Name create-resource-adapter-config – creates the configuration information for the connector module

**Synopsis** create-resource-adapter-config [--help] [--threadpoolid threadpool] [--objecttype object-type] [--property (property-name=value)[:name=value]\*] raname

**Description** The create-resource-adapter-config subcommand creates configuration information for the connector module. This subcommand can be run before deploying a resource adapter, so that the configuration information is available at the time of deployment. The resource adapter configuration can also be created after the resource adapter is deployed. In this case, the resource adapter is restarted with the new configuration. You must first create a thread pool, using the create-threadpool subcommand, and then identify that thread pool value as the ID in the --threadpoolid option.

This subcommand is supported in remote mode only.

#### Application Scoped Resources

The create-resource-adapter-config subcommand can be scoped such that the resource configuration is available only to the application for which it is defined. Configurations that are scoped in this way cannot be referred to or looked up by other applications. If an application tries to look up a scoped resource that does not belong to the application (defined in another application) or module (defined in another module), a naming exception is thrown.

To scope a resource to a specific application, define the resource in a glassfish-resources.xml file in the RAR archive for the corresponding connector module. The glassfish-resources.xml should be a valid XML file that conforms to the glassfish-resources.dtd.

The scoping can be applied at the application level or module level.

- To scope a resource at the application level, place the glassfish-resources.xml containing the resource definition in the top-level META-INF directory of the RAR archive (META-INF/glassfish-resources.xml). The resource can be referenced through lookups with the java: app prefix. The resource will be available only to the application (and its modules) for which it is defined.
- To scope a resource at the module level, place the glassfish-resources.xml containing the resource definition in the RAR bundled at the module level. The resource can be referenced through lookups with the java: module prefix. The resource will be available only to the module for which it is defined.

The jndi-name for *application-scoped-resources* or *module-scoped-resources* are specified using the format java: app/jdbc/myDataSource or java:module/jdbc/myModuleLevelDataSource. This naming scope is defined in the Java EE 6 Specification (http://download.oracle.com/javaee/6/api/).

### **Note** – Note the following restrictions:

- If the prefix java:app/or java:module/is not specified in the resource name, the prefix will be applied appropriately and persisted in domain.xml.
- The java: global prefix is not supported in GlassFish Server 3.1.
- The create-resource-adapter-config configuration can only be defined in the glassfish-resources.xml for a corresponding connector module (standalone RAR). In the case of an EAR archive, the create-resource-adapter-config configuration can only be defined in a glassfish-resources.xml in a RAR that is bundled in the EAR. It is not permissible to define the resource in a RAR that is not part of the EAR with which the resource will be used.

# Options --help

-?

Displays the help text for the subcommand.

#### --target

This option has been deprecated.

## --threadpoolid

The thread pool ID from which the work manager gets the thread. This option takes only one thread pool ID.

# --objecttype

The default is user.

#### --property

Keyword-value pairs that specify additional configuration properties of the resource adapter Java bean. The keyword-value pairs are separated by a colon (:). The properties are the names of setter methods of the class that is referenced by the resourceadapter-class element in the ra.xml file.

# Operands raname

Indicates the connector module name. It is the value of the resource-adapter-name in the domain.xml file.

### **Examples** EXAMPLE 1 Creating a Resource Adapter Configuration

This example creates a resource adapter configuration for ra1.

 $as admin \verb|> create-resource-adapter-config --property foo=bar --thread poolid \\ mycustomerthread pool ra1$ 

Command create-resource-adapter-config executed successfully

## Exit Status 0 subc

subcommand executed successfully

1 error in executing the subcommand

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See Also create-threadpool(1), delete-resource-adapter-config(1),  list\text{-resource-adapter-configs}(1)   asadmin(1M)
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