

Health Engine: Image-Enabled Patient Health Records with Oracle Multimedia DICOM

Oracle Open World 2009, San Francisco

Dr. Tom Sprenger

CIO AdNovum

October 13, 2009

Agenda

- Motivation
- Company Presentation
- The Health Engine
- Use of Oracle Multimedia DICOM
- DICOM Performance Measurements
- Outlook
- Conclusions
- Q & A

Motivation

**Efficiently manage all patient health records
of a large hospital or hospital network including
all type of medical images (X-Ray, MRI, CT, etc.)
in one place – the *Health Engine*.**

Company Presentation

the i-engineers

- Development and integration of the i-engine system core of the Health Engine
- Since 2002
- 25 employees
- Aarau (Switzerland)
- Customers: Health, Government
- Oracle Partner

ADNOVUM

- Swiss-Quality High-End Security & Software Engineering
- Since 1988
- 190 employees
- Zurich (HQ, Switzerland), Bern (Switzerland), Budapest (Hungary)
- Customers: Financial, Government, E-Health
- Oracle Partner and Member of Oracle Partner Advisory Board

- The two companies maintain a successful partnership.
- AdNovum offers integration of i-engine solutions into existing IT environments.

The Health Engine

- Universal archive and content management system
- (Virtual) patient dossier containing patient health records
 - medical, administrative, legal and care documents
- Medical record management workflow
- Meet regulatory requirements
 - Full traceability
 - Strict Access Management
- Information life cycle support
 - Audit-proof archive on leading archives (EMC, IBM, HP, Sun)
- Fully integrated into key hospital applications
 - Does not replace other systems

The Health Engine – Swiss Medical Suite

- Integration of hospitals, doctors, pharmaceutical companies
- Secure communication and data exchange of medical, administrative and financial information
- Installed base (Switzerland)
 - 180 hospitals / 6'200 doctors / 70 pharmaceutical companies
 - 50% / 50% / 80% of Swiss market



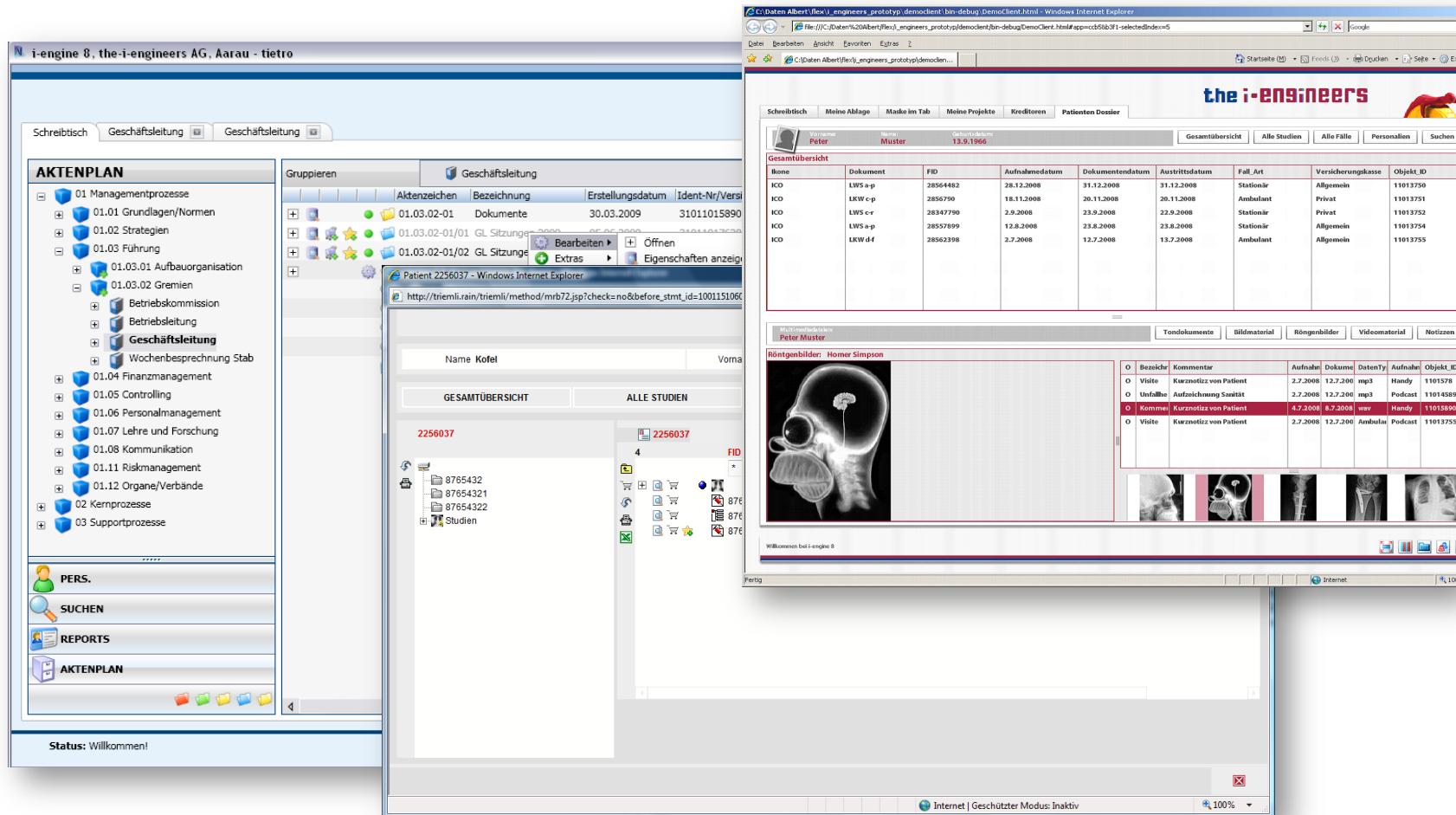
The Health Engine – Software Infrastructure

