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JavaOneSM

Augmented Reality with
Java™ Platform, Micro
Edition (Java ME
Platform) Devices
Kenneth Andersson and Erik
Hellman

Sony Ericsson Mobile Communications

We like Twitter!

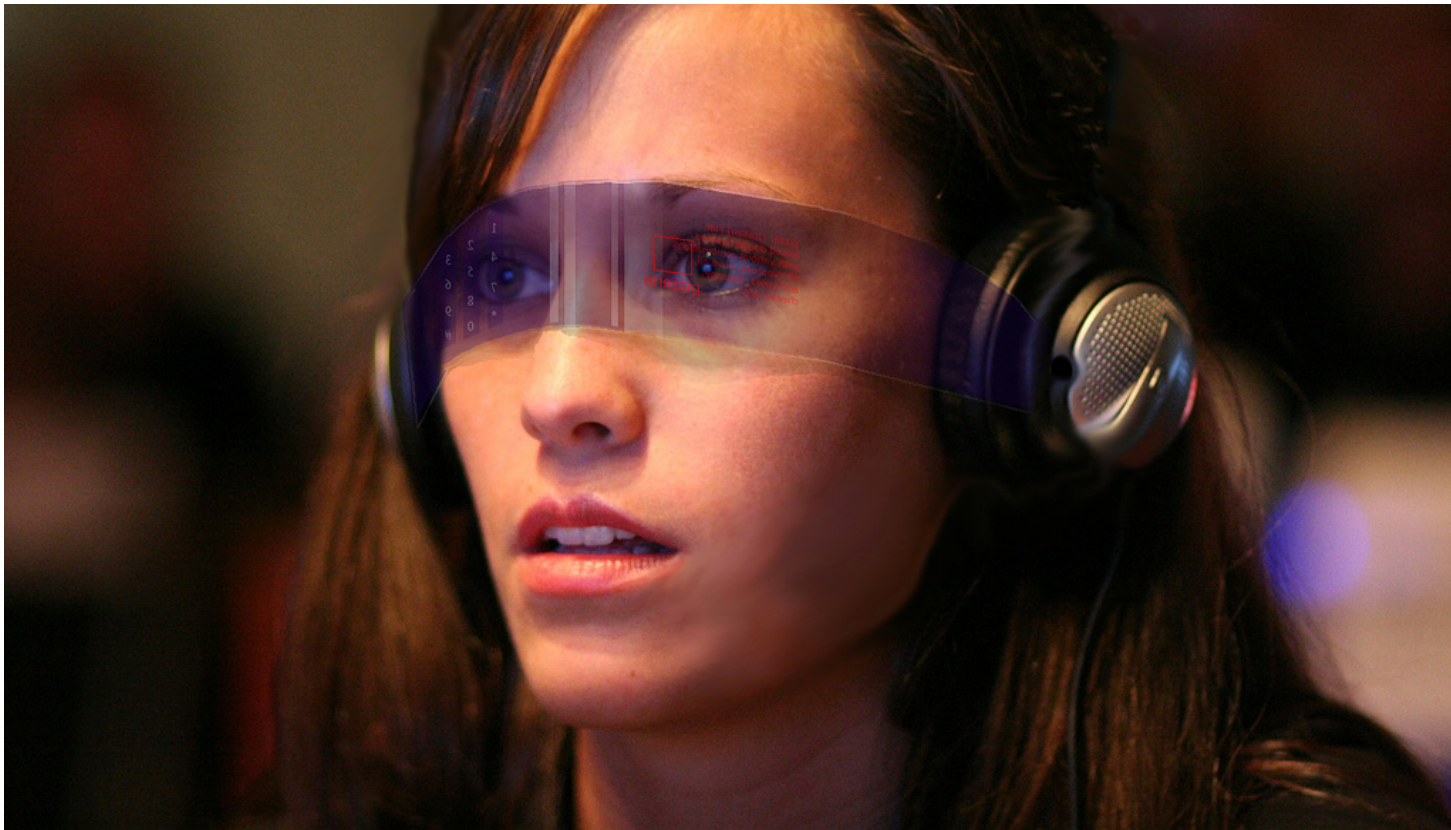
- > Follow us on **@SonyEricssonDev** on Twitter (<http://twitter.com/SonyEricssonDev>)
- > Use **#SEMC** Twitter tag to ask questions or comment on the session.
- > We will follow the public feed and try to collect your questions and feedback in real-time. 😊



Frustrated about your Java ME development?



