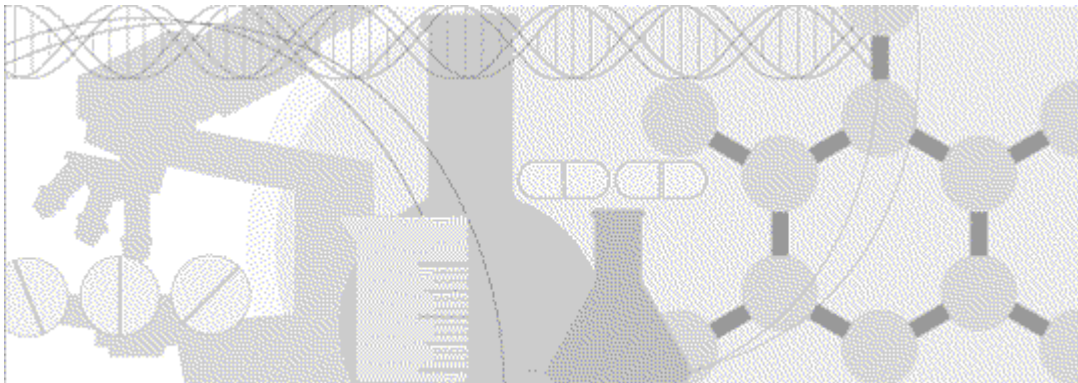


# Installation Guide

Oracle<sup>®</sup> Health Sciences LabPas  
Release 3.1



ORACLE®

Part Number: E48666-02

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# About this guide

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## Overview of this guide

The LabPas *Installation Guide* provides step-by-step instructions for installing the LabPas application.

## Audience

This guide is for everyone who is responsible for installing the Oracle® Health Sciences LabPas software. This audience includes system and database administrators.

# Documentation

The product documentation is available from the following locations:

- **My Oracle Support** (<https://support.oracle.com>)—*Release Notes* and *Known Issues*.
- **Oracle Technology Network** (<http://www.oracle.com/technetwork/documentation>)—The most current documentation set, excluding the *Release Notes* and *Known Issues*.

All documents may not be updated for every LabPas release. Therefore, the version numbers for the documents in a release may differ.

Item	Description	Last updated
<i>Release Notes</i>	The <i>Release Notes</i> document presents information about new features, enhancements, and updates for the current release.	3.1
<i>Known Issues</i>	The <i>Known Issues</i> document presents information about known issues for the current release.	3.1
<i>User Guide</i>	The <i>User Guide</i> provides online access to all tasks you can perform from the LabPas application, as well as supporting concepts and reference information. You can access the <i>User Guide</i> from the Help button in the LabPas application.	3.1
<i>Administration Guide</i>	This guide provides a roadmap for configuring and setting up the LabPas application, setting up the LabPas Recruiting module, and viewing and printing reports. This guide contains step-by-step instructions and field definitions you can use to perform tasks such as setting up roles and permissions; setting up various aspects of a facility, such as instruments, samples, and vessels; and configuring the LabPas user interface and messaging.	3.1
<i>Clinical Trial Design and Resource Management Guide</i>	This guide provides a roadmap and step-by-step instructions for a variety of tasks, such as creating clinics, creating studies, planning clinic schedules, planning staff assignments, configuring and setting up the LabPas application, designing a clinical trial and recruitment, and viewing and printing reports and labels.	3.1
<i>Recruiting User Guide</i>	This guide provides step-by-step instructions for setting up and managing recruitment, including adding and contacting volunteers, scheduling, managing advertising campaigns, and performing other related operations. It also includes instructions for screening volunteers in a clinical trial.	3.1
<i>Sample Management Guide</i>	This guide provides step-by-step instructions for processing and tracking samples in the lab.	3.1
<i>Clinical Data Entry Guide</i>	This guide describes how to use the LabPas application to accomplish the typical tasks you would perform while gathering data during a clinical trial. It contains step-by-step instructions and field definitions you can use to perform data entry while capturing data about doses, samples, tests, adverse events, and other observations.	3.1