Based on **Oracle 11g** technology

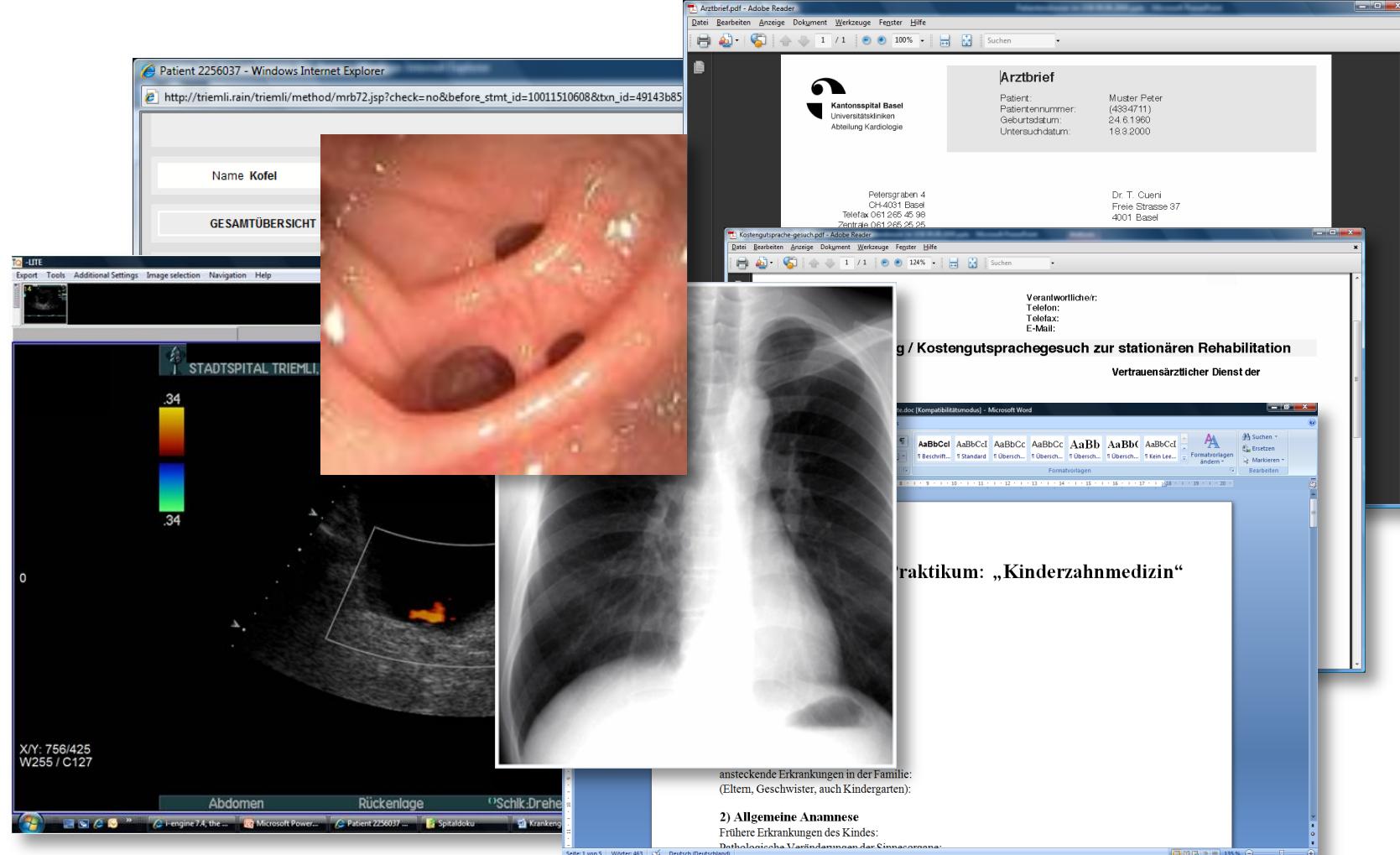
- **Oracle Database 11g**
 - Use of Secure Files for fast storage and retrieval
 - Storage of all data in the database, specifically DICOMS, files, ...
- **Oracle Application Server 11g**
 - Java EE application
- Extensive use of **Oracle Multimedia DICOM**
 - Native support of Oracle DICOM (ORDDicom)
 - Extraction of Metadata
 - Conversion of DICOM into Web-friendly formats

The Health Engine – Client GUIs

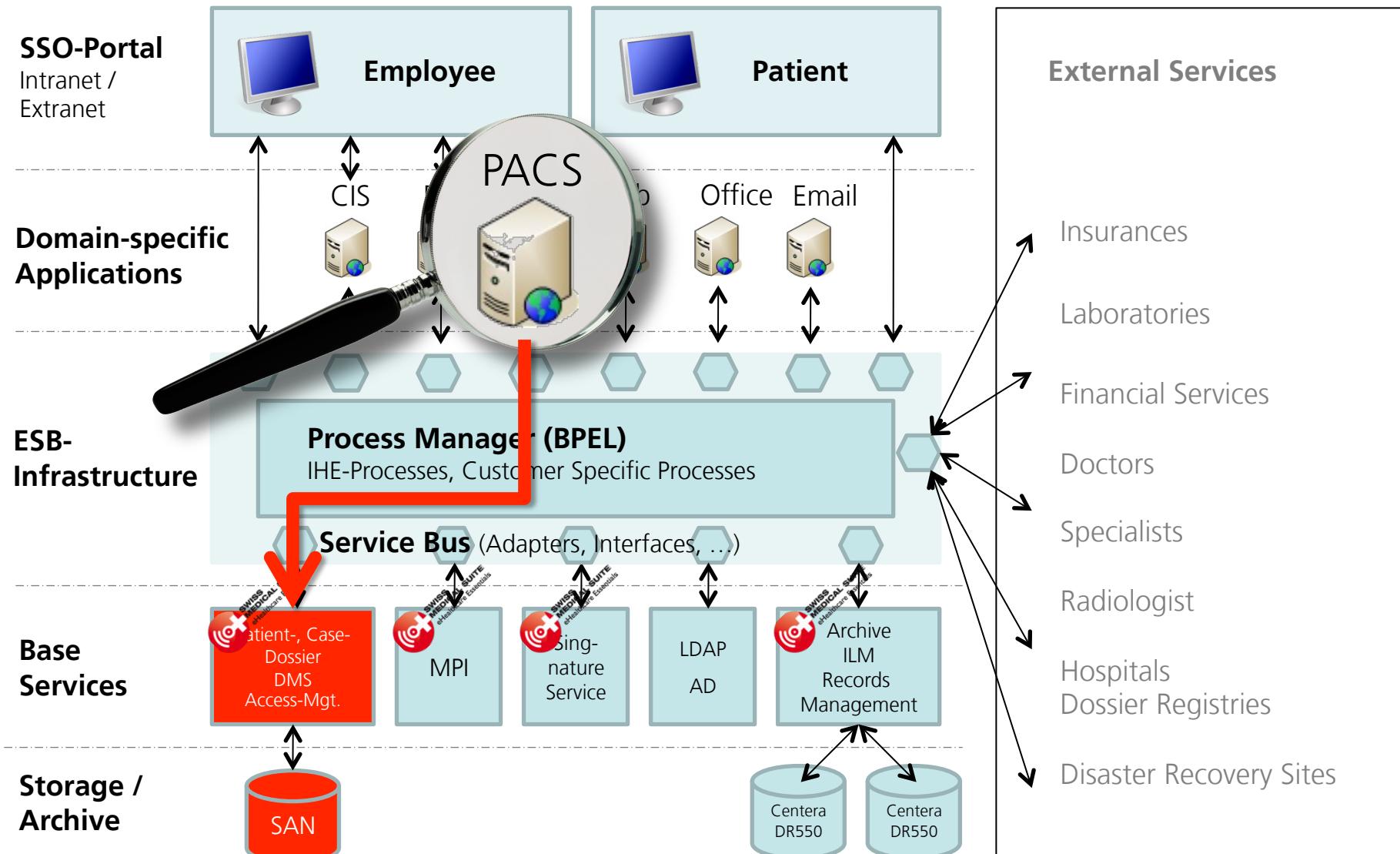
Technologies: Windows, HTML and Adobe Flex