Try Augmented Reality!



<http://www.flickr.com/photos/leonardlow/310039863/>

Camera:
Augmentation of
vision

**GPS and
Accelerometer:**
Augmentation of
orientation,
direction and
location

**Screen, speaker
and vibration:**
Augmented reality
feedback

**Bluetooth, WiFi
and GPRS/3G:**
Augmentation of
reality (networking)

Microphone:
Augmentation of
hearing



But really?



<http://www.flickr.com/photos/rsdio/490904866/>

But wait. There's more!



**Augmented Reality
can go both ways!**

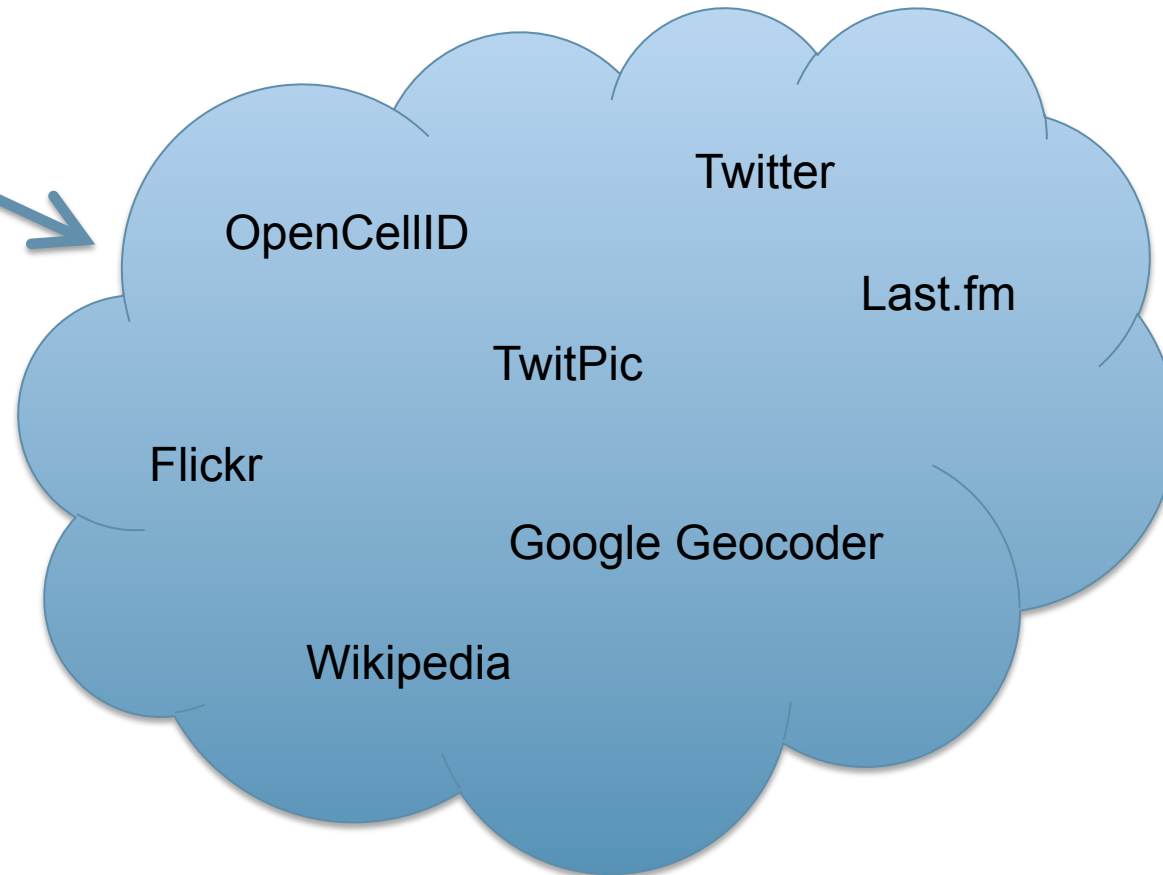
<http://www.flickr.com/photos/riverman72/529637320/>

