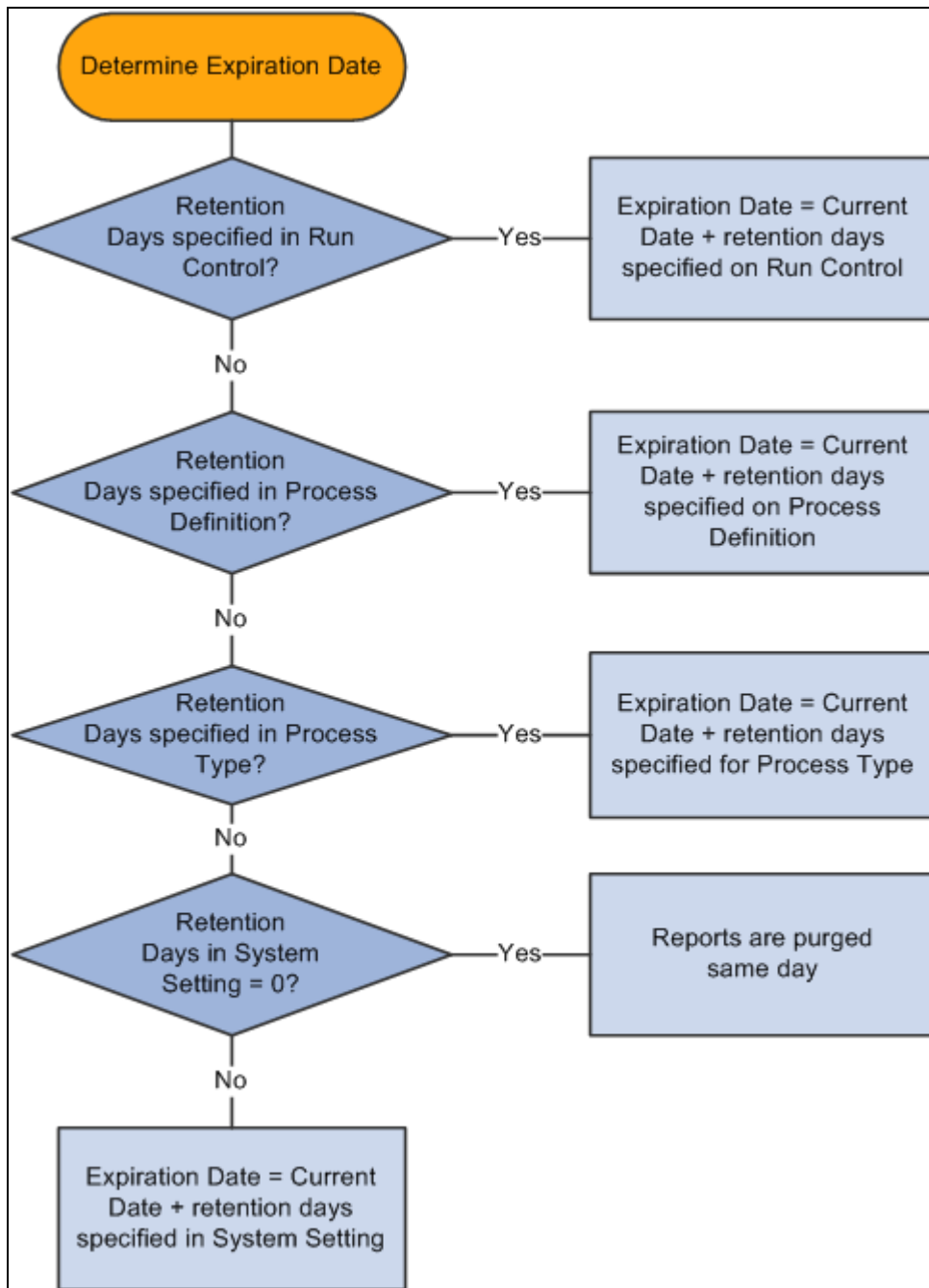
### ***Expiration Date for Reports***

The PeopleSoft Process Scheduler system settings feature has an option for that is used to calculate the expiration date of reports that are displayed in the Report Manager. The expiration date is determined by adding the retention days from the date on which the report was generated.

Retention days can be set at the system setting level, the process type, the process definition or the run control ID. In order for reports to be purged the same day, the retention days on the system setting must be 0 (zero). A value of 0 at the system setting level will be overridden by a non-zero value for retention days in the run control ID, process type or process definition.



This diagram illustrates how the system calculates the expiration date:



Expiration date calculation

### See Also

Chapter 6, "Defining PeopleSoft Process Scheduler Support Information," *Defining System Purge Options*, page 81

*PeopleTools 8.51 PeopleBook: Security Administration*, "Setting Up Permission Lists," Setting Process Permissions

## Pages Used to Maintain Reports

<i>Page Name</i>	<i>Definition Name</i>	<i>Navigation</i>	<i>Usage</i>
Report Manager - Administration	CDM_CONTLIST	Reporting Tools, Report Manager, Administration	Delete unwanted reports from the system.
Report Detail	CDM_INDEX	Click the Detail link on the Report Manager - Administration page.	Add users to the distribution list.
Report Manager - Archives	CDM_CONTLIST_ARCH	Reporting Tools, Report Manager, Archives	View reports that have been archived.
Process System	PRCSSYSTEM	PeopleTools, Process Scheduler, System Settings, Process System	Set the retention days that are used to determine the expiration date.
Process System Purge	PRCSSYSTEMPURGE	PeopleTools, Process Scheduler, System Settings, System Purge Options	Set the option to purge reports from the Report Repository and archive data to the Report Archive table (PS_CDM_LIST_ARCH).

## Deleting Reports and Adding Users to the Distribution List

To access the Report Manager - Administration page, select Reporting Tools, Report Manager, Administration.

List Explorer **Administration** Archives

View Reports For  
User ID:  Type:  Last  Hours  Refresh  
Status:  Folder:  Instance:  to:

Report List Customize Find View All First 1-7 of 7 Last

Select	Report ID	Prcs Instance	Description	Request Date/Time	Format	Status	Details
<input type="checkbox"/>	148	67	<a href="#">MSGSET - MSGSET.htm</a>	07/01/2010 2:05:43PM	HTML Documents (*.htm)	Posted	<a href="#">Details</a>
<input type="checkbox"/>	146	66	<a href="#">Data Designer/Database Audit</a>	07/01/2010 1:57:03PM	Acrobat (*.pdf)	Posted	<a href="#">Details</a>
<input type="checkbox"/>	145	65	<a href="#">XRFWIN - XRFWIN.htm</a>	07/01/2010 1:49:31PM	HTML Documents (*.htm)	Posted	<a href="#">Details</a>
<input type="checkbox"/>	143	64	<a href="#">Simple AE test program</a>	07/01/2010 1:48:06PM	Text Files (*.txt)	Posted	<a href="#">Details</a>
<input type="checkbox"/>	142	63	<a href="#">Cross Reference - Records and</a>	07/01/2010 1:48:06PM	Acrobat (*.pdf)	Posted	<a href="#">Details</a>
<input type="checkbox"/>	141	62	<a href="#">Menu Listing Report</a>	07/01/2010 1:48:06PM	Acrobat (*.pdf)	Posted	<a href="#">Details</a>
<input type="checkbox"/>	140	61	<a href="#">Cross Reference Field Listing</a>	07/01/2010 1:48:06PM	Acrobat (*.pdf)	Posted	<a href="#">Details</a>

☒ Select All ☐ Deselect All  
Delete Click the delete button to delete the selected report(s)

## Report Manager - Administration page

To view the report results in another browser window, click the description of the required report. To view the report results or any associated log or message file, click the Details link. Click the name of the required report or message to display the output in another browser window.

**Note.** The reports that are listed on the Report Manager - Administration page are from only the database to which you are signed in.

This section discusses how to:

- Delete reports.
- Add users to the distribution list.

### Deleting Reports

**Select** Use the check box to the left of each report to select individual reports

**Select All** and **Deselect All** Click Select All to select all the reports that you are authorized to delete. When they are selected, click the Delete button to delete all the selected reports.

Click Deselect All to deselect all reports.

## Adding Users to the Distribution List

To add users to the distribution list:

1. Click the Details link for the required report.

The Report Detail page appears. If you do not have authorization to add users, the page is display-only.

2. Click the Add button to add user or role IDs to the distribution list.

---

**Note.** You can save a report to your local workstation by right-clicking the appropriate Detail link and selecting *Save Target As*.

---

## Viewing Archived Reports

Access the Report Manager - Archives page.

The screenshot shows the 'Archives' tab selected in the top navigation bar. Below the navigation bar, there are search filters for 'Process Type' (a dropdown menu) and 'Archive Date' (a date input field with a search icon, followed by 'or', 'Last' (a dropdown menu), a numeric input field with '10', a 'Days' dropdown menu, and a 'Refresh' button). Below these filters is the 'Archived Report List' section. It has a sub-tab 'Report' selected. The list is displayed as a table with the following columns: Archive Date, Report ID, Prcs Instance, Report Description, Request Date/Time, Output Format, and Process Type. The table contains five rows of data.

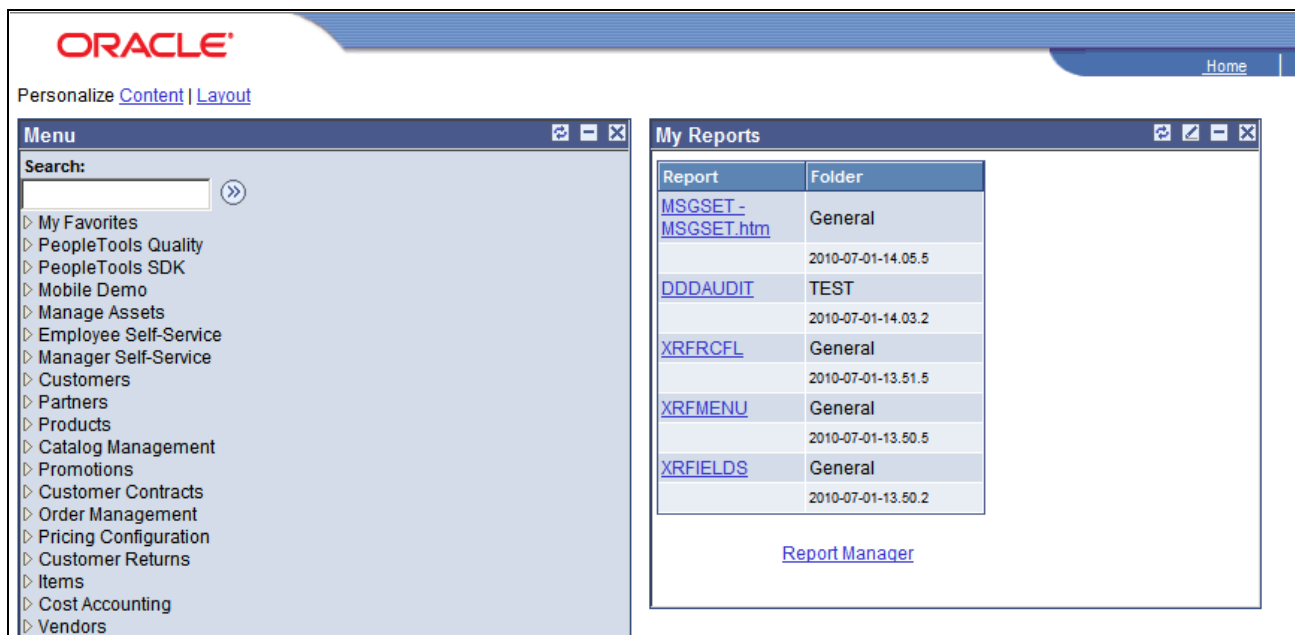
Archive Date	Report ID	Prcs Instance	Report Description	Request Date/Time	Output Format	Process Type
07/02/2010	145	65	XRFWIN - XRFWIN.htm	07/01/2010 1:49:31PM	HTML Documents (*.htm)	XML Publisher
07/02/2010	143	64	Simple AE test program	07/01/2010 1:48:06PM	Text Files (*.txt)	Application Engine
07/02/2010	142	63	Cross Reference - Records and	07/01/2010 1:48:06PM	Acrobat (*.pdf)	SQR Report
07/02/2010	28	38	Cross Reference - Records and	06/29/2010 4:50:54PM	Acrobat (*.pdf)	SQR Report
07/02/2010	15	20	Data Designer/Database Audit	06/29/2010 12:25:12PM	Acrobat (*.pdf)	SQR Report

Report Manager - Archives page

Use the Report Manager - Archives page to view reports that have been purged from the report list after they have passed their expiration date. You cannot retrieve a purged report from the list, but the list displays the information that you need to retrieve a report from the backup or history copies of reports.

## Using the My Reports Pagelet

The My Reports pagelet enables you to display selected reports on your PeopleSoft home page.



Example of My Reports pagelet

**Note.** Use the Report Manager link to access the Report Manager - Explorer page.

To display the My Reports pagelet:

1. Select Personalize Content, which is located above the PeopleSoft menu.
2. Select My Reports from the PeopleSoft Applications menu.
3. Click Save to return to the home page.
4. Rearrange the home page layout by selecting Personalize Layout and making the required changes.
5. Click Save to return to the home page.
6. Click the Customize button at the top of the My Reports pagelet.

The Personalize My Reports page appears.

7. Enter the maximum number of reports to display.
8. Select to display reports created within a specified number of days or hours.
9. Click the Save Options button.
10. Click the Close button and the Return to Home Page link.



## Chapter 6

# Defining PeopleSoft Process Scheduler Support Information

This chapter provides an overview of PeopleSoft Process Scheduler support information and discusses how to:

- Define system settings.
- Define process type definitions.
- Define process definitions.
- Define recurrence definitions.

---

**Note.** You should plan the types of processes that you plan to schedule. Then, you should gather parameter information for each process before you begin.

---

---

## Understanding PeopleSoft Process Scheduler Support Information

Before you can schedule processes to run, you must first define the basic information that PeopleSoft Process Scheduler uses. PeopleSoft Process Scheduler is delivered with a complete set of process type, process, and server definitions for all processes that are delivered with each PeopleSoft application. You might need to configure some of the definitions to suit your specific needs, but otherwise, they are set up to run immediately.

PeopleSoft Process Scheduler uses the concepts of *process types* and *process definitions* to define the kinds of processes that you typically run. All process definitions are grouped under a process type. For example, most Structured Query Report (SQR) reports are defined in the PeopleSoft system with the process type of SQR Report, which contains settings that apply to all SQR process definitions under that process type. Within each process type, you must define specific process definitions, such as an SQR report named XRFWIN that you can run on a regular or as-needed basis.

You can also define the servers on which you want to run the process types or use the server definitions that PeopleSoft delivers with Process Scheduler. You must analyze the processes that you plan to schedule and group them logically, both to maximize server resources and to simplify procedures for users. Typically, a developer must establish PeopleSoft Process Scheduler definitions only once and then maintain them.

You must also consider other factors when incorporating PeopleSoft Process Scheduler into applications, including:

- Third-party application programming interface (API) support for COBOL and SQR.
- Types of PeopleCode that you can employ to interact with PeopleSoft Process Scheduler.

**See Also**

[Appendix A, "Using Process Request APIs," page 201](#)

---

## Defining System Settings

PeopleSoft Process Scheduler maintains a single-row table that stores system-wide parameters and system defaults that are related to all processes.

This section discusses how to:

- Define process system settings.
- Define process output types.
- Define process output formats.
- Define system purge options.
- Define distribution file options.
- Define report folders.
- Define event notifications and configure a real-time event notification (REN) server.
- Test event notifications.
- Define process categories.

## Pages Used to Define System Settings

<i>Page Name</i>	<i>Definition Name</i>	<i>Navigation</i>	<i>Usage</i>
System Settings	PRCSSYSTEM	PeopleTools, Process Scheduler, System Settings, Process System	Define process system settings.
Process Output Type Settings	PRCSOUTDESTTYPELST	PeopleTools, Process Scheduler, System Settings, Process Output Type	Specify active and default output types for each process type.
Process Output Format Settings	PRCSOUTPUTSETTINGS	PeopleTools, Process Scheduler, System Settings, Process Output Format	Specify active and default output formats for each process type.
Purge Settings	PRCSSYSTEMPURGE	PeopleTools, Process Scheduler, System Settings, System Purge Options	Enter purge settings to empty the PeopleSoft Process Scheduler tables and file system.



<b>Page Name</b>	<b>Definition Name</b>	<b>Navigation</b>	<b>Usage</b>
Distribution File Options	PRCSCDMFILE	PeopleTools, Process Scheduler, System Settings, Distribution File Options	Identify all the different types of files and the manner in which they are distributed throughout the system.
Report Folders Administration	PSRF_FOLDER_ADM	PeopleTools, Process Scheduler, System Settings, Report Folders Administration	Create folders for organizing reports in Report Manager.
Event Notification	PRCSRENSRV	PeopleTools, Process Scheduler, System Settings, Event Notification	View information for REN servers that have been configured with the REN server cluster owner as either <i>Reporting</i> or <i>All</i> (PeopleSoft Multi-Channel Framework, Optimization, and Reporting).
Test REN Server	PRCSRENSRV_TEST	Click the Test button on the Event Notification page.	Perform buffer and ping tests on the REN server.
Process Categories Administration	PRCS_GROUP_ADM	PeopleTools, Process Scheduler, System Settings, Process Category Admin	Create process categories for grouping processes together for the purpose of server load balancing and prioritization.
Console Preferences	PTRC_DISPLAY_IMG	PeopleTools, Process Scheduler, System Settings, Console Preferences	Define icons to display in the Reporting Console for each process type.

## Defining Process System Settings

To access the System Settings page, select PeopleTools, Process Scheduler, System Settings, Process System.

Process System	Process Output Type	Process Output Format	System Purge Options
----------------	---------------------	-----------------------	----------------------

## System Settings

**Default Settings**

Retention Days:

\*Primary Operating System:

\*System Load Balancing Option:

**Instances**

Sequence Key	Sequence	Min Seq	Max Seq
Process Instance	33	1	999999999
Report Instance	24	1	999999999999
Transfer Instance	24	1	999999999999

System Settings page

**Retention Days**

Enter the number of days before the files that are on the report repository are deleted. This value is used with the current date to calculate the expiration date on reports in Report Manager when retention days are not specified in Process Type definition, Process definition, or Run Control.

See [Chapter 6, "Defining PeopleSoft Process Scheduler Support Information," Defining System Purge Options, page 81.](#)

**Primary Operating System**

Enter the default operating system. A run location of *Any* picks a server of this type.

---

**Note.** If this field is left blank, the request will be scheduled by a Process Scheduler server with the default O/S.

---

**System Load Balancing Option**

Select to assign to primary O/S only or server in any O/S.

*Assign To Primary O/S Only:* Select to have Master Scheduler reassign workload to another Process Scheduler server with the primary O/S

*Assign To Server In Any O/S:* Select to have Master Scheduler reassign workload to any available Process Scheduler server.

When the *Do Not Use Option* is selected on the Server Definition page, the server takes a request only when the name of the server has been specified on the Process Request page or in any of the definition tables.

---

**Note.** This field is used in conjunction with a Master Scheduler server. This field will be ignored if no Master Scheduler server is available to perform the load balancing.

---

## System Settings

Set system settings for the following sequence keys: Process Instance, Report Instance, and Transfer Instance. The instance number acts as a counter.

**Sequence** Indicates the last instance number that was used.

**Min Seq** (minimum sequence) Indicates the lowest instance number to be used.

**Max Seq** (maximum sequence) Indicates the highest instance number to be used. When this number is reached, the system starts numbering again from the minimum sequence number.

---

**Note.** The maximum value for Process Instance is 2,147,483,646. The maximum value for Report Instance and Transfer Instance is 999,999,999,999,999.

---

## Defining Process Output Types

To access the Process Output Type Settings page, select PeopleTools, Process Scheduler, System Settings, Process Output Type.

Output Type Options			
Process Type	Type	Active	Default Output
SQR	File	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
SQR	Printer	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
SQR	Window	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
SQR	Email	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
SQR	Web	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

Process Output Type Settings page

Use this page to specify active and default output types for each process type.

---

**Note.** When you are scheduling a process through PeopleCode using the ProcessRequest object, the default output type is used when the output type that is specified has been deactivated or the output type was not specified.

---

**Process Type** Select the process type that you want to edit or leave blank to display all process types.

<b>Type</b>	Lists the output types that are available for the selected process type. This field is display-only.
<b>Active</b>	Select the appropriate check box to make the output type active for the selected process type.
<b>Default Output</b>	Select the check box next to the output type that you want to display as the default on the Process Request page.

---

**Note.** The Process Output Format Settings page uses information about output types; therefore, you need to save any changes that were made to output type settings before attempting to change an output format setting.

---

## Defining Process Output Formats

To access the Process Output Format Settings page, select PeopleTools, Process Scheduler, System Settings, Process Output Format.

Output Format Options					
Process Type	Process Name	Type	Format	Active	Default
AppEngine	PSXPQRYRPT	Web	Rich Text File (*.rtf)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
AppEngine	PSXPQRYRPT	Web	Acrobat (*.pdf)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
AppEngine	PSXPQRYRPT	Web	HTML Documents (*.htm)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
AppEngine	PSXPQRYRPT	Web	Microsoft Excel Files (*.xls)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

Process Output Format Settings page

Use the Process Output Format Settings page to specify active and default output formats for each process type.

---



**Note.** When you are scheduling a process through PeopleCode using the ProcessRequest object, the default output format is used when the output format that is specified has been deactivated, or the output format was not specified.

---

<b>Process Type</b>	Select the process type, or leave blank to display all process types.
<b>Process Name</b>	For process types that have registered non-unique processes, this field is used to identify the non-unique process. <hr/> <b>Note.</b> Non-unique processes include Connected Query (PSCONQRS), Query (PSQUERY), and XML Publisher (PSXPQRYRPT). <hr/>
<b>Output Destination Type</b>	Select a specific output type to further define the output format options. Only output types specified as <i>Active</i> appear.
<b>Format</b>	Lists the format types that are available for the selected process type and output type. This field is display-only.
<b>Active</b>	Select the appropriate check box to make the format type active for the selected process type and output type.
<b>Default</b>	Select the check box next to the format type that you want to appear as the default output on the Process Request page. A message appears, informing you that the format type is disabled if you select a format type for which the Active check box is deselected.

## Defining System Purge Options

To access the System Purge Options page, select PeopleTools, Process Scheduler, System Settings, System Purge Options.

Process System	Process Output Type	Process Output Format	System Purge Options																														
<h2>Purge Settings</h2> <div> <b>Purge Options</b> <p> <b>Next Purge Date:</b> <input type="text" value="02/27/2010"/>  </p> <p> <b>Next Purge Time:</b> <input type="text" value="1:00:00AM"/> </p> <p> <b>Recurrence:</b> <input type="text" value="Daily Purge"/>  </p> </div>																																	
<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th colspan="3">Run Status Options</th> </tr> <tr> <th>Process Run Status</th> <th>Days Before Purge</th> <th>Enabled</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Cancel</td> <td><input type="text" value="7"/></td> <td><input checked="" type="checkbox"/></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Not Successful</td> <td><input type="text" value="7"/></td> <td><input checked="" type="checkbox"/></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Success With Warning</td> <td><input type="text" value="7"/></td> <td><input checked="" type="checkbox"/></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Delete</td> <td><input type="text" value="7"/></td> <td><input checked="" type="checkbox"/></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Error</td> <td><input type="text" value="7"/></td> <td><input checked="" type="checkbox"/></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Hold</td> <td><input type="text" value="7"/></td> <td><input checked="" type="checkbox"/></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Cancelled</td> <td><input type="text" value="7"/></td> <td><input checked="" type="checkbox"/></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Success</td> <td><input type="text" value="7"/></td> <td><input checked="" type="checkbox"/></td> </tr> </tbody> </table>				Run Status Options			Process Run Status	Days Before Purge	Enabled	Cancel	<input type="text" value="7"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Not Successful	<input type="text" value="7"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Success With Warning	<input type="text" value="7"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Delete	<input type="text" value="7"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Error	<input type="text" value="7"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Hold	<input type="text" value="7"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Cancelled	<input type="text" value="7"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Success	<input type="text" value="7"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Run Status Options																																	
Process Run Status	Days Before Purge	Enabled																															
Cancel	<input type="text" value="7"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>																															
Not Successful	<input type="text" value="7"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>																															
Success With Warning	<input type="text" value="7"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>																															
Delete	<input type="text" value="7"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>																															
Error	<input type="text" value="7"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>																															
Hold	<input type="text" value="7"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>																															
Cancelled	<input type="text" value="7"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>																															
Success	<input type="text" value="7"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>																															

System Purge Setting page

Use the Purge Settings page to empty the PeopleSoft Process Scheduler tables and file system. This operation will schedule the Application Engine program PRCSYSPURGE.

The PRCSYSPURGE program:

- Updates statistics to all of the process request tables before deleting content.
- Purges all process requests with a last update date that is past the Days Before Purge value for the specified run statuses.
- Deletes all of the subdirectories in the Log\_Output directory that are associated with the process requests that are purged from the process request table if the Purge Process Files option was selected.
- Purges the report repository tables with expired dates, based on the specified number of retention days.
- Deletes all directories from the report repository that are associated with processes that were purged from the report repository tables.
- Schedules the Application Engine PRCSRVCN program if more than one active Process Scheduler server exists.

PRCSRVCN refreshes the Log/Output directory for all active servers.

- Purges the BusinessObjects Enterprise XI report repository.

- Schedules the Application Engine PSXPARCHATTR program for XML Publisher reports to archive report-related metadata and the URLs of the report files.

**Next Purge Date** Enter the date on which the next file purge process is to run on the server. This is based on the recurrence schedule.

**Next Purge Time** Enter the time when the next file purge process is to run on the server. This is based on the recurrence schedule.

**Recurrence** Select a recurrence schedule for the purge process.

### Purge Settings

Specify purge criteria for each process run status that is listed.

**Days Before Purge** Enter the number of days before a process should be physically deleted from the request table.

**Enabled** If this check box is cleared, process requests with this run status are not purged.

### See Also

Chapter 6, "Defining PeopleSoft Process Scheduler Support Information," Defining Recurrence Definitions, page 122

## Defining Distribution File Options

To access the Distribution File Options page, select PeopleTools, Process Scheduler, System Settings, Distribution File Options.

<div> System Purge Options Distribution File Options Report Folders Administration </div>						
Distribution File Options						
<div> File Settings Customize   Find   First 1-38 of 38 Last </div>						
File Type	Binary File	System File	Display	Override Report Name	Description	
AET	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	Application Engine Trace File	<input type="button" value="+"/> <input type="button" value="-"/>
CSS	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	Cascading Style Sheet	<input type="button" value="+"/> <input type="button" value="-"/>
CSV	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	Comma Separated Value File	<input type="button" value="+"/> <input type="button" value="-"/>
DAT	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	Data File	<input type="button" value="+"/> <input type="button" value="-"/>
DOC	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	MS Word File	<input type="button" value="+"/> <input type="button" value="-"/>
DTD	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	SGML Document Type Definition File	<input type="button" value="+"/> <input type="button" value="-"/>

Distribution File Options page

Use the Distribution File Options page to identify all the different types of files and the manner in which they are distributed throughout the system. File types are identified based on the file extensions. This is used by the Distribution Agent to determine how a specific file type will be transferred to the Report Repository using File Transfer Protocol (FTP) or HTTP. Also, this determines the description that is displayed in the Report Manager.

Use the Add and Delete buttons to add and remove available file types.

<b>File Type</b>	Identifies the type of file.
<b>Binary File</b>	Deselect for TXT and HTML files. <hr/> <b>Note.</b> When this check box is selected, the report distribution system will not perform a conversion on the file when moving it between operating systems.
<b>System File</b>	Select to mark this file type as a system file. The file will be available to be viewed in the Process Monitor regardless of output type. <hr/> <b>Note.</b> This feature requires that the Process Scheduler server definition has the attribute <i>Transfer System Files to the Report Repository</i> selected.
<b>Display</b>	Select to have the file shown on the report list page.
<b>Description</b>	Enter a description to be used for this file when it is displayed for viewing. If a description is not specified, the name of the file is used.

## Defining Report Folders

To access the Report Folders Administration page, select PeopleTools, Process Scheduler, System Settings, Report Folders Administration.

Report Folders Administration			
Folder Name	*Description	Default	
GENERAL	General	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="button" value="+"/> <input type="button" value="-"/>
FINANCIAL	Financial Reports	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="button" value="+"/> <input type="button" value="-"/>
nVISION	nVision Reports	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="button" value="+"/> <input type="button" value="-"/>

Report Folders Administration page

Use the Report Folders Administration page to create folders for organizing reports in Report Manager.



<b>Folder Name</b>	Use the Add and Delete buttons to add and remove folder names.
<b>Description</b>	Enter a more detailed description for the folder to identify its use.
<b>Default</b>	Select the check box next to the folder that you want to display as the default. The default folder is automatically selected on the Process Scheduler Request-Distribution Detail page.

---

**Note.** A default folder is required.

---

### See Also

[Chapter 5, "Using Report Manager," Understanding Report Folders, page 57](#)

## Defining Event Notifications and Configuring a REN Server

Event Notification is a feature that is associated with the PeopleTools Reporting process output type *Window*. It is also used by Multi-Channel Framework. A new Application Server process called PSRENSRV is required, which acts as a special web server to deliver report results to a new browser window.

Any Process Scheduler can use a REN server. The REN server is an optional component of the PeopleSoft Application Server. Four parameters are located in the PSRENSRV section of the Application Server configuration file that may have to be configured.

See *PeopleTools 8.51 PeopleBook: PeopleSoft MultiChannel Framework*, "Configuring REN Servers."

## Testing Event Notifications

To access the Event Notification page, select PeopleTools, Process Scheduler, System Settings, Event Notification.

---

**Note.** A REN server must be configured before you can test Event Notification.

---

See [Chapter 6, "Defining PeopleSoft Process Scheduler Support Information," Defining Event Notifications and Configuring a REN Server, page 85.](#)

Report Folders Administration

Event Notification

Process Category Admin

Console Preferences

Available REN Server Cluster(s)

Cluster ID	Cluster URL	Browser URL	Active Flag	Test
RENCLSTR_0001	http://RTDC79292VMC:7180	http://RTDC79292VMC.dsi-inet.peoplesoft.com:7180	Active	Test

Event Notification page

Multiple REN servers can be used by the system. However, only information for REN servers that have been configured with the REN server cluster owner as either *Reporting* or *ALL* (PeopleSoft Multi-Channel Framework, Optimization, and Reporting), are listed on this page.

To verify the REN server cluster owner, select PeopleTools, REN Server Configuration, REN Server Cluster - Select the desired REN Server, REN Server Cluster Owner.

<b>Cluster ID</b>	Displays the unique ID for the REN server.
<b>Cluster URL</b>	<p>Displays the following URL:</p> <p><code>http://&lt;hostname&gt;:7180</code></p> <p><i>hostname</i>: Application server machine name.</p> <p><i>7180</i>: Default REN server port number.</p> <hr/> <p><b>Note.</b> If you change the default, then you must change the values for the Cluster and Browser URLs.</p> <hr/>
<b>Browser URL</b>	<p>Displays the following URL:</p> <p><code>http://&lt;hostname&gt;.&lt;default_auth_token&gt;:7180</code></p> <p><i>hostname</i>: Application server machine name.</p> <p><i>default_auth_token</i>: PIA Auth Token Domain name, specified as the default_auth_token when configuring the REN server.</p>
<b>Active Flag</b>	<p>Indicates whether the REN server is <i>Active</i> or <i>Inactive</i>.</p> <p>An active REN server enables the <i>Window</i> output type. An inactive REN server does not accept the <i>Window</i> output type. However, pending reports will finish on current popup windows.</p>
<b>Test</b>	<p>Click to display the Test REN Server page.</p> <p>Use this page to verify that the URLs are valid.</p>

### Testing Cluster and Browser URLs

Access the Test REN Server page.

**Test REN Server**

**Cluster ID:** RENCLSTR\_0001

**Cluster URL:** http://RTDC79292VMC:7180 Buffer Test

**Browser URL:** http://RTDC79292VMC.dsi-inet.peoplesoft.com:7180 Ping Test

Test REN Server page

Two different tests can be performed:

- *Buffer*: This test is performed on the Cluster URL. It tests the ability of PSRENSRV to break up and send a large file (over 50,000 characters) using multiple internal buffers. The numbered blocks count visible characters, but invisible HTML markup commands are on every line, so the actual server reply content length is 55,902 characters.

---

**Note.** The test is successful if all characters are shown and an End of file message appears at the bottom of the page.

---

- *Ping*: This test is performed on the Browser URL. It sends a sequence of ping events to the PSRENSRV, waiting for each to respond before sending the next.

---

**Note.** The test is successful if Events Sent and Events Received both reach the same final value. The average latency depends on network configuration, machine load, and whether debugging is enabled.

---

To perform a Buffer test:

1. Click the Buffer Test button.

The Buffer Test for PSRENSRV page appears in a new browser window.

2. Verify that all characters are shown and that an *End of File* message appears at the bottom of the page.
3. Close the browser window.

To perform a Ping test:

1. Click the Ping Test button.

The Ping Test for PSRENSRV page appears in a new browser window.

2. Click the Run Ping Test button.

The system performs a total of 10 pings.

3. Close the browser window.

Click the Return button to return to the Event Notification page.

## Defining Process Categories

To access the Process Categories Administration page, select PeopleTools, Process Scheduler, System Settings, Process Category Admin.

Report Folders Administration

Event Notification

Process Category Admin

Process Categories Administration

Process Categories

Customize

Find

First 1-8 of 8 Last

Process Category	Description		
Default	Default Category	+	-
LOADCACHE	Parallel LoadCache	+	-
GL	General Ledger	+	-
Manufacture	Manufacturing	+	-
QEHIGH	High Priority	+	-

Process Categories Administration page

Use process categories to group processes together for the purpose of server load balancing and prioritization. You can select to run jobs or processes belonging to certain process categories on specific servers, and then you can set a priority of high, medium, or low for each category.

For example, you can group your manufacturing processes into one category and your General Ledger (GL) processes into another category. You can then set the priority for your GL category to high so that GL processes always run first.

Process Category and Description	Enter the name and description for each new process category.
	<b>Note.</b> The categories <i>Default</i> and <i>LOADCACHE</i> are delivered with your system.

**Note.** The process category *LOADCACHE* is only used to run the Parallel LoadCache job.

See Also

*PeopleTools 8.51 PeopleBook: System and Server Administration*, "Using PeopleTools Utilities," Load Application Server Cache

Defining Console Preferences

To access the Console Preference page, select PeopleTools, Process Scheduler, System Settings, Console Preferences.

Event Notification
Process Category Admin
Console Preferences

## Console Preferences

Process Type Display Images
Customize | Find |
First 1-11 of 11 Last

*Process Type	*Content Name			
Application Engine	PT_APPENGINE_ICN			
COBOL SQL	PT_COBOL_ICN			
Crystal	PT_CRYSTAL_ICN			
Cube Builder	PT_CUBEBuilder_ICN			
Data Mover	PT_DATAMOVER_ICN			
PSJob	PT_JOB_COLLAPSE			
SQR Process	PT_SQR_ICN			
SQR Report	PT_SQR_ICN			
Winword	PT_WINWORD_ICN			
XML Publisher	PT_XMLP_ICN			
nVision-Report	PT_NVISION_ICN			

### Console Preferences

This page is used to identify the icons that are displayed in the Reporting Console for each process type.

If you add any custom process types, you will need to add the custom process type to the Console Preferences.

## Defining Process Type Definitions

This section provides an overview of process type definitions and discusses how to:

- Enter global definitions for processes.
- Set OS390 options.

## Understanding Process Type Definitions

The primary purpose of the process type definition is to globally define the command line, parameter list, working directory, and other general parameters for a specific process type. Consequently, the information doesn't need to be duplicated for each process definition of the same type, and you can vary these global parameters as needed, depending on the target operating system and database platform.

PeopleSoft Process Scheduler supports all operating systems and database environments that are supported by PeopleSoft. However, not every operating system and database environment combination supports every process type. For example, process types of Crystal or PS/nVision are supported on Microsoft Windows operating systems only, but SQR, COBOL, and PeopleSoft Application Engine can run on other operating systems, as well.

PeopleSoft Process Scheduler uses the following variables during runtime:

- Meta-strings.

Meta-strings provide runtime values to the definition and support the management of sensitive data, such as passwords, which are not written to the database.

- In-line bind variables.
- Client and server variables.

For each process request, all defined variables are evaluated and expanded, if possible. (For security reasons, %%OPRID%% is not expanded.) All variables that are not resolved through any of these sources might cause the process request to fail. You can detect unresolved variables easily by reviewing the Process Request Detail page for the failed request.

### ***Meta-Strings***

The predefined meta-strings must be enclosed in a set of double percent signs. When processing a request, if PeopleSoft Process Scheduler encounters a string that is enclosed inside a set of double percent signs, it compares the variable name with an internal list of predefined meta-strings. If the variable name is not one of these meta-strings, it is assumed to be a server-based environment variable.

The following table includes all predefined meta-strings and their associated runtime values.

<b><i>Predefined Meta-String</i></b>	<b><i>Runtime Value</i></b>
%%ACCESSID%%	Database Access ID.
%%ACCESSPSWD%%	Database Access Password.
%%DBNAME%%	Database Name.
%%INSTANCE%%	Process Instance.
%%OPRID%%	User's Signon ID.
%%OPRPSWD%%	User's Password (encrypted).
%%OUTDEST%%	Output Destination. For example, C:\%TEMP%; \\PrintServer1\Printer1.

<b><i>Predefined Meta-String</i></b>	<b><i>Runtime Value</i></b>
%%OUTDESTTYPE%%	Output Type. For example, File, Printer; Web, Window, Email.
%%OUTDESTFORMAT%%	Output Format. For example, SPF; HTM; PDF; TXT.
%%PRCSNAME%%	Process Name. For example, XRFAPFL, GLPJEDIT.
%%RUNCNTLID%%	Run Control ID. For example, NTClient, CrystalServer.
%%SERVER%%	Reference the Database Server Name.
%%EMAILID%%	User's email address that is stored in the user profile.
%%CLIENTTIMEZONE%%	Time zone that is specified for the client initiating the request.
%%APPSERVER%%	Application Server (used for three-tier).
%%LOG/OUTPUTDIRECTORY%%	Directory in the PeopleSoft Process Scheduler Server Agent to which a file that is generated from a process request is written.
%%DEFAULTPRINTER%%	Default printer defined in the Process Scheduler Configuration file.

### ***In-Line Bind Variables***

The parameter list may contain in-line bind variables. In-line bind variables represent any field (record.field) that is used in the current page and they are defined like this:

```
:RECORD.FIELD
```

For example, specify the following code to pass the value of the User ID field from the RPT\_RQST\_WRK record as a parameter:

```
:RPT_RQST_WRK.OPRID
```

Variables must be enclosed in a set of *double* percent signs, as in %%OutputDirectory%%. At runtime, Process Scheduler first looks at all double-percent variables to determine whether these represent a predefined meta-string value, such as %%OPRID%%. Because the meta-string is predefined, it can resolve the variable at initiation of each request. If the variable is not defined as a meta-string, Process Scheduler tries to find it in the Process Scheduler configuration file. If none is found, it leaves the value unresolved.

---

**Note.** This documentation is not a substitute for the PeopleSoft Application Engine, COBOL, SQL, or Crystal Reports documentation. If you need additional information about parameters that are discussed here, the documentation from the appropriate vendor is your best reference.

---

### ***Parameter List Formatting***

The parameter list consists of a series of tokens that make up the parameters to be used for the process. Tokens are separated by unquoted space characters. Single or double quote characters can be used for quoting. Both types of quotes are treated equivalently, but the starting and ending quotes for a quoted portion of a token must match. A quoted string may not contain quotes of the same type but a single quoted string can contain double quote characters and vice versa. A single token may consist of multiple adjacent quoted characters however no spaces are permitted between the quoted fragments. Unterminated quoted fragments will result in an error.

This table shows examples of parameter lists that require formatting:

<b><i>Example Parameter Value</i></b>	<b><i>Format</i></b>
A parameter that contains spaces. parameter value = 1 2 3	"1 2 3" or '1 2 3'  <b>Note.</b> Use either single or double quotes.
A parameter that contains space and apostrophe (single quote) characters. parameter value = customer's update	"customer's update"  <b>Note.</b> Use double quotes for the parameter so that the apostrophe (single quote) and space characters are passed correctly.
A parameter that contains space, apostrophe (single quote), and double quote characters. Parameter value = John's comments "Hello There"	"John's comments" "'Hello There'"  <b>Note.</b> The first fragment is enclosed in double quotes so that the single quote and space characters are passed correctly and the second fragment is enclosed in single quotes so that the double quote and space characters are passed correctly. Note that there are no spaces between the quoted fragments.

Meta-variables can be used either quoted or unquoted and may contain quoted fragments themselves. Meta-variables are expanded before quotes are processed.

This table shows examples of parameter lists containing meta-variables that require formatting:



<b>Example Parameter Values</b>	<b>Parameter List Format</b>	<b>Explanation</b>
1st parameter = -p 2nd parameter = Param 2 3rd parameter = Param 3	-p %%METASTRING%%	METASTRING = "Param 2" 'Param 3'  This parameter list that uses a single meta-variable to pass multiple parameters containing spaces.  <b>Note.</b> The meta-variable contains quotes so that the single meta-variable can be used to pass multiple parameters containing spaces.
1st parameter = -p 2nd parameter = Param 2	-p "%%METASTRING1%% %%METASTRING2%%"	METASTRING1 = Param METASTRING2 = 2 This parameter list uses two meta-variable to pass a single parameter containing spaces.  <b>Note.</b> The meta-variables are enclosed in quotes in order to pass the expanded meta-variables as part of a single parameter.
1st Parameter = -p 2nd Parameter = Param 3rd Parameter = 1 4th Parameter = John's comment	-p "%%METASTRING1%%" "%%METASTRING2%%"	METASTRING1 = "Param 1" METASTRING2 = John's comment  This parameter list demonstrates behavior that can occur when meta-variables are quoted and themselves contains quotes. Care must be taken when quoting meta-variables or using meta-variables containing space, single quote, or double quote characters to ensure parameters are passed as intended.  <b>Note.</b> The double quotes around METASTRING1 and in its value cancel each other out resulting in the contents of METASTRING1 becoming two parameters. Additionally, note that if METASTRING2 were not quoted with double quotes, an error would occur as the single quote in METASTRING2 would be seen as the start of an unterminated quote

## Pages Used to Define Process Type Definitions

Page Name	Definition Name	Navigation	Usage
Type Definition	PRCSTYPEDEFN	PeopleTools, Process Scheduler, Process Types	Enter or update global definitions for processes.
Type Definition Options	PRCSTYPEDEFNOPT	PeopleTools, Process Scheduler, Process Types, Type Definition Options	Set OS390 options. <b>Note.</b> This page is necessary only if you are using an OS390 operating system for the database.