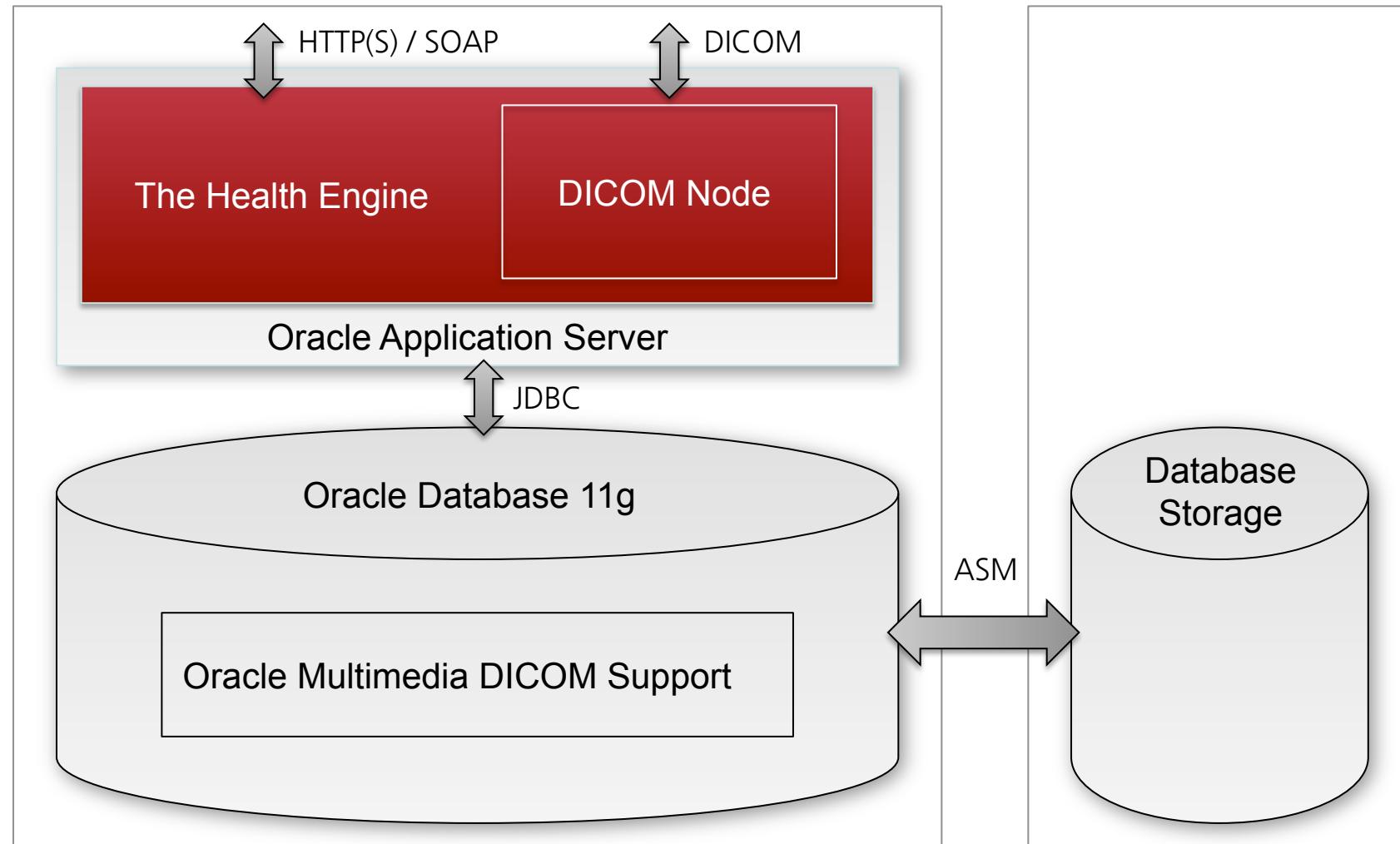
The Health Engine – Patient Record



The Health Engine – Typical Deployment



The Health Engine – Architectural Overview



The Health Engine – Goals

- Include images from PACS systems with other *Health Engine* patient data
 - Consistent storage of all patient data in one place
- Integration of PACS without media transfers
- Implementation based on well-established DICOM standard
- Transparent handling of DICOM objects within *Health Engine*
 - Store DICOM information in *Health Engine* Database