Obstacles & Impediments

- > Diversified hardware specifications
 - GPS, Accelerometer, Camera, Compass etc.
- > Java ME fragmentation
 - JSR availability, bugs,
- > Java ME security model
 - Limited access for third-party developers
- > Limited connectivity
 - Network coverage, GPS coverage etc.
- > Data-traffic costs and roaming

Online Services

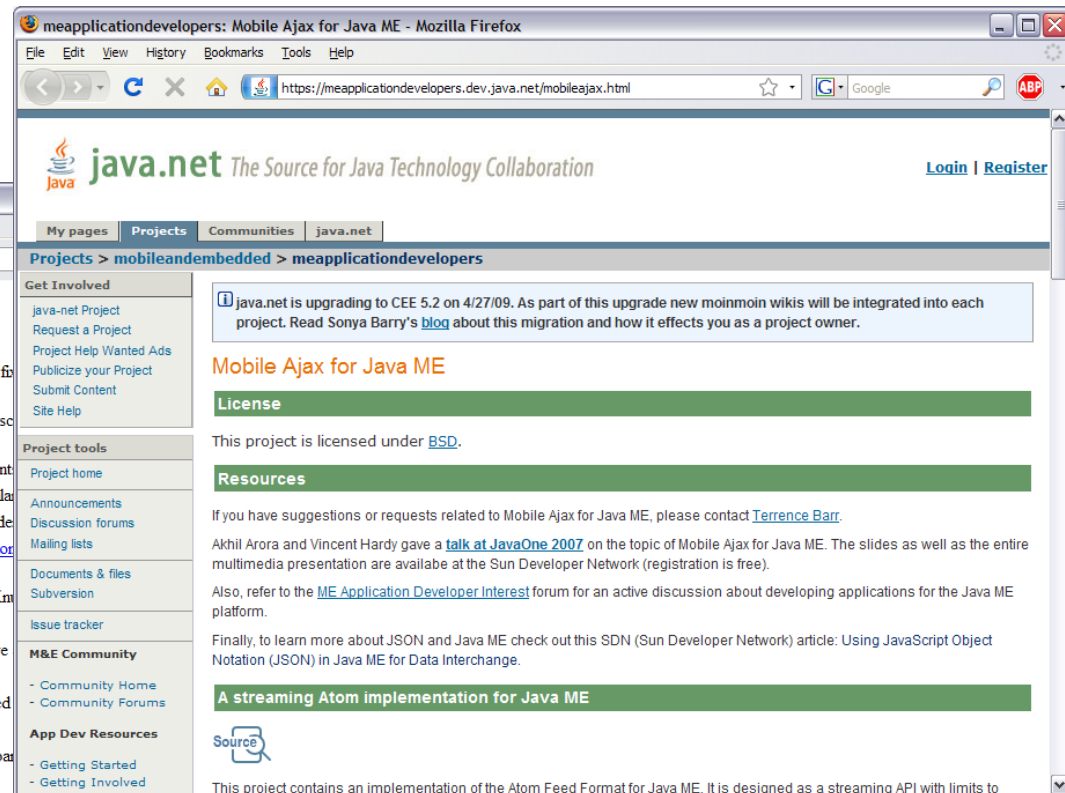
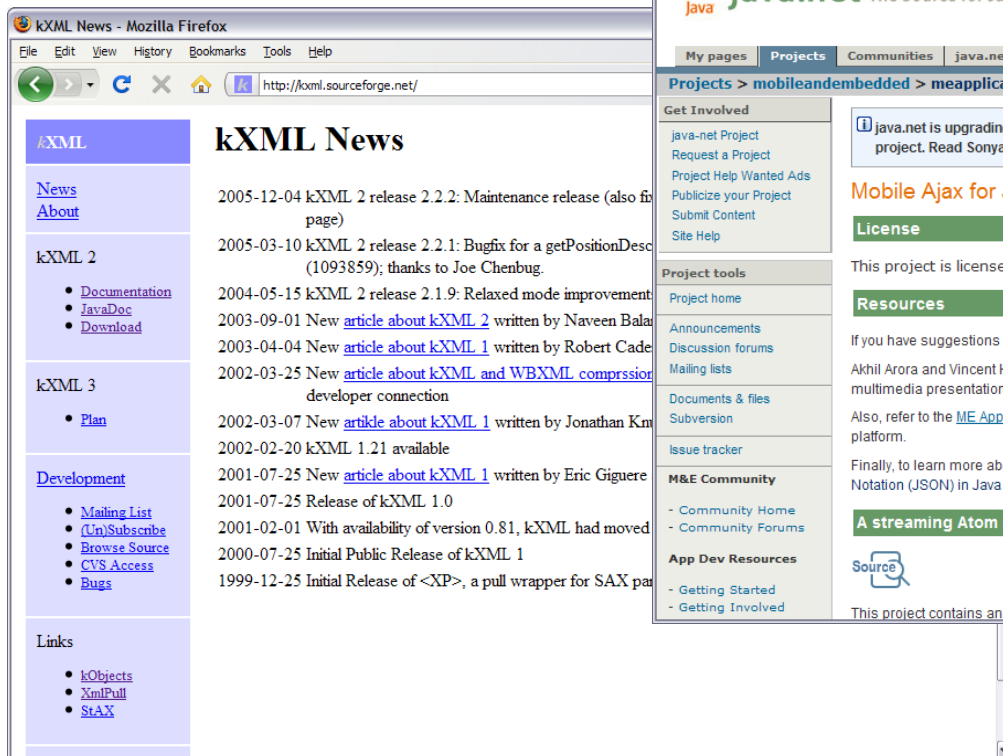
Internet