## Entering Global Definitions for Processes

To access the Type Definition page, select PeopleTools, Process Scheduler, Process Types.

**Type Definition**   **Type Definition Options**

**Process Type:** XML Publisher  
**Operating System:** Windows  
**Database Type:** Oracle

**Details**

**Description:** XML Publisher  
**Generic Process Type:** AppEngine  
**Command Line:** %%TOOLBINSRV%%\psae.exe  
**Parameter List:** -CT %%DBTYPE%% -CD %%DBNAME%% -CO "%%OPRID%%" -CP %%OPRPSW  
**Working Directory:** %%DBBIN%%  
**Output Destination:**  
☒ **Restart Enabled**  
**Retention Days:** 0

Type Definition page

Use the Type Definition page to enter or update global definitions for processes.

A process type must be defined for each database and operating system platform on which you want processes to run. PeopleSoft delivers process type definitions for many of the following types of processes, so if you are adding a new process definition, you may be able to associate it with an existing process type rather than having to add a new one.

- PeopleSoft Application Engine.

- SQR.
- COBOL.
- Crystal.
- Data Mover.
- XML Publisher.

---

**Note.** Be sure to use unique names when defining new process types. This makes it easier to select a process based on the process type.

---



---

**Important!** Insert two colons (::) to define a colon in any variable string, as in *C::\PT80\<executable>*, if you are not using the *%%<value>%%* variable. The extra colon is required to distinguish these types of parameters from in-line bind variables, which use a single colon to prefix the record name.

---

<b>Generic Process Type</b>	Indicates the type of process that you are updating, for example, <i>AppEngine</i> (PeopleSoft Application Engine), <i>COBOL</i> , <i>Crystal</i> , <i>Cube</i> , <i>Other</i> , <i>SQR</i> , <i>Winword</i> (Microsoft Word for Windows), or <i>nVision</i> (PS/nVision).
-----------------------------	--

---

**Note.** The Generic Process Type for XML Publisher is *AppEngine*.

---

<b>Command Line</b>	Indicates the executable program based on the generic process type that is selected.
---------------------	--

Enclose local (client) environment strings within a single pair of percent signs for example, %TOOLBIN%. Enclose all server environment strings within a double pair of percent signs, for example, %%TOOLBIN%%.

---

**Note.** If the path contains spaces, you will need to add quotation marks around the entry, for example, " %%WINWORD%%\WINWORD.EXE".

---

<b>Parameter List</b>	Indicates the string of command line variables that are passed to the program.
-----------------------	--

---

**Note.** If the parameter value will contain spaces, you will need to add quotation marks around the argument, for example -OP is entered as, " %%OUTDEST%%".

---

See Chapter 6, "Defining PeopleSoft Process Scheduler Support Information," Parameter List Formatting, page 92.

<b>Working Directory</b>	Indicates the directory containing the database drivers. The working directory is applicable only to the client and Microsoft Windows servers.
--------------------------	--

<b>Output Destination</b>	Indicates the output destination for this process type. This is used for any process definition with an output destination source of Process Type, meaning that the process uses the values in the process type definition to determine where to send the output.
---------------------------	---

**Restart Enabled?**

Select to enable a process request to be restarted from Process Monitor. Restarting is allowed only if the user or class of users can currently update a request (Cancel or Delete).

The parameter list for the failed request is modified to append the current process instance before the request is assigned a new instance and reinserted with a status of Queued. All date and time stamps and runtime variables are reset, as appropriate.

---

**Note.** If this check box is selected and the request fails, the status is No Success (not Error).

---

**Retention Days**

Set the retention days that are used to determine the expiration date. The expiration date is determined by adding the retention days from the date on which the report was generated.

---

**Note.** The retention days value entered for a process type will be the default retention days for process definitions using the process type.

---

This section discusses the specific values for:

- PeopleSoft Application Engine process type definitions.
- SQR report process type definitions.
- COBOL SQL process type definitions.
- Crystal process type definitions.
- Data Mover process type definitions.
- Essbase Cube Builder process type definitions.
- XML Publisher process type definitions.

***PeopleSoft Application Engine Process Type Definitions***

When the generic process type is AppEngine, the Type Definition page contains these fields:

**Command Line**

Indicates the executable program PSAE.EXE, which is preceded by the directory name or environment string where the program resides.

**Output Destination**

Not required for PeopleSoft Application Engine processes.

PSAE.EXE requires the following arguments in the Parameter List field:

```
-CT %%DBTYPE%% -CD %%DBNAME%% -CO "%%OPRID%%" -CP %%OPRPSWD%% -R
%%RUNCNTLID%% -I %%INSTANCE%% -AI %%PRCSNAME%% -OT %%OUTDESTTYPE%% -FP
"%%OUTDEST%%" -OF %%OUTDESTFORMAT%%
```

To start an Application Engine program from the command line, you must specify the Application Engine executable (PSAE.EXE) followed by the required parameters, as shown in the following example:

```
psae -CT dbtype -CS server -CD database_name -CO oprid -CP oprpswd⇒
-R run_control_id -AI program_id -I process_instance -DEBUG (Y|N)⇒
-DR (Y|N) -TRACE tracevalue -DBFLAGS flagsvalue -TOOLSTRACESQL value⇒
-TOOLSTRACEPC value -OT outtype -OF outformat -FP filepath
```

Following these arguments, you can add additional arguments, as needed. This table contains details about the required and optional arguments that apply to all PeopleSoft Application Engine process requests.

<b>Flag</b>	<b>Value and Notes</b>
-CT	Connect database type.
-CS	Connect server name, if required on sign-in dialog page.
-CD	Database to which you are connected.
-CO	User ID with which you are signed in.
-CP	User password (encrypted).
-R	Process run control ID.
-I	Process instance.
-AI	Name of the PeopleSoft Application Engine program.
-FP	The full path of the directory where files will be generated through FileObject. To use the value that is assigned to this flag, use the PeopleCode system variable %FilePath
-DEBUG	Enables PeopleSoft Application Engine trace. This is equivalent to values that are assigned to TraceAE in the Process Scheduler Configuration file.
-DBFLAGS	Bit flag that enables or disables running statistics to a table when the meta-SQL %Update Stats% is coded in the PeopleSoft Application Engine program: <i>0</i> : Enable. <i>1</i> : Disable.
-TOOLSTRACESQL	Enables PeopleSoft SQL trace. This is equivalent to values that are assigned to TRACESQL in the Process Scheduler Configuration file.

<b>Flag</b>	<b>Value and Notes</b>
-TOOLSTRACEPC	Enables PeopleCode trace. This is equivalent to values that are assigned to TracePC in the Process Scheduler Configuration file.
-FP	File path.
-OT	Output type: 2: File. 5: Email. 6: Web.
-OF	Output destination format, such as <i>HTML</i> .

### **SQR Report Process Type Definitions**

When the generic process type is SQR, the Type Definition page contains this field:

**Command Line** Indicates the executable program PSSQR.EXE, a wrapper program to run SQR reports.

---

**Important!** PSSQR.EXE is not designed to run manually outside of Process Scheduler.

---

PSSQR.EXE requires the following arguments in the Parameter List field:

-CT -CT %%DBTYPE%% -CS %%SERVER%% -CD %%DBNAME%% -CA %%ACCESSID%% -CAP %%ACCESSPSWD%% -RP %%PRCSNAME%% -I %%INSTANCE%% -R %%RUNCNTLID%% -CO %%OPRID%% -OT %%OUTDESTTYPE%% -OP "%%OUTDEST%%" -OF %%OUTDESTFORMAT%% -LG %%LANGUAGECD%%

---

**Note.** If the path for the Log/Output Directory in the psprcs.cfg contains spaces, you will need to add quotation marks around the argument for -OP as shown in the preceding example, " %%OUTDEST%%".

---

Following these arguments, you can add additional arguments, as needed. This table contains details about the required and optional arguments that apply to all SQR process requests.

<b>Flag</b>	<b>Value and Notes</b>
-CT	Connect database type.
-CS	Connect server name, if required on the sign-in page.

<b>Flag</b>	<b>Value and Notes</b>
-CD	Database to which you are connected.
-CA	Access ID with which you are signed on.
-CAP	Access password (encrypted).
-RP	Name of the report (SQR) file. No path is required. PSSQR searches for the SQR report in configuration setting PSSQR1-4.
-I	Process instance.
-R	Process run control ID.
-CO	User ID with which you are signed in.
-OT	Output type: 0: Any. 1: None. 2: File. 3: Printer. 5: Email. 6: Web. 7: Default.
-OP	Output path. If the output type is 1 (printer), you can specify a logical printer name, such as <code>\\printserver1\printer1</code> . If the output type is 2 (file), you must specify a file path.
-OF	Output destination format, such as <i>HTML</i> .
-LG	Defines the requested language code for the specified SQR report.

---

**Note.** Determine the output format for the output file by specifying the output format on the Process Scheduler Request page.

---

## COBOL SQL Process Type Definitions

When the generic process type is COBOL, the Type Definition page contains these fields:

<b>Command Line</b>	Indicates the command to start the Windows-based COBOL program, preceded by the directory name or environment string that indicates where the program resides.
<b>Output Destination</b>	Not required for COBOL.

## Crystal Process Type Definitions

When the generic process type is Crystal, the Type Definition page contains these values:

<b>Command Line</b>	<p>Indicates the executable program PSCRRUN.EXE, a PeopleSoft API program to run Crystal reports, which is prefaced by the directory name or environment string that indicates where the program resides.</p> <hr/> <p><b>Note.</b> The executable program for Crystal Reports 2008 is PSCRRUN.EXE. PSBOERUN.EXE is the executable used with BusinessObjects Enterprise XI. The command line executable changes when you convert your reports to the Crystal XI format.</p> <p>See the <i>Enterprise PeopleTools 8.51 Installation guide</i> for your database platform, <i>Installing and Configuring Software for Crystal Reports</i>, <i>Converting Crystal Reports</i>, <i>Converting Reports from Crystal Reports 9 format to Crystal Reports XI format</i>.</p> <hr/>
<b>Output Destination</b>	Not required for Crystal.

PSCRRUN.EXE requires the following arguments in the Parameter List field:

-CT%%DBTYPE%% -CD%%DBNAME%% -CO%%OPRID%% -CP%%OPRPSWD%% -I%%INSTANCE%% -RP"%%PRCSNAME%%" -OT%%OUTDESTTYPE%% -OP"%%OUTDEST%%" -LG%%LANGUAGECD%% -OF%%OUTDESTFORMAT%%

Following these arguments, you can add additional arguments, as needed. This table contains details about the required and optional arguments that apply to all Crystal process requests.

<b>Flag</b>	<b>Value and Notes</b>
-CT	Connect database type.
-CS	Connect server name, if required in the sign-in (NULL for client requests).
-CD	Database to which you are connected.



<b>Flag</b>	<b>Value and Notes</b>
-CO	User ID with which you are signed in.
-CP	User password (encrypted).
-I	Process instance.
-CX	Application server name (if applicable).
-RP	Name of the report (.RPT) file. The .RPT extension is optional. PSCRRUN searches the directories that are specified by the Process Scheduler configuration file variable CRWRPTPATH. PSBOERUN searches the directories in the BusinessObjects Enterprise report repository.
-OT	Output type: 0: Any. 1: None. 2: File. 3: Printer. 5: Email. 6: Web. 7: Default.
-OP	Output Path. If Output Type = 3 (printer), then you can specify a logical printer name, such as \\printserver1\printer1 If Output Type = 2 (file), you must specify a file path.
-LG	Defines the requested language code for the specified Crystal report. This corresponds to a child directory below the Crystal Reports base directory, where the report should exist in the specified language. Various child directories can exist for each supported language.
-OF	Specifies the output destination format, such as PDF.

Crystal requires the following printer orientation and other report-specific arguments to be set in the process definition.

<i><b>Argument</b></i>	<i><b>Value and Notes</b></i>
-ORIENT	<p><i>NULL.</i></p> <p><i>P:</i> Portrait.</p> <p><i>L:</i> Landscape.</p> <p>If the output type is 3 (printer), and the output destination is not NULL, you must specify a printer orientation. This should be specified as an appended parameter in the process definition.</p>
-SP	<p>Optional. Separate page indicator for HTML reports.</p> <p><i>Blank or 0:</i> One HTML file (default).</p> <p><i>1:</i> Separate HTML file for each page.</p>
-DHTML	<p>Optional. HTML type indicator for HTML reports.</p> <p><i>Blank or 0:</i> HTML 3.2 std (default).</p> <p><i>1:</i> HTML 4.0 (DHTML)</p>
-LX	<p>Optional. Disable locale formatting option.</p> <p><i>0:</i> Disables the automatic adjustment of report formats based on the user's International and Regional personalizations.</p> <p><b>Note.</b> This flag should be used only if you require dates, times, and numbers in Crystal Report output to always be formatted in the locale of the server machine instead of the locale of the user submitting the report.</p>
-PAPERLG	Print Crystal reports using legal sized paper.
-PAPERLT	<p>Print Crystal reports using letter sized paper.</p> <p><b>Note.</b> This flag is used as the default for printer paper size.</p>
-CPI	<p>Set the character per inch parameter when you export a file to text.</p> <p><i>&lt;Value&gt;</i></p> <p>If the value is not set, a default of <i>12</i> is used.</p>

<b>Argument</b>	<b>Value and Notes</b>
-LN	Optional. Sets the number of lines per page when exporting to text format.  <Value>  Omitting this option or specifying a value of 0 results in non-paginated text output.

---

**Note.** Determine the output format for the output file by specifying the output format on the Process Scheduler Request page.

---

### **Data Mover Process Type Definitions**

When the generic process type is Data Mover, the Type Definition page contains this field:

**Command Line**                      Indicates the executable program PSDMTX.EXE, which is preceded by the directory name or environment string where the program resides.

PSDMTX.EXE requires the following arguments in the Parameter List field:

-CT %%DBTYPE%% -CD %%DBNAME%% -CO %%OPRID%% -CP %%OPRPSWD%% -I  
%%INSTANCE%%

Following these arguments, you can add additional arguments, as needed. This table contains details about the required and optional arguments that apply to all PeopleSoft Data Mover process requests.

<b>Flag</b>	<b>Value and Notes</b>
-CT	Connect database type
-CS	Connect server name, if required on logon dialog page.
-CD	Database to which you are connected.
-CO	User ID with which you are signed in.
-CP	User password (encrypted).
-I	Process instance.

### **Essbase Cube Builder**

When the generic process type is Essbase Cube Builder, the Type Definition page contains these values:

**Command Line** Indicates the executable program PS2ESSBASE.EXE.

**Output Destination** Not required for Essbase Cube Builder.

PS2ESSBASE.EXE requires the following arguments in the Parameter List field:

-CT%%DBTYPE%% -CD%%DBNAME%% -CO%%OPRID%% -CP%%OPRPSWD%% -I%%INSTANCE%% -R%%RUNCNTLID%% -OP "%%OUTDEST%%"

This table contains details about the required that apply to Essbase Cube Builder process requests.

<i>Flag</i>	<i>Value and Notes</i>
-CT	Connect database type.
-CD	Database to which you are connected.
-CO	User ID with which you are signed in.
-CP	User password (encrypted).
-I	Process instance.
-R	Process run control ID.
-OP	Log files output destination

### ***XML Publisher Process Type Definitions***

When the process type is XML Publisher, the generic process type is AppEngine and the Type Definition page contains these fields:

**Command Line** Indicates the executable program PSAE.EXE, which is preceded by the directory name or environment string where the program resides.

**Output Destination** Not required for PeopleSoft XML Publisher processes.

PSAE.EXE requires the following arguments in the Parameter List field:

-CT %%DBTYPE%% -CD %%DBNAME%% -CO "%%OPRID%%" -CP %%OPRPSWD%% -R %%RUNCNTLID%% -I %%INSTANCE%% -AI %%PRCSNAME%% -OT %%OUTDESTTYPE%% -FP "%%OUTDEST%%" -OF %%OUTDESTFORMAT%%

Following these arguments, you can add additional arguments, as needed. This table contains details about the required and optional arguments that apply to all PeopleSoft XML Publisher process requests.

<b>Flag</b>	<b>Value and Notes</b>
-CT	Connect database type.
-CS	Connect server name, if required on sign-in dialog page.
-CD	Database to which you are connected.
-CO	User ID with which you are signed in.
-CP	User password (encrypted).
-R	Process run control ID.
-I	Process instance.
-AI	Name of the PeopleSoft Application Engine program.
-OT	Output type: 2: File. 3: Printer. 5: Email. 6: Web.
-FP	The full path of the directory where files will be generated through FileObject. To use the value that is assigned to this flag, use the PeopleCode system variable %FilePath
-OF	Specifies the output destination format, such as HTML.
-DEBUG	Enables PeopleSoft Application Engine trace. This is equivalent to values that are assigned to TraceAE in the Process Scheduler Configuration file.
-DBFLAGS	Bit flag that enables or disables running statistics to a table when the meta-SQL %Update Stats% is coded in the PeopleSoft Application Engine program: 0: Enable. 1: Disable.

<b>Flag</b>	<b>Value and Notes</b>
-TOOLSTRACESQL	Enables PeopleSoft SQL trace. This is equivalent to values that are assigned to TRACESQL in the Process Scheduler Configuration file.
-TOOLSTRACEPC	Enables PeopleCode trace. This is equivalent to values that are assigned to TracePC in the Process Scheduler Configuration file.

---

**Note.** For Process Type XML Publisher, available output options are based on the report definition template type.

---

See *Enterprise PeopleTools 8.51 PeopleBook: XML Publisher for PeopleSoft Enterprise*, "Defining Report Definitions," Creating Report Definitions.

### **See Also**

Chapter 6, "Defining PeopleSoft Process Scheduler Support Information," Modifying Values that Are Passed to Processes, page 113

## **Setting OS390 Options**

To access the Type Definition Options page, select PeopleTools, Process Scheduler, Process Types, Type Definition Options.

---

**Note.** This page is necessary only if you are using an OS390 operating system for the database.

---

**Job Shell ID** Enter the ID that relates the process type to the Job Control Language (JCL) shell that contains the replaceable parameters for the process.

**Meta Parameter** Enter the meta-string parameter that is contained in the job shell.

**Meta Parm Value** (meta parameter value) Enter the value that replaces the meta-string parameter.

---

**Note.** SQR for PeopleSoft now supports configurable space allocation for datasets on the zOS platform. The space allocation can be defined at the process level. For example, you can enter a setting to allocate 1 track for a small report or 100 cylinders for a large one.

---

## **Defining Process Definitions**

This section provides an overview of process definitions and discusses how to:

- Add new process definitions.
- Set process definition options.
- Modify values that are passed to processes.
- Set destination options.
- Set page transfer options.
- Set notification options.
- Set notification messages.
- Set runtime parameters.
- Set OS390 options.
- Associate URLs.

## Understanding Process Definitions

After you specify a process type, you must create a process definition, specify the available options, and set up associated page transfers that might apply.

## Pages Used to Define Process Definitions

<i>Page Name</i>	<i>Definition Name</i>	<i>Navigation</i>	<i>Usage</i>
Process Definition	PRCSDEFN	PeopleTools, Process Scheduler, Processes, Process Definition	Add new process definitions or update existing ones.
Process Definition Options	PRCSDEFNOPT	PeopleTools, Process Scheduler, Processes, Process Definition Options	Specify that a process runs from a specific location, server, component, or process group. Also specify system recovery processes and file dependency information.
Override Options	PRCSDEFNOVRD	PeopleTools, Process Scheduler, Processes, Override Options	Modify values that are passed to the process.
Destination	PRCSDEFNCNTDIST	PeopleTools, Process Scheduler, Processes, Destination tab	Set destination options.

<i><b>Page Name</b></i>	<i><b>Definition Name</b></i>	<i><b>Navigation</b></i>	<i><b>Usage</b></i>
Page Transfer	PRCSDEFNXFER	PeopleTools, Process Scheduler, Processes, Page Transfer	Enables a user to go directly from the Process Monitor to a designated page in the PeopleSoft application. Specify navigational route that an end user must follow through the PeopleSoft menu interface.
Notification	PRCSDEFNNOTIFY	PeopleTools, Process Scheduler, Processes, Notification	Send messages to a group (using a role ID) or individuals (using a user ID) when a specific activity occurs with the process, such as an error or a successful completion of the job.
Message	PRCSDEFNMESSAGE	PeopleTools, Process Scheduler, Processes, Messages	Specify the messages that are sent when the Notification feature is used.
Runtime Parameters	PRCS_RUNCNTL_PARAM	PeopleTools, Process Scheduler, Processes, Runtime Parameters	Specify runtime parameters for the process.
OS390 Option	PRCSDEFNOS390OPT	PeopleTools, Process Scheduler, Processes, OS390 Option	Enter additional meta-string parameters for a process definition.  <b>Note.</b> This page is necessary only if you are using an OS390 operating system for the database.
URL Links	PRCSDEFNURLS	PeopleTools, Process Scheduler, Processes, URL Links	Associate multiple URLs with a process definition. The links appear on the Report detail page, which is accessible from the Process Monitor and Report Manager.
Edit URL Details	PRCSDEFNURLDETAILS	Click the URL Keys link on the URL Links page.	View and edit key fields for the selected URL.

## Adding New Process Definitions

To access the Process Definition page, select PeopleTools, Process Scheduler, Processes.



Process Definition

Process Definition Options

Override Options

Destination

Process Type:XML Publisher

Name:XRFWIN

\*Description:Cross Reference Window Listing

Long Description:

\*Priority:Medium

Retention Days:0

\*Process Category:Default

☒ API Aware

☐ Restart Enabled?

☐ Read Only

Retry Count:0

System Constraints

Max Concurrent:

Max Processing Time:

minutes

Mutually Exclusive Process(es)

Customize | Find |

First1 of 1Last

	*Process Type	*Process Name	Description
1			

Process Definition page

Process Type	Indicates the Process Type selected.
Name	This name must match the file name of the process that you are defining. For example, if you are defining a SQR report named MYSQL.SQR, you must define the process name as MYSQL.
Long Description	This field is optional.
Priority	Select <i>High</i> , <i>Medium</i> , or <i>Low</i> to define the relative priority that is used by the PeopleSoft Process Scheduler Agent to determine which process to initiate first if multiple processes are queued to run on a server.
Process Category	Select a process category for this process. <div><b>Note.</b> The categories <i>Default</i> and <i>LOADCACHE</i> are delivered with your system.</div>
API Aware	<p>Select this check box if this process is an API-aware process. If this check box is selected for any process that is not API-aware, PeopleSoft Process Scheduler includes this process in the concurrent task count. This can result in improper server load balancing.</p> <p>Selecting this option does not mean that the process becomes API-aware. You must still add API code to the process.</p> <p>The PeopleSoft Application Engine, COBOL, SQR, Cube Builder, nVision, Crystal, Data Mover, and XML Publisher process types should be API-aware. If API Aware is deselected for any of these process types, it is recorded on the SYSAUDIT report.</p>

<b>Restart Enabled?</b>	Select if the system should attempt to automatically restart this process if it is marked with a run status of <i>Error</i> .
<b>Read Only</b>	Used only on Oracle databases with Oracle Active Data Guard enabled and configured for use within your PeopleSoft implementation. The Read Only option enables a [component   process] to run against the read-only, standby database, rather than your production database.  See See Enterprise PeopleTools 8.51 PeopleBook: Data Management, "Administering PeopleSoft Databases on Oracle," Implementing Oracle Active Data Guard
<b>Retry Count</b>	Enter the number of times the system should attempt to automatically restart this process. <hr/> <b>Note.</b> This field becomes active only if the Restart Enabled? check box is selected. <hr/>
<b>Retention Days</b>	Set the retention days that are used to determine the expiration date. The expiration date is determined by adding the retention days from the date on which the report was generated. <hr/> <b>Note.</b> The retention days value entered for a process definition will be the default retention days when the process is run. <hr/>

### System Constraints

Access the System Constraints section.

---

**Important!** For system constraints to be evaluated, you must configure the system with a master scheduler. In the absence of a master scheduler, the system ignores settings for the following options.

---

<b>Max. Concurrent</b> (maximum concurrent)	Enter the maximum number of occurrences of this process that can be active at one time across all process schedulers. If this field is left blank (default), the value becomes <i>Unlimited</i> .  Processes exceeding the maximum appear in the Process Monitor with a run status of <i>Blocked</i> . As active occurrences finish, blocked processes are released and queued.
<b>Max. Processing Time</b> (maximum processing time)	Enter the maximum processing time for this process. If this field is left blank (default), the value becomes <i>Unlimited</i> .  The system cancels the process if processing exceeds the time that is entered here. <hr/> <b>Important!</b> This field is not supported for SQR and COBOL process types that are scheduled on an OS390 operating system and run from UNIX System Services (USS). <hr/>

**Mutually Exclusive Process(es)**

Enter the type and name all the processes that must not run at the same time as this process.

Processes failing this constraint appear on the Process Monitor with a run status of *Blocked*. When mutually exclusive processes finish, blocked processes are released and queued.

**See Also**

[Appendix A, "Using Process Request APIs," page 201](#)

## Setting Process Definition Options

To access the Process Definition Options page, select PeopleTools, Process Scheduler, Processes, and click the Process Definition Options tab.

The screenshot shows the 'Process Definition Options' page. At the top, there are five tabs: 'Process Definition', 'Process Definition Options' (which is selected), 'Override Options', 'Destination', and 'Page Transfer'. Below the tabs, the page is divided into several sections:

- Process Type:** XML Publisher
- Name:** XRFWIN
- Server Name:** [Text Field]
- Recurrence Name:** [Text Field]
- On File Creation** (Section Header):
  - File Dependency:** ☐
  - Wait for File:** [Text Field]
  - Time Out Max Minutes:** [Text Field]
- System Recovery Process** (Section Header):
  - Process Type:** [Text Field]
  - Process Name:** [Text Field]
- Process Security** (Section Header):
 

Component	Process Groups
PRCSMULTI	TLSALL

Process Definition Options page

Use the Process Definition Options page to specify a location, server, component, or process group from which to run a process.

<b>(Optional) Server Name</b>	<p>Specify a server on which the process should run. Specify the server name only to restrict this particular process to this server definition (or if you have only one server platform to submit your requests).</p> <p>Leave blank to have the process requested for the first server or default operating system that can process requests for the specified process class. This enables you to balance the load between multiple process servers because your request is initiated by the first available server on the default operating system.</p> <hr/> <p><b>Important!</b> For the system to evaluate values that are entered for the On File Creation feature, you must provide a server name. This is validated when you save your process definition.</p> <hr/>
-------------------------------	---

**(Optional) Recurrence Name** Specify a predefined recurrence definition for this process.

### **On File Creation**

Access the On File Creation section.

**File Dependency** Select to activate the On File Creation feature.

If this option is activated, Process Scheduler checks for the existence of the file. If the file is found and no other process is using it, the process will run.

If the file is not found or is in use, the process does not run but enters a *Blocked* state. Time counting starts at this point. Process Scheduler continues to check for the file. If the file is found and is not in use, then the process will run.

If the file is not found or it is in use even after the time interval specified in Time Out Max Minutes, the process will go to *Error* state.

If the Max Time Out Minutes field is left blank, the process scheduler does not schedule the process as long as the file is not found in the specified location.

**Wait for File** Enter the location and name of the file that this process depends on. The process will not run until this file has been found if the file dependency option is activated.

Processes on hold due to dependent files not being found appear on the Process Monitor with a run status of *Blocked*. When the dependent files have been located, blocked processes are released and queued.

---

**Note.** This information can also be entered or changed at runtime if the File Dependency check box is selected.

---

**Time Out Max. Minutes** Enter a time limit for the system to locate the dependent files.

The system compares the current date time to the timestamp of the time that the process was queued. If the time limit is exceeded, the process is marked as *Error* and the restart procedure is attempted.

See [Chapter 3, "Submitting and Scheduling Process Requests," Specifying Process Variables, page 15.](#)

### **System Recovery Process**

Access the System Recovery Process section.

<b>Process Type and Process Name</b>	Enter the type and name of an optional process that can be run if this process runs to an error. The original process will not restart until the system recovery optional process that is entered here has run.
--------------------------------------	---

### **Process Security**

Access the Process Security section.

<b>Component</b>	Attach the process to components. Adding a component to a process definition causes that process definition to appear on the Process Scheduler Request page when you select File, Run in that component, if you have security to run the process.
------------------	---

<b>Process Group</b>	<p>Make the process definition a member of the group. A process definition can be a member of multiple process groups.</p> <p>Select an existing group, or add a new group by entering a unique process group name. To add new rows, click the Add button.</p> <p>Process groups are then assigned to security profiles in PeopleSoft Security Administrator, which enables you to specify the process requests that classes of users can run.</p>
----------------------	--

## **Modifying Values that Are Passed to Processes**

To access the Override Options page, select PeopleTools, Process Scheduler, Processes, Process Definition, Override Options.

Use the Override Options page to modify values that are passed to the process.

<b>Override Options</b>	<p>Select a value if you have custom values to send through the parameter list, command line, or working directory:</p> <p><i>Append:</i> Adds custom parameters to the end of the PeopleSoft string.</p> <p><i>Override:</i> Sends custom parameters in place of the PeopleSoft defaults.</p> <p><i>Prepend:</i> Adds custom parameters to the front of the PeopleSoft string.</p>
-------------------------	---

<b>Parameters</b>	Enter the custom parameter values.
-------------------	------------------------------------

## Setting Destination Options

To access the Destination page, select PeopleTools, Process Scheduler, Processes and click the Destination tab.

The screenshot shows the 'Destination' tab of the 'Process Definition Options' page. The 'Process Type' is 'XML Publisher' and the 'Name' is 'XRFWIN'. Under the 'Output Destination Options' section, there are several dropdown menus: '\*Type' is set to 'Any', 'Format' is set to 'Any', '\*Destination' is set to 'User Specified', 'Source' is empty, and 'Folder Name' is empty. At the bottom, there is an 'Output Destination' field which is also empty.

Destination page

**Note.** The output source destinations are enforced for users who are *not* allowed to override the output destination by their user process profiles. If a user is allowed to override it, the user-run control destination is used in the process request.

### Type

Select the default destination type for this process:

*None:* Uses the user run control values.

*Any:* User can specify any valid option.

*Default:* Applicable to PS/nVision only.

Depending on the type of process, other selections include *Email*, *File*, *Printer*, *Window*, and *Web*.

The value that is specified here overrides the value that is specified in the System Settings - Process Output Type page. If the value that is specified here is deactivated, the value that is designated as the default will be used.

### Format

Select the format for this process.

The value that is specified here overrides the value that is specified in the System Settings - Process Output Format page. If the value that is specified here is deactivated, the value that is designated as the default will be used.

<b>Destination Source</b>	<p>Specify the output destination source for this process:</p> <p><i>None:</i> Use for processes that do not create output or for processes for which you do not want to produce an output file or report.</p> <p><i>Process Definition:</i> This request uses the output destination that is specified by the process definition.</p> <p><i>Process Type Definition:</i> This request uses the output destination that is specified by the process type definition.</p> <p><i>User Specified:</i> This is the default. The output destination for this request is determined by the process run control designation.</p> <p>For an SQR process, the destination source must be <i>User Specified</i>.</p>
<b>Folder Name</b>	Select the folder in which the report will be displayed in the Explorer and List tables of the Report Manager.
<b>Output Destination</b>	Use to hard-code the output destination into the process definition. This option is enabled only when the source value is Process Definition.

## Setting Page Transfer Options

To access the Page Transfer page, select PeopleTools, Process Scheduler, Processes, and click the Page Transfer tab.

The Page Transfer or Log Transfer feature enables a user to go directly from the Process Monitor to a designated page in the PeopleSoft application to view the results from a successfully completed process.

To enable users to go directly from the Process Monitor to a page, specify the navigational route that an end user must follow through the PeopleSoft menu interface.

---

**Note.** If the search keys are not in the level 0 buffer of the current component, the Search page will appear.

---

<b>Page Transfer Code</b>	<p>Select the type of transfer for this process:</p> <p><i>None:</i> Disables this feature for this process. The remaining fields become unavailable when this value is selected.</p> <p><i>Msg Log</i> (message log): Enables the Log Transfer feature for this process.</p> <p><i>Next Page:</i> Enables the Page Transfer feature for this process.</p>
<b>Menu Name, Menu Bar Name, Menu Item, and Page Name</b>	Select the navigation path that the user follows through the PeopleSoft menu interface.
<b>Menu Action</b>	Select one of the following menu actions that the user can perform when the page is selected: <i>Add</i> , <i>Correction</i> , <i>Update</i> , or <i>Update All</i> .

Setting Notification Options

To access the Notification page, select PeopleTools, Process Scheduler, Processes, and click the Notification tab.

Page TransferNotificationMessageRuntime ParametersOS390 OptionURL Links

Process Type: XML Publisher  
Name: XRFWIN

Notifications

ID Type	*Distribution ID	On Error	On Warning	On Success	Disabled		
Role	ProcessSchedulerAdmin	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	+	-

Notifications page

Use the Notification page to send messages to a group (using a role ID) or individuals (using a user ID) when a specific activity occurs with the process, such as an error, warning, or successful completion of the process.

- ID Type

Select *User* or *Role*.
- Distribution ID

Select the user ID of the user or group.
- On Error

Select to notify the user or group when an error occurs in the process.
- On Warning

Select to notify the user or group when a warning occurs for the process.
- On Success

Select to notify the user or group when the process successfully finishes.
- Disabled

Select if you do not want to send notifications to the user or group.

Setting Notification Messages

To access the Message page, select PeopleTools, Process Scheduler, Processes, and click the Message tab.



	Page Transfer	Notification	<b>Message</b>	Runtime Parameters	OS390 Option	URL Links
--	---------------	--------------	----------------	--------------------	--------------	-----------

**Process Type:** XML Publisher  
**Name:** XRFWIN

**Schedule Message Information**

<b>Event Type:</b>	Successful
<b>Message Type:</b>	Default Message
<b>Message Set/Number:</b>	<input type="text"/> <input type="text"/>
<b>Text:</b>	<input type="text"/>

---

<b>Event Type:</b>	Error
<b>Message Type:</b>	Default Message
<b>Message Set/Number:</b>	<input type="text"/> <input type="text"/>
<b>Text:</b>	<input type="text"/>

---

<b>Event Type:</b>	Warning
<b>Message Type:</b>	Default Message
<b>Message Set/Number:</b>	<input type="text"/> <input type="text"/>
<b>Text:</b>	<input type="text"/>

### Message page

Use the Message page to specify the messages that are sent when the Notification feature is used. You can specify messages for successful completion and errors.

#### Message Type

Select the message type:

*Default Message:* Use the basic default message.

*Customized Message:* Create your own message.

*Message Catalog:* Select a message from the Message Catalog.

#### Message Set/Number

Select the Message Catalog set and number of the message. Complete these fields when the message type is *Message Catalog*.

#### Text

Enter the message text when the message type is *Customized Message*.

## Setting Runtime Parameters

To access the Runtime Parameters page, select PeopleTools, Process Scheduler, Processes, and click the Runtime Parameters tab.

DestinationPage TransferNotificationMessageRuntime Parameters

Process Type:Application Engine

Name:TREEMOVER

Reporting Console Run Option

Enable Generic Prompting:☒

Allow Access By User With:Process Group Security

RunTime Parameters

CustomizeFind1-4 of 4FirstLast

	*Record (Table) Name	*Record Field	Display Label	Validation?		
1	RUN_TREEMOVER	FILENAME	File Name	<input type="checkbox"/>	+	-
2	RUN_TREEMOVER	TREE_NAME	Tree Name	<input type="checkbox"/>	+	-
3	RUN_TREEMOVER	TREE_EFFDT	Effective Date of Tree	<input type="checkbox"/>	+	-
4	RUN_TREEMOVER	TREE_KEY_VALUE	Tree Key Value	<input type="checkbox"/>	+	-

Runtime Parameters page

Use this page to enable the Run option from the Reporting Console and register runtime parameters associated with the process.

**Enable Generic Prompting**

Select this check box to allow users to schedule this process from the Reporting Console.

**Allow Access By User With**

Select the type of permission required to schedule the process from the Reporting Console. It specifies whether full process security or process group security should be applied when the process is run from the Reporting Console or a web service.

- *Full Process Security* indicates that the process security defined on the Process Definition Options page will be used to determine which users can schedule this process from the Reporting Console. The user must have permission to at least one of the Components, as well as be a member of at least one of the Process Groups listed on the Process Definition Options page.
- *Process Security Group* indicates that the user must be a member of at least one of the Process Groups listed on the Process Definition Options page to schedule this process from the Reporting Console.

---

**Note.** Users with the role PeopleSoft Administrator will always get the Run option on the Reporting Console if Generic Prompting is enabled.

---

**RunTime Parameters**

Application run control records are used to retrieve the parameter values at execution time. In order to run the process from the Reporting Console, the user must be able to enter the runtime parameters necessary for the process with the correct application run control record. This also allows the user to retrieve saved parameter values from an application run control record.

**Record (Table) Name** Enter the application-specific run control record used in this process.

**Field Name** Enter a row for each field used in the run control record.

**Select Label** Use this link to select the field label that will display on the generic prompting page.

Select the Label Type:

- *Message Catalog*

You will be prompted for the Message Set Number and Message Number.

- *RFT Long*

You will be prompted for the Field Label ID.

- *RFT Short*

You will be prompted for the Field Label ID.

**Validation?**


Select this check box to perform validation on parameter values entered using the Reporting Console.  
  
A Validation link will appear when the check box is selected. Use this link to specify the validation function from the Application Class.

**Setting Validation Function**


When the user selects Validation for a field, the Validation Function link appears. Select the Validation Function link to enter the location of the validation program.

**Validation Function**


Root Package ID:



Path:



Application Class ID:



Method Name:

Validation Function page

- Root Package ID**

Enter the package name that contains the class that you want to specify, or use the Lookup button to search for and select one.
- Path**

Enter the name or names of any subpackages that contain the application class that you want to specify, or use the Lookup button to search for and select one.
- Application Class ID**

Enter the name of the application class that contains the method that you want to specify, or use the Lookup button to search for and select one.
- Method Name**

From the Method drop down list box, select the method from the selected application class that you want to specify.

**Setting OS390 Options**

To access the OS390 Option page, select PeopleTools, Process Scheduler, Processes, and click the OS390 Option tab.

The JCL shell and meta-string parameters that are used for constructing JCL that relates the process type to the JCL shell containing the replaceable parameters for the process have already been determined. Use this page to enter additional meta-string parameters for this process definition.

**Note.** This page is necessary only if you are using an OS390 operating system for the database.

<b>Meta Parameter</b>	Enter the meta-string parameter that is contained in the Job Shell.
<b>Meta Parm Value</b> (meta parameter value)	Enter the value that replaces the meta-string parameter.

Associating URLs

To access the URL Links page, select PeopleTools, Process Scheduler, Processes, and click the URL Links tab.

Page TransferNotificationMessageRuntime ParametersOS390 OptionURL Links

URL Links

Show URL for current component: ☐

Page Link Information

CustomizeFindGridFirst1 of 1Last

Description	*Menu Name	*Market	*Component	Page Name	URL Keys
Application Engine Request Page	APPLICATION_ENGINE	GBL	AE_REQUEST	AE_REQUEST	URL Keys

URL Links page

Use this page to associate multiple URLs with a process definition. The links appear on the Report Detail page, which is accessible from the Process Monitor and the Report Manager.

<b>Show URL for current component</b>	Select to create a link to the current component.
<b>Description</b>	Enter a description for the link.
<b>Menu Name, Market, Component, and Page Name</b>	Select to create the URL path and destination.
<b>URL Keys</b>	Click to access the Edit URL Detail page.

Editing URL Key Fields

Access the Edit URL Details page.

Edit URL Details	
Customize   Find   First 1-3 of 3 Last	
Field Name	*Parameter Key
1 AE_APPLID	<input type="text"/>
2 OPRID	<input type="text"/>
3 RUN_CNTL_ID	<input type="text"/>

Edit URL Details page

Use this page to view or edit the key fields of the selected URL.

## Defining Recurrence Definitions

This section provides an overview of recurrence definitions and discusses how to:

- Set up recurrence definitions.
- Set recurrence exceptions.

## Understanding Recurrence Definitions

Recurrence definitions enable you to make sure that important process requests and jobs that you must run on a regular basis always run automatically in the background. This eliminates the possibility of anyone forgetting to submit a process request or submitting one incorrectly. When you specify a recurrence definition, the process request continues the cycle until you stop it manually.

## Pages Used to Define Recurrence Definitions

Page Name	Definition Name	Navigation	Usage
Recurrence Definition	PRCSRECURDEFN	PeopleTools, Process Scheduler, Recurrences, Recurrence Definition	Specify recurrence definitions.
Recurrence Exception	PRCSRECREXEMPT	PeopleTools, Process Scheduler, Recurrences, Recurrence Exception	Enter specific dates to ignore during recurrence definition schedule.

## Setting Up Recurrence Definitions

To access the Recurrence Definition page, select PeopleTools, Process Scheduler, Recurrences, Recurrence Definition.

Recurrence Definition page

**Recurrence Name** This value appears in process and job definitions, so it should be readily identifiable.

**Description** Enter a description for this recurrence definition. The default is the recurrence name.

### ***Schedule Next Recurrence when***

**Current request is initiated and Prior recurrence has completed** Specify when the next recurrence should start.

**Note.** When Prior recurrence has completed is selected, the definition is set to recur on success of the last instance. When the last instance runs to *Warning*, the scheduler treats the instance the same as *Success*.

### ***Recurrence Pattern***

The contents of this group box change, depending on the recurrence pattern that you select.

**Note.** When validating the next recurrence date on which a recurrence definition is set to run multiple times in a day, the system determines whether the calculated time for the day exceeds the maximum recurrence period for that day. For example, the definition is set up to run every hour for eight hours, beginning at 8:00 a.m. You select the definition for a process at 5:00 p.m. Due to the lateness of the day, the process cannot run every hour, eight times, so the process does not run until 8:00 a.m the following day.

**Daily** When you select this option, also select either *Everyday* or *Every Weekday*. The system automatically selects check boxes for the days Sunday through Saturday (every day) or Monday through Friday (every weekday). The check boxes are not available for entry to prevent changes.

**Weekly** Select check boxes for the days on which the process should run. For example, every *Friday* or every *Monday, Wednesday, and Friday*.

**Monthly** When you select this option, also select either *Day of Month* to enter a numeric date or *The* to enter a day of the month.

For example, select *Day of Month* and enter *15* to define the process to run on the 15th day of every month. Enter *31* to have the process run on the last day of every month. The system automatically adjusts for the varying number of days in each month.