Item	Description	Last updated
<i>Data Qualification Guide</i>	This guide provides step-by-step instructions for reviewing data that is collected in LabPas CT studies.	3.1
<i>Installation Guide</i>	This guide provides step-by-step instructions for installing the LabPas application.	3.1
<i>Secure Configuration Guide</i>	This guide provides essential secure configuration considerations for the LabPas application.	3.1
<i>Ad Hoc Reports Database Views Guide</i>	This document provides details of the database views used in ad hoc reports. The descriptions include the details of each view as well as corresponding fields where you can verify data.	3.1
<i>Specification for the HL7 Lab Data Interface</i>	This document provides the information that is needed to set up jobs and exchange files automatically between LabPas facilities and the labs that process their samples.	3.1
<i>Specification for the Mortara E-Scribe Interface</i>	This document provides the information needed to set up jobs and import Mortara ECG files.	3.1
<i>Third Party Licenses and Notices</i>	This document includes licenses and notices for third party technology that may be included in or distributed with the LabPas software.	3.1



## If you need assistance

Oracle customers have access to support through My Oracle Support. For information, visit <http://www.oracle.com/pls/topic/lookup?ctx=acc&id=info>, or if you are hearing impaired, visit <http://www.oracle.com/pls/topic/lookup?ctx=acc&id=trs>.



# CHAPTER 1

## LabPas overview

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# Introduction to the LabPas software

The LabPas application allows you to create, manage, and automate many tasks involved in early phase clinical trials. The application consists of the following modules.

- **LabPas CT module**—Use the LabPas CT module to establish the elements, settings, and properties on which a study is built. You can set up and configure:
  - Users
  - Stations
  - Facilities
  - Instruments
  - Storage devices
  - Sample and vessel types
  - Test panels
  - Tasks
  - Global settings
- **LabPas Resource Management**—Use the LabPas Resource Management module to create and manage clinics, studies, and staff assignments.
- **LabPas Recruiting module**—Use the LabPas Recruiting module to manage volunteer recruitment. You can:
  - Develop study-specific call scripts.
  - Define study inclusion and exclusion criteria.
  - Search the recruiting database for potential volunteers.
  - Receive calls from potential volunteers.
  - Manage advertising campaigns.
  - Schedule outgoing phone calls.
  - Track caller responses.
  - Record volunteer information.
  - Create a schedule of events.
  - Schedule and process screening events.
  - Assign volunteers to studies.
- **LabPas DQ module**—Use the LabPas DQ module to review the data that is collected in LabPas CT studies.

# Physical configuration options

## Single-server configuration

In a single-server configuration, the LabPas application server and database server are on the same machine.

In a production environment, Oracle recommends running the LabPas application server and database server on separate machines. This configuration allows more flexibility, scalability, and performance; is easier to manage and troubleshoot; and is easier to expand in the future by adding more application servers.

## Multiple-server configurations

The multiple application server configurations are:

- A single application server on one logical machine, and a database server on a different logical machine.
- Multiple application servers, each on its own logical machine, which point to the same database server (and schema/user) on a different logical machine.

After you finish installing and configuring the LabPas software, you can add one or more additional application servers.

## Requirements for multiple application servers

To install the LabPas software on multiple application servers, you must meet the following criteria:

- All application servers must connect to the same database.
- The LabPas service must be started on only one application server.

For redundancy, you can configure the service on one or more other application servers, as long as it is not started. If the server with the active LabPas service fails, you can start the service on another application server.

- You must use the same authentication method for all LabPas application servers.

The external user repository, which stores users who have access only to the LabPas DQ module, should be separate from the internal user repository, which stores users who have access to the LabPas application and the LabPas DQ module, if it is used.

- Each application server shares a common URL, which you define when you set up load balancing. Clients connect to the common URL, and the load-balancing system redirects them to the standard LabPas URL on an available application server.