3rd party Java ME APIs

<https://meapplicationdevelopers.dev.java.net/mobileajax.html>

<http://kxml.sourceforge.net/>



Location search

- > Provide a simple interface for searching based on your current location
 - Generic - Google
 - Specific - Wikipedia
 - Category – Last.fm

Code examples (Location API, JSR-179)

```
// init the LocationProvider with default criteria
locationProvider = LocationProvider.getInstance(new Criteria());
// Get the currently last known location
currentLocation = LocationProvider.getLastKnownLocation();
// Listen for updates with default parameters
locationProvider.setLocationListener(this, -1, -1, -1);

// Callback function for location updates
public void locationUpdated(LocationProvider locationProvider,
    Location location) {
    if (location != null &&
        location.getQualifiedCoordinates() != null &&
        location.isValid()) {
        currentLocation = location;
    }
}
```

No GPS - Open Cell ID

```
// System properties for cell id etc.  
// Sony Ericsson  
mCellId = System.getProperty("com.sonyericsson.net.cellid");  
mMCC   = System.getProperty("com.sonyericsson.net.cmcc");  
mMNC   = System.getProperty("com.sonyericsson.net.cmnc");  
mLAC   = System.getProperty("com.sonyericsson.net.lac");  
  
// Similar properties exist for other vendors!
```

Code examples (Open Cell ID)

```
// Call the online search service
String requestUri = "http://www.opencellid.org/cell/get" +
    "?key=" + API_KEY + "&mcc=" + mMCC + "&mnc=" + mMNC +
    "&cellid=" + mCellId + "&lac=" + mLAC;

// XML result
<rsp stat="ok">
<cell mnc="99" lat="57.8240013122559" lac="0"
    lon="28.00119972229" nbSamples="38" range="6000" mcc="250"
    cellId="29513"/>
</rsp>
```

Code examples (Request API, Mobile AJAX)

```
// The URL we're calling
String URL = "http://...";
// The parameters
Arg[] inputArgs = new Arg[] {new Arg("key", "value")};
// HTTP Basic authentication string
String authString = "Basic " + BasicAuth.encode(username, password);
// HTTP header parameters
Arg[] httpArgs = new Arg[] {new Arg(Arg.AUTHORIZATION, authString)};
// Call the URL
Request.get(URL, inputArgs, httpArgs, requestListener, context);

// Callback implemented by the requestListener object
public void done(java.lang.Object context, Response response) {
    handleResponse(response);
}
```