---

**Note.** Typically, the value for the Day of Month field should match that of the Start Request Date field. For example, if you select *August 27, 2004* as the start request date, you must ensure that the value for the Day of Month field is *27* to define the process to run on the 27th day of every month. Otherwise, more than one recurrence run may occur.

---

If you select *The*, select either *1st*, *2nd*, *3rd*, *4th*, or *Last*. Then select a specific day. For example, select *1st* and *Thursday* to have the process run on the first Thursday of every month.

**Customized Dates** Use this option when processes must run automatically on:

- A schedule that is not daily, weekly, or monthly (for example, quarterly).
- Specific dates.

When you select this option, add the specific run dates in the Run on Specific Dates group box.

## ***Start Request***

**Date and Time** Enter the effective date and time at which the recurrence definition should become active.



**Do not schedule any processes missed from the recurrence pattern**

Select to run recurring process only at the times specified. Leave blank to run recurring process in catch up mode.

---

**Note.** This option is used in situations such as when processes have been scheduled after the runtime, or when servers are down when the processes should have run.

---

*Example 1:* A process is scheduled to run daily at 10:00 a.m. but the recurrence is not set up until 2:00 p.m. If this option is selected, the process will not run until 10:00 a.m. the following day. If this option is not selected, the process will run immediately to catch up for the missed 10:00 a.m. run.

*Example 2:* A process is scheduled to run hourly every day from 9:00 a.m.–3:00 p.m. The process runs successfully at 9:00 a.m., and then the server goes down. It is not recovered until 5:00 p.m. If this option is selected, the process will not run again until 9:00 a.m. the following day. If this option is not selected, the process will run six times to catch up for the missed runs scheduled for 10:00 a.m., 11:00 a.m., 12 noon, 1:00 p.m., 2:00 p.m., and 3:00 p.m.

**End Request****Date and Time**

Enter the date and time at which the recurrence definition should become inactive. Leave blank to keep the recurrence definition active indefinitely.

**Repeat****Every and For**

Indicate how many times the process repeats. For example, you might specify that the process runs every 10 minutes for an hour.

**Run on Specific Dates**

Use this group box when the recurrence pattern is *Customized Dates*.

**Run Date (From)**

Select the date on which you want this process to run.

**Run Date (To)**

To run the process every day for a specific period, select the last date of the period. Leave blank if the process is to run for only one day.

**Effective Until (Year)**

To end the schedule after a specific number of years, enter the four-digit year. Leave blank for the schedule to continue indefinitely.

**Bi-Weekly (Every 14 Days) Recurrence Definitions**

Use the following procedure to schedule a process to run biweekly (every 14 days) through a recurrence:

To set a recurrence definition for every 14 days (bi-weekly):

1. Select PeopleTools, Process Scheduler, Recurrences.
2. Select Add New Value and enter a recurrence name.  
The Recurrence Definition page appears.
3. Select *Daily* as the recurrence pattern.
4. Go to the Repeat group box and set the Every value as *336 Hours* and the For value as *336 Hours* (number of hours in 14 days).

## Setting Recurrence Exceptions

To access the Recurrence Exception page, select PeopleTools, Process Scheduler, Recurrences, Recurrence Exception.

Exception Date (From)	Exception Date (To)	Effective Until (Year)	Description
12/25/2010		2020	Christmas Day
01/01/2011		2020	New Years Day

Recurrence Exception page

Use the Recurrence Exception page to enter specific days or dates to ignore. For example, your schedule is set up to run every Monday. However, you do not want the report to run on holidays. Therefore, when you enter the date as an exception, the system bypasses running the report on that day.

- |                               |  |
|-------------------------------|--|
| <b>Exception Date (From)</b>  | Select the date that you want this process to bypass.  |
| <b>Run Date (To)</b>          | If you want the process to bypass every day for a specific period, select the last date of the period. Leave blank to bypass only one day. |
| <b>Effective Until (Year)</b> | To end the exception after a specific number of years, enter the four-digit year. Leave blank for the schedule to continue indefinitely.   |

## Chapter 7

# Using Reporting Console

This chapter provides an overview of Reporting Console and discusses how to:




- Set display preferences.
- Use My Favorites.
- Create new definitions.
- Run a quick report.

---

## Understanding Reporting Console

The Reporting Console provides a single interface for a user to manage and schedule reports. From the Reporting Console users can run a report, schedule a report, and organize reports.

Not all reports can be run from the Reporting Console, only reports that have Generic Prompting enabled will be available. Some reports require specific application run control pages for business logic and therefore should never be run from the Reporting Console.

Reporting Console						
 <a href="#">Preference</a>  <a href="#">New</a>  <a href="#">Quick Run</a> <a href="#">Process Monitor</a> <a href="#">Report Manager</a>						
Name	Type	Details	Action	Delete	Status	Run Date/Time
My Reports	Folder					
74 CERTIFICATE [2917] - 2917.h...	Report Instance	<a href="#">View</a>			Posted	06/07/2010 7:26:47AM PDT
73 CERTIFICATE [2916] - 2916.h...	Report Instance	<a href="#">View</a>			Posted	06/07/2010 7:26:47AM PDT
72 CERTIFICATE [2919] - 2919.h...	Report Instance	<a href="#">View</a>			Posted	06/07/2010 7:26:47AM PDT
71 CERTIFICATE [2918] - 2918.h...	Report Instance	<a href="#">View</a>			Posted	06/07/2010 7:26:47AM PDT
69 COUNT_TEST - COUNT_TEST.htm	Report Instance	<a href="#">View</a>			Posted	06/07/2010 7:22:16AM PDT
My Process Requests	Folder					
84 PORTAL_CSS : Portal Cref Se...	Process Instance	<a href="#">View</a>			Processing	06/07/2010 7:50:46AM PDT
83 CERTIFICATE : Student Train...	Process Instance	<a href="#">View</a>			Success	06/07/2010 7:26:22AM PDT
82 COUNT_TEST : MESSAGE Severi...	Process Instance	<a href="#">View</a>			Success	06/07/2010 7:21:42AM PDT
81 DDDAUDIT : Data Designer/Da...	Process Instance	<a href="#">View</a>			Initiated	06/07/2010 7:21:18AM PDT
My Favorites	Folder		<a href="#">Add</a>			
Audits	Folder		<a href="#">Add</a>			
XMLP Reports	Folder		<a href="#">Add</a>			
CERTIFICATE : Student Training...	Bookmark	<a href="#">Edit</a>	<a href="#">Run</a>	<a href="#">Delete</a>		
CUSTOMER_TRN : Customer Traini...	Bookmark	<a href="#">Edit</a>	<a href="#">Run</a>	<a href="#">Delete</a>		
COUNT_TEST : MESSAGE Severity ...	Bookmark	<a href="#">Edit</a>	<a href="#">Run</a>	<a href="#">Delete</a>		
PORTAL_CSS : Portal Cref Secur...	Bookmark	<a href="#">Edit</a>	<a href="#">Run</a>	<a href="#">Delete</a>		

## Reporting Console

The Reporting Console provides folders to organize and display requests and reports, as well as links to reporting tasks and functions.

### Folders

The Reporting Console has 3 folders available:

#### My Reports

This folder has a link to all reports for the user. The reports displayed in this folder are based on the preferences for the user. This is the same list of reports as found in the Report Manager. From the Reporting Console, you can not filter reports, however there is a link to the Report Manager.

This folder is intended to alert users to newly shared reports, similar to an E-mail inbox. Entries to this folder are always made by the system. The reports a user has access to will display in chronological order.

#### My Processes Requests

This folder displays all the process requests the user has access to monitor with the current status. This is the same list of processes the user would see in the Process Monitor for their user ID. From the Reporting Console, you can not edit the process request, however there is a link to the Process Monitor.

#### My Favorites

This folder is used to add process bookmarks. You can create folders to organize your processes. From the bookmarks, you can edit a process , run a process or delete the process bookmark.

## Links

The Reporting Console has links for the following:

<b>Preference</b>	This link allows the user to set the display preferences for the Reporting Console.
<b>New</b>	This link allows the user to create new process and report definitions.
<b>Quick Run</b>	This link allows the user to run a report or process.
<b>Process Monitor</b>	This link will open the Process Monitor.
<b>Report Manager</b>	This link will open the Report Manager.

## Security for Reporting Console

In the Reporting Console, the access rights are assigned to users with PeopleSoft security roles and user IDs.

This table lists the actions available based on object type.

<b>Tasks</b>	<b>Privileges</b>
Bookmark	<p>The actions associated with the bookmark depend on the user's security for the process.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Edit: available if the user has access to the process definition.</li> <li>Run: available if Enable Generic Prompting is enabled for the process. Permissions for the generic prompting page are defined on the Runtime Parameters page for the process definition.</li> </ul> <p><b>Note.</b> If Enable Generic Prompting is not selected in the process definition, the Run option is not available in the Reporting Console even if the user has rights to run the process.</p> <p>See <a href="#">Chapter 6, "Defining PeopleSoft Process Scheduler Support Information," Setting Runtime Parameters, page 118.</a></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Delete: always available.</li> </ul>
My Process Requests	Displays the process requests the user has access to view.

<b>Tasks</b>	<b>Privileges</b>
My Reports	<p>Displays the report instances the user has access to view, similar to Report Manager Administration page.</p> <p><b>Note.</b> Report instances generated from a remote system are not included.</p>

---

## Setting Display Preferences

This section discusses how:

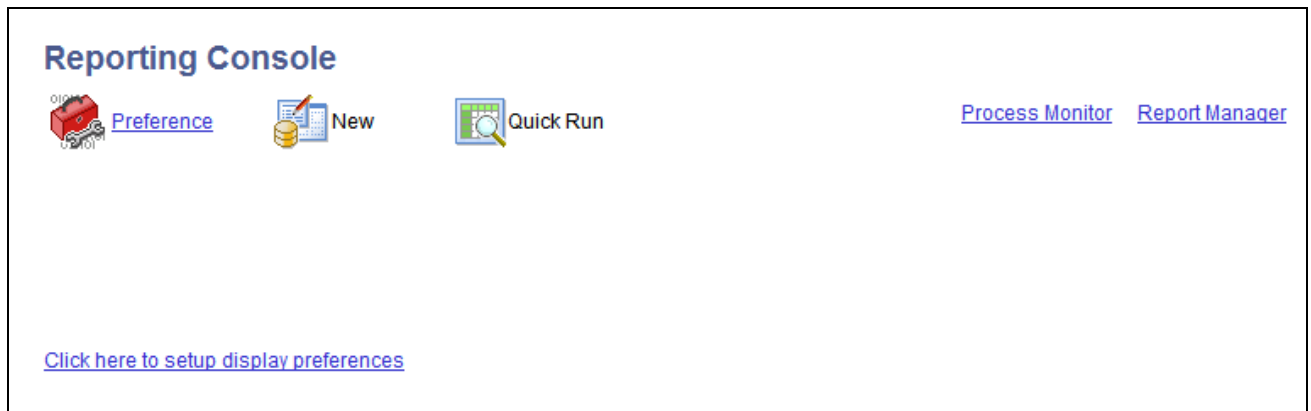
- Set initial display preferences.
- Edit display preferences.

## Pages Used to Set Up Reporting Console

<b>Page Name</b>	<b>Definition Name</b>	<b>Navigation</b>	<b>Usage</b>
Reporting Console	PT_CONSOLE	Reporting Tools, Reporting Console	Organize, schedule and view reports.
View Preferences	PTRC_VIEWPREF	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Reporting Tools, Reporting Console</li> <li>• Click the Click here to setup display preferences link</li> <li>or</li> <li>• Select Preference link</li> </ul>	Set up initial preferences or edit preferences.

## Setting Initial Display Preferences

To access the Reporting Console, select Reporting Tools, Reporting Console



Initial Reporting Console page

The Reporting Console is set up for each individual user. The first time a user accesses the Reporting Console, a link is displayed to set up reporting preferences. The user can also change preferences at any time using the Preference link.

## Editing Display Preferences

To access the View Preferences page after the initial set up, select Reporting Tools, Reporting Console and click the Preference link.

View Preferences

Default Folder

Type	Display Order	Active
My Reports	1	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
My Favorites	3	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
My Process Requests	2	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

Process Link Display Option

☐ Name only

☒ Description only

☐ Name and Description

Display Options for My Process Requests

User ID

VP1

Run Status

Type

Name

Display Options for My Reports

Distribution Status

Posted

Show Instances for

Last

1

Days

Display latest

10

Instance

Process Request Notification

Enabled:

☐

View Preferences page

Default Folder

The default folder section allows you to determine which folders to display and the order or the folders.

Display Order	Enter the numerical sequence for the folders.
Active Flag	Select this check box if you want the folder to appear in the Reporting Console.

**Note.** At least one folder must be marked as active.

Process Link Display Option

Use this section to customize the display for My Favorites.

Name Only	Select this radio button to display only the process name.
Description Only	Select this radio button to display only the process description.

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<b>Name and Description</b>	Select this radio button to display both the process name and process description.
-----------------------------	--

### ***Display Options for My Process Requests***

Use this section to customize the display for My Process Requests.

<b>User ID</b>	Select the user ID to display.
<b>Run Status</b>	Select the run status to display. Leave blank to display all statuses.
<b>Type</b>	Select the process type to display. Leave blank to display all process types.
<b>Name</b>	Select a specific process name to display. The process names available are based on the type selected. Leave blank to display all names.

### ***Display Options for My Reports***

Use this section to customize the display for My Reports.

<b>Distribution Status</b>	Select the distribution status to display. By default, report instances with distribution status <i>Posted</i> are displayed.
----------------------------	---

### ***Show Instances for***

These settings apply to folders where report or process instances are displayed.

<b>Last or Date Range</b>	<p>Specify an interval of time by which to limit the process requests that appear in the list.</p> <p>Select <i>Last</i> to display only those reports that were created in the last number of days, hours, years, or minutes. Enter a custom numerical value in the field and then select a unit type: <i>Days,Hours,Years,Minutes</i>, or <i>All</i>.</p> <p>If you select <i>All</i>, the time interval fields will be grayed out and all process requests will appear.</p> <p>Select <i>Date Range</i> to display only those reports created between two specific dates. Enter a From date and a To date.</p>
<b>Display Latest</b>	Enter the number of instances to display.

Process Request Notification

Enabled

Select this check box to receive a pop up confirmation message when a process is submitted.

Note.

This notification setting does not apply to nVision process requests submitted from the Reporting Console.

Using My Favorites











This section provides an overview of My Favorites folder and discusses how to:

- Add folders.
- Add a process bookmark.
- Run process.
- Edit a process.
- Delete a process bookmark.

Understanding My Favorites Folder

Within the My Folders folder, users can build their own hierarchy of sub-folders to organize, access and monitor frequently accessed processes. Folders are used for organizing the processes and bookmarks are used to edit or run processes or jobs. When you add a process bookmark, the system will automatically add the appropriate links based on your permission to the process or job.

This is an example of My Favorites configured with some sub-folders and bookmarks.

 My Favorites	Folder	<a href="#">Add</a>			
 Audits	Folder	<a href="#">Add</a>			
 DDDAUDIT : Data Designer/Datab...	Bookmark	<a href="#">Edit</a>	<a href="#">Run</a>	<a href="#">Delete</a>	
 81 DDDAUDIT : Data Designer/Da...	Process Instance	<a href="#">View</a>			Initiated 06/07/2010 7:21:18AM PDT
 SYSAUDIT : System Audit	Bookmark	<a href="#">Edit</a>		<a href="#">Delete</a>	
 XMLP Reports	Folder	<a href="#">Add</a>			
 CERTIFICATE : Student Training...	Bookmark	<a href="#">Edit</a>	<a href="#">Run</a>	<a href="#">Delete</a>	
 83 CERTIFICATE : Student Train...	Process Instance	<a href="#">View</a>			Success 06/07/2010 7:26:22AM PDT
 CUSTOMER_TRN : Customer Traini...	Bookmark	<a href="#">Edit</a>	<a href="#">Run</a>	<a href="#">Delete</a>	
 COUNT_TEST : MESSAGE Severity ...	Bookmark	<a href="#">Edit</a>	<a href="#">Run</a>	<a href="#">Delete</a>	

My Favorites folder

Folders

Plus or minus icons will appear next to a folder if it contains any sub-folders or bookmarks, use these icons to expand and collapse the folder. Collapsing and expanding the folder will also refresh the contents.

For each sub-folder that is added, an Add and Delete link is available.

<b>Add</b>	Use the Add link to add sub-folders or process bookmarks within the folder.
<b>Delete</b>	Use the Delete link to remove the folder. Only empty folders can be removed.

## **Bookmarks**

Plus or minus icons will appear next to a bookmark if it contains any process instances, use these icons to expand and collapse the bookmark folder. The bookmark will display process instances run by the logged on user.

For each process bookmark, the system will display a Delete link. The Edit or Run links depend on the users permissions.

<b>Edit</b>	The Edit link will be available next to the bookmark if user has permission to edit the process definition.
-------------	---

---

**Note.** In PeopleTools 8.50, you can not create a private query and a public query with the same name in PeopleSoft Pure Internet Architecture, however if a query is created using the legacy window client PSQuery, this occurrence may still exist. If a public and private query exist with the same name, the Edit link for the query will open the private query.

---

<b>Run</b>	The Run link will be available next to the bookmark if user has permission to run this process.
------------	---

---

**Note.** For process definitions, the process definition must have generic prompting enabled in order to run the report from the Reporting Console.

---

See [Chapter 6, "Defining PeopleSoft Process Scheduler Support Information," RunTime Parameters, page 119.](#)

## **Process Instance**

After you run reports defined in My Favorites, the process instance is displayed in the bookmark folder, showing the current status.

<b>View</b>	For process instances, click this link to display the process instance details in the Process Monitor.
-------------	--

---

**Note.** For query-based reports, all process instances for a specific report type will be displayed. For example, if the report is a query-based XML Publisher report, you will see the Process Instance for all query-based XML Publisher reports.

---

## Pages Used to Setup and Use My Favorites

<i>Page Name</i>	<i>Definition Name</i>	<i>Navigation</i>	<i>Usage</i>
Add New	PTRC_PRCSLIST	Reporting Tools, Reporting Console Click the Add link for My Favorites	Add a new folder or process bookmark.
Submit Request	PRCSGENRUNCNTL	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Reporting Tools, Reporting Console</li> <li>Click Runnext to the process name</li> </ul>	Run the process request.

## Adding Folders

To add a folder:

1. From the Reporting Console home click the Add link for My Favorites.
2. Select the Folder radio button.

Add a new folder page

3. Enter the new folder name and click OK.

## Adding Process Bookmarks for Processes

To add a process bookmark:

1. From the Reporting Console home click the Add link for next to the folder where you want to add the process bookmark.

2. Select the Process Bookmarks radio button.

☐ Folder  
☒ Process Bookmarks

---

☒ Process Type/Name  
☐ PeopleSoft Query  
☐ Connected Query  
☐ Query-Based XMLP Reports  
☐ nVision Report Request

---

Process Type    
 Process Name

Add New Process Bookmarks page

3. Select the Process Type/Name radio button.
4. Select the Process Type.
5. Enter or select the Process Name.
6. Click the Search button and the Process List appears.
7. Select the check box for each process to bookmark.

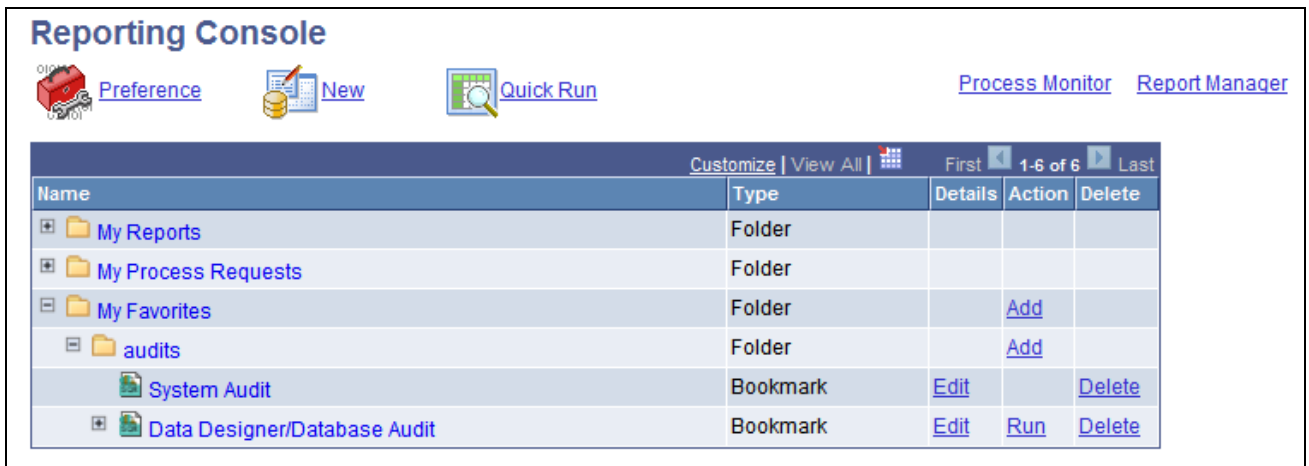
Process Type    
 Process Name

Selected	Process Type	Process Name	Description
<input type="checkbox"/>	Application Engine	TREEMAIN	TREEMAIN
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Application Engine	TREEMOVER	Tree Mover

Process List for selecting bookmarks

8. Click Bookmark Selected.

The process bookmarks appear in the My Favorites folder.



My Favorites display showing Run link for Data Designer/database Audit

In order run a process from the Reporting Console, the process must have Enable Generic Prompting selected in the Process Definition Runtime Parameters page. If any runtime parameters are required for the process, they also need to be registered in the process definition.

In the preceding page shot, the Run link is displayed for Data Designer/database Audit because generic prompting is enabled. System Audit does not have a Run link because generic prompting was not enabled for that process or the current user does not have permission to run the report.

See [Chapter 6, "Defining PeopleSoft Process Scheduler Support Information," Setting Runtime Parameters, page 118.](#)

## Adding Bookmarks for PSQuery, Connected Query, XMLP Query-Based Reports or nVision Report Request

To add a process bookmark for a PSQuery, Connected Query, XMLP Query-Based Reports or nVision Report Request:

1. From the Reporting Console home click the Add link for My Favorites.
2. Select the Process Bookmarks radio button.

3. Select the radio button for the type of report (PeopleSoft Query , Connected Query, Query-Based XMLP Reports or nVision Report Request).

The Process Type and Process name will be displayed in read-only format for the selected process type:

☐ Folder
 ☒ Process Bookmarks

---

☐ Process Type/Name
 ☐ PeopleSoft Query
 ☐ Connected Query
 ☒ Query-Based XMLP Reports
 ☐ nVision Report Request

---

Process Type  XML Publisher 
 Process Name  PSXPQRYRPT
 Report Name  QE\_D

Process List				
Selected	Process Type	Process Name	Report Name	Description
<input type="checkbox"/>	XML Publisher	PSXPQRYRPT	QE_DATE_TIME	For Testing Date Time stamp
<input type="checkbox"/>	XML Publisher	PSXPQRYRPT	QE_DRURL_CQ	For DRILL URL Con Query Test
<input type="checkbox"/>	XML Publisher	PSXPQRYRPT	QE_DRURL_QRY	For DRILL URL with Query Test

Query-Based XMLP Reports list

4. Depending on the non-unique process an additional edit box is available to refine your report search as listed in this table:

Process Name	Additional Edit Box
PeopleSoft Query	Query Name
Connected Query	Name
Query-Based XMLP Report	Report Name
nVision Request	Report ID

**Note.** You could also use the Find link in the process list grid to further refine your search criteria.

5. Select the check box for each process to bookmark.
6. Click Bookmark Selected.

## Running Requests

The Run link will be available next to the bookmarked process if the user has permission to run the process from the Reporting Console. The submit request page will differ based on the bookmark type and whether or not the process requires prompts. All of the submit pages will have the same buttons.

The submit request page appears. If the selected process has run control parameters defined, the parameters appear.

Submit request for Application Engine PORTAL\_CSS

Provide the process parameters

Use Saved Parameters:

Parameter Name	Parameter Value	
Portal Name	<div></div>	<div></div>
Delete invalid security	<div></div>	

Save

Schedule

Run Now

Cancel

Submit Request for application engine program PORTAL\_CSS showing generic prompting parameters

<b>Use Saved Parameters</b>	<p>If you have previously run the process and saved parameters, you can select the saved parameters from the drop down list.</p> <p>When a user selects one of the run control IDs from the drop down list, the system retrieves and populates the parameters values from the run control record and fields according to the parameters registered on the process definition.</p> <hr/> <p><b>Note.</b> For non-unique prompting (PSQuery, Connected Query and XMLP Query-based reports), keep in mind the saved run control may not apply to the report you are attempting to run and therefore will not display the appropriate prompts.</p> <hr/>
<b>Parameter Value</b>	<p>Enter values for each parameter.</p>
<b>Save</b>	<p>Use this button to save the parameter values entered. You will be prompted to enter a name.</p> <p>You can save the parameter values without submitting the process to run.</p> <hr/> <p><b>Note.</b> All required parameter values must be completed in order to save the run control ID.</p> <hr/>



**Schedule**

Use this button to run the process through the Process Schedule. The Submit Process page will appear.

See [Chapter 3, "Submitting and Scheduling Process Requests," Scheduling Process Requests, page 13.](#)

**Run Now**

Use this button to submit the process to run using the default process output type and format (the Submit Process page will not be displayed)

---

**Note.** A real-time event notification (REN) server must be configured and running for this option.

---

See [Chapter 6, "Defining PeopleSoft Process Scheduler Support Information," Defining Event Notifications and Configuring a REN Server, page 85.](#)

---

**Note.** This option is not currently supported by XMLP reports.

---

**Cancel**

Use this button to cancel the request.

**Generic Prompting**

The Reporting Console uses generic prompting to submit a process request. Users will enter parameters or retrieve saved parameters before submitting the request. The process or job must have Enable Generic Prompting enabled in the process or job definition for the Run link to be available from My Favorites.

See [Chapter 6, "Defining PeopleSoft Process Scheduler Support Information," Setting Runtime Parameters, page 118.](#)

See [Chapter 9, "Defining Jobs and JobSets," Setting Job Runtime Parameters, page 172.](#)

**Non-Unique Prompting**

Runtime prompts for PSQuery, Connected Query and XMLP Query-based reports are not registered on a process definition. All of these are query based, therefore, the runtime prompts are determined by the prompts created for the query.

When any of these types of processes are run from the Reporting Console, the user will be prompted for query parameters if they exist. If there are no query parameters, the query prompting dialog is skipped. The query prompting page will mimic the prompting associated with the specific process type selected.

<i>Process Type</i>	<i>Prompting page</i>
PSQuery	similar to Schedule Query page
Connected Query	similar to Schedule Connected Query page
XMLP Query-based Report	similar to XMLP Query Report Scheduler page

## nVision Reports

All nVision reports can only be scheduled from the nVision Report Request page. When an nVision report is run from the Reporting Console, the nVision Report Request page is opened to submit the report.

## Editing a Bookmark

Click the Edit link for the appropriate bookmark in My Favorites.

The appropriate definition is displayed to edit based on the bookmark type as shown in this table:

<b>Process Type</b>	<b>Page Displayed</b>
Process	Process Definition Runtime Parameters (PRCS_RUNCNTL_PARAM)
PSJob	Job Runtime Parameters (JOB_RUNCNTL_PARAM)
Query Definition	Query Manager (QRY_FIELDS)
Connected Query	Connected Query Manager (PSCONQRSBUILDER)
XMLP Report Definition	XML Publisher Report Definition (PSXPRPTDEFN)
nVision Report Request	NVision Report Request (NVS_REPORT_RQST)

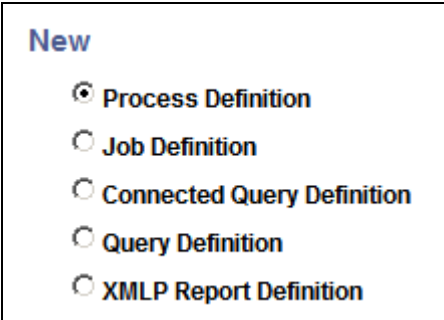
## Deleting a Bookmark

Click the Delete link for the bookmark in My Favorites. A message will appear to confirm the delete.

---

## Creating New Definitions

Click the New link on the Reporting Console to create new report definitions.



The screenshot shows a dialog box titled "New" with a list of five radio button options. The first option, "Process Definition", is selected. The other options are "Job Definition", "Connected Query Definition", "Query Definition", and "XMLP Report Definition".

- ☒ Process Definition
- ☐ Job Definition
- ☐ Connected Query Definition
- ☐ Query Definition
- ☐ XMLP Report Definition

New page displaying options for creating new report definition type

**Note.** These actions are only available to users who have administrative rights to add the specified definitions.

You will be transferred to the appropriate page based on the radio button that is selected as shown in this table:

<b>Process Type</b>	<b>Page Displayed</b>
Process Definition	Process Definition Add page
Job Definition	Job Definition Add page
Connected Query	Connected Query Manager (PSCONQRSBUILDER)
Query Definition	Query Manager (QRY_SELECT)
XMLP Report Definition	XML Publisher Report Definition Add page(PSEXPRPTADD)

## Running a Quick Report

Click the Quick Run link on the Reporting Console to run a report that does not have a bookmark.

### Process Search / Run

☒ Process Type/Name  
☐ Query Definition  
☐ Connected Query Definition  
☐ XMLP Report Definition  
☐ nVision Report Request

---

**Process Type** begins with

**Process Name** begins with

Process Type	Process Name	Description	Run
PSJob	3SQR	SQR Multi-process Job	<a href="#">Run</a>
Application Engine	PORTAL_CSS	Portal Cref Security Sync	<a href="#">Run</a>
SQR Report	SYSAUDIT	System Audit	<a href="#">Run</a>
Application Engine	TREEMOVER	Tree Mover	<a href="#">Run</a>
XML Publisher	XRFWIN	Cross Reference Window Listing	<a href="#">Run</a>

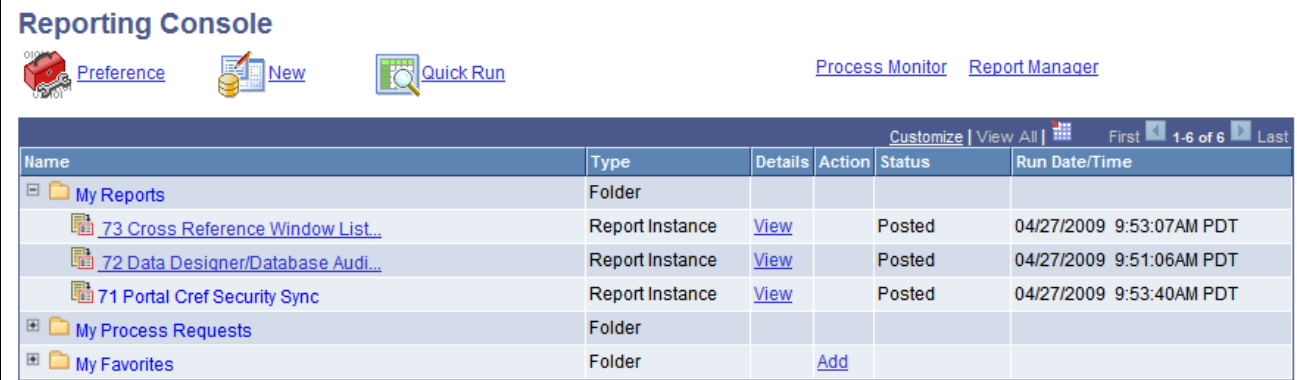
Process Search / Run page

The Quick Run link provides an option for a user to submit a process to run without having to bookmark it. Enter the search criteria and click Search. The search results will only display jobs and processes that:

- Have the generic prompting enabled.
- The user has permission to run in Reporting Console.

## Using My Reports Folder

This folder is intended to alert users to newly shared reports, similar to an E-mail inbox. Entries to this folder are always made by the system. The reports a user has access to will display in chronological order.



The screenshot shows the Reporting Console interface. At the top, there are links for [Preference](#), [New](#), [Quick Run](#), [Process Monitor](#), and [Report Manager](#). Below these links is a table with the following columns: Name, Type, Details, Action, Status, and Run Date/Time. The table contains the following data:

Name	Type	Details	Action	Status	Run Date/Time
My Reports	Folder				
73 Cross Reference Window List...	Report Instance	<a href="#">View</a>		Posted	04/27/2009 9:53:07AM PDT
72 Data Designer/Database Audi...	Report Instance	<a href="#">View</a>		Posted	04/27/2009 9:51:06AM PDT
71 Portal Cref Security Sync	Report Instance	<a href="#">View</a>		Posted	04/27/2009 9:53:40AM PDT
My Process Requests	Folder				
My Favorites	Folder		<a href="#">Add</a>		

My Reports folder


The View link next to the report will display the report instance details.


If a report is posted to the report repository, the report name will provide a link to open the report.


## Using My Processes Folder

Based on the preferences selected, processes will be displayed in the My Processes folder in the Reporting Console.

Reporting Console








 [Preference](#)

 [New](#)

 [Quick Run](#)

[Process Monitor](#)

[Report Manager](#)

<a href="#">Customize</a>   <a href="#">View All</a>    <a href="#">First</a>   <a href="#">1-6 of 6</a>   <a href="#">Last</a>					
Name	Type	Details	Action	Status	Run Date/Time
 <a href="#">My Reports</a>	Folder				
 <a href="#">My Process Requests</a>	Folder				
 <a href="#">64 Cross Reference Window List...</a>	Process Instance	<a href="#">View</a>		Success	04/27/2009 9:52:05AM PDT
 <a href="#">63 Data Designer/Database Audi...</a>	Process Instance	<a href="#">View</a>		Success	04/27/2009 9:50:09AM PDT
 <a href="#">62 Portal Cref Security Sync</a>	Process Instance	<a href="#">View</a>		Success	04/27/2009 9:47:04AM PDT
 <a href="#">My Favorites</a>	Folder		<a href="#">Add</a>		

My Processes folder

To view process details, click the View link for the process.



## Chapter 8

# Setting Server Definitions

This chapter provides an overview of server definitions and discusses how to:

- Create server definitions.
- Define report nodes.
- Define daemon groups.
- Define batch timings.

---

## Understanding Server Definitions

Server definitions are created to help balance your workload on the system by identifying certain servers to perform processes. You determine which processes you want to schedule through PeopleSoft Process Scheduler and identify servers that you want slated to run specific types of processes. For example, you might want to have one server called RPTSRV to manage all reports and another to manage all journal posting.

To ensure that jobs continue processing without interruption and that they run on time after a hardware or software failure hosting a PeopleSoft Process Scheduler Server Agent, you can automatically reassign requests to an available agent based on the value that is selected for the Redistribute Workload option.

---

## Creating Server Definitions

This section discusses how to:

- Define servers.
- Set distribution options.
- Set operation times.
- Set notification options.
- Set daemon process options.
- Monitor a daemon process.

## Pages Used to Create Server Definitions

<i>Page Name</i>	<i>Definition Name</i>	<i>Navigation</i>	<i>Usage</i>
Server Definition	SERVERDEFN	PeopleTools, Process Scheduler, Servers, Server Definition	Define server agent options.
Distribution	SERVERCONTENT	PeopleTools, Process Scheduler, Servers, Distribution	Set distribution options.
Operation	SERVEROPRTN	PeopleTools, Process Scheduler, Servers, Operation	Set operation times.
Notification	SERVERNOTIFY	PeopleTools, Process Scheduler, Servers, Notification	Set notification options.
Daemon	SERVERDAEMON	PeopleTools, Process Scheduler, Servers, Daemon	Set daemon process options.

## Defining Servers

To access the Server Definition page, select PeopleTools, Process Scheduler, Servers, Server Definition.



Server Definition

Distribution

Operation

Notification

Daemon

Server Name:

PSNT

Description:

NT Server Agent

\*Sleep Time:

15

Seconds

CPU Utilization Threshold:

%

\*Heartbeat:

60

Seconds

Memory Utilization Threshold:

%

Max API Aware:

5

Concurrent Tasks

Server Load Balancing Option:

Use for Load Balancing

\*Operating System:

Windows

Redistribute Workload Option:

Redistribute to any O/S

Note: To disable a process category on this server, set the max. concurrent to 0.

Process Categories run on this Server

Process Category	Priority	Max Concurrent
Default	Medium	5
LOADCACHE	Medium	0
QEHIGH	Medium	5
QELow	Medium	5
QEMEDIUM	Medium	5
QEZEROMAX	Medium	5

Process Types run on this Server

*Process Type	*Priority	*Max Concurrent		
Application Engine	Medium	3	+	-
COBOL SQL	Medium	3	+	-

Server Definition page

**Sleep Time**

Enter a sleep time, in seconds, for this server.

The PeopleSoft Process Scheduler Server Agent should not run continuously. To control its activity, you can schedule a sleep time, which refers to the number of seconds that you want the agent to wait, or sleep, before it checks for queued process requests in the Process Request table. When it *wakes*, it checks to see whether any processes have been queued in the Process Request table and need to be run on this process server.

For example, if you set the sleep time to 15 seconds and no process is queued, it wakes every 15 seconds and checks for queued processes. If it finds some, it processes as much as possible in 15 seconds and then goes back to sleep. If the work is not completed, it continues from the point at which it stopped for the next 15 seconds, and then goes back to sleep. The sleeping and polling process continues until a database or server administrator manually shuts down the agent.

---

**Note.** Depending on the server platform, you typically do not set the sleep time at fewer than 10 seconds. Between 15 and 30 seconds is generally recommended for most PeopleSoft applications. The maximum sleep time is 9,999 seconds (about 2 hours and 26 minutes).

---

**Heartbeat**

Enter a time interval, in seconds, for issuing a *heartbeat* message.

The PeopleSoft Process Scheduler Server Agent uses this value to track server status—running, down, or suspended. Each time the server issues a heartbeat message, it updates the last date and time stamp in the Server Status table with the current date and time. This prevents the database from accepting more than one PeopleSoft Process Scheduler Server Agent with the same name.

**Max API Aware** (maximum application programming interface aware tasks)

Enter the maximum number of API-aware tasks that can run concurrently on this server. An API-aware task is a process that properly updates its process status through the type-specific API that is provided, such as SQR, COBOL, and Crystal. It is the responsibility of the application process to update the Process Request table with status information.

---

**Note.** PSJob is not a valid process type to be considered in Max Concurrency and Process Type priority. PSJob is a container of processes and other PSJobs.

---

**Operating System**

An error message appears if you attempt to start the server agent on an operating system that is different from the operating system specified here.

**CPU Utilization Threshold** (%)

Enter a percentage threshold. If the amount of CPU utilization exceeds this threshold, the scheduler's status will change to *Overload* and it will wait to launch any new processes.

The Process Monitor - Server List page displays the current CPU utilization and the threshold value that is entered here.

**Memory Utilization Threshold (%)**

Enter a percentage threshold. If the amount of memory utilization exceeds this threshold, the scheduler's status will change to *Overload* and it will wait to launch any new processes.

The Process Monitor - Server List page displays the current memory utilization and the threshold value that is entered here.

**Server Load Balancing Option**

Select *Use Option* or *Do Not Use Option*. When you select *Do Not Use Option*, the server takes a request only when the name of the server has been specified on the Process Request page or in any of the definition tables.

The distributor does not assign a request to this server when the server name in the request is blank.

**Redistribute Workload Option**

Select *Do Not Redistribute*, *Redistribute to any O/S*, or *Redistribute to Same O/S*. When you select the option to redistribute, another active agent can take a request that is originally assigned to this server.

When this agent detects that one of the other active agents is no longer active and the server is set up to allow work to be distributed, it takes any queued request that was assigned to the inactive agent and redistributes it, based on the available active agents.

---

**Note.** After creating the server definition, you must configure the PeopleSoft Process Scheduler Server using PSADMIN.

---

**Process Categories run on this Server****Priority**

Select *High*, *Medium* or *Low* to prioritize all processes belonging to the corresponding process category that are queued to run on a server.

**Max Concurrent**

Enter the maximum number of the processes belonging to the corresponding process category that can run concurrently on this server. Max Concurrent is similar to Max API Aware, except that it controls how many processes of a process class can run concurrently on the server.

---

**Warning!** The processes that are contained in the categories must be of a type that are listed to run on the server. If the process type of a process is not listed, the process will not run.

---



---

**Note.** To disable a process category on this server, set the Max Concurrent value to 0.

---



---

**Note.** Parallel LoadCache has been assigned to the LOADCACHE process category. That means it will run only on servers that have a LOADCACHE process category whose MaxConcurrent value is greater than 0.

---

See [Chapter 6, "Defining PeopleSoft Process Scheduler Support Information," Defining Process Categories, page 87.](#)

### ***Process Types Run on this Server***

<b>Process Types</b>	Select the process types that the server should process. This selection enables server load balancing because you can direct particular processes to a specific server.
<b>Priority</b>	Select <i>High</i> , <i>Medium</i> , or <i>Low</i> to prioritize all processes that are queued to run on a server.
<b>Max Concurrent</b>	Enter the maximum number of the corresponding process class that can run concurrently on this server. Max Concurrent is similar to Max API Aware, except that it controls how many processes of a process class can run concurrently on the server.

---

**Note.** Each *Winword* instance that is initiated shares the common Winword template NORMAL.DOT. Therefore, some instances may encounter an error message when multiple *Winword* instances are initiated. The Max Concurrent value for the process type *Winword* should be set to *1* as a precautionary step to prevent this problem.

---



---

**Important!** Do not use the Max Concurrent field on the Server Definition page to specify the maximum number of concurrent processes for a *PSJOB*. To configure the maximum concurrent parameter for any given job, use the Max Concurrent field on the Job Definition page.

---

### **See Also**

[Appendix A, "Using Process Request APIs," page 201](#)

*PeopleTools 8.51 Installation Guide for your database platform.*

## **Setting Distribution Options**

To access the Distribution page, select PeopleTools, Process Scheduler, Servers, Distribution.

Use the Distribution page to change the settings that the server uses to transfer output to Report Manager.

<b>Distribution Node Name</b>	Select the name of the report node.
<b>Maximum Transfer Retries</b>	Enter the number of times that the server can try to send a report to Report Manager before it quits.
<b>Interval for Transfer Attempt</b>	Enter the number of seconds that must pass before the server tries to transfer the report again.

**Transfer System Files to Report Repository**

Select to transfer system files to the Report Repository.  
For a non-Web output type, if this check box is cleared the link to system files on the report list page will be disabled.

See Also

Chapter 2, "Understanding PeopleSoft Process Scheduler," PeopleSoft Process Scheduler Architecture, page 6

Setting Operation Times

To access the Operation page, select PeopleTools, Process Scheduler, Servers, Operation.