⇒ Use of Oracle Database 11g Multimedia DICOM objects

Use of Oracle Multimedia DICOM

Advantages

- Full DICOM data object support on data-tier level
- Transactional access also on images (1-phase commit)
- Data consistency over all patient data
- Indexing and querying of DICOM metadata
- Sophisticated DB caching and optimizing technologies
- Well established and efficient data backup procedures
- Only database with native DICOM support (ORDDicom)

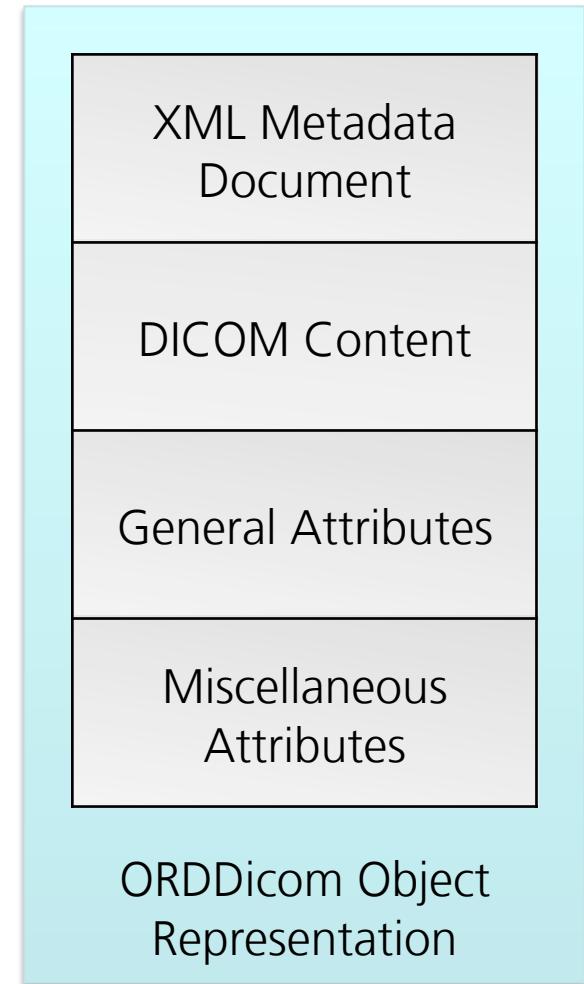
Challenges

- DICOM communication has to be provided extra
- Performance regarding DICOM object throughput

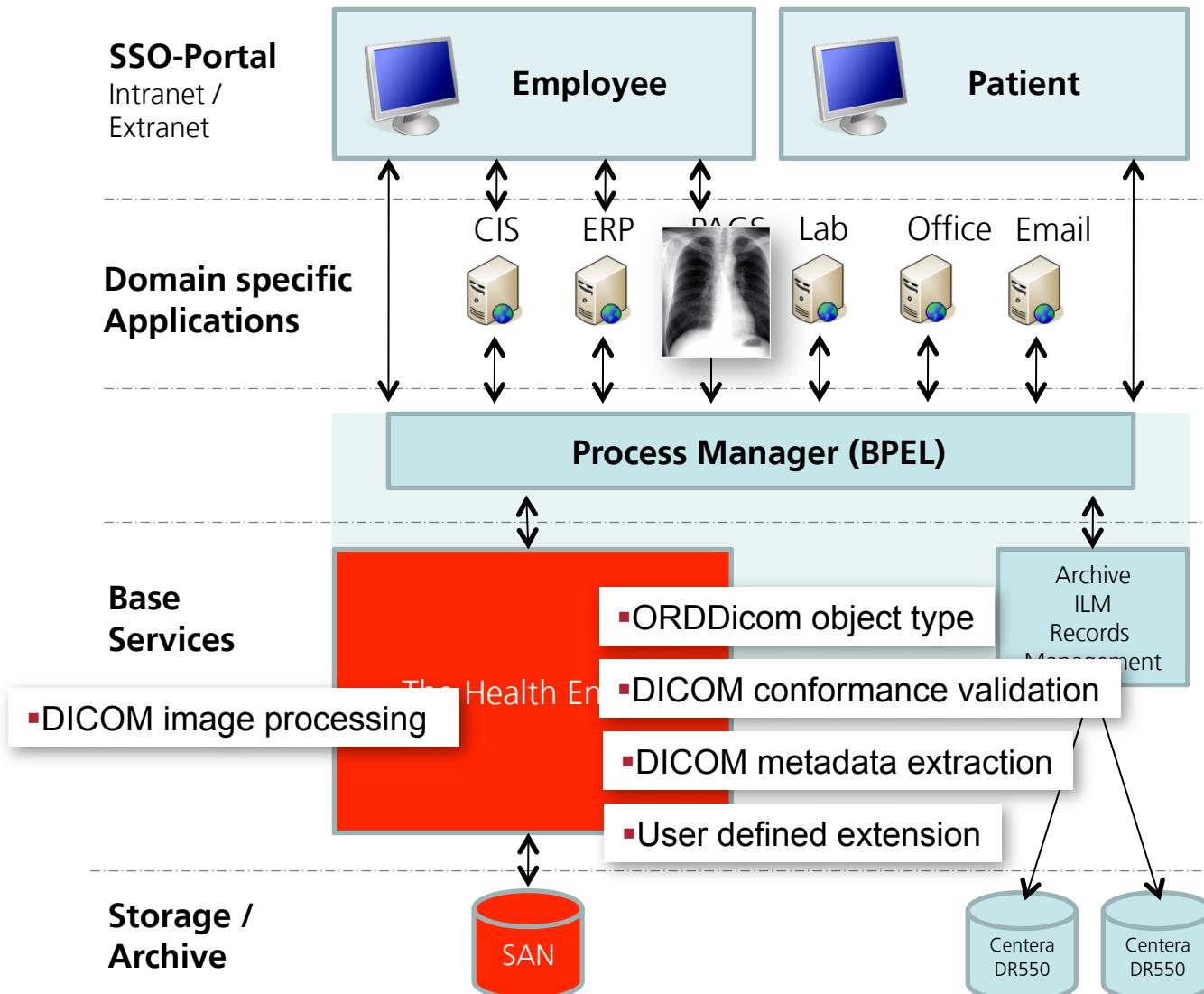
Use of Oracle Multimedia DICOM

Oracle Multimedia DICOM includes

- ORDDicom object type
- DICOM metadata extraction
- DICOM conformance validation
- DICOM image processing/compression
 - Making DICOM content anonymous
 - Creating content from images/metadata
- A run-time updatable DICOM data model
- User defined extension to standard DICOM model