## Deployment scenarios

You can use one of the following environments for the LabPas software:

- All servers are on-site at your facility.

In this scenario, users access the servers over a local area network (LAN).

- Servers are located in multiple facilities that are geographically separate.

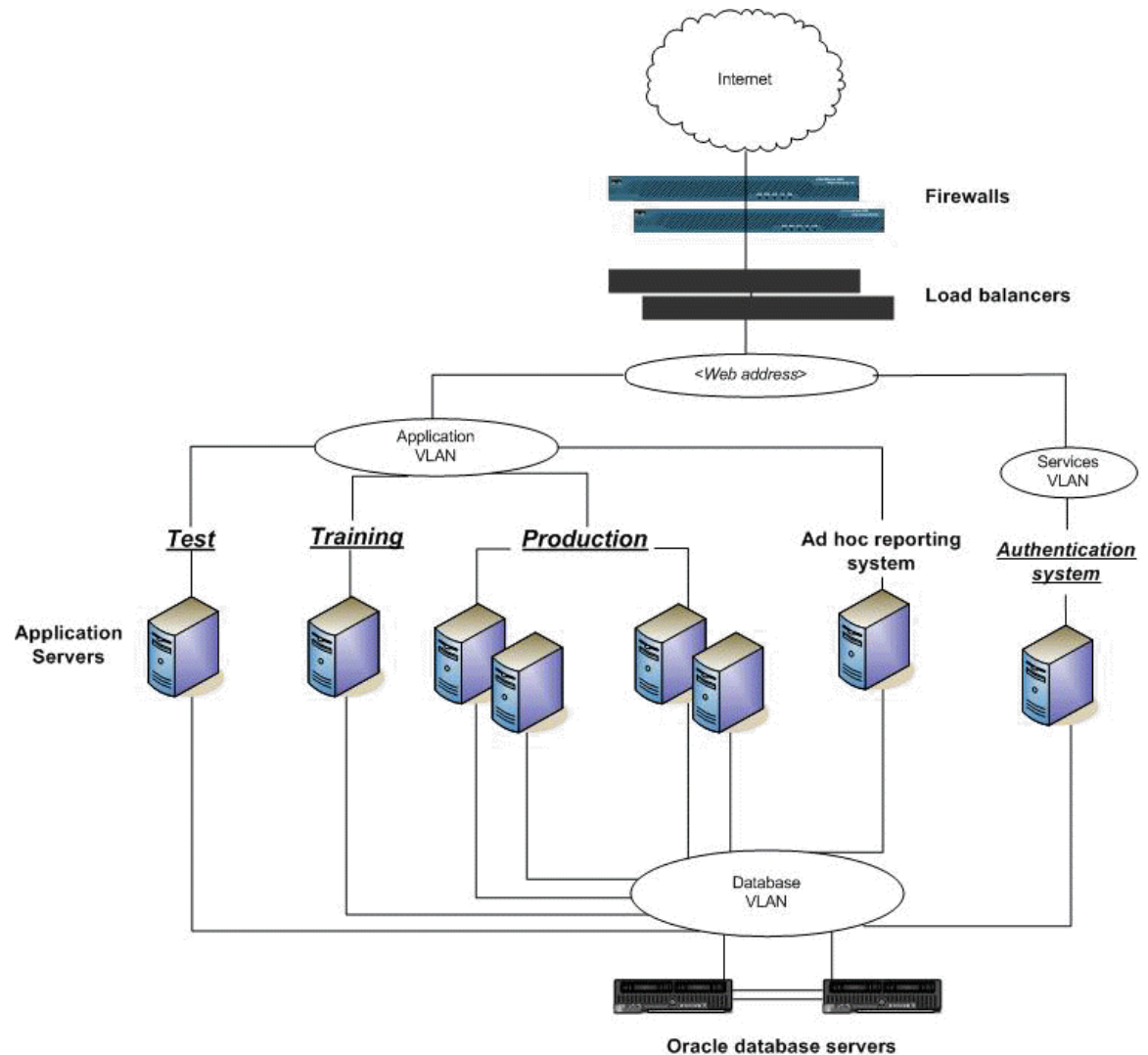
In this scenario, users access the servers over a wide area network (WAN).