Server Definition

Distribution

Operation

Notification

Daemon

Server Name: PSNT

Server Operation Times

Customize | Find

First 1-7 of 7 Last

Day	Start	Time	End	Time		
Sunday	00	00	23	59	+	-
Monday	00	00	23	59	+	-
Tuesday	00	00	23	59	+	-
Wednesday	00	00	23	59	+	-
Thursday	00	00	23	59	+	-
Friday	00	00	23	59	+	-
Saturday	00	00	23	59	+	-

Operation page

Specify the days and times during which the server is operational. The preceding sample page shows a server that is operational 24 hours a day and seven days a week.

Setting Notification Options

To access the Notification page, select PeopleTools, Process Scheduler, Servers, Notification.

### Notification page

Use the Notification page to send messages to a group (role ID) or individuals (user ID) when an activity occurs with the server, such as an error or shutdown.

<b>Limit overload notification to every <i>n</i> minutes</b>	Enter the schedule for sending notification email when the server is overloaded.
<b>ID Type</b>	Select <i>User</i> or <i>Role</i> .
<b>Distribution ID</b>	Select the actual user ID or the group of users.
<b>Server Errors</b>	Select to notify the user or group when an error occurs. When this is selected, error notification for processes or jobs will be sent when a process or job goes to Error. This setting does not generate success or warning notifications. Success or warning notifications have to be individually configured in the process or job definition.
<b>Down</b>	Select to notify the user or group when the server shuts down.
<b>Started</b>	Select to notify the user or group when the server is started.
<b>Suspended/Overloaded</b>	Select to notify the user or group when activity on this server is suspended or overloaded.
<b>Disabled</b>	Select if you do not want to send notifications to the user or group.

### Server Notification Examples

If you enter an ID Type and Distribution ID, then—depending on the check boxes selected—notifications will be sent to the appropriate roles or users. Notifications are sent based on the Limit overload notification to every *n* minutes value. If this field is left blank, the process scheduler server sends a notification every cycle. If a value is entered, the notification is sent every *n* minutes. This table provides examples of the notifications sent based on the check boxes selected:

Check Box Selected	Notification Sent When	Notification Message
Server Errors	A process by the server goes to error.	Message example: The Process Instance (252 - Process (XRFWIN) failed to complete successfully)

<b>Check Box Selected</b>	<b>Notification Sent When</b>	<b>Notification Message</b>
Down	Process Scheduler is shut down.	The Process Scheduler Server Agent <process scheduler server name> for database <database name> was shut down in server <machine name>.
Started	Process Scheduler is started.	The Process Scheduler Server Agent <process scheduler server name> for database <database name> was started in server <machine name>.
Suspended/Overloaded	Either CPU Utilization Threshold or Memory Utilization (as specified in Server Definition page) is exceeded.	Process Scheduler Server Agent <process scheduler server name> has exceeded the CPU Threshold.
Disabled	No notification is sent to this Distribution ID.	Not applicable.

## Setting Daemon Process Options

To access the Daemon page, select PeopleTools, Process Scheduler, Servers, Daemon.

A daemon process is an Application Engine process that runs continuously when PeopleSoft Process Scheduler is operational. It triggers other application engine processes based on the daemon group that is entered.

### Daemon Sleep Time

Schedule a sleep time to control the activity of the process. Because the daemon is a process that runs in the background, it should not run continuously. A sleep time is the number of minutes for which the daemon process sleeps, or waits, before it checks for work. When it *wakes*, it checks for processes that have been and need to be run on this process server.

### Recycle Count

A cycle is the sequence of sleeping and working. The system automatically counts the number of times that it sleeps and works. When it reaches the recycle count value, the daemon process reboots itself.

## Monitoring a Daemon Process

To access the Sever Details page, select PeopleTools, Process Scheduler, Process Monitor, Server List, Details.

### Server Detail

Server			
Server Name:	PSNT	NT Server Agent	
Operating System:	Windows	Status:	Running
Max API Aware Tasks:	5	Hostname:	PLE-INFODEV-13
Server Load Balancing Option: Use for Load Balancing			
Threshold		Resource	
CPU Threshold:	%	CPU Usage:	1 %
Memory Threshold:	%	Memory Usage:	81 %
Disk Space Threshold:	10 MB	Disk Space Available:	73660 MB
Intervals		Update Details	
Sleep Time:	15 seconds	<input type="radio"/> Stop Server	
Heartbeat:	60 seconds	<input type="radio"/> Suspend Server	
		<input type="radio"/> Restart Server	
Daemon			
Daemon Enabled	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<a href="#">Message Log</a>	
Daemon Group:	PTCDBMSG		
Daemon Sleep Time:	5 minutes		

Server Detail page

Use the Process Monitor to monitor messages that are issued directly by the daemon and messages that are issued by the application engine programs that the daemon initiates.

To monitor a daemon process:

1. Select PeopleTools, Process Scheduler, Process Monitor.
2. Select the Server List page.
3. Click the Details link that is associated with the required process.

The Server Detail page appears, displaying information about the server and daemon group.

4. Click the Message Log link, located in the Daemon group box.

The Message Log page appears. A Delete button is located on this page, but it remains hidden when the daemon is running. When the Delete button appears, click it to delete all of the messages in the log.

5. Click the Return button to return to the Server Detail page.
6. Click the Cancel button to return to the Server List page.

Click the OK button if you have stopped, suspended, or restarted the server.



**See Also**

[Chapter 4, "Using Process Monitor," Viewing Server Details, page 50](#)

---

## Defining Report Nodes

This section provides an overview of report distribution nodes, lists common elements, and discusses how to:

- Define HTTP distribution nodes.
- Define File Transfer Protocol (FTP) distribution nodes.
- Define XCopy distribution nodes.

## Understanding Report Distribution Nodes

The report distribution node defines how your reports are moved to the Report Repository, where you can view them from Report Manager. Reports are moved using XCopy, FTP, or HTTP and HTTPS, depending on the type of server that you are using.

Before transferring the files to the Report Repository, determine which transfer protocol to use.

<b>Setup</b>	<b>Transfer Protocol</b>
Both PeopleSoft Process Scheduler and Web server on Microsoft Windows.	Use XCopy, FTP, or HTTP/HTTPS. If FTP information is not specified, PeopleSoft Process Scheduler performs an XCopy. <b>Note.</b> For XCopy, the Report Repository directory must be a shared drive on the network.
PeopleSoft Process Scheduler on Microsoft Windows and a UNIX Web server.	Use FTP or HTTP and HTTPS.
PeopleSoft Process Scheduler on OS390.	Use FTP or HTTP and HTTPS.

---

**Note.** If you are using FTP, the FTP daemon must be set up on the Web server.

---

### **Behavior of Shared Fields**

The following fields are shared between the Http Distribution Node page and the FTP/XCopy Distribution Node page:

- URL

- Description
- Operating System
- Login ID
- Password
- Confirm Password

When you enter information on one page, the information also appears in the shared fields on the other page, but the fields are unavailable.

If you complete the information for one protocol and then change your selection to another protocol, the shared fields become active on the other page and unavailable on the original page. Upon saving, the system automatically clears fields that are not shared.

## Common Element Used in This Section

### URL

Enter the URL of the Web server with this format:

http://<machine name>:<port number>/psreports/<PeopleSoft site name>

Replace <machine name> with the name of the machine.

## Pages Used to Define Report Nodes

<i>Page Name</i>	<i>Definition Name</i>	<i>Navigation</i>	<i>Usage</i>
Http Distribution Node	PRCSDISTNODE2	PeopleTools, Process Scheduler, Report Nodes, Http Distribution Node	Enter report node information to transfer reports to the Report Repository using http transfer protocol.
FTP/XCopy Distribution Node	PRCSDISTNODE	PeopleTools, Process Scheduler, Report Nodes, FTP/XCopy Distribution Node	Enter report node information to transfer reports to the Report Repository using FTP/XCopy transfer protocol.

## Defining HTTP Distribution Nodes

To access the Http Distribution Node page, select PeopleTools, Process Scheduler, Report Nodes, Http Distribution Node.

---

**Note.** You should use web server basic authentication when you configure the SchedulerTransfer servlet that is used by the report distribution system. Please see the install guide for details.

---

**Report Node Definition**

Node Name: TTNTRPT

☐ Ftp/XCopy ☒ Http Information

**Distribution Node Details**

URL: http://<machine name>:<port number>/psreports/<PeopleSoft site name>

Description:

Operating System: Windows

**Connection Information**

☒ http ☐ https

URI Host: <machine name> URI Port: 80

URI Resource: SchedulerTransfer/<PeopleSoft site name>

Login ID:

Password: Confirm Password:

Http Distribution Node page

### http and https

Select the type of node connection. The default is *http*.

### URI Host

Enter the machine name. If you are using PeopleSoft Process Scheduler for UNIX or OS390, you must enter either the fully qualified name (for example, *ADHP04.peoplesoft.com* or the IP address.

**Warning!** If you specify the Auth Token Domain name during the PeopleSoft Pure Internet Architecture installation, you must include a fully qualified domain name on the URL Host instead of the IP address. Otherwise, the Distribution Agent will not pass authentication.

### URI Port

Enter the port number. This value must match the port number of the Web server. The defaults are *80* for HTTP and *443* for HTTPS.

**Note.** If you change a port number, you lose the default values for both protocols.

### URI Resource

Enter *SchedulerTransfer/<PeopleSoft site name>*.

### Login ID, Password, and Confirm Password

These are required only when the Web administrator has set up basic authentication on the Web server.

### Save

Click to save your entries. To add additional distribution nodes, click the Add button to return to the search page.

**File Chunking**

The Distribution Agent automatically breaks up a large file and sends it in multiple HTTP posts. For example, a 150-MB file can be sent in 10 × 15 MB, 15 × 10MB, and so on.

To accommodate different hardware configurations (memory) and dissimilar Java Virtual Machine (JVM) tuning, two new parameters have been added to the PeopleSoft Process Scheduler section of the configuration file (prcs.cfg):

- Chunking Threshold
- File Chunk Size

These parameters enable clients to determine the most favorable configuration for their systems by trading off between the number of hits to the Web server when sending small chunks and memory usage due to sending large chunks.

**See Also**

Chapter 10, "Managing PeopleSoft Process Scheduler," page 181

**Defining FTP Distribution Nodes**

To access the FTP/XCopy Distribution Node page, select PeopleTools, Process Scheduler, Report Nodes, FTP/XCopy Distribution Node.

<b>Home Directory</b>	Enter the directory that is specified during the installation of PeopleSoft Pure Internet Architecture as the Report Repository. <hr/> <b>Note.</b> The FTP user ID must have write-access to this directory. <hr/>
<b>FTP Address</b>	Enter the machine name or TCP/IP information for the Report Repository.
<b>FTP ID, and Password</b>	Enter the FTP user ID and password.

**Defining XCopy Distribution Nodes**

Access the FTP/XCopy Distribution Node page.

<b>Home Directory, FTP Address, Password, FTP ID, and Confirm Password</b>	Leave blank.
<b>Network Path</b>	Enter the universal naming convention (UNC) path that points to the Report Repository, for example:  \\<machine name>\psreports

---

## Defining Daemon Groups

Use the Daemon Group page to enable a daemon process for the selected server.

To define a daemon group:

1. Select PeopleTools, Process Scheduler, Daemon Group.
2. Select the Add New Value page.
3. Enter a new daemon procedure group name.
4. Click the Add button.

The Daemon Group page appears.

5. Click the Load All Programs button to load all available application engine programs, or select a program to add.

Programs must be marked as daemon in their properties to be available.

6. Click the Save button.

---

## Defining Batch Timings

This section provides an overview of batch timings and discusses how to define batch timings.

### Understanding Batch Timings

Batch Timings reports are provided so that you can monitor the performance of your application engine programs. The Process Scheduler - Batch Timings page applies to the Statement Timings data that is stored in the (table) option.

For the Batch Timings feature to record data, you must enable it using the Configuration Manager Trace tab. In the Application Engine group, select the Statement Timings (table) option.

---

**Note.** Whenever you run an application engine program and the Statement Timings trace options are enabled, you can always view the batch timings results using the Process Monitor.

---

#### See Also

[Appendix D, "Using the PSADMIN Utility," page 231](#)

## Page Used to Define Batch Timings

Page Name	Definition Name	Navigation	Usage
Batch Timings	BANRUNCTL	PeopleTools, Process Scheduler, Batch Timings	Monitor the performance of application engine programs.

## Defining Batch Timings

To access the Batch Timings page, select PeopleTools, Process Scheduler, Batch Timings.

Batch Timings page

**Run Control ID** Displays the run control ID that is used to run the Batch Timings report.

**Report Type** Select the type of report that you want to generate, based on the data that is stored in the batch timings table.

*Summary:* Provides a report of all of the runs that are initiated by a run control ID. The Process Instance field is unavailable when this option is selected.

*Detail:* Provides a report of a specific run or process instance of an application engine program. The Run Control ID field is unavailable when this option is selected.

### **Batch Timings For**

Based on the report type that you selected, enter the run control ID or process instance.

## Chapter 9

# Defining Jobs and JobSets

This chapter provides an overview of jobs and JobSets, and discusses how to:

- Create job definitions.
- Define scheduled JobSets.
- Monitor jobs and JobSets.

---

## Understanding Jobs and JobSets

This section lists common elements and discusses jobs and JobSets.

### Common Elements Used in This Chapter

<b>Schedule Name</b>	Displays the name of the JobSet definition schedule that is assigned when adding a new value.
<b>Job Name</b>	Displays the name of the job definition to be scheduled. The Job Name can have a maximum length of 8 characters. <hr/> <b>Note.</b> Although you can create a job with a job name that exceeds 8 characters, you will encounter an error message when you attempt to run the job. <hr/>
<b>JobSet Report</b>	Click to display a hierarchical view of the processes within the JobSet.
<b>Report Manager</b>	Click to access the Report Manager module to view report results.
<b>Process Monitor</b>	Click to access the Process Monitor to view the status of job requests.

### Jobs and JobSets

PeopleSoft Process Scheduler enables you to schedule one or more processes as a group. In this context, *job* describes this type of process group.

A process is a single task, program, or routine, such as a Structured Query Report (SQR) report or COBOL program that runs either on the client or on a server. A job consists of one or more processes of the same or different types that are submitted as a unit and can run either in series or parallel. They require the scheduling support that only a server environment can offer and all processes must be API-aware.

Scheduled *JobSets* enable you to schedule a recurring job using a schedule JobSet definition. Each process within a job can be altered to set up its own output destination options or set the operating system where the process is to be scheduled.

Features that are available when scheduling JobSets that are not available with recurring jobs are:

- You can have different run control ID for each process within a job.
- Job items can be run from different operating systems or servers.
- Job items can run at specific times.
- You can change attributes to any job items.

### **See Also**

[Chapter 9, "Defining Jobs and JobSets," Defining Scheduled JobSets, page 173](#)

[Appendix A, "Using Process Request APIs," page 201](#)

---

## **Creating Job Definitions**

This section lists common elements and discusses how to:

- Define jobs.
- Set job definition options.
- Define distribution lists.
- Define notifications.
- Set job notification messages.

## **Common Elements Used in This Section**

<b>ID Type</b>	Select a role or user ID.
<b>Distribution ID</b>	Enter the actual user ID or the name of the role.



## Pages Used to Create Job Definitions

<i>Page Name</i>	<i>Definition Name</i>	<i>Navigation</i>	<i>Usage</i>
Job Definition	PRCSJOBDEFN	PeopleTools, Process Scheduler, Jobs, Job Definition	Define a job definition.
Job Definition Options	PRCSJOBDEFN2	PeopleTools, Process Scheduler, Jobs, Job Definition Options	Define options for jobs that you run on a regular basis.
Job Distribution	PRCSJOBNTDIST	PeopleTools, Process Scheduler, Jobs, Job Distribution	Set up a distribution list for jobs, based on role or user ID.
Job Notification	PRCSJOBNOTIFY	PeopleTools, Process Scheduler, Jobs, Job Notification	Set up a list of users to be notified if a process encounters an error, warning, successfully completes, or is disabled.
Job Messages	PRCSJOBMESSAGE	PeopleTools, Process Scheduler, Jobs, Job Messages	Specify the messages that are sent when the Job Notification feature is used.
Job Runtime Parameters	JOB_RUNCNTL_PARAM	PeopleTools, Process Scheduler, Jobs, Job Runtime Parameters	Set the job runtime parameters.

## Defining Jobs

To access the Job Definition page, select PeopleTools, Process Scheduler, Jobs, Job Definition.

Job Definition

Job Definition Options

Job Distribution

Job Notification

Process Type:

PSJob

[JobSet Report](#)

Job Name:

3CRYSTAL

\*Description:

Crystal Multi-process Job

Run Mode:

Serial

\*Priority:

Medium

\*Process Category:

Default

Default Category

Max Concurrent:

Override Process Retry Count:

☐

Retry Count:

Override Process Retention Day:

☐

Retention Days:

0

Process List

	*Process Type	*Process Name	Description	Run Always On Warning	Run Always On Error		
1	Crystal	XRFAPFL	Applications and Fields Cross	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	+	-
2	Crystal	XRFFLPC	Fields Referenced by PeopleCod	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	+	-
3	Crystal	XRFFLPN	Fields and Panels Cross Refere	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	+	-

### Job Definition page

Before creating a job definition, define the individual processes that are included in the job.

#### Run Mode

*Serial:* Select to run each process in the job sequentially.

*Parallel:* Select if you don't have a requirement for the processes to run in a certain order. If you select this option, Run Always check boxes for *all* of the processes are selected.

#### Priority

Select *High*, *Medium*, or *Low*. PeopleSoft Process Scheduler initiates the job with the highest priority first.

#### Process Category

Select a process category for this job.

---

**Note.** The categories *Default* and *LOADCACHE* are delivered with your system.

---

#### Max Concurrent

Enter the maximum number of occurrences of this job that can be active at one time across all process schedulers. The default value is unlimited (blank).

Jobs exceeding the maximum will appear on the Process Monitor with a run status of *Blocked*. As active occurrences complete, blocked jobs are released and scheduled.

#### Override Process Retry Count

Select to override the process definition retry count for the individual processes contained in this job.

Selecting the check box activates the Retry Count field.

<b>Retry Count</b>	Enter the number of times the system should attempt to restart this job.
<b>Override Process Retention Day</b>	Select to override the process definition retention days for the individual processes contained in this job.
<b>Retention Days</b>	Enter the number of days before the files that are on the report repository are deleted.
<b>JobSet Report</b>	Click to go to the JobSet Report page.

See [Chapter 6, "Defining PeopleSoft Process Scheduler Support Information," Defining Process Categories, page 87](#) and [Chapter 9, "Defining Jobs and JobSets," Displaying a Hierarchical View of Processes in a JobSet, page 175](#).

### **Process List**

This group box lists all processes and jobs that are associated with this job. To add additional rows or processes, click the Insert Row button that precedes the location where you want the new row.

<b>Process Type</b>	Select the processes that you want in the order that you want them to run.
<b>Run Always on Warning</b>	Select to enable the next process in the queue to run, regardless of whether the process situated immediately before this process ran to warning.
<b>Run Always on Error</b>	Select to enable the next process in the queue to run, regardless of whether the process situated immediately before this process ran to error.

The Run Always feature only works if the process that is selected to run is always the next process in the queue after the process that ran to error or warning. For example:

A serial job contains three processes. The third process in the queue is selected to Run Always on Error. If the first process in the queue runs to error, the third process will not run because the system looks only to see if the next process in the queue is selected. Process #2 is not selected, so the job runs to *No Success*.

---

**Note.** After completing this page, select a server name and recurrence name on the Job Definition Options page.

---

### **Procedure for Run Always Settings**

This table shows the procedure for the Run Always on Warning and Run Always on Error settings:

<b>Run Always on Warning</b>	<b>Run Always on Error</b>	<b>Process Status</b>	<b>Job Status</b>	<b>Next Process Scheduled</b>
0	0	Warning	Warning	No
0	0	Error	Error	No
1	0	Warning	Warning	Yes

<i>Run Always on Warning</i>	<i>Run Always on Error</i>	<i>Process Status</i>	<i>Job Status</i>	<i>Next Process Scheduled</i>
1	0	Error	Error	No
1	1	Warning	Warning	Yes
1	1	Error	Error	Yes

### ***Run Always - Functionality Rules***

Process Scheduler uses the following rules when either of the Run Always check boxes are selected for a PSJob contained within another PSJob.

---

**Note.** The Run Always check box must be selected for individual items within a PSJob. The items do not automatically inherit the selection if the check box is selected for the PSJob.

---

If a serial job (JOB A) contains another job as an item (JOB B), the Run Always check box is selected for JOB B, and the item that precedes JOB B receives a status of either *Error* or *No Success*. Process Scheduler proceeds using the following rules:

- If JOB B is also a serial job, then the first item in this job is changed to *Queued*.  
If this first item encountered an error or warning during processing and received a status of either *Error*, *Warning*, or *No Success*, the next item in the list is changed from *Pending* to *Queued* if the Run Always check box is selected for that item. If no item in JOB B has the Run Always check box selected, then JOB B will receive an *Error* or *Warning* status when the first item did not run successfully.
- If JOB B is a parallel job, then the status for all items in JOB B is changed to *Queued* and will be run by Process Scheduler.
- If the status of JOB B is *Error* or *Warning*, the JOB A item listed after JOB B is only released by Process Scheduler if its Run Always check box is selected.

If the check box is not selected, Process Scheduler will consider JOB A complete and no other items in JOB A will be run. Process Scheduler will update the status of JOB A to *Error* or *Warning*.

## **Setting Job Definition Options**

To access the Job Definition Options page, select PeopleTools, Process Scheduler, Jobs, Job Definition Options.

Job Definition Options page

Job Definition Options page

Use the Job Definition Options page to define options for jobs that you run on a regular basis.

**Server Name** Enter a server name if you want to require this job to run on a specific server only. If you leave this field blank, the job finds an available server on which to run, based on the process class.

**Recurrence Name** (Optional) Select a recurrence name for running at previously defined intervals.

### ***Job Recovery Process***

**Process Type and Process Name** Enter the type and name of an optional process that can be run in case this job runs to an error. The job will not restart until the system recovery optional process entered here has run.

### ***Job Definition Security***

**Component** To add new rows, click the Add button. This makes the job definition a member of that component. Adding a component to a job definition causes that job definition to appear on the Process Scheduler Request page when you select File, Run within that component group, if you have security to run the process.

**Process Groups**

Select an existing group, or add a new class by entering a unique process group. To add new rows, click the Add button. A job definition may be a member of multiple process groups. Process Groups are assigned in PeopleSoft Security Administrator. This enables you to specify the process requests that classes of users can run.

**Defining Distribution Lists**

To access the Job Distribution page, select PeopleTools, Process Scheduler, Jobs, Job Distribution.

Use the Job Distribution page to set up a distribution list for jobs, based on role or user ID.

---

**Note.** You must specify an output type of *Web*, *Window*, or *Email* for the distribution list to be accepted when the PSJob is created

---

**Override Distribution List from Processes in Job**

Select to use the distribution IDs from the job definition. If the check box is deselected, distribution IDs from both the job and process definitions are used.

*Job Within Job:* The Override option for the main job is ignored. Process Scheduler uses the distribution IDs from the PSJob definition. If the check box is deselected, distribution IDs from both the PSJob and process definitions are used.

---

**Note.** When the Override option is selected for the main job, Process Scheduler uses the distribution IDs from the main job definition and ignores only the distribution IDs from the individual process definitions within the main job.

---

**Defining Notifications**

To access the Job Notification page, select PeopleTools, Process Scheduler, Jobs, Job Notification.

Use the Job Notification page to set up a list of users to be notified if a process encounters an error, warning, successfully completes, or is disabled. Set up the list based on role or user ID.

**Override Notification List from Processes in Job List**

Select to notify only users that are specified in the job definition. If deselected, users specified in the job *and* process definitions are notified.

*Job Within Job:* Select to notify only users that are specified in the main job definition. If deselected, users specified in the main job, jobs within, and process definitions are notified.

---

**Important!** The Override option is ignored for any job listed within the main job.

---

**On Error**

Send notification to the Distribution ID if an error occurs in the process.

<b>On Warning</b>	Send notification to the Distribution ID if a warning occurs in the process.
<b>On Success</b>	Send notification to the Distribution ID when the process successfully completes.
<b>Disabled</b>	Select if you do not want to send notifications to users specified on this line.

## Specifying Job Notification Messages

To access the Job Messages page, select PeopleTools, Process Scheduler, Jobs, Job Messages.

Use the Job Messages page to configure the messages that are sent when the Job Notification feature is used. You can specify messages for successful completions, errors, and warnings.

The screenshot shows the 'Job Messages' configuration page. At the top, there are tabs: 'Job Definition', 'Job Definition Options', 'Job Distribution', 'Job Notification', and 'Job Messages' (which is active). Below the tabs, the 'Process Type' is 'PSJob' and the 'Job Name' is '3CRYSTAL Crystal Multi-process Job'. A link for 'JobSet Report' is in the top right. The main section is titled 'Schedule Message Information' and contains three rows for different event types:

- Event Type: Successful**
  - Message Type: Default Message (dropdown)
  - Message Set/Number: [ ] [ ] (each with a search icon)
  - Text: [ ]
- Event Type: Error**
  - Message Type: Default Message (dropdown)
  - Message Set/Number: [ ] [ ] (each with a search icon)
  - Text: [ ]
- Event Type: Warning**

Job Messages page

<b>Message Type</b>	<p>Select the message type:</p> <p><i>Default Message:</i> Use the basic default message.</p> <p><i>Customized Message:</i> Create your own message.</p> <p><i>Message Catalog:</i> Select a message from the Message Catalog.</p>
---------------------	--

<b>Message Set/Number</b>	Select the Message Catalog set and number of the message. Complete these fields when the message type is <i>Message Catalog</i> .
<b>Text</b>	Enter the message text when the message type is <i>Customized Message</i> .

## Setting Job Runtime Parameters

To access the Job time Parameters page, select PeopleTools, Process Scheduler, Jobs and click the Job Runtime Parameters tab.

The screenshot shows the 'Job Runtime Parameters' page. At the top, there are four tabs: 'Job Distribution', 'Job Notification', 'Job Messages', and 'Job Runtime Parameters'. The 'Job Runtime Parameters' tab is active. Below the tabs, the 'Process Type' is 'PSJob' and the 'Job Name' is '3CRYSTAL Crystal Multi-process Job'. There is a link for 'JobSet Report'. A section titled 'Report Console Run Option' contains two settings: 'Enable Generic Prompting' with an unchecked checkbox, and 'Allow Access By User With' with a dropdown menu set to 'Process Group Security'.

Job Runtime Parameters page

Use this page to enable the Run option from the Reporting Console.

<b>Enable Generic Prompting</b>	Select this check box to allow users to schedule this job from the Reporting Console.
<b>Allow Access By User With</b>	<p>Select the type of permission required to schedule the job from the Reporting Console. It specifies whether full process security or process group security should be applied when the process is run from the Reporting Console or a web service.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><i>Full Process Security</i> indicates that the process security defined on the Job Definition Options page will be used to determine which users can schedule this process from the Reporting Console. The user must have permission to at least one of the Components, as well as be a member of at least one of the Process Groups listed on the Job Definition Options page.</li> <li><i>Process Security Group</i> indicates that the user must be a member of at least one of the Process Groups listed on the Job Definition Options page to schedule this process from the Reporting Console.</li> </ul>

---

**Note.** Users with the role PeopleSoft Administrator will always get the Run option on the Reporting Console if Generic Prompting is enabled. Users with the role PeopleSoft Administrator have access to run all jobs regardless of process security settings.

---



## Defining Scheduled JobSets

This section provides an overview of schedule JobSets and discusses how to:

- Create scheduled JobSet definitions.
- Display a hierarchical view of processes in a JobSet.
- Set options for JobSet items.
- View scheduled JobSet requests.

## Understanding Scheduled JobSets

PeopleSoft Process Scheduler provides the ability to define and set up interdependencies among application jobs and processes, which enables the user to schedule jobs in accordance with the logical business model. For example, in PeopleSoft HRMS, all employees' time cards can be tabulated in PeopleSoft Time and Labor before running the human resources (HR) payroll jobs.

## Pages Used to Define Scheduled JobSets

<i>Page Name</i>	<i>Definition Name</i>	<i>Navigation</i>	<i>Usage</i>
Schedule JobSet Definition	SCHDLDEFN	PeopleTools, Process Scheduler, Schedule JobSet Definitions, Schedule JobSet Definition	Set JobSet scheduling options.
JobSet Report	SCHDL_RPTOPT	Click the JobSet Report link on the Schedule JobSet Definition, Schedule Job Items, or Schedule JobSet Requests page.	Display a hierarchal view of processes in a JobSet.
Schedule JobSet Items	SCHDLITEM	PeopleTools, Process Scheduler, Schedule JobSet Definitions, Schedule JobSet Items	Specify options for individual jobs and processes.
Schedule JobSet Requests	SCHDL_RQST_LIST	PeopleTools, Process Scheduler, Schedule JobSet Definitions, Schedule JobSet Requests	View the status of each process request contained in the selected JobSet without using Process Monitor.

## Creating Scheduled JobSet Definitions

To access the Schedule JobSet Definition page, select PeopleTools, Process Scheduler, Schedule JobSet Definitions, Schedule JobSet Definition.

Schedule JobSet Definition		Schedule JobSet Items	Schedule JobSet Requests
Schedule Name:	Monthly Reports		<a href="#">JobSet Report</a> <a href="#">Report Manager</a> <a href="#">Process Monitor</a>
Job Name:	2SQR		
<b>Schedule Information</b>			
User ID:	VP1		
*Description:	Monthly Reports	*Status:	Active
*Run Control ID:	MR001	*Priority:	Medium
<b>Time Information</b>			
*Begin Date:	07/02/2010	*Time:	9:15:00AM
		*Time Zone:	PST
Recurrence Name:	QE_LASTFRI	<a href="#">Run Now</a>	
<b>Server Information</b>			
*Server Run Option:	Any Server		
Primary Server:		Operating System:	

Schedule JobSet Definition page

Use the Schedule JobSet Definitions page to set JobSet scheduling options. You should use this page rather than the Process Scheduler Request page.

<b>User ID</b>	Displays the user ID of the person entering the information.
<b>Description</b>	Enter a description for the JobSet schedule. The default is the schedule name.
<b>Status</b>	Select <i>Active</i> , <i>Completed</i> , or <i>Inactive</i> (default).  To schedule the JobSet, you must enter and save changes, change the status to <i>Active</i> , and then save. Once scheduled, the status is <i>Completed</i> .
<b>Run Control ID</b>	Enter the run control ID.
<b>Priority</b>	Select <i>High</i> , <i>Medium</i> (default), or <i>Low</i> .
<b>Begin Date</b>	Enter the date on which the JobSet should begin to run. The default is today's date.
<b>Time</b>	Enter the time at which the JobSet should run. The default is the current time.
<b>Time Zone</b>	Select the time zone in which the job will run. For instance, you might be in Eastern Standard Time (EST) and schedule the job to run in Pacific Standard Time (PST). The default is the user's time zone.

<b>Recurrence Name</b>	<p>Select a recurrence name for running at previously defined intervals.</p> <hr/> <p><b>Note.</b> This name does not display on the Process Monitor - Process Detail page. Use the Schedule JobSet Requests page to view the next scheduled start date and time based on the recurrence definition.</p> <hr/> <p><b>Important!</b> To eliminate the possibility of duplicating JobSets, you must configure the system with a master scheduler. The task of scheduling JobSets has been removed from a standalone PSPRCSRV and is strictly the responsibility of the master scheduler. If a master scheduler is not configured, the recurrence setting will be ignored.</p> <hr/>
<b>Run Now</b>	<p>Select this button to run the process immediately.</p> <hr/> <p><b>Important!</b> The Begin Date and Time fields are populated by default with the current date and time. To run the JobSet immediately, leave the default values in these fields, activate the JobSet, and select Save. Do not click the Run Now button, as this will also trigger a process request. The Run Now button should only be used if the Begin Date and Time values are changed to a future date and time and you want the process to run immediately then.</p> <hr/>
<b>Server Run Option</b>	<p>Select the server on which this job should run. Select <i>Any Server</i> (default), <i>Primary Server</i>, <i>Specific OS</i>, or <i>Specific Server</i>.</p>
<b>Primary Server</b>	<p>Select the required server if the Server Run Option value is <i>Primary Server</i> or <i>Specific Server</i>.</p>
<b>Operating System</b>	<p>Select the required operating system if the Server Run Option value is <i>Any Server</i> or <i>Specific OS</i>. The default is <i>Any Server</i>.</p>
<hr/> <p><b>Note.</b> Once a jobset has been scheduled, if a user changes the Begin Date, Begin Time or Time Zone fields, the next start date time will be overwritten with the new date and time. If a Recurrence exists for this schedule, the Recurrence will be blanked out because changing the initial values will break the Recurrence. The user will need to re-enter the recurrence.</p> <hr/>	

## Displaying a Hierarchical View of Processes in a JobSet

Select the JobSet Report link to access the JobSet Report page.

Select the check boxes for the items you want to display. Select from:

- Show Job Tree.
- Show Distribution List.
- Show Notification List.
- Show Message List.
- Show Parameters List.

**JobSet Report**

**Job Name:** 2SQR      **Monthly Reports**

**Monthly Reports**

- 2SQR**
  - 1 XRFIELDS: Cross Reference Field Listing (SQR Report)
  - 2 XRFMENU: Menu Listing Report (SQR Report)

Job Name: 2SQR - 2SQR									
Mode: Serial									
Seq.	Process Name	Description	Process Type	Run Control ID	Type	Output Format	Destination	Server Option	Run Time
1	XRFIELDS	Cross Reference Field Listing	SQR Report	MR001	Web	Acrobat (*.pdf)	Distribution List	Any Server	
2	XRFMENU	Menu Listing Report	SQR Report	MR001	Web	Acrobat (*.pdf)	Distribution List	Any Server	

JobSet Report page with Show Job Tree check box selected

## Setting Options for JobSet Items

To access the Schedule JobSet Items page, select PeopleTools, Process Scheduler, Schedule JobSet Definitions, Schedule JobSet Items.

**Schedule JobSet Definition**   **Schedule JobSet Items**   **Schedule JobSet Requests**

**Schedule Name:** Monthly Reports      [JobSet Report](#)   [Report Manager](#)   [Process Monitor](#)

**Job Name:** 2SQR

**Job Name:** 2SQR      **PSJob**

Left | Right

- Monthly Reports
  - 2SQR
    - XRFIELDS
    - XRFMENU

Process List			
General Settings		Output Settings	Server Settings
Process Name	Description	Process Type	Run Control ID
XRFIELDS	Cross Reference Field Listing	SQR Report	
XRFMENU	Menu Listing Report	SQR Report	

Schedule JobSet Items — General page with processes expanded

If the output options were specified at the main JobSet level, then these options apply to all items of that job. You can specify options for individual jobs and processes on this page. These options override the output options that are specified for the parent job.

This page lists each individual process that is contained in the jobs and JobSet and displays a hierarchical view of the processes.

This section discusses how to specify:

- General settings.
- Output settings.
- Server settings.
- Time settings.
- Other settings.

### ***Specifying General Settings***

To specify individual general settings:

1. Select the General Settings tab.
2. Enter run control IDs for the required jobs and processes.

### ***Specifying Output Settings***

To specify individual output settings:

1. Select the Output Settings tab.
2. Select the output type and format for the required jobs and processes.
3. Click the Distribution link for required processes to enter distribution detail information.

You must specify an output type of *Web*, *Window*, or *Email* for the distribution list to be accepted when the PSJob is created

---

**Important!** The distribution list is based solely on the information specified for individual processes within the JobSet. Do not enter distribution information in the job header. If the JobSet has no distribution lists, the requester will be the only recipient of the reports.

---

### ***Specifying Server Settings***

To specify individual server settings:

1. Select the Server Settings tab.
2. Select the server option for the required jobs and processes:
  - *Any Server*
  - *Primary Server*
  - *Specific OS*
  - *Specific Server*

3. Select the required server if the server option is *Primary Server* or *Specific Server*.
4. Select the required operating system if the server option is *Any Server* or *Specific OS*.

---

**Note.** A Master Scheduler is required to be up and running if you want to distribute the workload across multiple Process Schedulers.

---

See [Chapter 11, "Managing PeopleSoft Master Scheduler Servers," How to Use Multiple Master Schedulers, page 193.](#)

### ***Specifying Time Settings***

To specify individual time settings:

1. Select the Time Settings tab.
2. Select the runtime option for the required jobs and processes:
  - *Job Rule Time.*
  - *Specific Time.*
3. Enter the run time and estimated CPU time if the runtime option is *Specific Time*.

### ***Specifying Other Settings***

To specify individual other settings:

1. Select the Other Settings tab.
2. Click the Notification link for required jobs and processes to enter notification detail information.

---

**Note.** Only notification information entered in the JobSet will be in effect. Once Process Scheduler detects notifications in any of the items of the JobSet, it will ignore any notification information found in the Job Definition and Process Definition.

---

3. Click the Messages link for required jobs and processes to enter message detail information.

---

**Note.** Only message information entered in the JobSet will be in effect. Once Process Scheduler detects messages in any of the items of the JobSet, it will ignore any message information found in the Job Definition and Process Definition.

---

4. Click the Parameters link for required jobs and processes to enter parameter detail information.

## **Viewing Scheduled JobSet Requests**

To access the Schedule JobSet Requests page, select PeopleTools, Process Scheduler, Schedule JobSet Definitions, Schedule JobSet Requests.

<a href="#">Schedule JobSet Definition</a>	<a href="#">Schedule JobSet Items</a>	<b><a href="#">Schedule JobSet Requests</a></b>		
<b>Schedule Name:</b> Monthly Reports <a href="#">JobSet Report</a> <a href="#">Report Manager</a> <a href="#">Process Monitor</a>				
<b>Job Name:</b> 2SQR				
<b>Next Start Datetime:</b> 07/02/2010 9:15AM PST				
<b>Request List</b> <a href="#">Customize</a>   <a href="#">Find</a>   <a href="#">View All</a>   <a href="#">First</a>   <a href="#">1-2 of 2</a>   <a href="#">Last</a>				
Instance	Run Status	Run Date/Time	Request Date/Time	Completed Date/Time
101	Success	07/02/2010 9:06:11AM PDT	07/02/2010 9:06:11AM PDT	07/02/2010 9:07:21AM PDT

### Schedule JobSet Requests page

Use the Schedule JobSet Requests page to view the status of each process request contained in the selected JobSet without using Process Monitor.

**Next Start Datetime** Displays the date and time at which the JobSet is scheduled to run.

### Request List

This group box lists each individual process contained in the jobs and JobSet.

## Monitoring Jobs and JobSets

Select PeopleTools, Process Scheduler, Process Monitor to access the Process Monitor - Process List page.

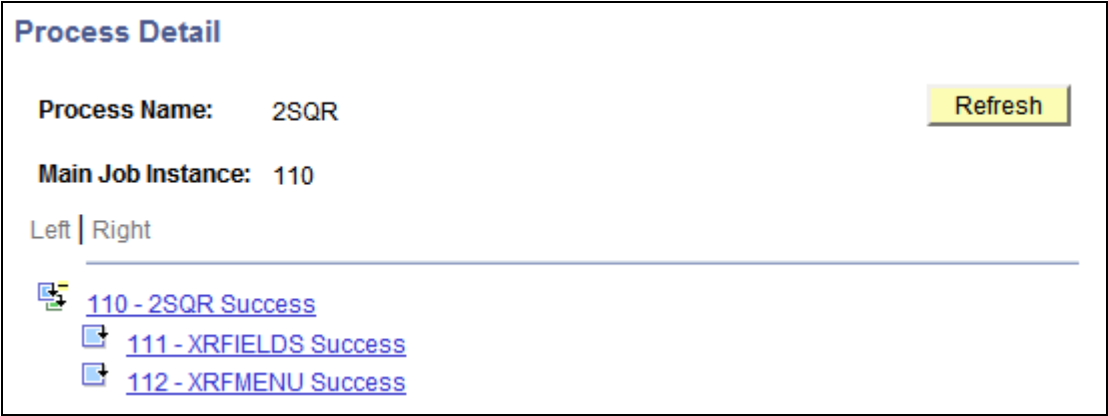
**Note.** You can also access this page by clicking the Process Monitor link on either the Schedule JobSet Definition page or the Process Request Dialog page.

<b>Process List</b>	<a href="#">Server List</a>								
<b>View Process Request For</b>									
User ID: <input type="text" value="VP1"/> <a href="#">Find</a>	Type: <input type="text"/> Last <input type="text"/> 1 Days <input type="text"/> <a href="#">Refresh</a>								
Server: <input type="text"/>	Name: <input type="text"/> <a href="#">Find</a>								
Run Status: <input type="text"/>	Instance: <input type="text"/> to <input type="text"/>								
Distribution Status: <input type="text"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Save On Refresh								
<b>Process List</b> <a href="#">Customize</a>   <a href="#">Find</a>   <a href="#">View All</a>   <a href="#">First</a>   <a href="#">1-23 of 23</a>   <a href="#">Last</a>									
Select	Instance	Seq.	Process Type	Process Name	User	Run Date/Time	Run Status	Distribution Status	Details
<input type="checkbox"/>	101		PSJob	<a href="#">2SQR</a>	VP1	07/02/2010 9:06:11AM PDT	Success	Posted	<a href="#">Details</a>

### Process Monitor - Process List page

After a job is submitted using the Process Scheduler Request page or your scheduled job is triggered, use Process Monitor to review the status of scheduled or running processes.

When a job or JobSet is listed, only the main job appears on the Process Monitor - Process List page. To see the status of all jobs and processes that are attached to the main job, click the Job link to display the Process Monitor - Process Detail page. This page consists of a collapsible tree whenever a job is referenced. Select the Refresh button to update the status of each process.



Process Monitor - Process Detail page

**See Also**

Chapter 4, "Using Process Monitor," page 35



## Chapter 10

# Managing PeopleSoft Process Scheduler

This chapter provides an overview of managing PeopleSoft Process Scheduler and discusses how to:

- Use Oracle Tuxedo software.
- Use the PSADMIN utility to configure PeopleSoft Process Scheduler Tuxedo servers.
- Configure the Analytic Calculation Engine (ACE) and Analytic Engine in the Process Scheduler domain.
- Grant PeopleSoft Process Scheduler administrative rights.
- Use PSADMIN with PeopleSoft Process Scheduler.

---

## Understanding the Management of PeopleSoft Process Scheduler

PeopleSoft Process Scheduler with Microsoft Windows or UNIX operating system is always started by means of Oracle Tuxedo software.

The following table lists Oracle Tuxedo servers that are available with PeopleSoft Process Scheduler. Some servers are optional. Ones that are required are started using the PSADMIN utility's Quick-configure menu.