Code examples (Google Geocoder)

```
String URL = "http://maps.google.com/maps/geo?"
String PARAMS = "oe=utf8&output=json&sensor=true&ll=";

// Call Google Geocoder to get address for our coordinates
public AddressInfo getAddressInfo(QualifiedCoordinates coords) {
    String latlong = coords.getLatitude()
        + "," + coords.getLongitude();

    Response response = Request.get(URL + PARAMS + latlong,
                                    null, null, null);
    if(response.getCode() == 200) {
        return parseJsonResult(response.getResult());
    } else {
        return null;
    }
}
```

Code examples (JSON API, Mobile AJAX)

```
country = result.getAsString("Placemark[0].AddressDetails." +  
    "Country.CountryName");
```

```
addressInfo.setField(AddressInfo.COUNTRY, country);
```

```
countryCode = result.getAsString("Placemark[0].AddressDetails." +  
    "Country.CountryNameCode");
```

```
addressInfo.setField(AddressInfo.COUNTRY_CODE, countryCode);
```

```
city = result.getAsString("Placemark[0].AddressDetails." +  
    "Country.AdministrativeArea.Locality.LocalityName");
```

```
addressInfo.setField(AddressInfo.CITY, city);
```

```
street = result.getAsString("Placemark[0].AddressDetails." +  
    "Country.AdministrativeArea.Locality." +  
    "Thoroughfare.ThoroughfareName");
```

```
addressInfo.setField(AddressInfo.STREET, street);
```

Code examples (Google Search)

```
String GOOGLE_URL = "http://www.google.com/m/search?q";

public void searchGoogle(String query, String location) {
    midlet.platformRequest(GOOGLE_URL + query + "+" +
        location);
}

// Example usage
// Retrieve our location using Google Geocoder API +
// Location API
String location = geoCoderClient.getLocationString();
// show a dialog for user asking for a search query
String query = getUserQuery();
// Execute the query using platformRequest()
searchGoogle(query, location);
```

Code examples (Wikipedia Search)

```
// The online MediaWiki API for Wikipedia
String WIKIPEDIA_URL = "http://en.wikipedia.org/w/api.php";
String params = "?action=opensearch&search="; // Add search query

// XML Result from a request:
<SearchSuggestion version="2.0">
  <Query>Sweden</Query>
  <Section>
    <Item>
      <Text>Sweden</Text>
      <Description>
        Sweden (pronounced ), officially the Kingdom of Sweden (Swedish: ), is a
        Nordic country on the Scandinavian Peninsula in Northern Europe.
      </Description>
      <Url>http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Sweden</Url>
    </Item>
  ...
</SearchSuggestion>
```


Code examples (Last.fm Search)

```
// Setup Last.fm request...
String LASTFM_URL = "http://ws.audioscrobbler.com/2.0/?" +
    "method=geo.getevents&" + "api_key=<apikey>";

Location location = Location.lastKnownLocation();
QualifiedCoordinates coords = location.getQualifiedCoordinates();
String longitude = "&long=" + coords.getLongitude();
String latitude = "&lat=" + coords.getLatitude();

String requestUri = LASTFM_URL + longitude + latitude;

// Perform Last.fm API request
...
```

Code examples (Last.fm result)

```
<id>997523</id>
<title>The Allman Brothers Band</title>
- <artists>
  <artist>The Allman Brothers Band</artist>
  <headliner>The Allman Brothers Band</headliner>
</artists>
- <venue>
  <name>The Fox Theater</name>
  - <location>
    <city>Oakland, CA</city>
    <country>United States</country>
    <street>1807 Telegraph Ave.</street>
    <postalcode>94612</postalcode>
  - <geo:point>
    <geo:lat>37.808268</geo:lat>
    <geo:long>-122.269901</geo:long>
  </geo:point>
```

Demo 1: Location aware Twitter client

- > A Twitter client for Java ME.
- > Update the user's location in the Twitter profile.
- > List Twitter statuses from nearby users.