- Oracle hosts your servers.

In this scenario, you access the servers over the Internet.

## Recommended architecture for a hosted environment

The following diagram provides a sample of the recommended architecture, which provides optimal performance and reliability. This configuration includes both failover and load-balancing features.







## CHAPTER 2

# Planning your installation

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## Checklist—Installation overview

<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Task	Information
Preparing the application servers	
<input type="checkbox"/> 1 Determine if the setup is single-server or multiple-server.	<i>Single-server configuration</i> (on page 3). <i>Multiple-server configurations</i> (on page 3).
<input type="checkbox"/> 2 Make sure all system requirements have been met for the application and database servers.	System requirements in the <i>Release Notes</i> .
<input type="checkbox"/> 3 If you are using a multiple-server environment, make sure all requirements have been met.	<i>Requirements for multiple application servers</i> (on page 3).
<input type="checkbox"/> 4 If you are using a load-balancing system, configure it.  Configuring the load-balancing system to use SSL is recommended.	The default URL for the LabPas application is:  http://<public name>/LabPAS  The default URL for the LabPas DQ module is:  http://<public name>/LabPASDQ  <b>Note:</b> The path portion of the URL must end in LabPAS (for the LabPas application) and LabPASDQ (for the LabPas DQ module application). The application names are case sensitive.
<input type="checkbox"/> 5 Make sure that the operating systems of both the application and database servers use United States versions, with all regional settings set to the United States.	None.
<input type="checkbox"/> 6 Make sure that the time zones of all application servers and the database server match (including adjustments for daylight savings time).	New installations must be set relative to UTC.  Upgrade installations must use the time zone used by the application server in the previous version.
<input type="checkbox"/> 7 Install the JDK 7 software on the application server.	<i>Installing the JDK 7 software</i> (on page 14).
<input type="checkbox"/> 8 Install the Apache Tomcat software on the application server.	<i>Installing the Apache Tomcat software</i> (on page 14).
<input type="checkbox"/> 9 Create a least-privileged user, and change ownership of the Apache Tomcat files to that user.	<i>Installing the Apache Tomcat software</i> (on page 14).  <i>Secure Configuration Guide</i> .
<input type="checkbox"/> 10 Install the Oracle Client software on the application server.	<i>Oracle Client software components</i> (on page 15).

<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Task	Information
<b>Preparing the LabPas database</b>	
<input type="checkbox"/> 11 Install Oracle on the database server.	<i>Installing Oracle on the database server</i> (on page 16).
<input type="checkbox"/> 12 Create the Oracle database schema, tablespace, and LabPas database user.	<i>Creating the Oracle database schema and tablespace</i> (on page 16). <i>Creating the LabPas database user</i> (on page 16).
<input type="checkbox"/> 13 As a user with sysdba privileges, grant permissions to the LabPas database user.	<i>Granting and revoking roles</i> (on page 16).
<b>Configuring the Oracle client software on all application servers</b>	
<input type="checkbox"/> 14 Configure the Oracle Wallet and add the credentials of the LabPas database user.	<i>Configuring the Oracle Wallet</i> (on page 18).
<input type="checkbox"/> 15 Configure the database connection for the Oracle Wallet by updating the SQLNet.ora file.	<i>Configuring the database connection for the Oracle Wallet</i> (on page 19).
<input type="checkbox"/> 16 Set values for environment variables.	<i>Setting environment variables</i> (on page 20).
<b>Preparing to install the LabPas software and database</b>	
<input type="checkbox"/> 17 Determine the authentication method for the application server or servers.	<p>You must use the same authentication method for all LabPas application servers.</p> <p>Your authentication options are:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Type 1—Active Directory.</li> <li>• Type 2—Lightweight Directory Access Protocol (LDAP).</li> </ul>
<input type="checkbox"/> 18 Obtain the connection information that you need for your chosen authentication method.	<p>You need the following information for both the LabPas server(s) and the LabPas DQ module server(s) (if you are using the module):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Server name.</li> <li>• Domain name.</li> <li>• Port.</li> <li>• Initial LabPas user ID (not needed for LabPas DQ module servers).</li> </ul>
<b>Installing the LabPas software and database</b>	