<i><b>Server Name</b></i>	<i><b>Description</b></i>	<i><b>Optional</b></i>	<i><b>Number of Instances</b></i>
PSPRCSRV	PeopleSoft Process Scheduler Server Agent.	No	1
PSDSTSRV	Distribution Agent.	No	1
PSAESRV	Application Engine Server.	Yes	3
PSANALYTICSRV	Analytic Server	Yes	1
PSMSTPRC	Master Scheduler Server.	Yes	1
PSMONITORSRV	Performance Monitor.	No	1

---

**Note.** OS390 is the only platform on which PeopleSoft Process Scheduler servers are initiated outside of Oracle Tuxedo.

---

See [Appendix D, "Using the PSADMIN Utility," page 231](#).

### ***Servers in OS390***

The servers that are listed as optional in the preceding table are not available in the OS390 UNIX System Services (USS). These servers require specific functionality in the Oracle Tuxedo software, which is not ported in USS. For this operating system, the PeopleSoft Process Scheduler Server (PSPRCSRV) and Distribution Agent (PSDSTSRV) are the only servers that are booted when you start PeopleSoft Process Scheduler.

When the PeopleSoft Process Scheduler Server initiates an Application Engine program in OS390, it initiates the program using the executable \$PS\_HOME/bin/psae.

---

**Note.** PSAE is the same executable that is used in PeopleSoft releases before 8.4.

---

### ***Server Logging System***

Each of the Process Scheduler Tuxedo servers generates a separate log file.

See [Appendix D, "Using the PSADMIN Utility," page 231](#).

---

## **Using Oracle Tuxedo Software**

This section discusses how to:

- Change a local system account to a network account.
- Create a Tuxedo configuration file (PSTUXCFG).

### **Changing a Local System Account to a Network Account**

When Oracle Tuxedo software is installed, the BEA ProcMGR Windows service is set up by default to be started by a local system account—a user account that does not have access to the Windows network. The service must be started by a network account if PeopleSoft Process Scheduler (or processes initiated through Process Scheduler):

- Uses a network printer.
- Accesses files from a network drive.
- Uses Microsoft Windows utilities, such as XCopy, that may access universal naming convention (UNC) paths.

To change an account to a network account:

1. Select Start, Settings, Control Panel.

2. Double-click Services.

The Services dialog box appears.

3. Select *BEA ProcMGR* service.
4. Select *Stop* to stop the current BEA ProcMGR process.
5. Select *Yes* to change of status message.
6. Select *Startup* to modify settings.

The BEA ProcMGR Service dialog box appears.

7. Select the Log On As This Account option.
8. Enter the domain and machine name in the This Account field.

---

**Note.** When configuring the TUXEDO server, the user ID that is designated to be the Application Server Administrator must have read and write permissions to the PeopleSoft file directory and read permission to the %TUXDIR% directory, such as c:\tuxedo.

---

9. Enter the machine password in the Password and Confirm Password fields.
10. Click OK.
11. Click Start.

A message in the Services dialog box indicates the Started status.

12. Click Close to return to the Control Panel.

### **See Also**

*PeopleTools 8.51 Installation Guide for your database platform.*

## **Creating the Tuxedo Configuration File (PSTUXCFG)**

The Tuxedo configuration file (PSTUXCFG) is created in the PS\_CFG\_HOME\appserv\prcs\<Database Name> directory when you use the PSADMIN utility to:

- Perform a quick-configure and load the configuration by selecting option 4 in the Quick-Configure menu.
- Select the Configure Process Scheduler Server option from the Process Scheduler Administration menu of the PSADMIN utility.

See *PeopleTools 8.51 PeopleBook: System and Server Administration*, "Working with Server Domain Configurations," Understanding PS\_HOME and PS\_CFG\_HOME.

You can detect a new PSTUXCFG file when you see the message: *Configuration file successfully created. Loading new configuration.*

If changes were made to any of the following parameters in the PeopleSoft Process Scheduler configuration file, Oracle Tuxedo does not recognize the changes until a new Tuxedo configuration file is rebuilt. You can rebuild the PSTUXCFG file by selecting the Configure Process Scheduler Server option. The last task of this option is to rebuild the PSTUXCFG file.

- StartUp
- Process Scheduler
- Tuxedo Settings
- PSTools
- PSAESRV
- PSDSTSRV
- CacheSettings

To go directly to the last task after selecting the Configure Process Scheduler server option, enter *n* at the Do you want to change any config values (y/n) prompt. The following prompts appear to rebuild the PSTUXCFG file:

- Do you want to change any config values (y/n)? [n]:
- Do you want the Application Engines configured (y/n)? [y]:
- Do you want the Master Scheduler configured (y/n)? [n]:
- Configuration file successfully created.

### **Add To Path**

The Add To Path parameter in the Tuxedo Settings section of the PeopleSoft Process Scheduler configuration file is set with all of the libraries that are needed to run the executables that are delivered with PeopleSoft. If you plan to run processes using software that is not supplied by PeopleSoft, include all of the directory paths that are needed to run the process through PeopleSoft Process Scheduler successfully. Recreate the Tuxedo configuration as noted previously.

You can verify the current library path that is included in the appropriate environment variable by browsing the contents of the PSPRCSRV.ENV file.

---

**Note.** If you experience any printing problem in the UNIX environment, be sure to enter a full path in the Add To Path parameter in the Process Scheduler configuration file. For example, you may enter  
`/bin:/usr/bin`

---

---

## **Using the PSADMIN Utility to Configure Process Scheduler Tuxedo Servers**

All of the PeopleSoft Process Scheduler server configuration information for a specific database is contained in the PSPRCS.CFG configuration file, and the PSADMIN utility provides an interface for editing the PSPRCS.CFG file.

This section discusses how to set parameters for the:

- Distribution Agent (PSDSTSRV).
- Application Engine Server (PSAESRV).
- Master Scheduler Server (PSMSTPRCS).

The PeopleSoft system automatically archives the Process Scheduler configuration file whenever it is changed. The older version is archived as PSMSTPRCS\_<Time Stamp>.CFG and the current version becomes psmstprcs.cfg. The archive directory path is <PS\_CFG\_HOME>\Appserv\<database>\Archive\, for example, C:\Documents and Settings\admin\psft\pt\8.50\Appserv\fin50\Archive\

## Setting Parameters for the Distribution Agent

The Distribution Agent posts reports and system log files to the Report Repository. When the PSMSTPRCS server detects that a process has finished, it sends the PostReport Oracle Tuxedo service request to the Distribution Agent to initiate the transfer of the report.

<i>Parameter</i>	<i>Description</i>
Max Instances (maximum instances)	Indicates the maximum number of Distribution Agents (PSDSTSRV) that can be started within Oracle Tuxedo. The default value is 2.
Min Instances (minimum instances)	Indicates the minimum number of Distribution Agents (PSDSTSRV) that can be started within Oracle Tuxedo. The default value is 1.
Recycle Count	Indicates the number of services after which PSDSTSRV automatically restarts. If this is set to 0 (default), PSDSTSRV is never recycled.
Allowed Consec Service Failures (allowed consecutive service failures)	Indicates the number of consecutive service failures after which PSDSTSRV automatically restarts. If this is set to 0 (default), PSDSTSRV is never recycled.

## Setting Parameters for the Application Engine Server

This server is responsible for running requests with a process type of Application Engine.

<i><b>Parameter</b></i>	<i><b>Description</b></i>
Max Instances	Indicates the maximum concurrency set for process types with a generic process type of Application Engine, as defined on the Server Definition page in Process Scheduler Manager.
Recycle Count	Indicates the number of services after which PSAESRV automatically restarts. If this is set to 0 (default), PSAESRV is never recycled.
Allowed Consec Service Failures	Indicates the number of consecutive service failures after which PSAESRV automatically restarts. If this is set to 0 (default), PSAESRV is never recycled.
ScheduledQuery - DirtyRead	<p>This parameter only applies to DB2. Indicates if dirty reads are enabled. Setting this to 1 enables the application server to read uncommitted data from a table.</p> <p>If this is set to 0 (default), dirty reads are disabled.</p>

### ***PSAESRV Max Instance and Application Engine Max Concurrent***

By default, three instances of the PSAESRV are booted in PeopleSoft Process Scheduler to allow the maximum concurrent processes, as specified in the server definition. If this server is intended to increase or decrease the maximum concurrent for PeopleSoft Application Engine, you must change Max Instances in the PSAESRV section of the process configuration file to match the Max Concurrent value for PeopleSoft Application Engine. PeopleSoft Process Scheduler schedules the maximum concurrent processes for PeopleSoft Application Engine based only on the minimum number from both values.

---

**Note.** Because PSAESRV runs both of the Application Engine and Optimization Engine processes, you must include the Max Concurrent for the Application Engine and Analytic Engine process type when you configure the number of PSAESRV tuxedo processes in the domain.

---

Select PeopleTools, Process Scheduler, Servers to access the Server Definition page.

Server Definition

Distribution

Operation

Notification

Daemon

**Server Name:** PSNT

**Description:** NT Server Agent

**\*Sleep Time:** 15 Seconds
 **CPU Utilization Threshold:** %

**\*Heartbeat:** 60 Seconds
 **Memory Utilization Threshold:** %

**Max API Aware:** 5 Concurrent Tasks
 **Server Load Balancing Option:** Use for Load Balancing

**\*Operating System:** Windows
 **Redistribute Workload Option:** Redistribute to any O/S

Note: To disable a process category on this server, set the max. concurrent to 0.

Process Categories run on this Server		
Process Category	Priority	Max Concurrent
Default	Medium	5
GL	Medium	5
LOADCACHE	Medium	0
Manufacture	Medium	5
QEHIGH	Medium	5
QELow	Medium	5
QEMEDIUM	Medium	5
QEZEROMAX	Medium	5

Process Types run on this Server				
*Process Type	*Priority	*Max Concurrent		
Application Engine	Medium	3	+	-
COBOL SQL	Medium	3	+	-
Crw Online	Medium	3	+	-
Crystal	Medium	3	+	-
Cube Builder	Medium	3	+	-
Data Mover	Medium	3	+	-
Essbase Cube Builder	Medium	3	+	-

Server Definition page

### PSAE Versus PSAESRV

You should use PSAESRV because it delivers improved system performance.

If PeopleSoft Process Scheduler was set to not start any instance of PSAESRV in Microsoft Windows or UNIX, but the server definition corresponding to this server allows you to run PeopleSoft Application Engine, then Process Scheduler initiates an Application Engine program using the \$PS\_HOME\bin\psae executable.

---

**Note.** This functionality is similar to how PeopleSoft Process Scheduler initiates PeopleSoft Application Engine in OS390.

---

## Setting Parameters for the Master Scheduler Server

Master Scheduler is an optional server that enables you to distribute workload across multiple Process Schedulers. However, in certain conditions, a Master Scheduler is required.

---

**Note.** You should always use a Master Scheduler.

---

### See Also

[Chapter 11, "Managing PeopleSoft Master Scheduler Servers," page 191](#)

---

## Configuring the Analytic Calculation Engine and Analytic Engine in the Process Scheduler Domain

Unlike the Application Server domain that requires you to configure the Analytic Server, you do not need to configure the Analytic Server in the Process Scheduler domain. Because the Analytic Calculation Engine (ACE) and the Analytic Engine are built in the Analytic Server, all Application Engine jobs that are launched by Process Scheduler are run in PSAESRV or on the command line: psae. Consequently, PSAESRV and psae load the analytic instances directly into their own process rather than sending the analytic instances to the Analytic Engine.

See *Enterprise PeopleTools 8.51 PeopleBook: Analytic Calculation Engine*, "Managing Analytic Servers."

---

## Granting PeopleSoft Process Scheduler Administrative Rights

Personnel who are responsible for administering a PeopleSoft Process Scheduler Server require administrative rights that are granted through PeopleSoft Security.

<b>Administrative Rights</b>	<b>Description</b>
Update all PeopleSoft Process Scheduler definition tables and monitor all process requests on the Process Monitor page.	Grant the <i>ProcessSchedulerAdmin</i> role.  See <a href="#">Appendix C, "Setting Up PeopleSoft Process Scheduler Security," Granting a PeopleSoft Process Scheduler System Administration Role, page 228.</a>



<b>Administrative Rights</b>	<b>Description</b>
Authorize users to view reports in the Report Manager.	Grant either the <i>ReportDistAdmin</i> or <i>ReportSuperUser</i> role.  See <a href="#">Chapter 5, "Using Report Manager," Granting Report Manager Administrative Roles, page 56.</a>
Start the PeopleSoft Process Scheduler Server.	Authorize to have the <i>Can Start Application Server</i> rights in the permission list and grant the <i>ProcessSchedulerAdmin</i> role.  See <i>PeopleTools 8.51 PeopleBook: Security Administration</i> , "Setting Up Permission Lists," Setting General Permissions.  See <a href="#">Appendix C, "Setting Up PeopleSoft Process Scheduler Security," Granting a PeopleSoft Process Scheduler System Administration Role, page 228.</a>

## Using PSADMIN with PeopleSoft Process Scheduler

This section discusses how to use PSADMIN from the command line.

**Note.** This section does not discuss how to configure, start, and stop PeopleSoft Process Scheduler.

See *PeopleTools 8.51 Installation Guide for your database platform*.

In addition to the instructions in the Installation and Administration manual about how to administer PeopleSoft Process Scheduler through PSADMIN in interactive mode, this table lists the options PSADMIN provides for the following tasks:

<b>Task</b>	<b>PSADMIN Parameter</b>
Start a PeopleSoft Process Scheduler.	-p start -d <database name>
Stop a PeopleSoft Process Scheduler.	-p stop -d <database name>
Configure a PeopleSoft Process Scheduler.	-p configure -d <database name>
Show the status of a PeopleSoft Process Scheduler.	-p status -d <database name>
Create a new PeopleSoft Process Scheduler.	-p create -d database -t <template> -ps <ps set>

<ps\_set> specifies startup settings having the following format:

DBNAME/DBTYPE/PRCSSERVER/OPR\_ID/OPR\_PSWD/CNCT\_ID/CNCT\_PSWD/SERV\_NAME/LOG  
OUTDIR/SQRBIN/ADD\_TO\_PATH/CRYSTALBIN/DBBIN/(NO)ENCRYPT

For example:

```
psadmin -p create -d PSHRDB1 -t windows -ps PSHRDB1/MICROSFT/PSNT/  
PS/PS/people/people/_____/c:\psft  
app\log_output"/c:\psfthr\bin\sqr\MSS\binw/c:\WINNT\SYSTEM32"C:\Program  
Files\BusinessObjects\BusinessObjects Enterprise 12.0\win32_x86"/c:\apps\db\mssql\bin/ENCRYPT
```

### **Show Status of a Process Scheduler Server**

The Show Status of a Process Scheduler Server option includes the following Distribution Agent queue information:

<b>Column Name</b>	<b>Description</b>
Program Name	Name of the distribution agent program. (PSDSTSRV.EXE)
Queue Name	The queue name. (DSTQ)
# Serve	Number of server instances.
# Queued	Number of report requests queued.
Ave Len	Average length of the queue.
Machine Name	Name of the machine where the Distribution Agent is located.

### **See Also**

[Appendix D, "Using the PSADMIN Utility," page 231](#)

## Chapter 11

# Managing PeopleSoft Master Scheduler Servers

This chapter provides an overview of PeopleSoft Master Scheduler functions and discusses:

- Circumstances in which a Master Scheduler is required.
- How to use multiple Master Schedulers.
- Master Scheduler request prioritization.
- How to manage workload across servers.

---

## Understanding PeopleSoft Master Scheduler Functions

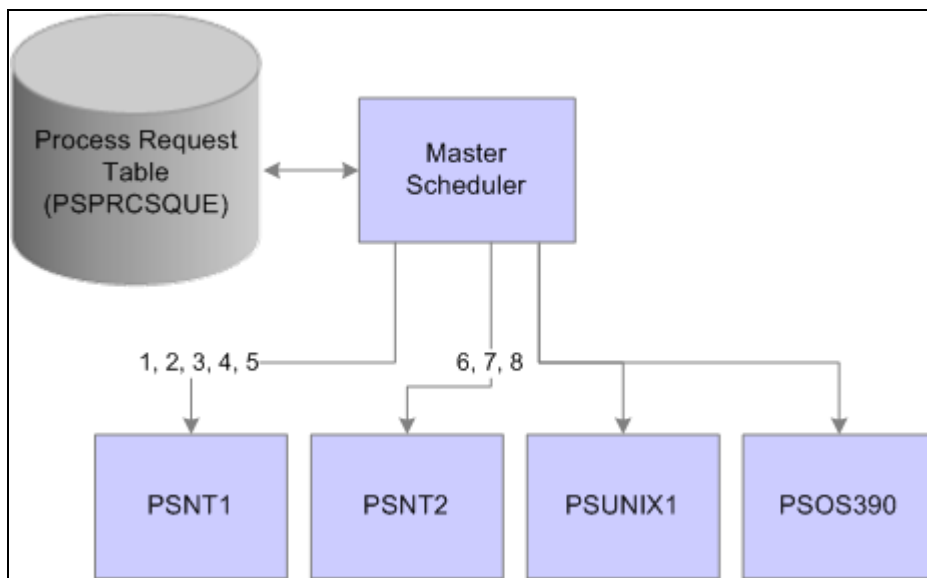
A Master Scheduler enables load balancing of workload by automatically routing requests to available Process Scheduler servers, which ensures that you maintain optimal processing at all times. This feature also offers fault tolerance in your batch environment. In the event of a server failure, a Master Scheduler can redistribute queued requests among the remaining active Process Scheduler servers. In addition, an active Master Scheduler manages and controls all Process Scheduler server domains that are on the same PeopleSoft database. It enforces all of the rules that are specified in either the process or job definitions, and monitors the running of all processes. It becomes the centralized control as it checks the Process Request table looking for any queued requests to run, and then dispatches them to an appropriate available Process Scheduler server.

A Master Scheduler can be activated in any of the Process Scheduler servers in Microsoft Windows and UNIX. This option is enabled by default when you are configuring a new Process Scheduler server in Windows and UNIX. However, this option is not available in the IBM UNIX System Services (USS). For DB2/OS390 customers who intend to start a Process Scheduler in USS and want to take advantage of this feature, a Process Scheduler server domain must be set up in either a Microsoft Windows or supported UNIX operating system other than USS.

### ***Disadvantages of Using Multiple Process Schedulers with No Master Scheduler***

When a Master Scheduler is not used, each Process Scheduler server that is brought up is responsible for managing its own workload by querying the Process Request table. This can be problematic when multiple Process Scheduler servers are booted for the same database. Each server attempts to schedule requests that are specified to run either on this specific server or any server. If any request is set to run on any server, more than one server may attempt to schedule the same request. To resolve this, specify a specific server through the Process Request page. However, this becomes disadvantageous if the specified server goes down because the request remains queued until the Process Scheduler server is brought up again.

One other disadvantage of bringing up multiple Process Scheduler servers without using a Master Scheduler is the uneven balance of workload across all servers. PeopleSoft Process Scheduler is constrained to have new requests scheduled with no server name to be picked up only by servers that are running in the operating system that is specified as the *Primary Operating System* on the System Settings page. This diagram illustrates this option:



Example of Master Scheduler setup using the Primary Operating System option

In this specific setup, multiple servers are brought up in Microsoft Windows (PSNT1 and PSNT2), UNIX(PSUNIX), and OS390 (PSOS390), where Windows is the designated primary operating system. Assuming that all new requests were scheduled with a blank server name, then only PSNT1 and PSNT2 are qualified to pick up these requests. The PSUNIX or PSOS390 will be used only when requests are scheduled with the name of the intended Process Scheduler server. Also, you can see a scenario in which PSNT1 will pick up most of the requests, leaving PSNT2 under utilized.

The Master Scheduler resolves this problem by becoming the central point for querying the Process Request table. When a Master Scheduler is available, all active PeopleSoft Process Scheduler Servers switch into a remote server mode. Master Scheduler registers and monitors any active remote servers. After the active Master Scheduler prioritizes all new queued requests, it checks all available servers to decide which remote server is the most appropriate for running a particular request at run time. It attempts to evenly load balance workload across all available servers, enabling the most effective use of overall computing resources.

## Circumstances in Which a Master Scheduler Is Required

The Master Scheduler is an optional server that enables you to distribute workload across multiple Process Schedulers. However, this table shows specific circumstances that mandate having an active Master Scheduler available:

<b>Condition</b>	<b>Reason</b>
Schedule PSJobs containing processes that need to run in different operating systems.	This instance is particular to database platforms that allow having Process Scheduler servers booted in multiple operating systems.  When the Primary Operating System is set to UNIX or OS390, Process Scheduler will attempt to assign all processes within a PSJob to Process Schedulers with this operating system. However, certain processes can run exclusively from Windows for example, any Crystal or PS/nVision processes. Master Scheduler is required to redirect the PSJob item to PeopleSoft Process Scheduler on Windows.
Active Schedule JobSets are defined.	Only a Master Scheduler can schedule any active Schedule JobSets. The Master Scheduler is also responsible for scheduling any recurring Schedule JobSets.
Impose <i>system constraints</i> , as defined in process or job definitions.	A process or job can now be defined with either Mutually Exclusive Processes or Max Concurrent values. These system constraints will be imposed only if a Master Scheduler is active.
The System Load Balancing Option is set to <i>Assign To Server In Any O/S</i> .	When a machine goes down, Master Scheduler can transfer queued requests that are assigned to the PeopleSoft Process Scheduler Server on a non-functioning machine to a PeopleSoft Process Scheduler Server that is started on another machine.
Purge process requests and reports.	A Master Scheduler must be running for the purge process to run.

**See Also**

[Chapter 9, "Defining Jobs and JobSets," Creating Scheduled JobSet Definitions, page 173](#)

[Chapter 9, "Defining Jobs and JobSets," Defining Jobs, page 165](#)

[Chapter 6, "Defining PeopleSoft Process Scheduler Support Information," Setting Process Definition Options, page 111](#)

---

## How to Use Multiple Master Schedulers

Each Process Scheduler domain on Windows or UNIX (except for USS) can be set up to have a Master Scheduler started. However, only one Master Scheduler is active to control the workload at any time. The other Master Schedulers remain in a state of idle. If the active Master Scheduler goes down, then one of the idle Master Scheduler servers take control. If a Master Scheduler is not available, then the PSPRCSRV servers, currently in remote server mode, switch back to standalone mode and query the Process Request table to find work.

The Process Monitor component identifies the Process Scheduler server where the Master Scheduler is active. From the Server List tab, where the list of active Process Scheduler servers are displayed, the Master column indicates whether a Master Scheduler is active in any of the servers.

**See Also**

Chapter 4, "Using Process Monitor," Viewing the Server List, page 48

---

## Master Scheduler Request Prioritization

When Master Scheduler tallies all new queued requests, it attempts to prioritize all incoming requests before checking all registered active servers to find the appropriate server. A set of rules were implemented to help the Master Scheduler prioritize the accumulated queued requests that are found in the Process Request table. All requests are sorted based on these conditions:

1. Restartable or recovery process.

Any process that is set in the process definition as restartable with a non-zero retry count that failed in previous attempts and currently has a run status of *Restart* is given a higher priority and will be on top of the priority list. Similarly, a process that is automatically scheduled by PeopleSoft Process Scheduler as a recovery process for a failed request is also placed on top of the priority list.

2. Processes contained in active PSJobs.

The Master Scheduler monitors all active PSJobs that have processes that are currently initiated in one or more Process Scheduler (remote) servers. When the Master Scheduler detects that available slots are available to assign requests to a remote server and prepares to evaluate all queued requests, it initiates processes within these active PSJobs prior to querying the Process Request table for new queued requests.

### 3. Accumulated priority value.

Each request is given an overall priority value based on the different priority options that are available in the system. Master Scheduler calculates the overall priority based on the order of importance of this priority, and ranks the request accordingly. However, each server definition may be configured with different priority options, and therefore may result in the same request ranking high in one server while it is positioned at the bottom of the list in another.

For example, an SQR report has a process category of Financials. This category has a priority of *High* in the PSNT server definition, while the same category has a priority of *Low* in the PSNT2 server definition. In this situation, the SQR report will likely be assigned to the PSNT server.

The overall priority will be calculated based on this order of importance of all these priority options that can be assigned to a request:

- a. *Process Category Priority*: The system will assign the priority value of the process category that is specified in the server definition to the request. If a process belongs in a PSJob, then all processes in this PSJob will be assigned the process category of the PSJob. In the case of a complex PSJob in which a PSJob is embedded within another PSJob, then all the processes will be assigned the process category of the main PSJob.
- b. *Process/Job Priority*: This is the priority as defined in either the process or job definition. Similar to the process category, all processes within a PSJob will have the priority of the main PSJob.
- c. *Process Type Priority*: This is the priority that is specified in the server definition for each process type it can process. In the case of PSJob, the process within a PSJob will have the priority based on its own process type.

### 4. Run date and time.

In the event of two or more requests having the same calculated priority based on all the criteria noted above, the request with an earlier run date and time will be scheduled first by the Master Scheduler.

---

## How to Manage Workload Across Available Servers

This section lists the parameters that are used to control how workload is managed across available servers:

<b>Parameter</b>	<b>Modified In</b>	<b>Options</b>
Primary Operating System	System Settings	Windows (default). UNIX. OS390.
Load Balancing Option	System Settings	Assign to Primary O/S Only (default). Assign to Server in Any O/S.
Server Load Balancing Option	Server Definition	Use for Load Balancing (default). Do Not Use for Load Balancing.

<b>Parameter</b>	<b>Modified In</b>	<b>Options</b>
Redistribute Option	Server Definition	Redistribute to any O/S (default). Redistribute with same O/S. Do Not Redistribute.
Max API Aware	Server Definition	Numeric value (default = 5).
Process Category Max Concurrent	Server Definition	Numeric value not exceeding the Max API Aware.
Process Type Max Concurrent	Server Definition	Numeric value not exceeding the Max API Aware.
Server Status	NA	NA

### ***Primary Operating System Option***

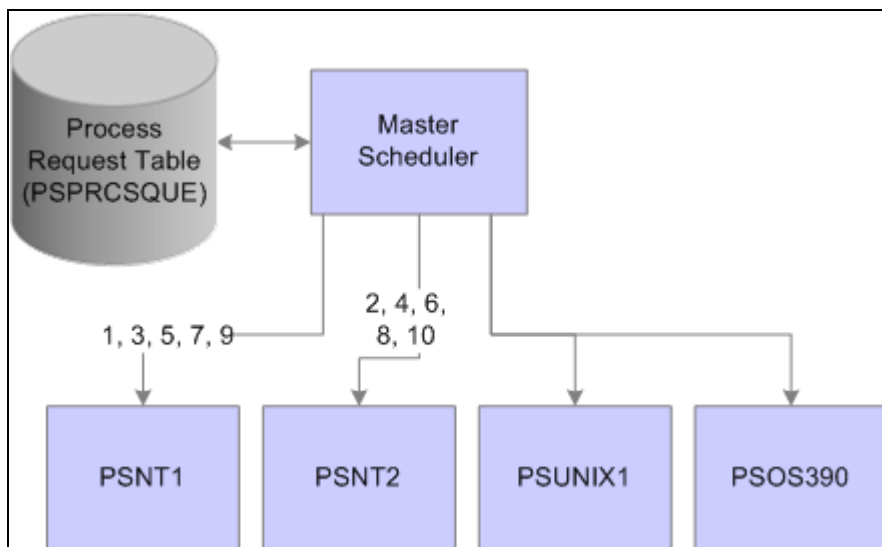
The operating system that is specified in the Primary Operating System field in the System Settings component is the default operating system that is assigned to all new queued requests with a blank server name specified. If the system detects that the process in the request cannot be run in the default operating system based on the process type definition, then the system assigns the request with the operating system that is found in the process type definition.

### ***Load Balancing Options***

The Load Balancing Option affects how Master Scheduler performs the round-robin assignment for all available remote servers in attempting to load balance the workload. When the option *Assign to Primary O/S Only* is selected, Master Scheduler performs a round robin only to all remote servers that are booted in the primary O/S.

The pattern for how Master Scheduler assigns requests to available servers with this option is illustrated in this diagram.



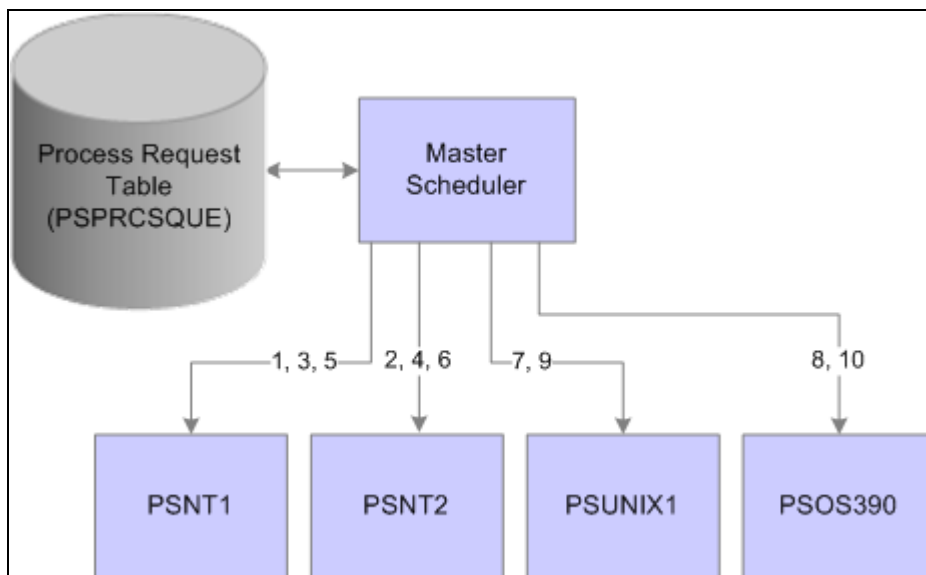


Example of Master Scheduler setup using the Load Balancing - Assign to Primary O/S Only option

In this case, the Primary Operating System is Microsoft Windows. This is the operating system in which both PSNT1 and PSNT2 are initiated. When Master Scheduler finds new queued requests with blank server names, the workload is evenly distributed between the two Windows Process Scheduler servers only. Although PSUNIX1 and PSOS390 are available, no requests are assigned to these servers. The remote servers PSUNIX1 and PSOS390 are assigned only with new requests that are scheduled with this specific server name.

If the option is set to *Assign To Server In Any O/S*, Master Scheduler attempts to load balance workload to all active servers. At first, it tries to distribute work to servers residing in the primary operating systems. When it has reached the server definition limitations, it attempts to route work to the remaining active servers. For example, Master Scheduler will round robin the prioritized lists to both PSNT1 and PSNT2, as these servers are booted in the primary operating system. Assuming the Max API Aware for both PSNT1 and PSNT2 is three, then the first six process requests will be distributed between PSNT1 and PSNT2, and the remaining requests will be distributed to PSUNIX1 and PSOS390.

The pattern for how Master Scheduler assigns requests to available servers with this option is illustrated in this diagram:



Example of Master Scheduler setup using the Load Balancing - Assign To Server In Any O/S option

### Server Load Balancing Options

The Server Load Balancing Options field of the server definition indicates whether the server can be used for routing new requests with blank server names. Select the *Use For Load Balancing* option if this server can be assigned requests with no specific server name specified. If this server is intended to be used only if new process requests are scheduled with this server's name, set this server with the *Do Not Use For Load Balancing* option.

### Redistribute Option

The Redistribute Option field of the server definition directs the Master Scheduler to a course of action in the event that a server is shut down or encounters a software or hardware failure. If Master Scheduler finds new queued process requests with the server's name identifier and detects that the server is currently unable to process any requests, one of the following three options can be selected:

- *Redistribute to any O/S*: Master Scheduler attempts to redistribute requests with the server's name into any available active Process Scheduler server.
- *Redistribute with same O/S*: Master Scheduler attempts to reroute requests only to another Process Scheduler that is booted in the same operating system as this server.
- *Do Not Redistribute*: Master scheduler does not attempt to reroute any requests with the server's name identifier. In this case, requests remain queued until the server is booted up.

### Max API Aware and Max Concurrent Options

Master Scheduler periodically monitors the current workload of all active Process Scheduler servers. It ensures that when you are performing a round robin assignment, it does not exceed any of the following limitations that are specified in the server definition:

- *Max API Aware*: Indicates the total number of tasks that a Process Scheduler can initiate concurrently.

- **Process Category Max Concurrent:** Indicates the upper limitation of how many processes with the same process category can be initiated concurrently.

---

**Note.** The number that is assigned to this field cannot exceed the value that is specified in the Max API Aware field.

---

- **Process Type Max Concurrent:** Similar to the Process Category Max Concurrent field, this value indicates the limit based on the process type of the request.

### **Server Status**

Master Scheduler routes work only to Process Scheduler servers with a server status of *Running*. If a server has a status of *Suspended*, *Overload*, or *Down*, Master Scheduler defers routing work to the server until the status is changed back to *Running*. Master Scheduler evaluates the appropriate action for process requests that are assigned to the server based on the Redistribute Option setting.

### **See Also**

Chapter 6, "Defining PeopleSoft Process Scheduler Support Information," Defining System Settings, page 76

Chapter 8, "Setting Server Definitions," page 147



## Appendix A

# Using Process Request APIs

This appendix provides an overview of process request application programming interfaces (APIs) and discusses how to:

- Use the COBOL API (PTPUSTAT).
- Use the Structured Query Reports (SQR) API (PRCSAPI).
- Schedule processes from outside of the PeopleSoft system.
- Schedule requests from an Application Engine program.
- Use the PeopleCode ProcessRequest class.

---

## Understanding Process Request APIs

PeopleSoft Process Scheduler requires that all API-aware process requests (such as COBOL programs, SQR reports, and Crystal reports) communicate with Process Scheduler and Process Monitor by properly integrating calls to the provided API modules. This informs Process Monitor about the current status of a request when the PeopleSoft Process Scheduler client or PeopleSoft Process Scheduler Server Agent initiates it.

This section discusses:

- Process request APIs.
- Run status updates.
- API-aware versus API-unaware tasks.

## Process Request APIs

PeopleTools provides two standard APIs for PeopleSoft Process Scheduler:

- COBOL API to support COBOL processes.
- Structured Query Report (SQR) API to support SQR processes.

The API interfaces for COBOL and SQR enable the process request to update:

- Run status
- Completion code

- Message set
- Message number

These API interfaces also enable you to pass up to five free-form parameters, which you can use with MsgGet (Message Get) and MsgGetText (Message Get Text) PeopleCode to display messages while the process is running.

To ensure that the request is physically updated, the API-aware process must perform the API call just before it commits processing.

---

**Note.** Because Application Engine, Crystal, and nVision requests are managed through an internal API, they are already API-aware and do not require API interface calls.

---

The following table shows the PeopleTools-based APIs that are provided, including the module name for referencing how to implement the API.

<i>Generic Process Type</i>	<i>API module</i>	<i>Reference</i>
COBOL	PTPUSTAT.CBL	PTPTEDIT.CBL
SQR	PRCSAPI.SQC	XRFWIN.SQR
Crystal	PSCRRUN.CPP	NA
Workflow	PSDBA.CPP	NA
Application Engine	PSAE.CPP	NA

Application development teams that are working with PeopleSoft applications should ensure that:

- The preceding APIs are properly included in the batch program code.
- Normal program exits are coded to manage API run status updates, for example, *Success*.
- Program exceptions are trapped and the run status is updated correctly before program termination, for example, *No Success* or *Error*.

## Run Status Updates

If a process that updates the database reaches an exception that requires abnormal termination and rollback of prior updates, your code should:

1. Perform the rollback.
2. Use the API to update the run status to *No Success*.
3. Commit this update, and then terminate.

---

**Note.** Indicate that a process is API-aware when you create the process definition.

---

PeopleSoft Process Scheduler Server Agent updates all requested tasks that are selected from Queued status to Initiated status before submitting the request to run. If the requested task fails before loading successfully—as can be the case with SQR, which must compile successfully before running—the run status remains Initiated and must be reset to Cancel through Process Monitor.

Tasks that terminate for any reason, leaving the run status of Initiated or Processing, automatically have their status reset by the PeopleSoft Process Scheduler Server Agent to Error. Because the PeopleSoft Process Scheduler Server Agent performs this function, it must be actively polling for requests.

## API-Aware Versus API-Unaware Tasks

You need to understand the differences between API-aware and API-unaware processes.

### ***API-Aware***

An API-aware process is a process that properly updates its process status through the type-specific API that is provided, such as COBOL or Crystal. The application process has the responsibility of updating the Process Request table (PSPRCRQST) with status information.

As the processes within a job must notify the server of the run status when they finish, the processes in the job definitions must be API-aware. This is how the system decides to continue with the next job process.

### ***API-Unaware***

API-unaware processes are programs that have no defined program interface to PeopleSoft Process Scheduler, such as CLOCK.EXE or WINWORD.EXE. Because API-unaware processes do not have the program interface to update the Process Request table in PeopleSoft Process Scheduler, the PeopleSoft system cannot determine whether the process finished successfully. Consequently, all API-unaware processes have a run status of Success to indicate that they were started successfully.

---

**Note.** A status of Success with an API-unaware process does not necessarily indicate that the process finished successfully.

---

API-unaware processes that are logged or monitored require manual clean up. That is, you must manually cancel or delete initiated requests that have failed.

If the API-aware option is selected for any process that is not API-aware, PeopleSoft Process Scheduler includes this process in the concurrent task count. This can result in improper server load balancing.

Setting this field for custom processes is not sufficient. You must include the code in your process to update the Process Request table to the appropriate run status.

---

## Using the COBOL API (PTPUSTAT)

This section contains the information that you need in order to incorporate the COBOL API into your PeopleSoft Process Scheduler development.

This section discusses how to:

- Use COBOL requests.
- Use the Process Scheduler Update COBOL API (PTPUSTAT).

## Using COBOL Requests

All variables in the copy member PTCUSTAT.CBL should be set (or to be supplied by default, if appropriate) by the application COBOL program before any call to PTPUSTAT. The only exception is PRUNSTATUS-RC, which is set by PTPUSTAT to reflect the success of your call.

Set CONTINUE-JOB-YES to TRUE if a process is part of a job definition and you want the next process request to run despite the run status that is set by the current request. Normally, subsequent job requests are selected to run only if the prior request finishes with a status of Successful.

---

**Note.** All Crystal and Workflow processes have internal APIs that do not require specific hooks from application modules. See the PeopleTools-based source member PTPEDIT.CBL for an example of how to enable COBOL-based members to interact with PTPUSTAT.

---

## Using the Process Scheduler Update COBOL API (PTPUSTAT)

Application programs that are written in COBOL can update selected process request fields at runtime using an API that is provided by PeopleSoft. This API includes the following fields.

<i><b>COBOL Field Name</b></i>	<i><b>COBOL Picture</b></i>	<i><b>Description</b></i>
PROCESS-INSTANCE	9(8) COMP	Key of the process request record to update.
RUN-STATUS	X(1)	Values are: 7: Processing. 9: Successful. 10: Unsuccessful.
RUN-STATUS-MSGSET	9(4) COMP	Message set number.
RUN-STATUS-MSGID	9(4) COMP	Message number.
RC	9(4) COMP	Application level return code.
MESSAGE-PARM1	X(30)	First message log parameter that can be used with the PeopleCode MsgGet and MsgText functions.



<b>COBOL Field Name</b>	<b>COBOL Picture</b>	<b>Description</b>
MESSAGE-PARM2	X(30)	Second parameter that can be used with the PeopleCode MsgGet and MsgText functions.
MESSAGE-PARM3	X(30)	Third parameter that can be used with the PeopleCode MsgGet and MsgText functions.
MESSAGE-PARM4	X(30)	Fourth parameter that can be used with the PeopleCode MsgGet and MsgText functions.
MESSAGE-PARM5	X(30)	Fifth parameter that can be used with the PeopleCode MsgGet and MsgText functions.
CONTINUE-JOB	9(4) COMP	<i>1</i> : Continue job. <i>0</i> : Terminate job.

The name of the copy member that contains the COBOL API table description is PTCUSTAT.CBL. The API call to use to call the PTPUSTAT subroutine is similar to this code:

```

IF  PROCESS-INSTANCE OF SQLRT  >  ZERO
  IF  STATUS-OK OF SQLRT
    SET  RUN-STATUS-SUCCESSFUL OF PRUNSTATUS  TO  TRUE
  ELSE
    SET  RUN-STATUS-UNSUCCESSFUL OF PRUNSTATUS  TO  TRUE
  END-IF
  IF  PROCESS-INSTANCE OF PRUNSTATUS  >  ZERO
    CALL  'PTPUSTAT'  USING  SQLRT
                                PRUNSTATUS
  END-IF
  PERFORM  ZC000-COMMIT-WORK
END-IF

```

An API-aware COBOL program in PeopleSoft Process Scheduler must update the run status of a request to:

- Processing upon a successful connect.
- Successful or Error upon completion.

If this process runs as part of a multiprocess job, then the CONTINUE-JOB field can be set to *0* to prevent the next process from being initiated or *1* to initiate the next job process, regardless of the status of this request. If one process fails, you don't jeopardize the entire job. If you set CONTINUE-JOB to *1*, make sure that none of the jobs rely on a previous job's successful completion.

To determine whether a process is running as defined within a job, use:

```
IF JOB-INSTANCE OF SQLRT > 0
```

A value that is greater than zero is part of a multiprocess job. You must do a COMMIT immediately following this call so that you are not holding locks.

All PeopleSoft COBOL application programs that use SQL should be defined in the Process Definition table with the following parameters:

DbType/% % DBNAME% % /% % OPRID% % /% % OPRPSWD% % /% % RUNCNTLID% % /% % INSTANCE% %

---

**Note.** A forward slash (/) is between each of the preceding parameters. The slash is easy to overlook between the pairs of percent signs. The batch run control ID is the only data item that must be supplied by the application. A field that is named PROCESS—INSTANCE in the SQLRT data structure contains the current process instance (key to the Process Request table).

---

Each API-aware COBOL process must include copy member PTCUSTAT, and all variables that are used to initialize column data in the update to table PSPRCSRQST must be properly set before this update request.

---

## Using the SQR API (PRCSAPI)

This section contains the information that you need to incorporate the SQR API into your PeopleSoft Process Scheduler development.

This section discusses how to:

- Use SQR requests.
- Use Process Scheduler SQR API (PRCSAPI).

## Using SQR Requests

All variables that are defined in PRCSDEF.SQC should be set (or left as the default) by the application SQR program before you call Update-Process-Status (PRCSAPI.SQC).

Set #prcs\_continuejob to 1 if this process is part of a job definition and you want the next process request to run despite the run status that is set by the current request. Normally, subsequent job requests are selected to run only if the prior request finishes with a status of Successful.

---

**Note.** All Crystal and Workflow processes have internal APIs that do not require specific hooks from application modules. For SQR-based members, see XRFWIN.SQR.