Use of Oracle Multimedia DICOM



Use of Oracle Multimedia DICOM

- Performance was a huge concern on the part of our customers
- A lot of today's DICOM processing systems store DICOM information on proprietary file systems
- Customers challenged that storing DICOM objects in a standard database will meet with their requirements
- We defined a *performance measurement setup*
 - Use of commodity hardware found at our client's
 - Focus on image throughput and write performance
 - The goal is to be able to handle standard peak loads of a large (Swiss) hospital, which means storing approx. 300'000 images/hour

Performance Measurements – Configuration

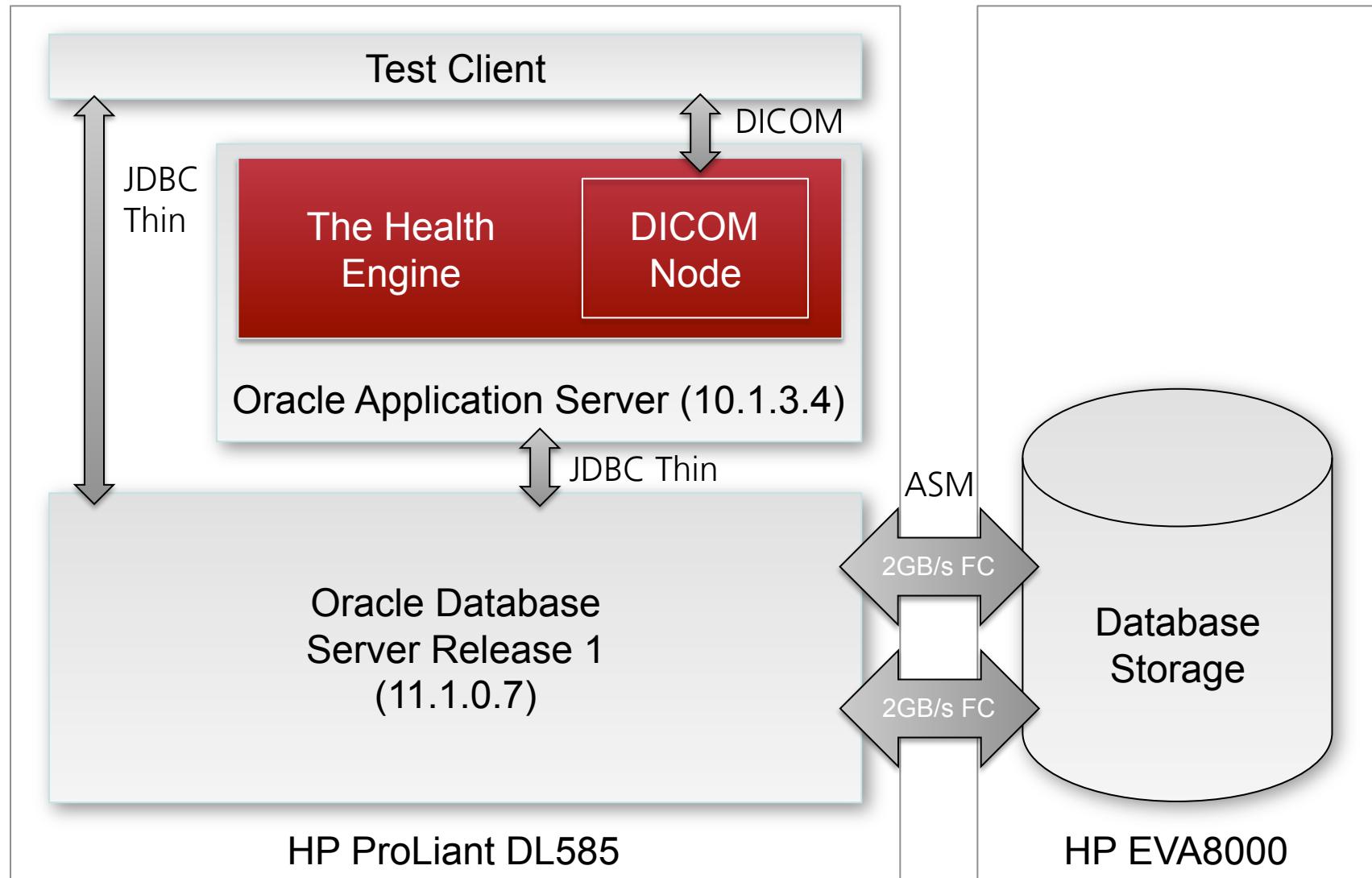
Application and Database Server

Server	HP ProLiant 585
Processor	4 x AMD Opteron, 2.4 GHz
Memory	32 GB
Controller	2 x Emulex 4GB PCI-e FC
Network	2 PCI Express 2.5GB/s Intel Pro / 1000 (4 ports)
OS	Redhat Server 5, 64-bit Linux 2.6.18-128.el5
Database	Oracle Database 11g Release 1 (11.1.0.7) Enterprise Edition

Database Storage

Server	HP StorageWorks EVA 8000
Disk	32 x 300GB FC 15k RPM HD
RAID	5
Cache	8192 MB
Interface	2 x 2GB FC ports