Demo 1: Twitter API Code

```
public static final String URL = "http://search.twitter.com/
    search.json";

Arg[] params = new Arg[]{new Arg("geocode",locationString)};

// Perform an asynchronous HTTP request
Request.get(URL, params, httpHeaders, reqListener, context);

// Read statuses from your friends Twitter timeline
public void done(java.lang.Object context, Response response) {
    Result result = response.getResult();
    int statusCount = result.getSizeOfArray("");
    for(int i = 0; i < statusCount; i++) {
        parseStatus(result, "[" + i + "].");
    }
}
```


Demo 1: Twitter API JSON result

```
[{  
  ...  
  "created_at": "Thu Jun 04 10:00:00 +0000 2009",  
  "id": 1919521,  
  "text": "I'm sitting at JavaOne and listening to Erik and  
  Kenneth talking about cool Java ME apps!",  
  "user": {  
    "screen_name": "J1hax0r",  
    "name": "Java Fan #1",  
    "location": "Howard Street, San Francisco",  
    ...  
  }  
  ...  
}, ...  
]
```

Demo 1: Twitter API Code

```
public static final String URL = "http://twitter.com/
    statuses/update.json";

// The new location we want on our Twitter profile
Arg[] params = new Arg[]{new Arg("location",
    locationText)};

String authString = "Basic " +
    BasicAuth.encode(username, password);

Arg[] httpHeaders = new Arg[] {new
    Arg(Arg.AUTHORIZATION, authString)}

// Post the new location to our Twitter profile
Request.post(URL, params, httpHeaders, reqListener,
    context);
```

Demo 2: Picture sharing with TwitPic

- > Take a photo with your Java ME phone.
- > Post it to TwitPic and add location tags.

Demo 2: Code – JSR-135

```
// Setup up the camera  
player = Manager.createPlayer("capture://video");  
player.realize();
```

```
// Create a new VideoControl to take snapshots  
VideoControl vc = (VideoControl)  
    player.getControl("VideoControl");
```

```
player.start();
```

```
// take snapeshot with default encoding  
byte[] imageData = vc.getSnapshot(null);
```

Demo 2: Code – TwitPic

```
// Upload photo to TwiPic
Part[] parts = new Part[4];
Arg[] imageHeaders = new Arg[]{new Arg("Content-
    Disposition", "form-data; name=\"media\"")};
parts[0] = new Part(imageData, imageHeaders);
// Add username, password and message to parts...

// Create the postData object with a boundary
PostData postData = new PostData(parts,
    "=====twitpic-upload=====");

// Post the image
Request.post(UPLOAD_AND_POST, null, null, this,
    postData, UPLOAD_AND_POST);
```

Demo 3: Phone as a game input device

- > Read accelerometer data for all axes.
- > Send accelerometer data to PC.
- > Use accelerometer data to control a game.

Demo 3: Code – JSR-256

```
// Setup SensorManager and listen for sensor events
SensorInfo[] sensorInfos =
    SensorManager.findSensors("acceleration",
        SensorInfo.CONTEXT_TYPE_USER);

if(sensorInfos.length > 0) {
    String url = sensorInfos[0].getUrl();

    SensorConnection sensor = (SensorConnection)
        Connector.open(url);

    sensor.setDataListener(this, 10);
}
```


Demo 3: Code – Sending to PC

```
// Send the sensor data to a broadcast address  
// as a UDP package.  
connection = (DatagramConnection)  
    Connector.open("datagram://224.0.0.10:6060");  
  
public void dataReceived(SensorConnection sensorConnection,  
    Data[] datas, boolean b) {  
    // Read the values from datas...  
    byte[] msgData = parseData(datas);  
  
    // Send the msg - should be run in a new thread!  
    Datagram msg = connection.newDatagram(msgData,  
    msgData.length);  
    conn.send(msg);  
}
```

Summary

- > The mobile phone is the only device people carry with them **all the time**.
- > Smart mobile applications don't require a smartphone!
- > Think Web 2.0 – lots of useful, free, online services available!
- > All demos are available at <http://developer.sonyericsson.com>

Questions?



<http://www.flickr.com/photos/orinrobertjohn/3040007953/>



JavaOneSM

Thank You

Kenneth Andersson

kenneth.andersson@sonyericsson.com

Erik Hellman

erik.hellman@sonyericsson.com

<http://twitter.com/ErikHellman>

<http://developer.sonyericsson.com>