---

Each API-aware SQR must include member PRCSDEF.SQC, and all PSPRCSRQST column-based variables must be properly set by application SQR code. Failure to manage these variables properly in the API can result in SQL update errors based on invalid data for the definition type.

## Using the Process Scheduler SQR API

Application programs that are written in SQR can update selected process request fields at runtime using a PeopleSoft-provided API. This is to be used for SQR reports.

**Include Files**

<b>Include File</b>	<b>Description</b>
PRCSDEF.SQC	Contains the procedure Define-Prsc-Vars. Initializes the fields that are used in the API.
PRCSAPI.SQC	Contains the procedure Get-Run-Control-Parms: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Retrieves the three parameters that are described in the following table.</li> <li>Updates the run status of the process request to Processing.</li> </ul> Contains the procedure Prsc-Run-Status. Performs the process request table update.

SQRs should be defined to accept the following parameters from the command line.

<b>Parameter</b>	<b>Description</b>
Process Instance	Required so that the SQR knows which process request to update.
User ID	Indicates the user ID key to the Run Control table.
Run Control ID	Indicates run control ID key to the Run Control table.

All SQRs use the procedure Get-Run-Control-Parms, which is defined in PRCSAPI.SQC. For example:

```

Begin-Procedure Get-Run-Control-Parms
  input $prcs_process_instance
  'Please press ENTER (Do not input a value)'
  if not isnull($prcs_process_instance)
    let #prcs_process_instance = to_number
    ($prcs_process_instance)
    input $prcs_oprid
    'Please press ENTER (Do not input a value)'
    let $prcs_oprid = upper($prcs_oprid)
    input $prcs_run_cntl_id
    'Please press ENTER (Do not input a value)'
  else
    let #prcs_process_instance = 0
  end-if
  if #prcs_process_instance > 0
    let #prcs_run_status = #prcs_run_status_processing
    do Update-Prsc-Run-Status
    let #prcs_run_status = #prcs_run_status_successful
  end-if
end-procedure

```

The three input commands correspond to the three values in the command line:

```
%%INSTANCE%% %%OPRID%% %%RUNCNTLID%%
```

When you run the SQR through SQR Windows (SQRW) and don't enter any input values, the SQR interprets this as having been run outside PeopleSoft Process Scheduler. Therefore, it prompts for other input parameters that otherwise come from Run Control tables.

An API-aware SQR program in PeopleSoft Process Scheduler must update the run status of the request to:

- *Processing* upon receiving control.
- *Success* or *No Success* upon completion.

---

**Note.** All other SQR runtime parameters should reside in a run control record that is keyed by user ID and run control ID.

---

## Scheduling Processes from Outside the PeopleSoft System

The PROCESSREQUEST component interface provides an API to create or update a process request from outside the PeopleSoft system. It returns the process instance of the process request that is created.

Successfully developing the functionality to schedule a process or job to run from outside PeopleSoft requires expertise in:

- PeopleSoft Process Scheduler definitions.
- PeopleCode.
- Component interfaces.

This section provides an overview of the component interface details and discusses how to schedule a process using a component interface in Visual Basic.

### See Also

*PeopleTools 8.51 PeopleBook: PeopleCode Developer's Guide*, "Accessing PeopleCode and Events"

*PeopleTools 8.51 PeopleBook: PeopleSoft Component Interfaces*, "Understanding Component Interfaces," Component Interface Architecture

[Appendix C, "Setting Up PeopleSoft Process Scheduler Security," Securing Passwords When Scheduling from Outside the PeopleSoft System, page 228](#)

## Understanding Component Interface Details

The following topics provide the properties and methods that are associated with the component interface that is used to schedule processes from outside of PeopleSoft.

**Component Interface Name**

ProcessRequest

**Properties**

The following properties are associated with the component interface:

- RUNCONTROLID
- PROCESSTYPE
- PROCESSNAME
- JOBNAME
- RUNLOCATION
- RUNDATE
- RUNTIME
- RUNRECURRANCE
- OUTDESTTYPE
- OUTDESTFORMAT
- OUTDEST
- RUNSTATUS
- PROCESSINSTANCE
- REQUESTTYPE

**Methods**

The following methods are associated with the component interface:

- Standard:
  - Cancel
  - Find
  - Get
  - Save
  - Update
  - GetPropertyByName
  - SetPropertyByName
  - GetPropertyInfoByName

- User-Defined:
  - Create
  - Update

## Scheduling a Process Using a Component Interface in Visual Basic

The following example shows how you might schedule a process from outside of PeopleSoft using Visual Basic.

Initializing the component interface:

```
Dim oSession As New PeopleSoft_PeopleSoft.Session
Dim oBC As ProcessRequest
oSession.Connect(1, "TCHURY072198:7000", "PTDMO", "PTDMO", 0)
'get component from server
Set oBC = oSession.GetComponent("PROCESSREQUEST")
Status = oBC.Get()
```

Creating a process request:

- Properties:
 

```
oBC.REQUESTTYPE = "Create"
oBC.RUNCONTROLID = "Test"
oBC.PROCESSTYPE = "SQR Report"
oBC.PROCESSNAME = "XRFWIN"
oBC.RUNLOCATION = "PSNT"
oBC.RUNDATE = "01/01/2000"
oBC.RUNTIME = "09:00:00"
oBC.OUTDESTTYPE = "FILE"
oBC.OUTDESTFORMAT = "SPF"
oBC.OUTDEST = "C:\temp\"
```
- Method:
 

```
ProcessInstance = oBC.Create
```

Updating a process request:

- Properties:
 

```
oBC.REQUESTTYPE = "Update"
oBC.PROCESSINSTANCE = 10
oBC.RUNSTATUS = "2"
```
- Method:
 

```
oBC.Update
```

## Scheduling Requests from an Application Engine Program

A known limitation exists when you schedule requests from an Application Engine program in which the process that is associated with the request contains in-line bind variables in the parameter list. An in-line bind variable is a field that is characterized in a parameter field like this:

```
:<Record>.<Field>
```

For example:

```
-ORIENTP :PYCYCL_STAT_VW2.PAY_CYCLE :PYCYCL_RPT_VW.BANK_CD
```

The ProcessRequest PeopleCode class resolves in-line variables in a parameter list by searching the values for these fields in the component buffer of a PeopleSoft Pure Internet Architecture page. However, this becomes a problem when ProcessRequest class is used within an Application Engine program. In an Application Engine program, concept of component buffer doesn't exist. As a repercussion, the ProcessRequest class cannot resolve any in-line bind variables that are found in a parameter list.

## Using a Component Interface to Schedule a Request

The instructions in this section describe how you can code a component interface in an Application Engine program to schedule a request using the ProcessRequest class.

### ***Creating Definitions to Submit Requests That Contain In-line Bind Variables***

To create the Component Interface to submit requests with in-line bind variables, you need to copy or reference the following Process Scheduler definitions:

<b><i>Definition Name</i></b>	<b><i>Type</i></b>	<b><i>Description</i></b>
PROCESSREQUEST	Component Interface	The Component Interface that is used to schedule a request using the ProcessRequest class.
PRCSRQSTBC	Page	The page that is associated with the component interface PROCESSREQUEST, including all the fields that are used for scheduling a request.
PRCSRQSTBC	Component	The component that is associated with the PRCSRQSTBC page.
PRCSMULTI	Component	The component that contains the sample PeopleCode that is used to schedule a request using the PROCESSREQUEST component interface.

The following steps use the definitions that are delivered with PeopleTools. Any definitions requiring modification are copied into a new definition to eliminate any problems with future PeopleTools upgrades.

1. Create a new page based on the PRCSRQSTBC page.

- a. Copy the page PRCSRQSTBC into a new definition.

When Application Designer prompts you to copy the associated PeopleCode, reply *yes*.

- b. Insert a new edit box for the field that is referenced in the Parameter List.

Select Insert, Edit box. When the cursor icon changes, click the mouse where you want to position the new field in the page. Double-click the new field to open the box to select the field for this new box. Perform this step for each field that is found in the parameter list.

- c. Save the new definition.

2. Create a new component based on the PRCSRQSTBC component.

- a. Make a copy of the component PRCSRQSTBC.

When Application Designer prompts you to copy the associated PeopleCode, reply *Yes*.

- b. Insert the new page that you created from the previous step by selecting Insert, Page Into Component from the menu.

- c. Remove the page PRCSRQSTBC from the component so that the only page that is referenced in this component is the new page.

- d. Save the component.

3. Create a new Component Interface from the Application Designer by selecting File, New.

When prompted for the new component, provide the component that was created from the previous step. Save the new component interface.

Do not close the definition of the new component interface because additional edits will be done in subsequent steps.

4. Copy the existing PeopleCode that is found in the component interface PROCESSREQUEST.

- a. From the Application Designer, open the definition for the component interface PROCESSREQUEST.

- b. In the METHODS section of the component interface, move your mouse cursor to the Create method and right-click to select the View PeopleCode option.

- c. Highlight the PeopleCode, and then right-click to select the Copy option.

- d. In the new component interface, highlight the method Create and right-click your mouse to select the View PeopleCode.

- e. Paste the PeopleCode by right-clicking your mouse and select the Paste option.

- f. Save the component interface.

After saving, you should see two additional methods, Schedule() and Update(), inserted in the METHODS section.



5. In the new component interface, add the new fields that were added in the new page from step 1.
  - a. Click the Scroll – Level 0 folder to display all the records.
  - b. Expand the record folder for the field that was added in the new page.  
  
Highlight the field with your mouse and drag the field to the PROPERTIES section of the component interface.
  - c. Perform this step for any additional fields that were added to the page.
  - d. Save the component interface definition.
6. Modify the Application Engine program to include the PeopleCode to schedule the request using the new component interface.

The PeopleCode will be copied from the sample PRCSMULTI component.

- a. Open the Component PRCSMULTI from Application Designer.
- b. View the PeopleCode that is found in RUNCNTLCOMPINTF.FieldChange.
- c. Copy the entire PeopleCode that is found in FieldChange by highlighting the PeopleCode and right-clicking your mouse to select Copy.
- d. Open the Application Engine program where the request will be scheduled.

In the step where the request will be copied, paste the PeopleCode that was copied from the PRCSMULTI component.

- e. In the pasted PeopleCode, perform the following edits:

1. Remove the DoSave() function.

This function is not allowed within an Application Engine program.

2. In the function GetCompIntfc(), replace the component interface PROCESSREQUEST with the new component interface that was created in step 2.

3. In all attributes of ProcessRequest class, modify these fields for the process request that you will schedule.

For additional information pertaining to these attributes, please refer to the discussion of ProcessRequest class found in the PeopleCode manual.

4. For the new fields that were added to the Properties of the component interface, modify the code to assign values to these fields.

This is the value that will be assigned to the parameter list.

5. Save your changes.

---

## Using the PeopleCode ProcessRequest Class

The ProcessRequest class is the primary PeopleCode construct that you use for invoking processes through PeopleSoft Process Scheduler using PeopleCode. The ProcessRequest PeopleCode can be called from a:

- Push button.
- Save page.
- Field change event.

The ProcessRequest class provides properties and a method for scheduling a process or job that you have already defined using Process Scheduler Manager.

The properties of this class contain the same values as those that appear in Process Scheduler Manager for scheduling a process or job. Values that you provide for these properties may override the equivalent values set in Process Scheduler Manager, depending on the override settings that you make in PeopleSoft Process Scheduler pages.

Developers of PeopleSoft applications can simplify certain tasks for users by scheduling processes using PeopleCode. How you use the ProcessRequest construct depends on the nature of the task. You might want to segregate processes into specific categories, for example:

- Processes that are initiated by an action, such as calculations.

Selecting a check box or clicking a button might call this PeopleCode.

- Reports that are associated with a function or set of tasks.

A Print button might call this PeopleCode.

The ProcessRequest PeopleCode validates user input and writes a row to the Process Request table, providing the system with the information to run the process automatically, without user interaction. The Process Request table acts as the queue that the PeopleSoft Process Scheduler Server Agent uses to determine what jobs must be run and when.

---

**Note.** The PeopleSoft-delivered ProcessRequest PeopleCode can be used only for processes that do not pass in extra parameters. This means that reports that require extra parameters can be run only from the Run Control page.

---

You can schedule processes or jobs (groups of one or more processes) to run immediately or in the future. Recurring processes and jobs can be scheduled to run automatically at specific, user-defined intervals.

---

**Note.** The *Window* output type is not available if the user does not have REN server *Report Window* permission or if no active REN server cluster is available for reporting. The process would run using the *Web* output type and the following message would appear:

*You do not have the permission required to run window option.*

---

## Appendix B

# Understanding Logging Systems

This appendix discusses:

- Log and output directory.
- Logging system for PeopleSoft Process Scheduler Server.
- Logging system for Distribution Agent.

---

## Log and Output Directory

Specify the Log/Output Directory variable in the configuration file to set a common log and output directory. The default is:

Log/Output Directory=%PS\_SERVDIR%\log\_output

For each process request, a subdirectory is created in the log and output directory. The naming convention that is used for the subdirectory is:

<Process ID>\_<Program Name>\_<Process Instance>

The assigned process ID is based on the process request's process type.

<i>Process Type</i>	<i>Process ID</i>
COBOL	CBL
Application Engine	AE
SQR	SQR
nVision	NVS
Crystal	CRW
Cube Manager	CUBE

<b>Process Type</b>	<b>Process ID</b>
WinWord	WRD
XML Publisher	AE
Other	OTH

For example:

- In psprcs.cfg, set Log/Output Directory=%PS\_SERVDIR%\log\_output.
- Set PS\_SERVDIR=c:\pt800\appserv\prcs\ptdmo.  
c: represents the drive on the PeopleSoft Process Scheduler server, *not* the client workstation.
- User runs the SQR report XRFWIN.SQR.
- Process instance is 23.

Using the preceding information, the system writes the output to the following location:

c:\pt800\appserv\prcs\ptdmo\log\_output\SQR\_XRFWIN\_23

Usually, the log files and reports are written to the subdirectory in the log and output directory. Reports and log files are not written to this directory when:

- A user specifies a directory on the Process Request Dialog page.  
This option is available only for the output destination type of File.
- The process definition is set for a process to restrict the output destination type of File, and a specific directory is specified, other than the meta-string *%%OutputDirectory%%*.
- A process profile that is assigned for the user who submitted the request indicates an output directory other than *%%OutputDirectory%%*.
- A program hard-codes the directory to which the log or report should be written.

To control this location and prevent users from sending output to another location, use the process profile for a permission list in PeopleSoft Security Administrator by:

- Specifying a file and printer destination in the Server Destinations group box.
- Disabling the Override Output Destination parameter in the Allow Requester To group box.

### ***Deleting the Log and Output Subdirectory***

The subdirectory, which is created by the Process Scheduler server to store all the logs and reports that are generated by the initiated process, will be deleted when the output destination type is *Web* and the files are successfully posted to the report repository.

For output destination types of anything other than *Web*, the subdirectory will be deleted during the purging process when the process request that is associated with the subdirectory is deleted from the process request table.

### **See Also**

Appendix C, "Setting Up PeopleSoft Process Scheduler Security," page 225

## **Log Space Threshold**

If the Process Scheduler Server detects that the space capacity of the log/output directory is below the threshold, it will stop processing any queued requests. This threshold is the bottom line minimum before the Process Scheduler considers the log to be full. By default, the threshold is set to 10 MB.

During the maintenance check, based on the HeartBeat, if the space capacity threshold drops below the threshold:

- A *disk full* message gets logged in SCHDLR.LOG.
- The status of Process Scheduler server in the Process Monitor will reflect LOG DISK FULL.
- An email notification is sent to the administrator.

---

## **Logging System for PeopleSoft Process Scheduler Server**

This section discusses:

- Logging system.
- Logging levels.

## **Logging System**

The log directory stores the PeopleSoft Process Scheduler server logs and SQL trace files. Each server that is started in the PeopleSoft Process Scheduler server has its own set of log and trace files. The user does not normally need to review these files unless a problem occurs while running a process or some reason exists to verify that a process ran as expected.

### ***Location of the Log and SQL Trace Files***

The location and name of the PeopleSoft Process Scheduler log files depend on the operating system on which the PeopleSoft Process Scheduler Server is started.

<b>Operating System</b>	<b>Log Directory</b>
Windows	PS_CFG_HOME\appserv\prcs\<<Database Name>\LOGS
UNIX	PS_CFG_HOME/appserv/prcs/<Database Name>/LOGS
OS390 UNIX System Services	PeopleSoft Process Scheduler Server: \$PS_HOME/appserv/prcs/<Database Name>/<Log Directory>/_PSPRCSRVLOG Distribution Agent Server: \$PS_HOME/appserv/prcs/<Database Name>/<Log Directory>/_PSDSTSRVLOG

The <Log Directory> corresponds to the directory that is specified in the Log/Output Directory variable in the PeopleSoft Process Scheduler configuration file (psprcs.cfg).

For each server that is started, two files are generated in the log directory:

- The server log contains messages that are written by the server to the log file.

These messages are translated to the languages that are supported by the PeopleSoft system. The language of the messages is based on the language that is designated in the user profile.

The LogFence parameter, which is set in the PeopleSoft Process Scheduler configuration file, controls the detail of the message that is written to this log file.

- The SQL trace file contains the traces of all SQL that is issued by the server.

This file is generated when the TraceSQL parameter in the PeopleSoft Process Scheduler configuration file has a value other than zero.

If a PeopleSoft Application Engine or Analytic Engine request is initiated by PSAESRV or PSAEOSRV respectively, the SQL traces that are generated from that process are stored in the process subdirectory that is located in the log and output directory.

### **Log and SQL Trace File Name in Windows and UNIX**

The following table lists all the server names, log files, and SQL trace files in Windows and UNIX.

<b>Server Name</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Log File</b>	<b>SQL Trace File</b>
PSPRCSRV	PeopleSoft Process Scheduler Server	SCHDLR_<mmdd>.LOG	<User ID>_PSPRCSRV.tracesql
PSDSTSRV	Distribution Agent	DSTAGNT_<mmdd>.LOG	<User ID>_PSDSTSRV.tracesql

<b>Server Name</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Log File</b>	<b>SQL Trace File</b>
PSAESRV	PeopleSoft Application Engine Server	AESRV_<mmdd>.LOG	<User ID>_PSAESRV.tracesql
PSAEOSRV	PeopleSoft Application Engine Server to run Analytic Engine	APPSRV_<mmdd>.LOG	<User_ID>_PSAEOSRV.tracesql
PSANALYTICSRV	Analytic Engine Server	OPTENG<server number>.LOG	<User_ID>_PSANALYTICSRV <server number>.tracesql
PSMSTPRCS	Master Scheduler Server	MSTRSCHDLR_<mmdd>.LOG	<User ID>_PSMSTPRC.tracesql

<User\_ID> is the user ID that is specified in the PeopleSoft Process Scheduler configuration file that is set to boot PeopleSoft Process Scheduler.

### **Log and SQL Trace File Name in OS390 USS**

The following table lists all the server names, log files, and SQL trace files in OS390 USS

<b>Server Name</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Log File</b>	<b>SQL Trace File</b>
PSPRCSRV	PeopleSoft Process Scheduler Server	PSPRCSRV_<Process Scheduler Server>_<mmdd>.log	psprcsrv.trc
PSDSTSRV	Distribution Agent	PSDSTSRV_<Process Scheduler Server>_<mmdd>.log	psdstsrv.trc

<Process Scheduler Server> is the name of the server that is defined in the server definition (that is, PSOS390).

At midnight, a new log file is created to contain information for the current MMDD value.

### **SQL Trace File**

The SQL trace file is created when the TraceSQL variable in the PeopleSoft Process Scheduler configuration file has a value other than zero. This file contains the SQL traces that are issued by the Distribution Agent program PSDSTSRV.

Use the TraceSQL variable to set the level of SQL trace by selecting the numerical value representing each degree of tracing as described. The list of trace levels from which you can choose appears in the configuration file as shown:

1=SQL Statements  
 2=SQL statement variables  
 4=SQL connect, disconnect, commit and rollback  
 8=Row Fetch (indicates that it occurred, not data)  
 16=All other API calls except ssb  
 32=Set Select Buffers (identifies that attributes of columns  
     to be selected)  
 64=Database API specific calls  
 128=COBOL statement timings  
 256=Sybase Bind information  
 512=Sybase Fetch information  
 1024=SQL Informational Trace  
 4096=Manager information  
 8192=Mapcore information

If you want SQL Statements, SQL statement variables, and SQL connect, disconnect, commit, and rollback information, specify `TraceSql=7` (1 + 2 + 4).

---

**Note.** The SQL trace file doesn't delete existing traces that are written from prior runs of the PSPRCSRV program, and it appends new SQL activity to the end of the file. Because the file can grow quite large and might fill up your file server, you should reset the `TraceSQL` to zero after you finish debugging the PeopleSoft Process Scheduler Server Agent.

---

## Logging Levels

The logging system enables you to change the level of detail that is written to the log files. The mechanism that is chosen here uses the concept of a detail level and a fence. Messages are assigned a numeric detail-level value that reflects the importance of the event that triggers the message in the operation of the program. This ranges from simple progress messages (very detailed) to error messages when the program is about to terminate (not detailed).

The fence is used to filter out messages that reflect more detail than necessary in a particular installation. For example, a message must be able to *leap the fence* to be shown (with a lower number indicating a higher fence). With the fence set to 2, only messages with a detail level that is less than 2 (that is, 0 or 1) appear. The only exception to this is that level 0 messages and messages that are unable to be displayed in the standard message format cannot be filtered out.

The meaning of a level is completely arbitrary, although a consistent convention should be followed. The server uses the following convention:

<i><b>Fence Level</b></i>	<i><b>Description</b></i>
0	Errors, critical messages, and connection header only.
1	Critical events. For PeopleSoft Process Scheduler, this includes process start attempts.
2	Warnings.
3	Informational. This is the default fence value.



<i>Fence Level</i>	<i>Description</i>
4	Trace level 1 detail.
5	Trace level 2 detail. This shows all messages that are available.

The fence is determined by an entry in the server configuration file in the [Process Scheduler] section named LOGFENCE. Normal values are in the range of 0–5, with the default being 3 (informational). A setting of 5 is recommended for installation and troubleshooting. A setting of 0 is good for an installed system that is working smoothly.

The log fence of a message can be seen in the PeopleSoft Process Scheduler log file. In the following example, you can see the numeric values enclosed in parentheses following the date and time.

```
[08/04/00 14:28:27](0) Server: PSNT sleeping for 15 seconds
[08/04/00 14:28:41](0) Server: PSNT looking for work
[08/04/00 14:28:41](5) Server: PSNT checking status...
[08/04/00 14:28:41](5) Server action mode: Ok (looking for requests)
[08/04/00 14:28:41](5) Checking Process cancels...
[08/04/00 14:28:41](4) Checking status of active processes...
[08/04/00 14:28:41](5) Process 9836 is still running as Session ID 711
[08/04/00 14:28:41](5) Process 9837 is still running as Session ID 634
[08/04/00 14:28:41](5) Process 9838 is still running as Session ID 703
[08/04/00 14:28:41](5) Info for array of Request(s) associated with a Job slated to be submitted
[08/04/00 14:28:41](5)   Size of array: 1
[08/04/00 14:28:41](5) Info for array of Active Processes
[08/04/00 14:28:41](5)   Size of array: 3
[08/04/00 14:28:41](5)   Crystal                : Active: 3   Max: 3
[08/04/00 14:28:41](5) Server: PSNT checking status...
[08/04/00 14:28:41](5) Server action mode: Submitting request
[08/04/00 14:28:41](5) Number of New Process Request(s) To Start: 1
[08/04/00 14:28:41](1) Process Instance: 9843 started (PID: 645)
[08/04/00 14:28:41](4) Starting process:: 9843
[08/04/00 14:28:41](4)   Command Line: Y:\BIN\CLIENT\WINX86\PSSQR.EXE
[08/04/00 14:28:41](4)   Parm List: -CT ORACLE -CS -CD E800R21B -CA %ACCESSID% -CAP %ACCESSPSWD%
[08/04/00 14:28:41](4)   Working Dir: c:\apps\vb\oracle8i\bin
[08/04/00 14:28:41](4)   Session Id: 645
[08/04/00 14:28:41](0) Server: PSNT sleeping for 14 seconds
[08/04/00 14:28:55](0) Server: PSNT looking for work
[08/04/00 14:28:55](5) Server: PSNT checking status...
[08/04/00 14:28:55](5) Server action mode: Ok (looking for requests)
[08/04/00 14:28:55](5) Checking Process cancels...
[08/04/00 14:28:55](4) Checking status of active processes...
[08/04/00 14:28:55](5) Process 9836 is still running as Session ID 711
[08/04/00 14:28:55](5) Process 9837 is still running as Session ID 634
[08/04/00 14:28:55](5) Process 9838 is still running as Session ID 703
[08/04/00 14:28:55](5) Info for array of Request(s) associated with a Job slated to be submitted
[08/04/00 14:28:55](5)   Size of array: 0
[08/04/00 14:28:55](5) Info for array of Active Processes
[08/04/00 14:28:55](5)   Size of array: 3
[08/04/00 14:28:55](5)   Crystal                : Active: 3   Max: 3
[08/04/00 14:28:55](5) Info for array of Queued Request(s) found in Process Request table
[08/04/00 14:28:55](5)   Size of array: 16
```

#### Example of log file

If you receive error messages, complete the following tasks to enable debugging and tracing:

1. Set LOGFENCE=5 in the psprcs.cfg file.
2. Set TraceSQL to the appropriate value to generate the SQL trace.

**See Also**

Appendix D, "Using the PSADMIN Utility," Editing the PeopleSoft Process Scheduler Configuration File, page 234

---

## Logging System for Distribution Agent

The Distribution Agent detects that files are ready to transfer by querying the Report List table (PS\_CDM\_LIST).

**Transfer Log for FTP and XCopy**

When the Distribution Agent transfers files using the File Transfer Protocol (FTP) or XCopy protocol, it tables the information for all of the process requests and assigns a transfer log to this transfer attempt. Any activity from transferring the files for these process requests is recorded in a log file with the following format:

<Log Directory>\\_PSDSTSRVLOG\transfer\_<Transfer Instance Number>.log

The following examples illustrate the of transfer log files for FTP and XCopy transfer protocols:

```
user ftpuser
verbose on

mkdir /data6/psreports/080913335408BAB393ED0F47F64A78BAC3ADB6867D14CFF6FB4871E9847296
257 MKD command successful.
cd /data6/psreports/080913335408BAB393ED0F47F64A78BAC3ADB6867D14CFF6FB4871E98472966EF
250 CWD command successful.
ascii
200 Type set to A.
put "d:\21A\SQR_INS9051_6028\index.html" "index.html"
200 PORT command successful.
150 ASCII data connection for index.html (216.131.201.168,2324).
226 Transfer complete.
4610 bytes sent in 0.00 seconds (4610000.00 Kbytes/sec)

bin
200 Type set to I.
put "d:\21A\SQR_INS9051_6028\INS9051_6028.PDF" "INS9051_6028.PDF"
200 PORT command successful.
150 Binary data connection for INS9051_6028.PDF (216.131.201.168,2326).
226 Transfer complete.
1730 bytes sent in 0.00 seconds (1730000.00 Kbytes/sec)

ascii
200 Type set to A.
put "d:\21A\SQR_INS9051_6028\SQR_INS9051_6028.log" "SQR_INS9051_6028.log"
200 PORT command successful.
150 ASCII data connection for SQR_INS9051_6028.log (216.131.201.168,2327).
226 Transfer complete.
1080 bytes sent in 0.00 seconds (1080000.00 Kbytes/sec)

quit
221 Goodbye.
```

Example of transfer log using the FTP command

```
Copying d:\PTDMO\output\SQR_XRFWIN2_24 into the repository...
d:\PTDMO\output\SQR_XRFWIN2_24\SQR_XRFWIN2_24.log -> \\RALCANTA020100\psreports\081214105445
d:\PTDMO\output\SQR_XRFWIN2_24\SQR_XRFWIN2_24.out -> \\RALCANTA020100\psreports\081214105445
d:\PTDMO\output\SQR_XRFWIN2_24\SQR_XRFWIN2_24_1.PDF -> \\RALCANTA020100\psreports\081214105445
d:\PTDMO\output\SQR_XRFWIN2_24\SQR_XRFWIN2_24_2.PDF -> \\RALCANTA020100\psreports\081214105445
d:\PTDMO\output\SQR_XRFWIN2_24\index.html -> \\RALCANTA020100\psreports\081214105445DE96
5 File(s) copied
Successful copy of d:\PTDMO\output\SQR_XRFWIN2_24 to Repository
End of Transfer script
```

Example of transfer log using the XCopy command

Transfer Log for HTTP

When HTTP is used to transfer files to the Report Repository, it doesn't generate a transfer log like FTP and XCopy. All logs relating to the HTTP activities are logged in the Process Message Log table and you can view them by clicking the Message Log link on the Process Monitor Detail page in PeopleSoft Process Scheduler.

10	1:21:10PM	Report Repository URL is: http ://rt-ibm08.peoplesoft.com:7001/SchedulerTransfer/e840r20bnt (63,68)	Explain
10	1:21:10PM	Unable to open file to be transferred. /ds1/ps/dssgrp/easb/output/E840R20B/AE_AP_PSTVCHR_1636/AE_AP_PSTVCHR_1636.stdout ( 63,62)	Explain
	1:21:10PM	PSUNIX failed to post files to the report repository. Server scheduled to try again on 2002-01-15-14.24.09.854000. See log %	Explain

Example of HTTP messages displayed on the Message Log page



## Appendix C

# Setting Up PeopleSoft Process Scheduler Security

This appendix discusses how to:

- Set up PeopleSoft Process Scheduler privileges and profiles.
- Grant a PeopleSoft Process Scheduler system administration role.
- Secure passwords when scheduling from outside the PeopleSoft system.

---

## Setting Up PeopleSoft Process Scheduler Privileges and Profiles

For a user to submit process requests, his or her user ID must have a process profile, which defines the user's privileges in PeopleSoft Process Scheduler. For example, a user can override an output destination for a request and be limited to what can be viewed on the Process Monitor page.

This section discusses how to:

- Update a process profile.
- Assign a process profile to a user ID.

## Updating a Process Profile

Use the process profile page to set up the user's access in PeopleSoft Process Scheduler and define a process profile with the proper authorizations and default settings.

Process Profile Permission

Permission List: ALLPAGES

Description: ALLPAGES

Server Destinations

File: %%OutputDirectory%%

Printer: lpt1

OS/390 Job Controls

Name:

Acct:

Allow Process Request

\*View By: All

\*Update By: Owner

Allow Requestor To

☒ Override Output Destination

☒ Override Server Parameters

☐ View Server Status

☒ Update Server Status

☒ Enable Recurrence Selection

Security - Process Profile Permission page

To update a process profile:

1. Select PeopleTools, Security, Permissions & Roles, Permission Lists to open the permission list definition.
2. Select the Process page.
3. Click the Process Profile Permissions link.
4. In the Workstation Destinations and Server Destinations group boxes, enter a default file and printer destination for the client and server.

The following list shows sample values for the server destination file.

Operating System	Sample Server Destination Value
Windows	%%OutputDirectory%%
UNIX	%%OutputDirectory%%
OS390	HLQ.PSVV

5. Select the appropriate options in the Allow Process Request group box.

This section enables you to adjust the level of access rights that all other users have for viewing and updating process requests that are initiated by the users under a particular profile. Both view and update rights can be changed to *Owner*, *All*, or *None*. The default enables the process request to be viewed by all and updated only by the owner. If you view by owner, no one else can view the status of the process in Process Monitor. Make any necessary adjustments to the user rights.

- |                                    |  |
|------------------------------------|--|
| <b>Override Output Destination</b> | Select to allow the user to override the output destination from the Process Scheduler Request dialog box. If this option is cleared, the File/Printer field in the Process Scheduler Request page becomes unavailable and the user cannot modify it. Use this setting to restrict users to redirecting their output to the default destinations only. |
| <b>Override Server Parameters</b>  | Select to allow the user to override the server name and run date and time.  |
| <b>View Server Status</b>          | Select to allow a user to access the server view in the Process Monitor.   |
| <b>Update Server Status</b>        | Select to allow a user to suspend, restart, or shut down a server if needed through the Process Monitor. This also allows a user to refresh the Process Monitor - Server List page with the Refresh button.  |
| <b>Enable Recurrence Selection</b> | Select to allow a user to select a run recurrence definition in the Process Scheduler Request dialog box. If this is cleared, the user cannot select a process to recur.   |

6. Click the OK button to save your changes.

## Assigning a Process Profile to a User ID

The user profile must be updated to assign the process profile.

To assign a process profile to a user ID:

1. Select PeopleTools, Security, User Profiles, User Profiles to open the profile for a user ID.
2. Select the user ID.
3. Select the General page.
4. Enter the process profile for this user ID.
5. Click the Save button to save your changes.

## Granting a PeopleSoft Process Scheduler System Administration Role

You can set up a user ID in PeopleSoft Security as a PeopleSoft Process Scheduler system administrator. A user with this privilege can update definitions in Process Scheduler Manager and view all process requests in Process Monitor. This role is equivalent to granting all of the privileges in the Allow Requestor To group box on the Process Profile Permission page.

User Roles					
Role Name	Description	Dynamic	Route Control	View Definition	
PeopleSoft Administrator	PeopleSoft Admin Privileges	<input type="checkbox"/>	<a href="#">Route Control</a>	<a href="#">View Definition</a>	+ -
PeopleSoft User	PeopleSoft User	<input type="checkbox"/>	<a href="#">Route Control</a>	<a href="#">View Definition</a>	+ -

Security - User Profiles - Roles page

To assign a PeopleSoft Process Scheduler system administration role to a user ID:

1. Select PeopleTools, Security, User Profiles, User Profiles to open the profile for a user ID.
2. Select the Roles page.
3. Select the role name *ProcessSchedulerAdmin*.
4. Click Save to save your changes.

### See Also

*PeopleTools 8.51 PeopleBook: Security Administration*, "Understanding PeopleSoft Security"

## Securing Passwords When Scheduling from Outside the PeopleSoft System

As a PeopleSoft customer, you can create an interface to insert entries into the Process Request table to be scheduled by the Process Scheduler. However, keep in mind that the values that you insert into the PARMLIST (Parameter List) field in the PRCSPARMS table are displayed in the Process Monitor Detail page. These values can also be seen in the notifications that are sent out by Process Scheduler.



To ensure that any user passwords or access IDs and passwords are not displayed in any pages, notifications, or logs, you can replace the actual values with the following meta-strings:

User password: `%%OPRPSWD%%`

Access ID: `%%ACCESSID%%`

Access password: `%%ACCESSPSWD%%`

---

**Note.** Process Scheduler has a mechanism to replace the meta-strings with the actual values when initiating these requests and to ensure that the actual values are not displayed in any pages or log files.

---



## Appendix D

# Using the PSADMIN Utility

This appendix provides an overview of the PeopleSoft Process Scheduler configuration file and discusses how to edit the configuration file.

---

**Note.** This appendix does not discuss how to install and configure a PeopleSoft Process Scheduler Server.

---

### See Also

*PeopleTools 8.51 Installation Guide for your database platform.*

---

## Understanding the PeopleSoft Process Scheduler Configuration File

Use the PSADMIN utility to configure and administer the PeopleSoft Process Scheduler Server Agent. PSADMIN is supported on only Windows and UNIX. However, in some cases, you can run the PSADMIN utility on operating systems that are not supported application servers.

Configuring a PeopleSoft Process Scheduler server is similar to configuring application servers and web servers. From the PeopleSoft Process Scheduler Administration menu, you invoke a text-driven interface that prompts you for parameter values. All of the PeopleSoft Process Scheduler server configuration information for a specific database is contained in the PSPRCS.CFG configuration file, and the PSADMIN provides an interface to edit this file.

PeopleSoft automatically archives the Process Scheduler configuration file whenever it is changed. The older version is archived as PSPRCS\_<Time Stamp>.CFG, and the current version becomes psprcs.cfg. The archive directory path is <PS\_Home>\Appserv\prcs\<database>\Archive\ (for example, c:\pt844\Appserv\prcs\fin844\Archive\).

---

**Note.** The PSPRCS.CFG file supports environment variables. For example, the TEMP setting in the [Process Scheduler] section can look like this: TEMP=%TEMP%.

---

---

## Editing the PeopleSoft Process Scheduler Configuration File

This section discusses how to:

- Create a PeopleSoft Process Scheduler configuration file through PSADMIN.
- Use the PSADMIN Quick-configure menu.

- Edit the PeopleSoft Process Scheduler configuration file.
- Edit the PeopleSoft Process Scheduler configuration file for UNIX and OS390.

## Creating a PeopleSoft Process Scheduler Configuration File Through PSADMIN

Although you typically edit the PSPRCS.CFG file through PSADMIN, you can find the PSPRCS.CFG file in the following directory:

- Windows: *PS\_CFG\_HOME\APPSERV\PRCS\database\_name*
- UNIX: *PS\_CFG\_HOME/appserv/prcs/database\_name*

To create a PeopleSoft Process Scheduler configuration:

1. Select Start, Command Prompt.
2. Change the directory to <PS\_HOME>\appserv\.
3. Enter *psadmin*.
4. Press ENTER.

The PeopleSoft Server Administration menu appears.

5. Select option 2 (Process Scheduler).
6. Press ENTER.

The PeopleSoft Process Scheduler Administration menu appears.

7. Select option 2 (Create a Domain) from the Process Scheduler Administration menu.
8. Enter the name of the desired database.
9. Press ENTER.

The Quick-configure menu appears.

---

**Note.** To edit a PeopleSoft Process Scheduler configuration file, follow the previously listed steps 1 through 6, then select option 1 (Administer a domain). Select the number corresponding to the domain you want to edit, then select option 4 (Configure this domain).

---

## Using the PSADMIN Quick-Configure Menu

The Quick-configure menu enables you to create a process scheduler configuration by entering basic information. If you must change a parameter that does not appear, select Custom configuration.

The menu is divided into the following three sections:

- **Features:** Each item in this list is a feature that uses one or more server processes.

If set to *Yes*, the feature becomes active for users of the server. Select the number that corresponds to the desired option to toggle between yes and no.

- **Settings:** Commonly changed parameters are listed in this section.

Select the number that corresponds to the desired parameter to change its setting.

- **Actions:** Select to load the scheduler with the server and settings displayed, run a complete custom scheduler configuration, display help information, or return to the previous menu.

The Quick-configure menu consists of the following features:

<b>Master Schdlr</b> (master scheduler)	Flag that enables the Master Scheduler Server (PSMSTPRC). The default is to disable the server.
<b>App Eng Server</b> (application engine server)	Flag that initiates Application Engine programs through the AE Tuxedo Server (PSAESRV). The default is set to run PeopleSoft Application Engine using PSAESRV.
<b>Opt Eng Server</b> (optimization engine server)	Flag that enables Analytic Engine processing for this server. The default is to disable the server.  Enable this flag if the application is packaged with Analytic Engine programs.

The Quick-configure menu consists of the following settings:

<b>DBNAME</b> (database name)	Enter the database name that is associated with a PeopleSoft Process Scheduler Server Agent, such as HRDMO, FSDMO, SADMO, and so on.
<b>DBTYPE</b> (database type)	Enter the database type: DB2UNIX, DB2ODBC (for DB2/OS390), INFORMIX, MICROSOFT, ORACLE, or SYBASE.
<b>PrCsServer</b> (process server)	Enter the process server name. This must match the name defined in the Server Definition table (for example, PSNT).
<b>UserID</b>	Enter the user ID. Typically, this value is <i>VPI</i> for Enterprise Resource Planning and <i>PS</i> for Human Resources.
<b>UserPswd</b> (user password)	Enter the user password. Typically, this value is <i>VPI</i> for Enterprise Resource Planning and <i>PS</i> for Human Resources.
<b>ConnectID</b>	Enter the connect ID. This value is required for all platforms.
<b>ConnectPswd</b> (connect password)	Enter the connect password. This value is required for all platforms.
<b>ServerName</b>	This value is required for Informix and Sybase users.

**Log/Output Dir** (log/output directory)

Enter the directory in which files that are generated by the program are written. When PeopleSoft Process Scheduler initiates a process request, it creates a subdirectory in the format <Process Type ID>\_<Program Name>\_<Process Instance> that contains the generated files. For instance, the SQR program has all reports, trace, and log files in the subdirectory SQR\_XRFFWIN\_20. It is also the optional directory used with the Output Destination field when scheduling a request. You can use this variable (%%OutputDirectory%%) in the File/Printer field of the Process Scheduler Request dialog box.

---

**Note.** The output directory has an extra slash attached at the end.

---

**SQRBIN**

Enter the path to the SQR executables.

**AddToPATH**

(Optional for Tuxedo) Enter an additional directory that is appended to the PATH environment variable.

**DBBIN**

Enter the path to the database drivers (that is, your connectivity software).

**CrystalPath**

(Windows only) Enter the Crystal installation path. This is equivalent to the Crystal Path parameter in the PSADMIN Process Scheduler Quick-Configure menu.

If a valid path is not entered, error messages related to PS ODBC and Crystal Runtime will appear when PSADMIN loads the configuration.

If this value contains spaces, it must be in double quotes (" ").

### See Also

Chapter 11, "Managing PeopleSoft Master Scheduler Servers," Understanding PeopleSoft Master Scheduler Functions, page 191

Chapter 10, "Managing PeopleSoft Process Scheduler," Setting Parameters for the Application Engine Server, page 185

Chapter 10, "Managing PeopleSoft Process Scheduler," Setting Parameters for the Application Engine Server, page 185

## Editing the PeopleSoft Process Scheduler Configuration File

The sections in the PeopleSoft Process Scheduler configuration file vary, depending on the operating system from which the PeopleSoft Process Scheduler Server is started. For instance, servers that run only in Oracle Tuxedo (that is, PSAESRV, PSANALYTICSRV) are not available in OS390. However, the OS390 section applies when the PeopleSoft Process Scheduler Server is started in the OS390 UNIX System Services (USS).

The following table lists which sections can be found in the PeopleSoft Process Scheduler configuration file based on the operating system:

<b>Section</b>	<b>Windows</b>	<b>UNIX</b>	<b>OS390</b>
Startup	X	X	X
Database Options	X	X	
Trace	X	X	X
OS390			X
Process Scheduler	*	*	*
Tuxedo Settings	X	X	
Interface Driver	X	X	X
PSTools	*	*	*
PSAESRV	X	X	
PSAEOSRV	X	X	
PSDSTSRV	X	X	
PSANALYTICSRV	X	X	
Application Engine			X
SQR	*	*	*
Remote Call	X	X	X
nVision	X		
Crystal	X		
SMTP Settings	X	X	X

<b>Section</b>	<b>Windows</b>	<b>UNIX</b>	<b>OS390</b>
Cache Settings	X	X	X
Integration Broker	X	X	

\* Denotes where parameters found in this section differ, based on the operating system in which the PeopleSoft Process Scheduler configuration file is located.