☑	Task	Information
☐	19 Update the LabPasInstallArgs.ini file with installation parameter values, and install the LabPas software on the application server.	<b><i>Installing the LabPas software</i></b> (on page 22). <b><i>LabPasInstallArgs.ini file parameters</i></b> (on page 23).
☐	20 Verify the installation.	<b><i>Verifying the LabPas installation</i></b> (on page 25).
☐	21 Configure the Apache Tomcat software.	Configuring the Apache Tomcat software.
☐	22 As the LabPas database user, run the LabPasDatabase.sql script generated by the LabPas installation to populate the LabPas database.	<b><i>Installing the LabPas database</i></b> (on page 28).
☐	23 <i>For a new installation only</i> , add an initial LabPas administrator user.	<b><i>Adding the initial LabPas user to a new installation</i></b> (on page 29).
☐	24 As a user with sysdba privileges, revoke the roles previously granted to the LabPas user.	<b><i>Granting and revoking roles</i></b> (on page 16).
☐	26 Configure and start the LabPas service. If you installed the LabPas service on multiple application servers, start the LabPas service on only one application server:	<b><i>Configuring and starting the LabPas service</i></b> (on page 30).
<b>Performing post-installation configuration</b>		
☐	26 Set up Secure Sockets Layer (SSL).	Checklist—Setting up Secure Sockets Layer (SSL).
☐	27 Start the Apache Tomcat service.	<b><i>Starting and stopping the Apache Tomcat service</i></b> (on page 30).
☐	28 Set up the lab import and export feature.	<b><i>Setting up the lab import and export feature</i></b> (on page 32).
<b>Logging in</b>		
☐	29 Log in and begin using the LabPas application.	Use the credentials for the LabPas user that you specified in the LabPasInstallArgs.ini file.

## Checklist—Setting up Secure Sockets Layer (SSL)

To set up Secure Sockets Layer (SSL), perform the following steps after installing the application server.

☑ Task	Information
☐ 1 Obtain a certificate.	You can obtain a certificate from a certificate authority (CA) or create a self-signed certificate.
☐ 2 Stop the Apache Tomcat service.	Issue the following commands: <pre>cd \$CATALINA_HOME/bin ./startup.sh stop</pre>
☐ 3 Create backups of the following files: <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Apache Tomcat server.xml.</li><li>• LabPas sql.properties.</li></ul>	Location of the server.xml file: <pre>\$CATALINA_HOME/conf</pre> Location of the sql.properties file: <pre>\$LABPAS_HOME/bin</pre>
☐ 4 In the Apache Tomcat server.xml file: <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Uncomment the &lt;connector&gt; element for HTTPS.</li><li>• Comment the &lt;connector&gt; element for HTTP.</li></ul>	To uncomment the HTTPS section, remove the following text from the code that appears below the section title: <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• At the beginning of the section: &lt;!--</li><li>• At the end of the section: --&gt;</li></ul> To comment the HTTP section, add the following characters: <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• At the beginning of the section: &lt;!--</li><li>• At the end of the section: --&gt;</li></ul>
☐ 5 Edit the <connector> element.	Update the attributes of the <connector> element: <pre>&lt;Connector   URIEncoding="UTF-8" port="8443"   protocol="org.apache.coyote.http11.Http   11NioProtocol"   SSLEnabled="true"   maxThreads="150" schema="https"   secure="true"   clientAuth="false"   sslEnabledProtocols="TLSv1,TLSv1.1,TLSv   1.2"   keystoreFile="&lt;certificate_directory&gt;"   keyAlias="&lt;certificate_key_alias&gt;"   keystorePass="&lt;keystore_password&gt;" /&gt;</pre> <b>Note:</b> Tomcat 6 servers, which are used in LabPas 3.0.x releases, do not support TLSv1.1 and TLSv1.2. For this server version, the sslEnabledProtocols parameter must be set as follows: <pre>sslEnabledProtocols="TLSv1"</pre>