Performance Measurements – Setup

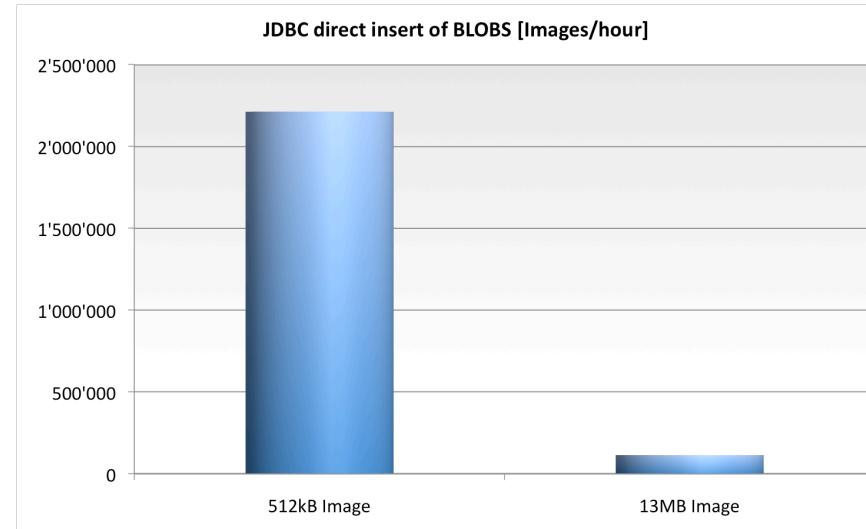
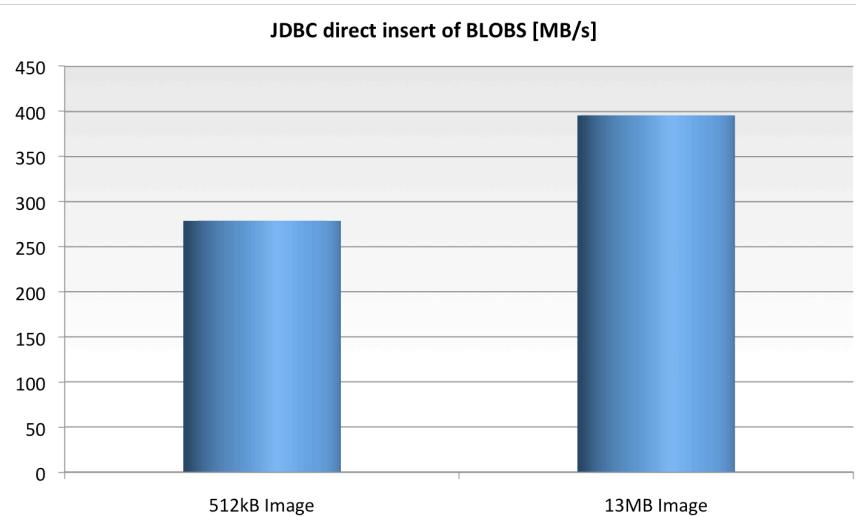


Performance Measurements – Scenarios

- Test scenarios
 - 1: JDBC direct insert of BLOBS
 - 2: JDBC direct insert of ORDDicom objects
 - 3: DICOM node insert of ORDDicom objects
 - 4: DICOM node insert of ORDDicom objects (optimized)
- Test data
 - Small: 512kB medical images
 - Large: 13MB medical images
- Load generation
 - Multithreaded, no think time

Performance Measurements – Scenario 1

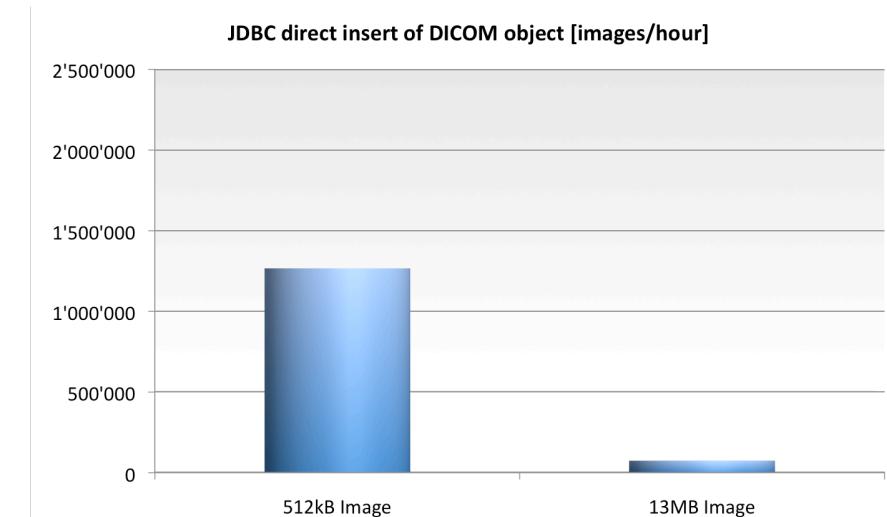
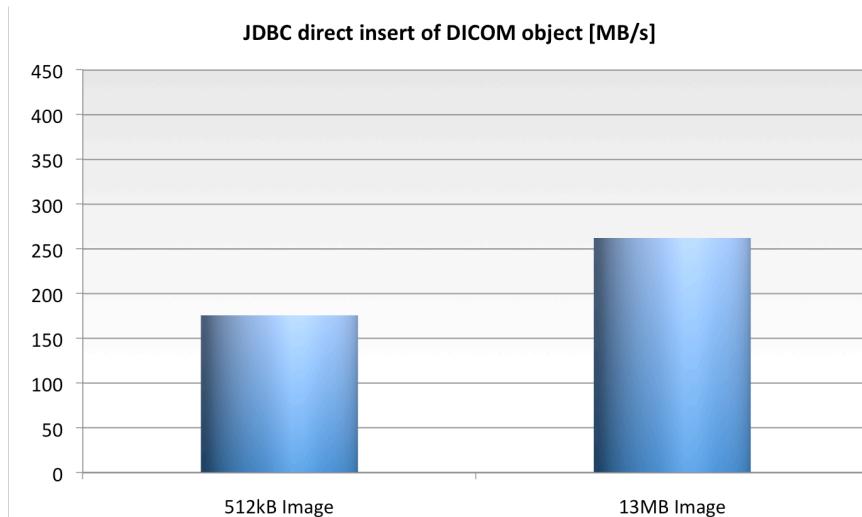
- JDBC direct insert of DICOM objects as BLOBS



- Results
 - Acceptable throughput with 512kB and 13MB images
 - Close to direct I/O of attached SAN
 - Good-natured scaling behavior up to 200 parallel threads
 - *> 2 Mio images / hour* (512kB) resp. 113'000 images / hour (13MB)