The *PeopleTools 8.51 Installation Guide* provides the procedure for configuring a PeopleSoft Process Scheduler Server using the basic default values. This section discusses each value that is available in each section.

### **Startup Section**

This is the first section that you encounter when using PSADMIN to configure a PeopleSoft Process Scheduler Server Agent:

<b>Parameter</b>	<b>Description</b>
DBName	Specify the database name that is associated with a PeopleSoft Process Scheduler Server Agent, such as <i>HRDMO</i> , <i>FSDMO</i> , <i>SADMO</i> , and so on.
DBType	Specify the database type: <i>DB2UNIX</i> , <i>INFORMIX</i> , <i>MICROSFT</i> , <i>ORACLE</i> , or <i>SYBASE</i> .
UserId	Enter the user ID. For Enterprise Resource Planning, this is typically <i>VPI</i> , and for Human Resources, it's <i>PS</i> .
UserPswd	Enter the user password. For Enterprise Resource Planning, this is typically <i>VPI</i> , and for Human Resources, it's <i>PS</i> .
ConnectId	Enter the connect ID. This value is required for all platforms.
ConnectPswd	Enter the connect password. This value is required for all platforms.
ServerName	This value is required for Informix and Sybase users.
StandbyDBName	Specify a standby database for use with Oracle Data Guard.



<b>Parameter</b>	<b>Description</b>
StandbyDBType	Specify a standby database type for use with Oracle Data Guard.
StandbyUserId	Specify a standby user ID for use with Oracle Data Guard.
StandbyUserPswd	Specify the password for the standby user ID.

See *PeopleTools 8.51 PeopleBook: Data Management*, "Administering PeopleSoft Databases on Oracle," Implementing Oracle Active Data Guard.

When you change the UserPswd or ConnectPswd field, you are prompted for an option to encrypt the value entered for the password field. The default is to encrypt the password.

### **Database Options Section**

Use this section for database-specific configuration options:

<b>Parameter</b>	<b>Description</b>
SybasePacketSize	Specify the Sybase packet size. The default is 512. See <i>PeopleTools 8.51 Installation Guide</i> for your database platform.
UseLocalOracleDB	Indicate whether the PeopleSoft database to which you are connecting is in a local Oracle System Identifier (SID). The default is 0, which indicates that the PS database to which you are connecting is remote.  <b>Note.</b> For the Windows operating system, the parameter "UseLocalOracleDB" is not supported when using a 32 bit client connecting to a 64 bit database.  See <i>PeopleTools 8.51 Installation Guide</i> for your database platform.

### **Trace Section**

Use this section to set trace values for performance monitoring and troubleshooting:

<b>Parameter</b>	<b>Description</b>
TraceFile	This applies to Windows only and indicates the file to which SQL traces are written when TraceSQL has a value greater than zero. SQL traces for the following programs are written to this file: Crystal, nVision, and Cube Manager. Other processes—such as Application Engine, SQR, and COBOL—have the SQL traces written to a separate subdirectory under the directory specified for the Log/Output Directory parameter. See the Log/Output Directory parameter.
TraceSQL	Specify a SQL trace value for troubleshooting. It is implemented as a bit field. Possible values for TraceSQL are listed later in this section.
TracePC	Specify a trace value for troubleshooting PeopleCode. This is used by PeopleSoft Application Engine when it runs PeopleCode. Possible values for TracePC are listed later in this section.
TraceAE	Specify the trace options that are specific to PeopleSoft Application Engine. Trace information based on this option is written to a file with the following format:  <Application Engine program name>_<Process Instance>.AET  Possible values for TraceAE are listed later in this section.

The following table lists the possible values for TraceSQL:

<b>Bit</b>	<b>Constant</b>	<b>Type of Tracing</b>
0	%TraceSQL_None	No output.
1	%TraceSQL_Statements	SQL statements.
2	%TraceSQL_Variables	SQL statement variables.
4	%TraceSQL_Connect	SQL connect, disconnect, commit, and rollback.
8	%TraceSQL_Fetch	Row fetch (indicates that it occurred and the return code, not data).

<b>Bit</b>	<b>Constant</b>	<b>Type of Tracing</b>
16	%TraceSQL_MostOthers	All other application-programming interface (API) calls, except Set Select Buffers (ssb).
32	%TraceSQL_SSB	Set Select Buffers (identifies the attributes of columns to be selected).
64	%TraceSQL_DBSpecific	Database API-specific calls.
128	%TraceSQL_Cobol	COBOL statement timings.
256	%TraceSQL_SybBind	Sybase bind information.
512	%TraceSQL_SybFetch	Sybase fetch information.
1024	%TraceSQL_DB2390Server	Turn on the tracing of diagnostic messages returned by the DB2/390 %UpdateStats() command.

The following table lists the possible values for TracePC. Use these by adding the numbers together, or by specifying more than one constant:

<b>Bit</b>	<b>Constant</b>	<b>Type of Tracing</b>
1	%TracePC_Functions	Provide a trace of the program as it is run. This implies options 64, 128, and 256.
2	%TracePC_List	Provide a listing of the entire program.
4	%TracePC_Assigns	Show the results of all assignments made to variables.
8	%TracePC_Fetches	Show the values fetched for all variables.

<b>Bit</b>	<b>Constant</b>	<b>Type of Tracing</b>
16	%TracePC_Stack	Show the contents of the internal machine stack. This option is normally used for debugging the PeopleCode language, not PeopleCode programs.
64	%TracePC_Starts	Provide a trace showing when each program starts.
128	%TracePC_ExtFuncs	Provide a trace showing the calls made to each external PeopleCode routine.
256	%TracePC_IntFuncs	Provide a trace showing the calls made to each internal PeopleCode routine.
512	%TracePC_ParamsIn	Show the values of the parameters to a function.
1024	%TracePC_ParamsOut	Show the values of the parameters as they exist at the return from a function.

The following table lists the possible values for TraceAE:

<b>Bit</b>	<b>Type of Tracing</b>
1	Trace STEP execution sequence to AET file.
2	Trace Application SQL statements to AET file.
128	Timings report to AET file.
256	Method/BuiltIn detail, instead of summary in AET Timings report.
1024	Timings report to tables.
2048	DB optimizer trace to file.

<b>Bit</b>	<b>Type of Tracing</b>
4096	DB optimizer trace to tables.
8192	Trace Integration Broker transform programs.

### **Process Scheduler Section**

After you set trace values, use the Process Scheduler section to set the environment variables that are associated with PeopleSoft Process Scheduler.

---

**Warning!** The default values for PS\_HOME here and in future sections assume that you set up SQR, Crystal, and nVision locally on the batch server. You can point to those items on the file server, but, if so, you must use a full path. You *cannot* use a PS\_HOME environment variable because PSADMIN employs the PS\_HOME environment variable to point to a local directory on the batch server.

---

<b>Parameter</b>	<b>Description</b>
PrcsServerName	Specify the process server name. This must match the name defined in the Server Definition table, such as <i>PSNT</i> .
DBBIN	Enter the path to the database drivers (that is, your connectivity software).
Max Reconnect Attempt	Specify the maximum number of attempts that the PeopleSoft Process Scheduler Server Agent tries reconnecting to the database when the connection is lost. When the maximum number of attempts is reached, and the agent hasn't successfully connected to the database, the agent shuts down.
Reconnection Interval	Specify the interval, in seconds, between attempts to reconnect to the database when the connection is lost.
Authentication Timeout	Specify the duration, in minutes, allotted before PeopleTools security module times-out authenticating a process released by Process Scheduler. The timer starts from the time Process Scheduler initiates the request
Allow Dynamic Changes	Specify dynamic changes to certain settings without having to reboot the domain. The settings that can be dynamically changed are Recycle Count, Consecutive Service failures, Trace SQL, Trace Mask SQL, TracePC, TracePCMask, TracePpr, TracePprMask, Log Fence, Enable DB Monitoring, and Enable Debugging.

<b>Parameter</b>	<b>Description</b>
Log/Output Directory	<p>Specify the directory in which files that are generated by the program are written. When PeopleSoft Process Scheduler initiates a process request, it creates a subdirectory in the format &lt;Process Type ID&gt;_&lt;Program Name&gt;_&lt;Process Instance&gt; that contains the generated files. For instance, the SQR program has all the reports, trace, and log files in the subdirectory SQR_XRFFWIN_20. It is also the optional directory used with the Output Destination field when scheduling a request. This variable (%%OutputDirectory%%) can be used in the File/Printer field of the Process Scheduler Request dialog box.</p> <p><b>Note.</b> The output directory has an extra slash attached at the end.</p>
LogFence	<p>Enter the PeopleSoft Process Scheduler tracing levels, such as 3.</p> <p><b>Note.</b> The default value is 3. If the value is set to 5, the transfer files and the delete files will not be deleted from the log_output directory.</p>
Log Space Threshold	<p>Specify the space threshold, in megabytes (MB), for the log/output directory. Once the space goes below this threshold, the PeopleSoft Process Scheduler stops processing until more disk space becomes available. The Server Monitor shows a status of <i>Suspended — Disk Low</i>.</p>
File Chunk Size	<p>Specify the size of memory in KB, allocated to store the value read from a file when transferring files to the Report Repository via HTTP.</p> <p>The default is 4096 KB (4 MB).</p>
CBLBIN	<p>Enter the path to COBOL executables, such as %PS_HOME%\CBLBIN.</p>
CRWRPTPATH	<p>Enter the path to Crystal Report files, such as %PS_HOME%\CRW.</p> <p><b>Note.</b> Use semicolons to separate multiple directories.</p>
TEMP	<p>Enter the local temporary directory, such as %TEMP%.</p>

<b>Parameter</b>	<b>Description</b>
TOOLBIN	Enter the location of the PeopleTools executables, such as %PS_HOME%\bin\client\winx86.
TOOLBINSRV	Enter the location of the server version of PeopleTools executables, such as %PS_HOME%\bin\server\winx86.
WINWORD	<p>Enter the path to Microsoft Word executables, such as c:\apps\office97\winword.</p> <p><b>Note.</b> If spaces exist in the path, you must modify the Process Type Definition and add quotes around the entry in the Command Line field, for example "%%WINWORD%%\WINWORD.EXE".</p> <p>These must be in the batch server environment.</p>
DEFAULTPRINTER	Enter the universal naming convention (UNC) path of the printer where reports are printed when the %DefaultPrinter% was specified as the output destination.
Update Table Stats on Purge	<p>Set to run statistics for the Process Request and Report Manager tables during the Process Scheduler server purge process.</p> <p>0: Disable.</p> <p>1: Enable.</p> <p><b>Note.</b> This flag is ignored if the DBFlags bitfield parameter is disabled.</p>

The following table lists the possible values for LogFence:

<b>Level</b>	<b>Type of Tracing</b>
0	Status information.
1	General errors.
2	Warnings.
3	Informational.

<i>Level</i>	<i>Type of Tracing</i>
4	Tracing Level 1.
5	Tracing Level 2 (detail).

See [Appendix B, "Understanding Logging Systems,"](#) page 215.

### **Oracle Tuxedo Settings Section**

The following table describes each parameter in the Tuxedo Settings section:

<i>Parameter</i>	<i>Description</i>
Restartable	Specify <i>Y</i> or <i>N</i> to instruct Tuxedo to restart a PeopleSoft Process Scheduler Server Agent or Distribution Agent if it is terminated abruptly.
Grace Period	Specify the period time in seconds in which Tuxedo will attempt to restart the Process Scheduler Server.  For example, Grace Period = 600, Max Restart Attempt = 5. Tuxedo attempts to restart the PeopleSoft Process Scheduler server five times within 30 minutes of when the server comes down.
Max Restart Attempt	Specify the maximum number of restarts in the grace period.
Add to PATH	(Optional) Specify an additional directory that is appended to the PATH environment variable.

Cognos/Cube Manager Installs: Make sure to specify the proper path for Cognos in the Add to Path parameter. By default, that path is C:\Program Files\Cognos\cer2\bin;C:\ODI\OStore\bin.

---

**Note.** Cognos and ODI are the important top-level directories and can change, depending on the install.

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### **Interface Driver Section**

The following table describes the parameter in the Interface Driver section:



<b>Parameter</b>	<b>Description</b>
SCP_LOCALE	Defines the RPS_LOCALE string that is sent to the PeopleSoft Supply Chain Planning server.

### ***PSTools Section***

Use this section to specify a character set. The default value is *Latin1*.

<b>Parameter</b>	<b>Description</b>
JavaVM Shared Library	<p>Indicate which Java Virtual Machine (JVM) library to use.</p> <p><b>Note.</b> You must manually update the psprc.cfg file, as this option is not available using the PSADMIN utility.</p>
Add to CLASSPATH	<p>The Add to CLASSPATH parameter tells the Java Virtual Machine (JVM) where to find the Java class libraries, including user-defined class libraries. Because PeopleTools automatically generates CLASSPATH entries for core delivered class libraries, use this field to specify any custom or additional class libraries that must be accessed by PeopleTools or PeopleCode.</p> <p>The PeopleCode API Reference provides details on where you can place custom and third-party Java classes.</p> <p>See <i>PeopleTools 8.51 PeopleBook: PeopleCode API Reference</i>, "Java Class."</p>
JavaVM Options	<p>Set options to the list of parameters required. Use a space to separate parameters (for example, -Xmx256m -Xms128m).</p> <p>Set option -Xrs if you have PeopleSoft Process Scheduler set up as a Windows service on Windows.</p> <p>Options must be set if you are using HTTP transfer protocol and receiving Java exception thrown: java.lang.OutOfMemoryError.</p> <p>Informix customers on Solaris should set this option to -Xmx128m -Xms128m -Dxdo.ConfigFile=%PS_HOME%/appserv/xdo.cfg .</p> <p>AIX customers should set this option to -Xrs -Djava.awt.headless=true -Xcheck:jni</p> <p><b>Note.</b> You must manually update the psprc.cfg file, as this option is not available using the PSADMIN utility.</p>

<b>Parameter</b>	<b>Description</b>
Character Set	<p>Specify the default character set for non-Unicode processing performed by this process server. The default value is <i>latin1</i>. This is the character set that PeopleSoft supports for use with all Western European languages, including English. If the process server will be used only to process Western European data, accept the default. Otherwise, select one of the valid character set choices listed later in this section.</p> <p><b>Note.</b> The character set selected for the process server should be the same as the character set specified for the application sever.</p>
Proxy Host	<p>This setting is used by the distribution agent if your architecture includes a firewall between the process scheduler server and the report repository (webserver).</p> <p><b>Note.</b> If your architecture includes a firewall between the process scheduler server and the report repository (webserver), the distribution agent must tunnel through this firewall via a proxy server in order to transfer reports successfully. Set this value to the domain name of the proxy server only if your architecture includes a firewall between the process scheduler and the report repository (web server). Configure the firewall to allow outgoing HTTP or TCP connections to originate only from the proxy server host. You can configure the proxy server to restrict access to only PeopleSoft and perform tasks, such as logging HTTP activity.</p>
Proxy Port	<p>If PeopleSoft Process Scheduler is behind a proxy server, set this value to the port of the proxy server.</p>
DbFlags	<p>Enter 0 to issue the command to update table statistics to the database. Programs like PeopleSoft Application Engine and COBOL use the metaSQL %UpdateStats to run the command that runs statistics to a specific table. Otherwise, select one of the valid choices listed later in this section.</p> <p><b>Note.</b> The Update Table Stats on Purge parameter is ignored if this parameter is disabled.</p>
Suppress App Error Box	<p>Use to suppress the console's Application Error dialog box after an application error occurs. <i>Y</i> suppresses the dialog box.</p>
Process exit grace period	<p>When a PeopleSoft Application Engine job completes, it has a specified number of seconds to exit. If the process has not exited when the grace period expires, it is terminated through a psreaper process. A grace period of 0 disables the psreaper process.</p>

The following table lists valid character set choices:

<b>Character Set</b>	<b>Description</b>
latin1	(Default). Latin-1 - ISO 8859-P1 - Microsoft codepage 1252
sjis	Japanese Shift-JIS - Microsoft codepage 932
big5	Traditional Chinese - Microsoft codepage 950
gb	Simplified Chinese - Microsoft codepage 936
ks-c-5601-1987	Korean Wansung - Microsoft codepage 949
ks-c-5601-1992	Korean Johab - Microsoft codepage 1361

See *PeopleTools 8.51 PeopleBook: Global Technology*.

The following table lists possible values for DBFlags bitfield:

<b>Bit</b>	<b>Description</b>
0	(Default) Issue the command to update table statistics to the database.
1	Ignore metaSQL to update database statistics (shared with COBOL).
2	Not yet allocated.
4	Disable second database connection.
8	Disable persistent secondary database connection.
16	Not yet allocated.
32	Not yet allocated.
64	Not yet allocated.
128	Not yet allocated.
256	Not yet allocated.

**Note.** The JavaVM Options parameter specified in the [PSTOOLS] section specifies global JavaVM options used by every server process in a domain. To override this global value for a particular server process, you can apply custom JavaVM options to individual server processes by adding the JavaVM Options parameter manually to the configuration section for that server process.

JavaVM Options can appear multiple times in a single PSAPPSRV.CFG or PSPRCS.CFG file. While the JavaVM Options value in the [PSTOOLS] section applies to all server processes governed by a particular configuration file, the system only uses the JavaVM Options value in the [PSTOOLS] section for server processes that do not have the JavaVM Options parameter added to its configuration settings section.

For example, if the JavaVM Options parameter has been added to the [PSAPPSRV] section of the PSAPPSRV.CFG file and has been assigned a value, then that value will be used when loading the JVM as a thread of that PSAPPSRV process. If the JavaVM Options parameter does not appear, or has no value, in the [PSAPPSRV] section, then the system uses the value specified in the [PSTOOLS] section when loading the JVM as a thread of the PSAPPSRV process. This applies to any server process: PSAPPSRV, PSQRYSRV, PSAESRV, and so on.

### **PSAESRV Section**

The following table describes each parameter in the PSAESRV (Application Engine Tuxedo Server) section:

<b>Parameter</b>	<b>Description</b>
Max Instances (maximum instances)	Specify the maximum concurrency set for process types with a generic process type of Application Engine, as defined on the Server Definition page in Process Scheduler Manager.
Recycle Count	Specify the number of services after which PSAESRV automatically restarts. If this is set to 0 (default), PSAESRV is never recycled.
Allowed Consec Service Failures (allowed consecutive failures)	Specify the number of consecutive service failures after which PSAESRV automatically restarts. If this is set to 0 (default), PSAESRV is never recycled.

### **PSAEOSRV Section**

The following table describes each parameter in the PSAEOSRV (Analytic Engine Tuxedo Server) section:

<b>Parameter</b>	<b>Description</b>
Max Instances	Specify the maximum concurrency set for process types with a generic process type of Analytic Engine, as defined on the Server Definition page in Process Scheduler Manager. This should equal the number of Analytic Engines if synchronous Tux service calls are used.

<b>Parameter</b>	<b>Description</b>
Recycle Count	Specify the number of services after which PSAEOSRV automatically restarts. If this is set to 0 (default), PSAEOSRV is never recycled.
Allowed Consec Service Failures	Specify the number of consecutive service failures after which PSAEOSRV automatically restarts. If this is set to 0 (default), PSAEOSRV is never recycled.
Max Fetch Size	Specify the maximum result set size, in KB, for a SELECT query. The default is 5000KB. Use 0 for no limit.

### **PSANALYTICSRV Section**

The following table describes each parameter in the PSANALYTICSRV (Analytic Engine Tuxedo Server) section:

<b>Parameter</b>	<b>Description</b>
Max Instances	Specify the total number of OptEngines = number of single queues + number in the MSSQ (read by ubbgen.cpp to calculate MAXSERVERS and MAXSERVICES in psprcsrv.ubb). Only MSSQ allows spawning.
Service Timeout	Limit the period that PSANALYTICSRV might block PSPRCSRVR.
Opt Max General Services	Specify the number of each service declared in the corresponding .ubx file.
Opt MSSQ Instances	Specify the number of OptEngines in the MSSQ.

### **PSDSTSRV Section**

The following table describes each parameter in the PSDSTSRV (Distribution Agent Tuxedo Server) section:

<b>Parameter</b>	<b>Description</b>
Max Instances	Specify the maximum number of PSDSTSRVs that can be started within Oracle Tuxedo. Default is 1.

<b>Parameter</b>	<b>Description</b>
Recycle Count	Specify the number of services after which PSDSTSRV automatically restarts. If this is set to 0 (default), PSDSTSRV is never recycled.
Allowed Consec Service Failures	Specify the number of consecutive service failures after which PSAEOSRV automatically restarts. If this is set to 0 (default), PSDSTSRV is never recycled.

### **SQR Section**

The following table describes each parameter in the SQR section:

<b>Parameter</b>	<b>Description</b>
SQRBIN	Enter the path to the SQR executables.
PSSQRFLAGS	Specify the SQR report arguments required for launching SQR.
Print Log	Indicate whether the SQR log files are also be printed when the output destination is <i>Printer</i> .
Enhanced HTML	Indicate whether reports are in enhanced HTML format when the output destination is <i>HTM</i> .
PSSQR1	Enter the first SQR report file search path.
PSSQR2	Enter the second SQR report file search path.
PSSQR3	Enter the third SQR report file search path.
PSSQR4	Enter the fourth SQR report file search path.

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**Note.** In some cases, Application Engine programs require Java Runtime Engine (JRE) to be installed on the batch server.

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See *PeopleTools 8.51 Installation Guide for your database platform*.

### **Data Mover Section**

The following table describes each parameter in the Data Mover section.

**Note.** The values entered here should be the same as the values specified in the Configuration Manager.

<i><b>Parameter</b></i>	<i><b>Description</b></i>
InputDir	Specify the path for the Data Mover input directory (for example, %PS_HOME%/data).
OutputDir	Specify the path for the Data Mover output directory (for example, %PS_HOME%/data).
LogDir	Specify the path for the Data Mover log directory (for example, %PS_SERVDIR%/log_output).

### ***RemoteCall Section***

The following table describes each parameter in the RemoteCall section:

<i><b>Parameter</b></i>	<i><b>Description</b></i>
RCCBL Timeout	Specify the maximum allotted time, in seconds, to run Remote Call with PeopleSoft Application Engine.
RCCBL Redirect	If this parameter is set to 0, log files that are generated from Remote Call are not retained. If this parameter is set to 1, log files are redirected to the directory specified in the Log/Output Directory parameter.
RCCBL PRDBIN	Specify the location of the COBOL executable. In Windows, the default location of the COBOL executable is %PS_HOME%\cblbin%PS_COBOLTYPE%. In UNIX, the default location is \$PS_HOME/cblbin.

### ***PS/nVision Section***

If you plan to have PeopleSoft Process Scheduler invoke PS/nVision jobs, specify the appropriate parameters in this section.

<b>Parameter</b>	<b>Description</b>
DrillDownDir	<p>Specify the location of PS/nVision DrillDown files, such as <code>%PS_HOME%\NVISION\LAYOUT\DRILLDN</code>.</p> <p><b>Note.</b> If this directory is in <code>%PS_HOME%</code> it will be read-only. Only an Administrator can add new layout or modify existing layouts. If all users need write access to this directory use a directory outside PSHOME .</p> <p><b>Note.</b> For Windows 2008 , if a mapped drive path is used, it must be in UNC (universal naming convention) path format.</p>
ExcelDir	Leave blank.
InstanceDir	<p>Enter the location where PS/nVision places report instances, such as <code>%PS_SERV%\NVISION\INSTANCE</code>.</p> <p><b>Note.</b> When the PS/nvision instance directory is set to a mapped network drive and the output format used is HTML, PS/nVision hangs. The workaround is to use the UNC path.</p>
LayoutDir	<p>Specify the location of the PS/nVision layout, such as <code>%PS_HOME%\NVISION\LAYOUT</code>.</p> <p><b>Note.</b> If this directory is in <code>%PS_HOME%</code> it will be read-only. Only an Administrator can add new layout or modify existing layouts. If all users need write access to this directory use a directory outside PSHOME .</p> <p><b>Note.</b> For Windows 2008 , if a mapped drive path is used, it must be in UNC (universal naming convention) path format.</p>
MacroDir	Enter the directory containing macros for PS/ nVision and Query Link, such as <code>%PS_HOME%\EXCEL</code> .
StyleDir	Enter the default location where PS/nVision keeps nPlosion Styles (these are usually inherited by the layout that the user is designing).
TemplateDir	Enter the location of the QUERY.XLT file, which defines the Microsoft Excel styles for formatting output. The default is the <code>\MacroDir</code> , such as <code>%PS_HOME%\EXCEL</code> .



<b>Parameter</b>	<b>Description</b>
EnableDrillDownForFile	<p>Use PS/nVision on the web.</p> <p>Indicate whether you want to enable drilldown on a report with the output type of <i>file</i>.</p> <p>1 = Enable drilldown.</p> <p>0 = Disable drilldown (default).</p>
EnablePollDialogs	<p>Use PS/nVision on the web.</p> <p>Indicate whether you want the system to poll and automatically kill unattended dialogs generated from PS/nVision in batch mode (for example, dialog messages from Excel displaying on the webserver).</p> <p>1 = Enable poll dialogs.</p> <p>0 = Disable poll dialogs (default).</p>
PollDialogSeconds	<p>Enter the time, in seconds, used to cycle polling for the dialog.</p>
TraceLevel	<p>Use PS/nVision on the web.</p> <p>Indicate whether you want the system to generate independent trace/log files, and at what level, for each nVision process. Trace files can be viewed from the Process Monitor Details - View Log/Trace page.</p> <p>0 = Disable trace files (default).</p> <p>1 = Generate basic high level information.</p> <p>2 = Generate level 1 tracing plus high level code flow.</p> <p>3 = Generate level 2 tracing plus SQL statements.</p> <p>4 = Generate level 3 tracing plus most function calls and output values.</p> <p><b>Note.</b> Extensive tracing will impact performance.</p>
SaveTempFile	<p>Indicate whether you want PS/nVision to save or delete the temporary reports created when running them to email, printer, or web output.</p> <p>0 = Temporary reports will be deleted. (Default).</p> <p>1 = Temporary reports will be saved.</p> <p><b>Note.</b> Reports that are run to email or printer will be saved to the folder specified in the Directory Name Template field of the report request. Reports that are run to web will be saved to the PS/nVision instance directory.</p>

## Crystal Section

If you plan to have PeopleSoft Process Scheduler invoke Crystal jobs, specify the appropriate parameters in this section:

<b>Parameter</b>	<b>Description</b>
CrystalEXEPath	Enter the Crystal installation path.
Trace	Enter <i>YES</i> or <i>NO</i> to indicate whether you want tracing enabled.
TraceFile	Enter the name of the trace file, such as <i>%TEMP%\CRYSTAL.TRC</i> .

## SMTP Section

If you plan to use Simple Mail Transfer Protocol (SMTP) mail server gateways, specify the appropriate parameters in this section.

When changes are made to any of the parameters in the SMTP section of the process scheduler configuration file (psprcs.cfg), the effect is immediate (even before the updated configuration file has been loaded by PSADMIN).

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**Note.** The Allow Dynamic Changes flag, located in the General Settings section of the configuration file, has no effect on the SMTP parameters. Changes to the SMTP parameters are always dynamic.

---

<b>Parameter</b>	<b>Description</b>
SMTPServer	Specify the name of the corporate mail server gateway machine. Leave blank for an initial installation.
SMTPPort	Specify the port used by SMTP mail server gateways.
SMTPServer1	Specify the failover corporate mail server gateway machine. Leave blank for an initial installation.
SMTPPort1	Specify the port used by failover SMTP mail server gateways.
SMTPSender	Specify the sender's internet address. This must be a valid internet address, such as <i>USER1@XYZCORP.COM</i> . Leave blank for an initial installation.

<i><b>Parameter</b></i>	<i><b>Description</b></i>
SMTPSourceMachine	Specify the sender's source machine name and internet address in the form of MACHINE.XYZCORP.COM. Leave blank for an initial installation.
SMTPCharacterSet	Specify the character set used on the sender's machine.
SMTPEncodingDLL	Specifies the name of a DLL used to translate the mail message to a non-Unicode character set. By default, all outgoing SMTP mail is sent in Unicode UTF-8.
SMTPTrace	Enter <i>1</i> to enable the tracing of all email details to the log file when LogFence is set to 5. Enter <i>0</i> to disable it. With this option, you can reduce the log file size for high-volume email users.
SMTPSendtime	Enter <i>1</i> to have messages contain a send time that is populated by the application server. Enter <i>0</i> to leave the send time blank and have it populated by the receiving gateway (depending on the gateway).

### **Cache Settings Section**

PeopleSoft Application Engine and Process Scheduler require a cache directory, which you specify in this section:

<i><b>Parameter</b></i>	<i><b>Description</b></i>
CacheBaseDir	Enter the location of the cache directory. Leave the default selected, unless you have a compelling reason to change it.
EnableServerCaching	Specify a bit flag instructing how file caching is set up. The default value is 2.  <b>Note.</b> This option is not included in the delivered psprcs.cfg file. However, if you must override the default setting, you can manually enter the option into the psprcs.cfg file.

<b>Parameter</b>	<b>Description</b>
ServerCacheMode	<p>Set to <i>0</i> for one cache directory per process or <i>1</i> for a shared cache. The default value is <i>0</i>.</p> <p><b>Note.</b> This option is not included in the delivered psprcs.cfg file. However, if you must override the default setting you can manually enter the option into the psprcs.cfg file.</p>
EnableDBCach	<p>If enabled, the metadata (cache) is accessed from database, rather than the file-system.</p> <p><b>Note.</b> To enable database caching for Process Scheduler domains, you may need to manually add EnableDBCach=Y.</p> <p>See <i>PeopleTools 8.51 PeopleBook: System and Server Administration</i>, "Setting Application Server Domain Parameters," Cache Settings.</p>

The following table lists the possible values for EnableServerCaching:

<b>Bit</b>	<b>Type of Caching</b>
0	Server file caching disabled.
1	Server file caching is limited to most used classes.
2	Server file caching for all types.

### **Integration Broker Section**

The following table describes each parameter in the Integration Broker section:

<b>Parameter</b>	<b>Description</b>
Min Message Size For Compression	Specify the minimum size of message data for synchronous handler to enable compression.

**Note.** If you decide to edit the configuration file directly, make sure that there are no spaces between the equal sign and the entries and no trailing spaces. After making the necessary changes, save this file.

### Search Indexes Section

The following table describes each parameter in the Search Indexes section:

<i>Parameter</i>	<i>Description</i>
Search Indexes	Use this option to specify the location of all the files pertaining to the search index. Index name is same as the location.

## Editing the PeopleSoft Process Scheduler Configuration File for UNIX and OS390

This section discusses the differences in parameter descriptions for UNIX and OS390 operating system.

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**Note.** The EnableDBMonitoring feature requires Tuxedo and thus it is not supported for the OS390 Process Scheduler.

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### OS390-Config Section

This is an additional section located after the Trace section:

<i>Parameter</i>	<i>Description</i>
ODBC Initialization File	Specify the file containing the Open Database Connectivity (ODBC) setting to connect to the DB2 subsystem where the PS database is created.
Shell JCL Library	Specify the directory location where the JCL shell templates are stored.
High Level Qualifier for System Datasets	Specify the datasets to which PeopleSoft installation are copied during batch transfer (for example, <i>PT.PT840TA</i> ).
High Level Qualifier for Log Datasets	Specify the datasets that represent the high-level qualifier for all logs and reports generated from processes submitted through PeopleSoft Process Scheduler.
Plan name for PTPSQLRT with CAF	Specify the DB2 plan used to run COBOL called within an Application Engine program through Remote Call.

<b>Parameter</b>	<b>Description</b>
Plan name for PTPSQLRT with TSO	Specify the DB2 plan used to run COBOL from TSO through JCL that is created from the COBOL shell JCL template (SHECBL.JCT).
DB2 Sub-System=	Specify the DB2 subsystem name where the database resides (for example, <i>DSND</i> ).
VIO eligible unit group	Specify the DASD volume group used by Remote COBOL when triggered from PeopleSoft Application Engine.
Enable Parallel Processing	Specify <i>Y</i> or <i>N</i> to set the Parallel processing parameter in the COBOL shell JCL template (SHECBL.JCT).
DECIMAL	This value should reflect the setting of the DECIMAL parameter found in the ZPARM of the DB2 subsystem where the database resides. The valid values are <i>PERIOD</i> (default) and <i>COMMA</i> .
TSO Character Set	<p>Specifies the codepage for the TSO environment. The default value is <i>CP037</i> (IBM037: Latin1 code page).</p> <p><b>Note.</b> For example, in Japanese setting, the recommended TSO Character Set is <i>CCSID939</i>.</p> <p>See <i>PeopleTools 8.51 PeopleBook: Global Technology</i>, "Selecting and Configuring Character Sets and Language Input and Output," Character Sets in the PeopleSoft Pure Internet Architecture.</p>

### **Process Scheduler Section**

The following table lists the Process Scheduler section parameters for UNIX (rather than Windows):

<b>Parameter</b>	<b>Description</b>
ProgramName	Specify the name of the PeopleSoft Process Scheduler program, <i>PSPRCSRV</i> .
PrcsServerName	Specify the process server name. This must match the name defined in the server definition, such as <i>PSUNIX</i> .

<b>Parameter</b>	<b>Description</b>
Max Reconnect Attempt	Specify the maximum number of times that the PeopleSoft Process Scheduler Server Agent will try to reconnect to the database when the connection is lost. When the maximum number of attempts is reached and the agent hasn't successfully connected to the database, the agent shuts down.
Reconnection Interval	Specify the interval, in seconds, between attempts to reconnect to the database when a connection is lost.
Log/Output Directory	Specify the directory in which files that are generated by the program are written. When PeopleSoft Process Scheduler initiates a process request, it creates a subdirectory in the format <Process Type ID>_<Program Name>_<Process Instance> that contains the generated files. For example, the SQR program has all reports, trace, and log files in the subdirectory SQR_XRFFWIN_20. It is also the optional directory used with the Output Destination field when scheduling a request. This variable (%%OutputDirectory%%) can be used in the File/Printer field of the Process Scheduler Request dialog box.  <b>Note.</b> The output directory has an extra slash attached at the end.
LogFence	Enter the PeopleSoft Process Scheduler tracing levels.
DEFAULTPRINTER	Specify the UNC path of the printer where reports are printed when the %DefaultPrinter% was specified as the output destination.

The following table lists the Process Scheduler section parameters for OS390 (rather than Windows):

<b>Parameter</b>	<b>Description</b>
Prs Job Name	Specify the job name that is assigned to the Process Scheduler program. This is set in USS using the __BPX_JOBNAME environment variable setting.
Prs Job Account=	Specify the job account that is assigned to the Process Scheduler program. This is in USS using the __BPX_ACCT_DATA environment variable setting.

<b><i>Parameter</i></b>	<b><i>Description</i></b>
ProgramName	Specify the name of the Process Scheduler program, PSPRCSRV.
PrCsServerName	Specify the process server name. This must match the name defined in the database, such as <i>PSOS390</i> .
Max Reconnect Attempt	Specify the maximum number of times that the PeopleSoft Process Scheduler Server Agent will try to reconnect to the database when the connection is lost. When the maximum number of attempts is reached and the agent hasn't successfully connected to the database, the agent shuts down.
Reconnection Interval	Specify the interval, in seconds, between attempts to reconnect to the database when the connection is lost.
TOOLBIN	Specify where executables reside (for example, <i>%PS_HOME%/bin</i> ).
DEFAULTPRINTER	Specify the UNC path of the printer where reports are printed when the <i>%DefaultPrinter%</i> was specified as the output destination.
Log/Output Directory	Specify the directory in which files that are generated by the program are written. When PeopleSoft Process Scheduler initiates a process request, it creates a subdirectory in the format <i>&lt;Process Type ID&gt;_&lt;Program Name&gt;_&lt;Process Instance&gt;</i> that contains the generated files.
LogFence	Enter the PeopleSoft Process Scheduler tracing levels.

### ***PSTools Section***

For UNIX and OS390, the Character Set parameter is at the beginning of the table.

The first description is for OS390, and the second description is for UNIX.



<b>Parameter</b>	<b>Description</b>
USS (UNIX System Services) Character Set	<p>Specifies the character set based on the UNIX System Services locale's code page. The default value is <i>CCSID1047</i>( Latin1 code page).</p> <p><b>Note.</b> For example, in Japanese setting, the recommended USS Character Set is <i>CCSID939</i>.</p> <p>See <i>PeopleTools 8.51 PeopleBook: Global Technology</i>, "Selecting and Configuring Character Sets and Language Input and Output," Character Sets in the PeopleSoft Pure Internet Architecture.</p>
Report Repository Character Set	<p>Specifies the code page used by the Distribution Agent when migrating text files from USS into the Report Repository. The default value is <i>CP1252</i>.</p> <p><b>Note.</b> For example, in Japanese setting, the recommended Report Repository Character Set is <i>Shift_JIS</i></p> <p>See <i>PeopleTools 8.51 PeopleBook: Global Technology</i>, "Selecting and Configuring Character Sets and Language Input and Output," Character Sets in the PeopleSoft Pure Internet Architecture.</p>

### **Application Engine Section**

This is an additional OS390 section located after the SQR section:

<b>Parameter</b>	<b>Description</b>
AE Job Name	<p>Specify the job name assigned to an Application Engine program. This is set in USS using the <i>__BPX_JOBNAME</i> environment variable setting.</p>
AE Job Account	<p>Specify the account assigned to an Application Engine program. This is set in USS using the <i>__BPX_ACCT_DATA</i> environment variable setting.</p>



## Appendix E

# Using PSDAEMON to Post Files to the Report Repository

This appendix provides an overview of posting non-Process Scheduler reports to the report repository and discusses how to:

- Use the POSTRPT\_DMN application engine Daemon program.
- Set up Process Scheduler to run POSTRPT\_DMN.

---

## Understanding How to Post Non-Process Scheduler Reports to the Report Repository

The process of posting reports and files to the Report Repository is performed by the Distribution Agent server. When using PeopleSoft Process Scheduler, the transfer is triggered by the Process Scheduler server when it detects that a process request, such as SQR or Crystal, has generated a report and is ready to be posted.

Reports that were generated outside of the PeopleSoft Process Scheduler either by being run manually or by a third-party scheduler, can be posted to the Report Repository using the *PostReport* PeopleCode class object. The *PostReport* PeopleCode class updates the Report Manager with the information for the new report, including the list of users and roles authorized to view the report. The request is sent to the Distribution Agent that is identified by the *ServerName* of the process scheduler server specified in the request.

The following is an example of the code:

```

Local PostReport &RPTINFO;
/*****
* Construct a PostReport Object.
*****/
&RPTINFO = SetPostReport();
&RPTINFO.ProcessInstance = 0;

/*****
* Information to be displayed in the Report Manager
*****/
&RPTINFO.ProcessName = "XRFWIN"
&RPTINFO.ProcessType = "SQL Report"
&RPTINFO.SourceReportPath = "\\server9000\report\sqr_xrfwin"
&RPTINFO.OutDestFormat = "PDF"
&RPTINFO.ReportFolder = "SQL Reports"

/*****
* Description to be displayed in the Report Manager
*****/
&RPTINFO.ReportDescr = "New SQL Report"

/*****
* The server name of the Process Scheduler where the
* Distribution Agent assigned to post the request
* resides.*
*****/
&RPTINFO.ServerName = "PSNT"

/*****
* List of users/roles authorized to view the report.
*****/
&RPTINFO.AddDistributionOption("ROLE", "Managers");
&RPTINFO.AddDistributionOption("USER", "VP1");

&RPTINFO.Put();
&RPTINSTANCE = &RPTINFO.ReportId;

```

### See Also

*PeopleTools 8.51 PeopleBook: PeopleCode API Reference*, "PostReport Class"

---

## Using the POSTRPT\_DMN Application Engine Daemon Program

Using the PostReport PeopleCode class object implies that a PeopleCode function has been written using this class and is invoked either from an Application Engine or an Application Server.

Sending a single request through an Application Engine can incur a large overhead; therefore, we recommend running the program from PSDAEMON using the POSTRPT\_DMN Application Engine program.

The POSTRPT\_DMN program monitors for any requests to post by searching for new XML files in a designated directory. The XML file contains all the parameters required by the PostReport PeopleCode class object to post the request to the Report Repository. The program reads the parameters using the POST\_REPORT\_XML file layout. The following table shows a listing of these parameters:

<i><b>XML Attribute Tag</b></i>	<i><b>Corresponding PostReport Attribute</b></i>	<i><b>Description</b></i>	<i><b>Data Type</b></i>	<i><b>Required</b></i>	<i><b>Notes</b></i>
PRCSINSTANCE	ProcessInstance	Process instance	Integer	No	If no process instance is specified, the system assigns a new instance.
CONTENTID	ReportId	Content ID	Integer	No	A unique content ID is assigned for each valid request.
PRCSNAME	PrcsName	Process name	Character (12)	Yes	The process name must be defined in the Process Definition table.
PRCSTYPE	PrcsType	Process type	Character (30)	Yes	The process type must be defined in the Process Type Definition table.
REPORTPATH	SourceReportPath	Report directory	Character (254)	Yes	The full absolute path where files and reports are retrieved.  <b>Note.</b> After the Distribution Agent has transferred the files to the Report Repository, this directory is deleted.
CONTENT_DESCR	ReportDescr	Report description	Character (254)	Yes	The description that appears in Report Manager.