☑ Task	Information
☐ 6 Edit the sql.properties file.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Change <b>use_ssl=false</b> to <b>use_ssl=true</b>.</li></ul> <p><b>Caution:</b> The file contains instructions not to edit it. Make only the changes described in this document, or your installation could become unusable.</p>
☐ 7 Start the Apache Tomcat service.	Issue the following commands: <pre>cd \$CATALINA-HOME/bin ./startup.sh</pre>
☐ 8 Update your logon URL to use https instead of http.	Example: <pre>https://&lt;server name&gt;:&lt;port_number&gt;/LabPAS/</pre> where: <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <i>&lt;server name&gt;</i> is the name of your server.</li><li>• <i>&lt;port_number&gt;</i> is the port number specified in the <i>&lt;connector&gt;</i> element.</li></ul>

**CHAPTER 3**

# **Installing and configuring required software**

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Preparing the application servers .....14

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Post-installation configuration for the Oracle Client software.....18

## Preparing the application servers

### Installing the JDK 7 software

- 1 Download the most recent binary files for the Java Platform, Standard Edition Development Kit (JDK) 7 from the Oracle Technology Network download site. Use the distribution appropriate to your Linux environment.
- 2 Install the JDK 7 software on the application server. Refer to the installation instructions for Java Linux setup.
- 3 Optionally, create a symbolic link that points your \$JAVA\_HOME directory to a stable location that always references the latest Java version.

This step is not required but is helpful for upgrades to the JDK 7 software.

### Installing the Apache Tomcat software

- 1 Download the most recent binary files for Apache Tomcat 7 from the Apache Software Foundation website. Use the tar.gz file.
- 2 Extract the binary files to a common staging directory on the application server.
- 3 Install the software. For installation instructions, refer to the Apache Tomcat setup documentation for installing as a Unix daemon. For documentation, see the Apache Software Foundation website.
- 4 Install into any directory.

This directory is the home directory for the Apache Tomcat installation. Its environment variable is \$CATALINA\_HOME. For more information, see *Setting environment variables* (on page 20).

- 5 Create a user and group to serve, with minimal permissions, as the owner of the Apache Tomcat and LabPas files.
 

```
groupadd <tomcat_group>
useradd -g <tomcat_group> -s /sbin/nologin -m -d <login_directory>
<tomcat_user>
```
- 6 Change ownership of the Apache Tomcat files to the least-privileged user that you created. The following commands are suggested.

**Note:** After installing the LabPas software, you will reset file ownership and permissions. For more information, see *Configuring the Apache Tomcat software*.

Command	Notes
<code>chown -R &lt;tomcat_user&gt;:&lt;tomcat_group&gt; &lt;home_directory&gt;</code>	Change the owner and group of the <home_directory> to the user of least permission.
<code>chmod -R 500 &lt;home_directory&gt;</code>	Grant read and execute permission on the <home_directory>.



Command	Notes
<code>chmod -R 740 &lt;home_directory&gt;/logs</code>	Grant read, write, and execute permissions on the <home_directory>/logs directory.  If you want to give system administrators read access to log files, make them members of the <tomcat_group>. This allows them to view the files without having to log in as a user with super user privileges.
<code>chmod -R 700 &lt;home_directory&gt;/work/Catalina/localhost</code>	Grant read, write, and execute permissions on the <home_directory>/work/Catalina/localhost directory.
7	Optionally, create a symbolic link that points the \$CATALINA_HOME directory to a stable location that contains the latest Apache Tomcat software.  This step is not required but is helpful for upgrades to the Apache Tomcat software.