Performance Measurements – Scenario 2

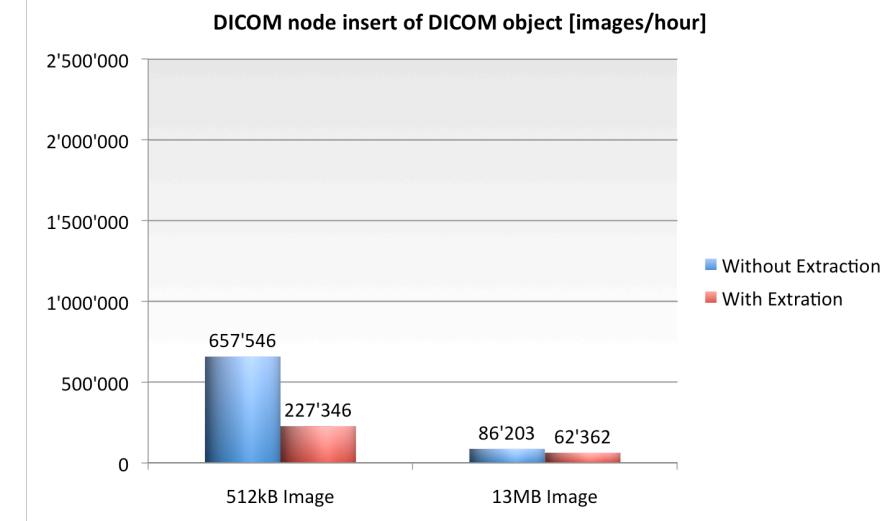
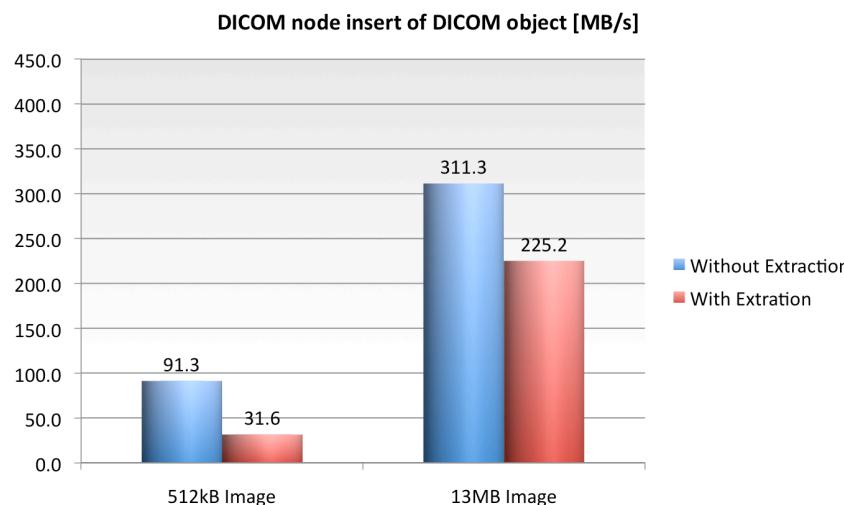
- JDBC direct insert of DICOM images as ORDDicom objects (without metadata extraction)



- Results
 - *1.3 Mio images / hour* (512kB) resp. 73'000 images / hour (13MB)
 - Still good-natured scaling behavior
 - Significantly lower performance (512kB) due to DICOM overhead

Performance Measurements – Scenario 3

- DICOM node insert of DICOM images as ORDDicom objects (with and without metadata extraction)