<b><i>XML Attribute Tag</i></b>	<b><i>Corresponding PostReport Attribute</i></b>	<b><i>Description</i></b>	<b><i>Data Type</i></b>	<b><i>Required</i></b>	<b><i>Notes</i></b>
EXPIRATION_DATE	ExpirationDate	Expiration date	Date	No	In YYYYMMDD format. If not specified, the system uses the Retention Days value from System Settings.
FOLDER	ReportFolder	Folder name	Character (18)	No	If not specified, the system uses the default from the Report Folder Administration.
SERVER	ServerName	Process Scheduler server name	Character (8)	Yes	You must define the server name specified in the Server Definition table.
OUTDESTFORMAT	OutDestFormat	Output destination format	Character (3)	No	See the following table for valid values.
DISTIDTYPE	Passed as the first parameter of the AddDistributionOption method of the PostReport class	Identifier specified if the DISTID value is either User or Role.	Character (30)	Yes	The value is either USER, which indicates a user ID, or ROLE, which indicates a role ID.
DISTID	Passed as the second parameter of the AddDistributionOption method of the PostReport class	User or Role authorized to view the report	Character (30)	Yes	

For the POSTRPT\_DMN program to process a request using the PostReport PeopleCode class example above, you must create an XML file using the following content:

```

<?xml version="1.0"?>
<CONTENTINFO>
  <PRCSNAME>XRFWIN</PRCSNAME>
  <PRCSTYPE>SQR REPORT</PRCSTYPE>
  <CONTENT_DESCR>New SQR Report</CONTENT_DESCR>
  <REPORTPATH>\\server9000\report\sqr_xrfwin</REPORTPATH>
  <OUTDESTFORMAT>PDF</OUTDESTFORMAT>
  <FOLDER>SQR Reports</FOLDER>
  <SERVER>PSNT</SERVER>
  <AUTHORIZED_LIST>
    <DISTID>VP1</DISTID>
    <DISTIDTYPE>USER</DISTIDTYPE>
  </AUTHORIZED_LIST>
  <AUTHORIZED_LIST>
    <DISTID>Managers</DISTID>
    <DISTIDTYPE>ROLE</DISTIDTYPE>
  </AUTHORIZED_LIST>
</CONTENTINFO>

```

### **Output Destination Format Values**

The OUTDESTFORMAT attribute can contain either the value of the file extension or the numeric value of the format, as shown in the following table:

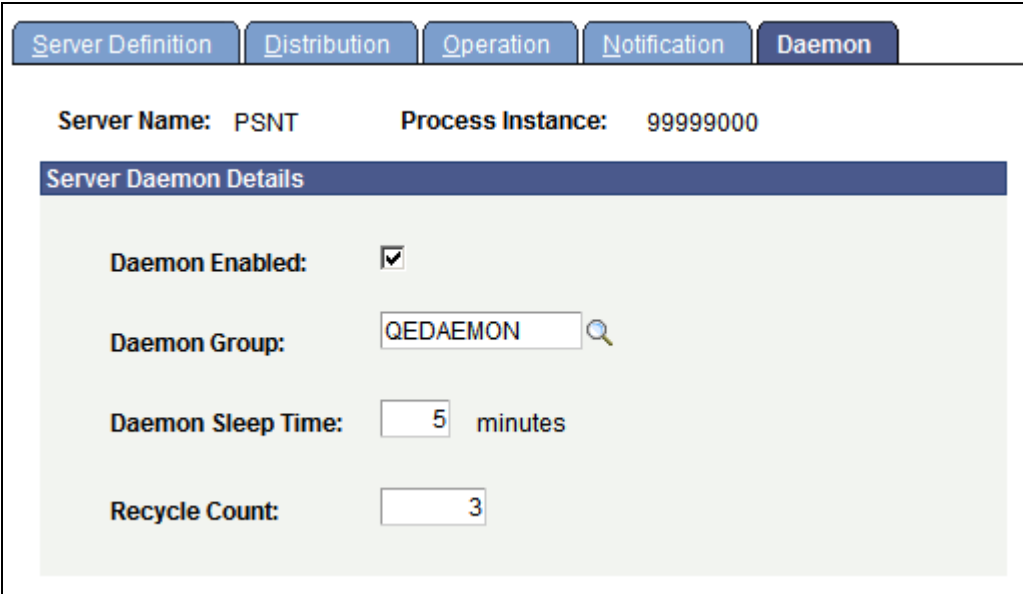
<b>Format</b>	<b>Format Extension</b>	<b>Numeric Value</b>
Acrobat PDF	PDF	2
Delimited Files	CSV	3
HP Format	HP	4
HTML	HTM	5
Line Printer	LP	6
MS Excel Spreadsheet	XLS	8
MS WinWord Document	DOC	9
PostScript	PS	10
Rich Text Format	RTF	12
SQR Format	SPF	13
Text	TXT	14

<i>Format</i>	<i>Format Extension</i>	<i>Numeric Value</i>
XML	XML	17
DataMover Data File	DAT	18
Other	OTHER	14

## Setting Up Process Scheduler to Run the POSTRPT\_DMN Program

This section discusses the steps required to activate the POSTRPT\_DMN program from any Process Scheduler server. When a Process Scheduler server is activated to have the POSTRPT\_DMN program run through PSDAEMON, the program checks for any new XML files in the <PS\_HOME>\appserv\prcs\<Database Name>\files\reports directory.

**Note.** For the changes to take effect, you must reboot the Process Scheduler server.



Server Definition Distribution Operation Notification **Daemon**

Server Name: PSNT Process Instance: 99999000

**Server Daemon Details**

Daemon Enabled: ☒

Daemon Group: QEDAEMON

Daemon Sleep Time: 5 minutes

Recycle Count: 3

Process Scheduler - Servers - Daemon page

To set up a Process Scheduler server to run the POSTRPT\_DMN program in PSDAEMON:

1. Go to PeopleTools, Process Scheduler, Daemon Group.
2. Add a new Daemon Group.

For example, add QEDAEMON. The Daemon Group page appears.

3. Use the drop-down list to add the *POSTRPT\_DMN* program, and click Save.



4. Select PeopleTools, Process Scheduler, Servers.
5. Select the server definition for the Process Scheduler server on which you intend to run the POSTRPT\_DMN program.
6. Go to the Daemon page and complete the information as shown in the example that precedes these instructions.
7. Click Save.

**See Also**

Chapter 8, "Setting Server Definitions," page 147



## Appendix F

# Editing JCL Templates in OS390 for COBOL and SQR

This appendix provides an overview of JCL templates and discusses how to:

- Customize the PeopleSoft Process Scheduler shell JCL template.
- Run PeopleSoft Process Scheduler or Application Engine from a JCL in OS390.
- Understand the limitations of Process Scheduler server running from USS (UNIX System Services).

---

## Understanding JCL Templates

The PeopleSoft Server Transfer program creates a directory \$PS\_HOME/appserv/prcs/shelljcl in the OS390 UNIX Services to store a master copy of the shell JCL templates. When you create a PeopleSoft Process Scheduler Server configuration, it copies the shell JCL templates into the \$PS\_HOME/appserv/prcs/<database name>/shelljcl directory. This includes all of the JCLs used for running COBOL and SQR through PeopleSoft Process Scheduler.

The following table lists the shell JCL templates used in PeopleSoft Process Scheduler:

<i>JCL</i>	<i>Description</i>
SHELCLBL.JCT	Invoked by PeopleSoft Process Scheduler when a user requests to run a COBOL program.
SHELSQRF.JCT	Invoked by PeopleSoft Process Scheduler when a user requests to run an SQR program and indicates on the Process Scheduler page to route the output to a file, the web, or an email message.
SHELSQRP.JCT	Invoked by PeopleSoft Process Scheduler when a user requests to run an SQR program and indicates on the Process Scheduler page to route the output to a printer.

<b>JCL</b>	<b>Description</b>
SHELSQROUTP.JCT	Used in conjunction with SHELSQRP.JCT or SHELSQRF.JCT. This template contains the file definition for creating a partitioned dataset for SQR report files. PeopleSoft Process Scheduler uses this template when the SQR output format is: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Acrobat Reader (PDF).</li> <li>• PostScript (PS).</li> <li>• Line Printer (LP).</li> <li>• HP format.</li> </ul>
SHELSQROUTS.JCT	Used in conjunction with SHELSQRP.JCT or SHELSQRF.JCT. This template contains the file definition for creating a sequential dataset for SQR report files. PeopleSoft Process Scheduler uses this template when the SQR output format is HTM or SPF.

You must modify these shell JCL templates to comply with your site standards.

PSADMIN has an Edit a Shell JCL template to enable you to edit a JCL using the VI editor. If you are not familiar with the VI editor and prefer to edit the JCLs using the ISPF editor, you can use the TSO oedit command in the TSO session. The IBM TSO oedit command enables you to modify any files residing in USS from a TSO session. You can edit any of the shell JCL templates found in \$PS\_HOME/appserv/prcs/<database name>/shelljcl directory as shown in the following example. Please consult your OS390 system administrator for using the oedit command at your site.

```

----- EDIT - ENTRY PANEL -----
Command ==>

Directory      ==> /u/data007/pt840id3/appserv/prcs/FS840A2/shelljcl

Filename       ==> shelsqrf.jct

Profile name   ==>

Initial macro  ==>

```

Example of editing shell JCL templates

## Customizing the PeopleSoft Process Scheduler Shell JCL Template

All of the PeopleSoft Process Scheduler shell JCLs use meta-strings to pass data stored in the database or PeopleSoft Process Scheduler configuration files. PeopleSoft Process Scheduler uses meta-strings to generate the JCL based on one of these sources:

- The profile of the user who initiated the request.
- Parameters defined in the PeopleSoft Process Scheduler configuration file.
- Parameters defined on the Process Type Definition page or the Process Definition page.

A good example of data that can be passed includes job account and job name. Enter the values of some of these variables by selecting PeopleTools, Security, Permissions & Roles, Permission Lists.

The shell JCL templates are tunable and should be changed according to your site-specific standards. The following table identifies the meta-strings that you can use in a shell JCL template.

If you create a new JCL template, be aware that:

- The Shell ID is restricted to three characters.
- The Shell ID is associated with the process type definition.

<b><i>Meta-String</i></b>	<b><i>Description</i></b>
%JOBNAME%	Specifies the value entered in the OS390 Job Controls Name field on the Process Profile Permission page for the permission lists specified as the user ID's process profile. The process profile for a user ID can be set using the User Profiles page in the Security component.
%JOBACCT%	Specifies the value entered in the OS390 Job Controls Account field on the Process Profile Permission page.
%OUTDEST%	Specifies the output destination based on the value entered in the Server Destinations File or Printer field on the Process Profile Permission page.
%SFX%	Identifies a one-character code issued by PeopleSoft Process Scheduler. The system randomly assigns a value from A to Z.
%OPRID%	Identifies the user ID used to submit the request from PeopleSoft Process Scheduler.

<b><i>Meta-String</i></b>	<b><i>Description</i></b>
%PRCSLOGFILE%	Identifies the name of the log file that PeopleSoft Process Scheduler used to redirect all data written to output for PeopleSoft Application Engine or SYSOUT in COBOL or SQR
%PRCSLOGDIR%	Identifies the directory to which all log files or reports are written in USS for a process.
%ACCESSID%	Identifies the access ID that is assigned for a user ID defined in PSOPRDEFN.
%INSTANCE%	Identifies the process instance number that is assigned to a process request.
%RUNID%	Identifies the run control ID used to submit the process request.
%OWNERID%	Identifies the owner ID for the PeopleSoft database.
%PRCSNAME%	Identifies the program name, as defined on the Process Definition page.
%DB2SUB%	Identifies the name of the DB2 subsystem specified in the DB2 Sub-System parameter in the OS390 section in the PeopleSoft Process Scheduler configuration file.
%PERFSTAT%	Sets the Performance Statistic option in the COBOL shell JCL. This is set to Y when the bit value of 128 is assigned to the TraceSQL parameter in the Trace section in the PeopleSoft Process Scheduler configuration file.
%DYNEXPLN%	Sets the Dynamic Explain option in the COBOL shell JCL. This is set to Y when the bit value of 256 is assigned to the TraceSQL parameter in the Trace section in the PeopleSoft Process Scheduler configuration file. Bit value 256 will also turn on Performance Statistics in the COBOL shell JCL (%PERFSTAT% will be set to Y) as is required to run the Dynamic Explain.
%PARALLEL%	Sets the Dynamic Explain option in the COBOL shell JCL. This is based on the Enable Parallel Processing parameter in the OS390 section in the PeopleSoft Process Scheduler configuration file.

<i>Meta-String</i>	<i>Description</i>
"%TSOPLAN%	Indicates the DB2 plan name subsystem specified in the Plan name for PTPSQLRT with TSO parameter in the OS390 section in the PeopleSoft Process Scheduler configuration file.
%PSHLQ%	Indicates the high-level qualifier of the PeopleSoft dataset specified in the High Level Qualifier for Datasets parameter in the OS390 section of the PeopleSoft Process Scheduler configuration file.
%SQRINI%	Identifies the initialization file used by the SQR process. This meta-string is used exclusively for SQR.

Following is a sample job control card in one of the shell JCLs:

```
//%JOBNAME%%SFX% JOB %JOBACCT%,'PS-PRCS ',CLASS=E,MSGCLASS=X,
// NOTIFY=%OPRID%
```

If you do not use meta-strings, you can also update the job cards to remove these variables and replace them with actual values.

In the SHELL JCL for SQR, OUTNODE denotes either an OS390 partitioned dataset (PDS) or a sequential dataset. The PDS is a requirement for SQR output. If the SQR report XRFPANEL is directed to file output, the following substitution occurs:

In SHELSQRF.JCT, change// OUTNODE='%OUTDEST%' to // OUTNODE='HR.H800RAB', .

If an SQR process is directed to print, the following substitutions occur:

```
// OUTNODE='DEST=U3', OPTIONAL:USER-DEF OUTPUT . .
//*****
//* Main portion of JCL Shell *
//*****
..
//SQROUTP DD SYSOUT=*,DEST=U3
```

## OS390 Job Controls

OS390 job controls specify the OS390 job name to assign to each process that is submitted. This value can be up to seven characters. Do not use lowercase letters or quotation marks. If you included the %SFX% meta-string as part of the job name, PeopleSoft Process Scheduler appends a one-character alphabetical suffix to this name (A through Z, chosen randomly) before the job submission.

For example, if you entered USRMVS1, the assigned job name becomes USRMVS1A through USRMVS1Z. After you enter the OS390 job name, enter the job account number that you used in the installation. Specify an account code to be inserted as the JCL accounting code.

## Running PeopleSoft Process Scheduler or Application Engine From a JCL in OS390

PeopleSoft Process Scheduler is customarily started and stopped from a JCL sample. JCLs are provided to accomplish this task. An Application Engine program must also be run from a JCL in some business cases. Any PeopleSoft executable residing in the UNIX System Services (USS) can be invoked from a JCL using the IBM BPXBATCH utility.

In the high-level qualifier where PeopleSoft is installed in OS390, a partitioned dataset (HLQ.JCLLIB) contains the following JCL:

- PRCSSSTR,JCL: JCL to start PeopleSoft Process Scheduler.
- PRCSSSTOP,JCL: JCL to stop PeopleSoft Process Scheduler.
- AESAMP,JCL: Sample JCL to run an Application Engine program.

The following table identifies the meta-strings to use, in the order specified in a shell JCL template, for USS scheduler to pass COBOL parameters so that it can, in turn, call Application Engine:

<b>Meta-String</b>	<b>Description</b>
%PS_HOME%	Path of PeopleSoft home directory
%PS_SERVDIR%	Full path of the server directory, for example, <i>\$PS_HOME/appserv/prcs/PT840GA</i> .
%PS_SERVERCFG%	Full path of the psprcs configuration file, for example, <i>\$PS_SERVDIR/psprcs.cfg</i> .
%PS_CONFIG%	Full path of the psprcs.sh file, for example, <i>\$PS_HOME/psconfig.sh</i> .
%HFS_USERID%	Login ID (userID). Same authorities as the userID used for installation, or the userID that started Process Scheduler.
%JOBNAME%	Specifies the value entered in the OS390 Job Controls Name field on the Process Profile Permission page for the permission lists specified as the user ID's process profile. The process profile for a user ID can be set using the User Profiles page in the Security component.



<i><b>Meta-String</b></i>	<i><b>Description</b></i>
%REGION_SIZE%	Region size. The Default is -1.
%CPU_TIME%	Maximum CPU time this Application Engine process is allowed to use. The default is 1000. This matches the default value for MAXCPU TIME variable of BPXPRMxx member of the SYS1.PARMLIB.

---

## Limitations of Process Scheduler Server

In the USS environment, Process Scheduler submits COBOL and SQR by means of a JCL. Although Process Scheduler can capture the job name of a JCL, it is incapable of capturing the job ID assigned by TSO. Consequently, Process Scheduler does not have the ability to query or manage a JCL that has been submitted to the TSO environment.

As a result, Process Scheduler does not have the ability to cancel a JCL job when a user requests to cancel an SQR or COBOL process using the Process Monitor page. While Process Scheduler does not kill the JCL associated with the process, it does make the slot available for any other queued SQR or COBOL processes. Therefore, you must manually cancel the JCL from a TSO session.

---

**Note.** This limitation does not apply to Application Engine requests initiated from z/OS. The executable of an Application Engine is terminated when a user cancels the submitted request from the Process Monitor page.

---



## Appendix G

# Process Scheduler Table Maintenance

This appendix discusses how to:

- Rename a database in process request data tables.
- Use Data Mover scripts to delete reports.
- Configure the purge process.

---

## Renaming a Database in Process Request Data Tables

When you copy a database or rename a database during an upgrade, if processes are *Queued*, *Pending*, or *On Hold*, they will cause data corruption. These processes will be listed in the SYSAUDIT in section (PRCSSCHED-18) Queued processes in PSPRCSPARMS and PSPRCSRQST, which contains a DBNAME different than that of the current database name.

After copying your database or renaming a database, bring down all process schedulers and run the application engine program MGRPRCSTBL .

This application engine program will:

- Update the PSPRCSPARMS table with the new database name.
- Update the PSPRCSRQST table with the new database name.

---

## Using Data Mover Scripts to Delete Reports

When PeopleSoft Process Scheduler is set to perform a periodic purge on the System Purge page in System Settings, it triggers the Application Engine program PRCSYSPURGE. This program purges both the Process Request and Report Manager tables. As part of the Report Manager cleanup, it also purges the reports from the Report Repository and archives the data into the Report Archive table.

Data Mover Scripts are provided to delete the entries in Process Request tables, Report Manager tables, and report entries. These scripts should only be run if the customer wants to delete all of the data in the associated tables. The scripts are located in \$PS\_HOME/scripts. This table lists and describes the scripts:

<i>Data Mover Script</i>	<i>Description</i>
PSCSCLR.DMS	Purges all entries in the Process Request tables.

<b>Data Mover Script</b>	<b>Description</b>
RPTCLR.DMS	Purges all entries in the Report Manager tables.
PSRFCLR.DMS	<p>Purges all report entries registered for a report folder.</p> <p><b>Note.</b> This script only deletes the report entries on the database where it is run. If you have multiple databases that populate the report folder, you will need to run the script on each database to clean up all report folder entries.</p>

---

**Note.** All three scripts should be run to ensure that all of the data is deleted.

---

## Configuring the Purge Process

This section provides an overview of the purge process and discusses how to:

- Schedule the purge process.
- Enable or disable statistics.
- Examine the PSYSPURGE application engine program.

## Understanding the Purge Process

When PeopleSoft Process Scheduler is set to perform a periodic purge it triggers the application engine program PRCSYSPURGE. This purge process is used to empty the PeopleSoft Process Scheduler tables and file system. This includes deleting data from Process Request and Report Manager tables, purging reports from the Report Repository and archiving data into the Report Archive table. You can also enable or disable statistics.

See [Chapter 5, "Using Report Manager," Understanding the Purge Reports Process, page 68.](#)

### System Purge Options

The PRCSYSPURGE program is scheduled to run based on the settings maintained on the System Purge Options page. Once the settings are saved, the PRCSYSPURGE application engine program will be scheduled to run at the selected interval.

Select PeopleTools, Process Scheduler, System Settings and select the System Purge Options tab.

Process System	Process Output Type	Process Output Format	System Purge Options																											
<h2>Purge Settings</h2> <div> <div> <b>Purge Options</b> </div> <div> <b>Next Purge Date:</b> <input type="text" value="03/28/2009"/> <b>Purge Process Files:</b> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> </div> <div> <b>Next Purge Time:</b> <input type="text" value="1:00:00AM"/> <b>Archive Process Request:</b> <input type="checkbox"/> </div> <div> <b>Recurrence:</b> <input type="text" value="Daily Purge"/> </div> </div>																														
<div> <div> <b>Run Status Options</b> </div> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Process Run Status</th> <th>Days Before Purge</th> <th>Enabled</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Cancel</td> <td><input type="text" value="7"/></td> <td><input checked="" type="checkbox"/></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Not Successful</td> <td><input type="text" value="7"/></td> <td><input checked="" type="checkbox"/></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Success With Warning</td> <td><input type="text" value="7"/></td> <td><input checked="" type="checkbox"/></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Delete</td> <td><input type="text" value="7"/></td> <td><input checked="" type="checkbox"/></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Error</td> <td><input type="text" value="7"/></td> <td><input checked="" type="checkbox"/></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Hold</td> <td><input type="text" value="7"/></td> <td><input checked="" type="checkbox"/></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Cancelled</td> <td><input type="text" value="7"/></td> <td><input checked="" type="checkbox"/></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Success</td> <td><input type="text" value="7"/></td> <td><input checked="" type="checkbox"/></td> </tr> </tbody> </table> </div>				Process Run Status	Days Before Purge	Enabled	Cancel	<input type="text" value="7"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Not Successful	<input type="text" value="7"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Success With Warning	<input type="text" value="7"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Delete	<input type="text" value="7"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Error	<input type="text" value="7"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Hold	<input type="text" value="7"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Cancelled	<input type="text" value="7"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Success	<input type="text" value="7"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Process Run Status	Days Before Purge	Enabled																												
Cancel	<input type="text" value="7"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>																												
Not Successful	<input type="text" value="7"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>																												
Success With Warning	<input type="text" value="7"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>																												
Delete	<input type="text" value="7"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>																												
Error	<input type="text" value="7"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>																												
Hold	<input type="text" value="7"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>																												
Cancelled	<input type="text" value="7"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>																												
Success	<input type="text" value="7"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>																												

System Purge Options page

The purge schedule is defined by entering a Next Purge Date, Next Purge Time and selecting a Recurrence schedule. The Purge Process Files check box is currently always selected in order to delete all of the subdirectories (log, trace, and so forth) under the Log\_Output directory that is associated with the process requests that are purged from the Process Request tables. The Archive Process Request is reserved for future use.

The Run Status Options list contains a list of process request run statuses that are eligible to be purged. Only completed processes or jobs are eligible for purge. The Days Before Purge entry is used to specify how long requests that complete with the corresponding run status should remain in the Process Request tables. All process requests with an Enabled run status and last update date past the Days Before Purge value specified for that run status will be purged.

---

**Note.** The purge process will not run unless the user ID that starts the Process Scheduler has TLSALL listed as a process group within the primary process profile. The PRCSYSPURGE program is delivered with the TLSALL process group.

---

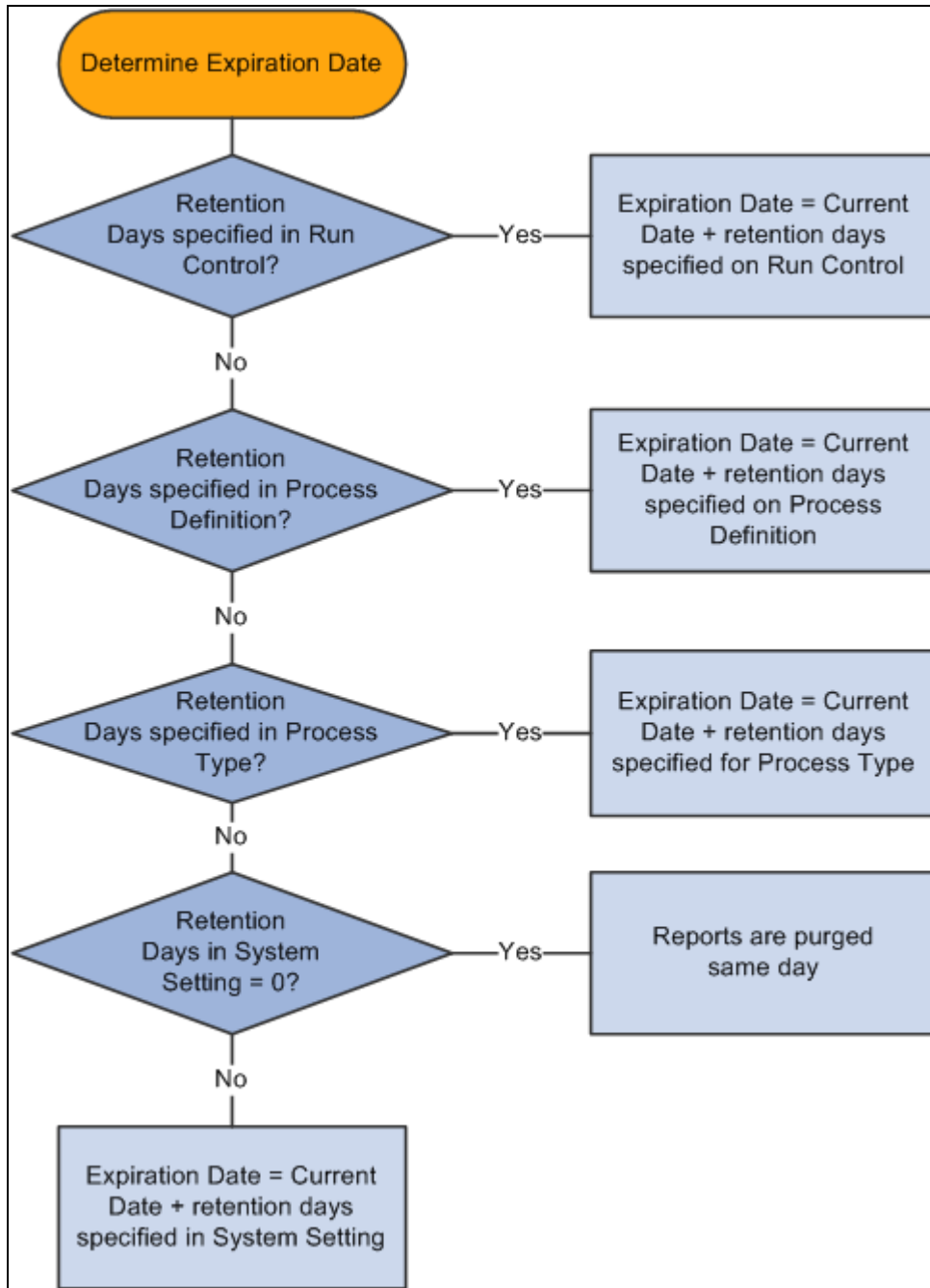
### Report Retention Days

The expiration date for a report is determined by adding the reports retention days to the date the report was run. Retention days for a report can be set at various levels. The system determines the retention days for the report at runtime in the order:

1. Run Control record

2. Process definition
3. Process Type definition
4. System Setting

This diagram shows the precedence for determining the number of retention days for the report.



Expiration date determination

## Scheduling Purge Process

To configure the system to run purge program PRCSYSPURGE, you perform the following steps:

<b>Step</b>	<b>Reference</b>
1. Define report nodes for all active process schedulers.	See <a href="#">Chapter 8, "Setting Server Definitions," Defining Report Nodes, page 157.</a>
2. Configure Master Scheduler.  <b>Note.</b> A Master Scheduler must be running for the purge process to run.	See <a href="#">Appendix D, "Using the PSADMIN Utility," Using the PSADMIN Quick-Configure Menu, page 232.</a>
3. Ensure that the user ID that starts the process scheduler is included in a process group for PRCSYSPURGE. The PRCSYSPURGE program is delivered with the process group TLSALL.	See <a href="#">Chapter 6, "Defining PeopleSoft Process Scheduler Support Information," Setting Process Definition Options, page 111.</a>
4. Configure the System Purge Options page. Purge must be enabled.	See <a href="#">Chapter 6, "Defining PeopleSoft Process Scheduler Support Information," Defining System Purge Options, page 81.</a>

## Enabling and Disabling Statistics

The purge process updates the statistics of the following tables before deleting entries from them:

- PSPRCSRQST
- PSPRCSQUE
- PSPRCSPARMS
- PS\_MESSAGE\_LOG
- PS\_MESSAGE\_LOGPARM
- PS\_PRCRQSTDIST

---

**Note.** Not applicable to DB2.

---

- PS\_CDM\_LIST
- PS\_CDM\_AUTH
- PS\_CDM\_FILE\_LIST

The option to enable or disable updating statistics is set in the process scheduler configuration file (psprcs.cfg). Access the process scheduler configuration file using PSADMIN.

See [Appendix D, "Using the PSADMIN Utility," Editing the PeopleSoft Process Scheduler Configuration File, page 234.](#)

To enable or disable statistics:

1. In the section [Process Scheduler], check the value for Update Table Stats on Purge. Enter *1* to enable updating of statistics.

```
; Set to run statistics for the Process Request and Report Manager
; tables when the Process Scheduler Server purge
; 0          Disable updating of the table statistics
; 1          Enable updating of the table statistics
Update Table Stats on Purge=1
```

2. In the section [PSTOOLS], check the value for DbFlags. Enter *0* (Default) to issue the command to update table statistics to the database.

```
; ;-----
; DbFlags Bitfield
;
; Bit      Flag
; ---      ---
; 1        - Ignore metaSQL to update database statistics(shared with COBOL)
; 2        - not yet allocated
; 4        - Disable Second DB Connection
; 8        - Disable Persistent Secondary DB Connection
; 16       - not yet allocated
; 32       - not yet allocated
; 64       - not yet allocated
; 128      - not yet allocated
; 256      - not yet allocated
DbFlags=0
```

---

**Note.** If DBFlags = 1 the purge process will not update statistics regardless of the Update Table Stats on Purge setting.

---

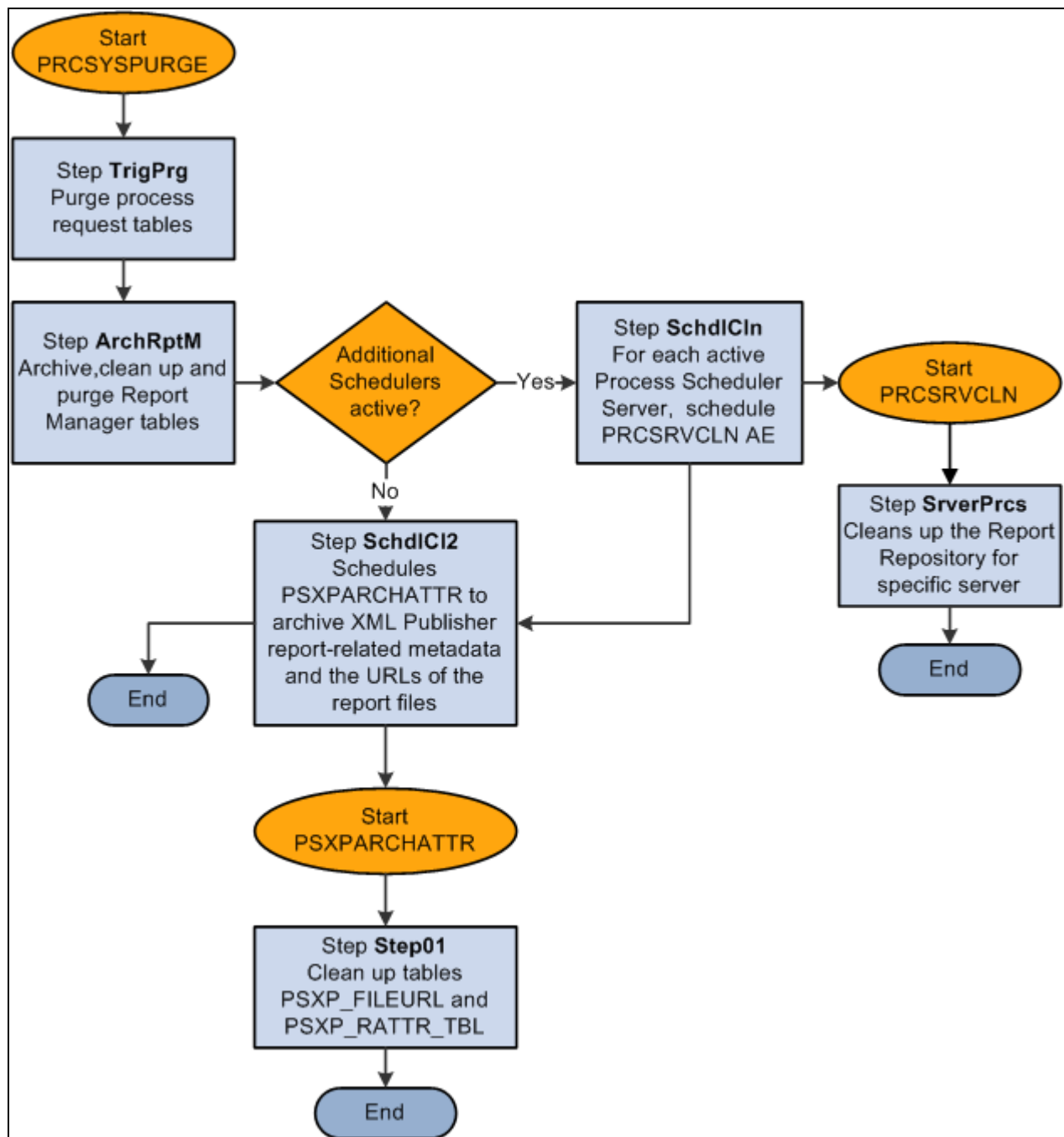
## Examining the PRCSYSPURGE Application Engine Program

The PRCSYSPURGE application engine program is run on the master Process Schedule server. The following steps are executed by the program:

1. Step TrigPrg: This step updates statistics and purges process request tables.
2. Step ArchRptM: This step cleans up Report Manager Repository and purges Report Repository tables.
3. If more than one Process Scheduler server exists, the application engine program PRCSRVCLN is scheduled to run. This program cleans up the Report Repository tables for a specific server..
4. Step SchdIC12: This step schedules the application engine program PSXPARCHATTR to run. This program archives XML Publisher report-related metadata and the URLs of the report files.

This diagram shows the flow for the PRCSYSPURGE application engine program:





Program flow for PRCSYSPURGE application engine program

### ***Step TrigPrg: Purge Process Request Tables***

In this step, statistics are updated for the process request tables and then expired processes and jobs are removed from process request tables. Expired items are archived in the PSPRCSRQSTARCH table.

The expiration of a process or job is determined by the field LASTUPDDTTM on the PSPRCSRQST table and the purge settings configured for each process request status. For each of the run statuses listed in this table, you will determine if the purge should be enabled and indicate the number of days before a process request is purged.

<b>Run Status Code</b>	<b>Value</b>
Cancel	1
Delete	2
Error	3
Hold	4
Cancelled	8
Successful	9
Not Successful	10
Successful with Warning	17

See [Chapter 6, "Defining PeopleSoft Process Scheduler Support Information," Defining System Purge Options, page 81.](#)

This step runs the following steps to remove and archive expired processes or jobs from process request tables.

#### 1. Run Statistics

This step updates database statistics of process request tables to insure that the optimizer has updated information.

---

**Note.** This step is enabled or disabled, based on the setting in `psprcs.cfg`.

---

See [Appendix G, "Process Scheduler Table Maintenance," Enabling and Disabling Statistics, page 283.](#)

#### 2. Gather information on the run statuses to be purged

This step gathers information about the run statuses which are enabled for purging. This information is later used to remove items from process request tables. It is obtained by querying the table `PS_PRCSPURGELIST`. The value `DAYSBEFOREPURGE` and current date are used to determine if a process or job entry has expired.

#### 3. Remove existing entries from `PSPRCSRQSTARCH`

The table `PSPRCSRQSTARCH` is used to store expired items. It has a column `DELETE_FLAG` to identify the items for deletion. This step deletes all items marked for deletion (`DELETE_FLAG=1`) between runs of the `PRCSYSPURGE` program from `PSPTCSRQSTARCH` table before attempting to add newly expired entries.

#### 4. Remove duplicates from `PSPRCSRQSTARCH`

This step removes any remaining expired processes or job items from the `PSPRCSRQSTARCH` table which also exist in `PSPRCSRQST` table. This is done to avoid inserting duplicate entries into this table when newly expired jobs or processes are added.

#### 5. Archive single expired processes to PSPRCRQSTARCH

This step moves all expired single processes, with run status enabled for purge, from the PSPRCRQST table to the PSPRCRQSTARCH table. The process expiration date is determined by calculating:

*PSPRCRQST.LASTUPDDTTM* <= Current Date – number of days before purge (from the System Purge Options page)

For example, if the current date is May 12, 2009 and the number of days before purge for the run status Success is 7, all successful processes run on or before May 5, 2009 are eligible for deletion.

Each process moved into the PSPRCRQSTARCH table has a DELETE\_FLAG = 0.

#### 6. Archive expired job header to PSPRCRQSTARCH

This step performs the same function as the previous step for job headers.

#### 7. Archive expired job items to PSPRCRQSTARCH

For each main job that was moved into PSPRCRQST table in the previous step, this step will locate and move the corresponding job items.

#### 8. Mark items in PSPRCRQSTARCH for removal

On successful completion of steps 1 through 7, all of the transactions are committed and all rows in PSPRCRQSTARCH are marked for deletion. This is done by updating the PSPRCRQSTARCH table with DELETE\_FLAG=1. If any of the data modification steps 1 through 7 were not successful, then all transactions are rolled back and the tables are restored to their original state.

## 9. Remove expired processes and jobs from process request tables

This step removes all expired entries from the process request tables. These tables include:

- PSPRCRQST
- PSPRCSQUE
- PSPRCSCHLDINFO
- PSPRCSPARMS
- PSPRCRQSTXFER
- PS\_PRCRQSTDIST
- PSPRCRQSTTEXT
- PSPRCRQSTFILE
- PSPRCRQSTMETA
- PSPRCRQSTSTRNG
- PSPRCRQSTTIME
- PS\_PRCRQSTNOTIFY
- PS\_PRCRQSTURL
- PS\_PRCFILE
- PSPRCSJOBSTATUS
- PSNVSBATCHRSTRT

## 10. Remove expired entries from message log tables

This step removes the messages that are logged by the expired processes from message log tables PS\_MESSAGE\_LOG and PS\_MESSAGE\_LOGPARM.

All the entries which are at least one day old are deleted from the PSBATAUTH table to avoid an accumulation of messages.

### ***Step ArchRptM: Archive Report Manager Tables***

In this step, all expired reports are archived to the PS\_CDM\_LIST\_PURGE and PS\_CDM\_LIST\_ARCH tables, their associated report output is removed from the Report Repository and finally, all of the expired report entries are removed from the Report Distribution tables.

The following steps are followed to archive Report Manager tables.

### 1. Select expired reports

All the expired reports are obtained from PS\_CDM\_LIST table. A report's expiration is determined using the EXPIRATION\_DATE field in the PS\_CDM\_LIST table and the current date. Reports with distribution status 6 (DELETE) are also considered expired.

See [Appendix G, "Process Scheduler Table Maintenance," Report Retention Days, page 281.](#)

### 2. Remove output from Report Repository

For each of the expired reports, the corresponding output files and folders are removed from the Report Repository. Removal of output files and folders is performed by a script which is auto-generated based on the transfer protocol (Ftp/Xcopy or Http) and Operating System selections found in the Report Node definition.

This is sample script generated for an Ftp/XCopy node on Windows:

```
@ECHO off
set DELETELOG=LOGOUTPUTDIR\%\delete_0520.log
if exist %DELETELOG% del %DELETELOG%
echo Deleting "\\ple70009qtas\psreports\t850u71nt/20090513/656" ... >>>
%DELETELOG%
if exist "\\ ple70009qtas \psreports\ t850u71nt /20090513/656\" rd "\\ple70009\=
psreports\ t850u71nt /20090513/656\" /q /s
echo End of Transfer script >> %DELETELOG%
@ECHO on
```

See [Chapter 8, "Setting Server Definitions," Defining Report Nodes, page 157.](#)

### 3. Archive expired reports to PS\_CDM\_LIST\_ARCH

Move all the expired reports with known distribution nodes except for the *Deleted* reports (Distribution Status = 6) from the PS\_CDM\_LIST table to the PS\_CDM\_LIST\_ARCH table.

### 4. Archive expired reports in PS\_CDM\_LIST\_PURGE

This step is almost the same as the previous step. However, in this case all the expired and deleted reports where the report distribution node does not match the distribution node of the server are archived. The purge process can only cleanup data for the report node designated for the server it is running on. Data for all the other active Process Scheduler Servers will be deleted as part of the PRCSRVCLN process (Step SchdICln).

## 5. Remove expired reports from the report distribution tables

After all of the expired report entries have been successfully moved to the PS\_CDM\_LIST\_ARCH and PS\_CDM\_LIST\_PURGE archive tables, they are removed from the Report Distribution tables. This step deletes all expired report items from the following report distribution tables:

- PS\_CDM\_AUTH
- PS\_CDM\_LIST
- PS\_CDM\_FILE\_LIST
- PS\_CDM\_TRANSFER
- PSRF\_RATTR\_TBL
- PSRF\_RSCRTY\_TBL
- PSRF\_RDESC\_TBL
- PSRF\_RDESC\_LANG
- PSRF\_RINFO\_TBL

### ***Step SchdICln: Schedule PRCSSRVCLN Application Engine Program***

If PRCSYSPURGE detects that more than one Process Scheduler is active, it schedules the application engine program PRCSSRVCLN to run on each of the active Process Scheduler servers to clean up the expired process, job, and report data for that server. For example, if there are two process scheduler servers PSNT and PSNT1. The purge program runs on PSNT which archives the expired process, job, and report data that ran on server PSNT. The program PRCSSRVCLN archives the expired process, job, and report data that ran on server PSNT1. If there is application engine (AE) program data to be purged, then all the related temporary tables and state records used by the expired AE program will also be removed.

This application engine program is launched if there are more active process scheduler servers. The following steps are executed.

1. Select all expired processes from PSPRCSRQSTARCH run by a specific server

This step creates a list of all expired single processes for a specific server.

2. Select all expired job items from PSPRCSRQSTARCH run by a specific server

This step appends the list created in step 1 with all job items that are expired and run by the server referenced in step 1.

### 3. Purge application engine related tables

This step removes all temporary tables or state records for any expired AE programs in the list created in step 2. Related information tables include temporary tables or records used by the program. First, the PS\_AETEMPTBLMGR is queried to find the records used by the expired AE program. Then, the table SQLTABLENAME is queried to find table names of corresponding records used by the AE program. Lastly, DELETE statements are issued to clean up the tables used by AE.

- TBLNAME
- RNAME
- PS\_AETEMPTBLMGR
- PS\_AERUNCONTROL
- PS\_AERUNCONTROLPC

### 4. Remove expired entries run by the specified Process Scheduler server from the archive table PSPRCSRQSTARCH

This step deletes all the processes or jobs run by server from the archive table PSPRCSRQSTARCH.

### 5. Clean the archive table PS\_CDM\_LIST\_PURGE of all the expired reports run by a specific server

This step deletes all the expired reports run by specified server from the PS\_CDM\_LIST\_PURGE table. All the corresponding output files will also be deleted from the report repository.

## **Step SchdICl2: Schedule PSXPARCHATTR AE Program**

This is the last step in the purge process. This step schedules the application engine program PSXPARCHATTR to archive metadata related to expired XML Publisher reports. The URLs of the report files are archived along with the process information to the PSXP\_FLURL\_ARCH table. Search data related to XML Publisher reports is stored along with the process information in the PSXP\_RATTR\_ARCH table.





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