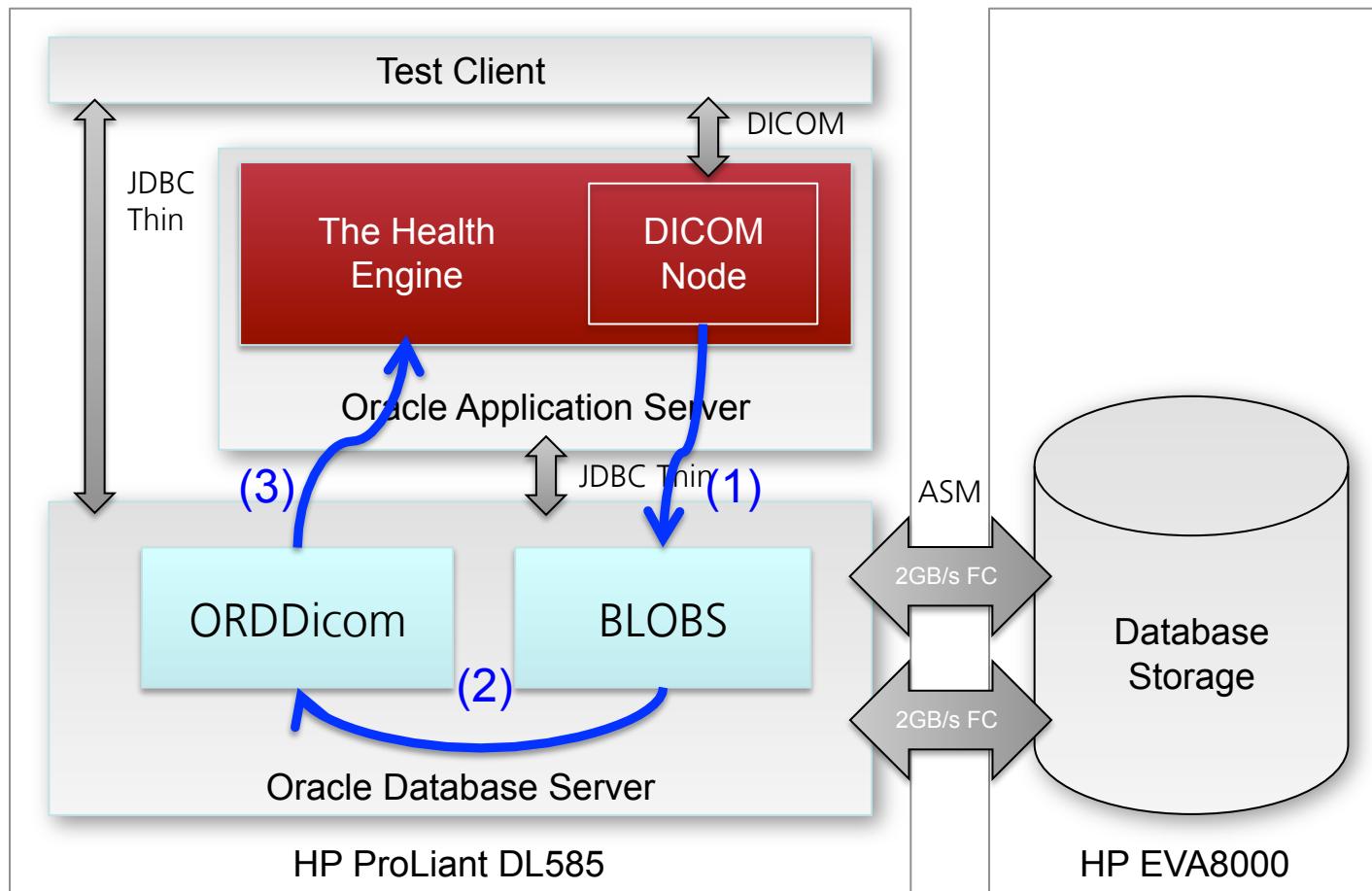


- Results
 - 658'000 images / hour (512kB) resp. 86'000 images / hour (13MB)
 - Dramatically reduced throughput with metadata extraction
 - only **227'000 images/hour** (512kB) resp. 62'400 images/hour (13MB)
 - **-66%** (512kB) resp. -28% images / hour (13MB)

Performance Measurements – Scenario 4

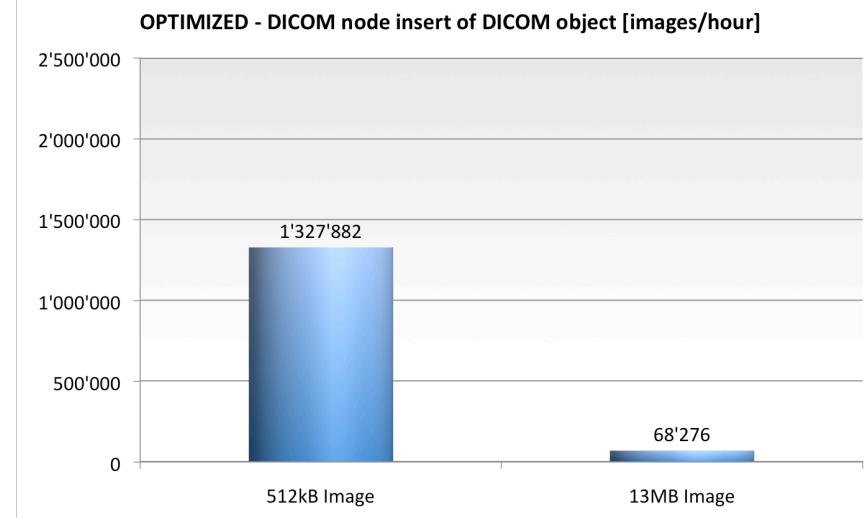
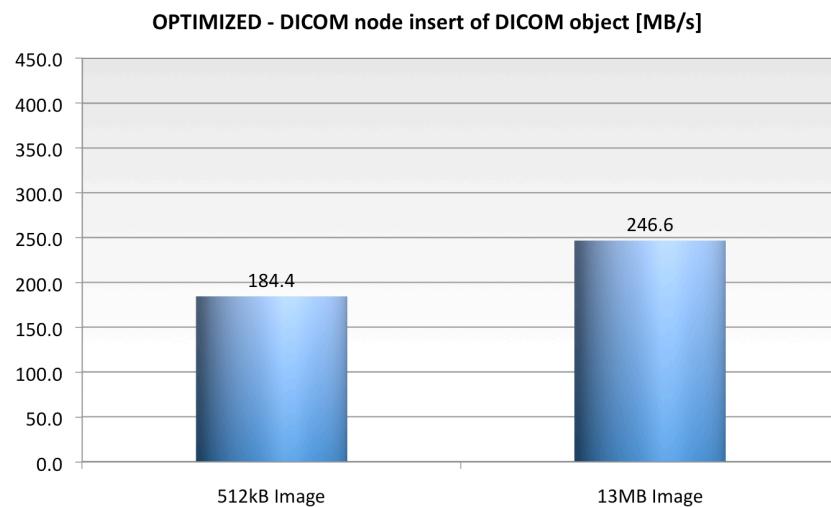
|

- Optimized writing of ORDDicom objects



Performance Measurements – Scenario 4 II

- Optimized DICOM node insert of DICOM images as ORDDicom



- Results
 - 1.3 Mio images / hour** (512kB) resp. 68'000 images / hour (13MB)
 - 5.8 x faster** (512kB) compared to non-optimized ORDDicom write
 - Excellent combination of BLOB performance and ORDDicom convenience

Outlook

- Customers are performance aware; push performance optimizations for fast DICOM write operations further
- Repeat performance tests with Oracle Database 11g Release 2
- Plan tests on new Exadata V2 system
- Enable Oracle Application Server to act as a DICOM node
- Go about business cases asking for large DICOM archives, such as:
 - Consolidated repositories for hospital networks
 - ASP/SAAS repositories serving several clients

Conclusions

- Position *Health Engine* as Meta-PACS/DICOM universal archive
- Showed key role of Oracle Multimedia DICOM
 - Position Oracle Database 11g as DICOM-Storage
- Functionality and easy use of ORDDicom object
- Verified performance when using Oracle Multimedia DICOM
- (Temporary) performance optimization for DICOM writes

→ Oracle Multimedia DICOM provides a crucial piece of technology to build large scale, integrative patient dossier systems like the *Health Engine*.

Questions?



Contact Information

Peter Summermatter
the i-engineers
peter.summermatter@tie.ch

Dr. Tom Sprenger
AdNovum Informatik AG
tom.sprenger@adnovum.ch

More Health Engine and Oracle Multimedia DICOM

Wed., Oct. 14 11:45 a.m.	Oracle's Multimedia DICOM API: Next-Generation Platform for Medical Imaging Solutions	Moscone South Room 270
DEMOgrounds	Enterprise Multimedia Management and Medical Imaging	Moscone West W-021