## Installing the Oracle Client software

Install the Oracle Client software on the application server. The Oracle Client software includes the Oracle Wallet feature, which is used to hold the authentication information for the LabPas database user.

### Oracle Client software components

Perform a custom installation of the Oracle Client software, and select the following components:

- Oracle Advanced Security—Required.
- SQL\*Plus—Optional; recommended for troubleshooting and connecting to the database.
- Oracle Net—Optional; recommended for troubleshooting.

# Preparing the database

## Installing Oracle on the database server

When you install Oracle, change the character set to AL32\_UTF8.

## Creating the Oracle database schema and tablespace

On the database server, create a database schema and tablespace to store LabPas data.

The following script provides sample SQL parameters for creating the schema and tablespace. You might need to make changes for your environment.

```
CREATE TABLESPACE "<LabPas_tablespace_name>" NOLOGGING DATAFILE
"<LabPas_datafile_name>" SIZE <tablespace_size> REUSE AUTOEXTEND ON NEXT 32M
MAXSIZE <maximum_tablespace_size> EXTENT MANAGEMENT LOCAL SEGMENT SPACE
MANAGEMENT AUTO;
```

### Notes:

- <tablespace\_size> should be a minimum of 512M.
- <maximum\_tablespace\_size> should be sufficient to ensure that the tablespace does not run out of space.

## Creating the LabPas database user

On the database server, create a user with access to the LabPas schema.

The following script provides sample SQL parameters for creating the LabPas database user.

```
CREATE USER <username> IDENTIFIED BY <password> DEFAULT TABLESPACE
<LabPas_tablespace_name> TEMPORARY TABLESPACE
<LabPas_temporary_tablespace_name>;
```

## Granting and revoking roles

**Before installing the LabPas software**, grant roles to the LabPas database user.

**After installing the LabPas software and LabPas database**, revoke those roles.

- 1 Log in to the database instance as a user with sysdba privileges.
- 2 Execute the commands to grant or revoke the roles listed in the following sample scripts.

The following script provides sample SQL commands for granting the roles required by the LabPas installation. When you run the script, the schema name is substituted for the &&1 variable.

```
GRANT CREATE TABLE TO &&1.;
GRANT CREATE VIEW TO &&1.;
GRANT CREATE TRIGGER TO &&1.;
GRANT CREATE PROCEDURE TO &&1.;
GRANT CREATE SEQUENCE TO &&1.;
GRANT CREATE ROLE TO &&1.;
GRANT DROP ANY ROLE TO &&1.;
GRANT CREATE USER TO &&1.;
GRANT GRANT ANY ROLE TO &&1.;
GRANT SELECT ON SYS.DBA_USERS TO &&1.;
```

```
GRANT SELECT ON SYS.DBA_ROLES TO &&1.;
GRANT DROP USER TO &&1.;
GRANT GRANT ANY PRIVILEGE TO &&1.;
```

The following script provides sample SQL commands for revoking the roles required by the LabPas installation (note that the CREATE TABLE role remains in effect). When you run the script, the schema name is substituted for the &&1 variable.

```
REVOKE CREATE VIEW FROM &&1.;
REVOKE CREATE TRIGGER FROM &&1.;
REVOKE CREATE PROCEDURE FROM &&1.;
REVOKE CREATE SEQUENCE FROM &&1.;
REVOKE CREATE ROLE FROM &&1.;
REVOKE DROP ANY ROLE FROM &&1.;
REVOKE CREATE USER FROM &&1.;
REVOKE GRANT ANY ROLE FROM &&1.;
REVOKE SELECT ON SYS.DBA_USERS FROM &&1.;
REVOKE SELECT ON SYS.DBA_ROLES FROM &&1.;
REVOKE DROP USER FROM &&1.;
REVOKE GRANT ANY PRIVILEGE FROM &&1.;
```

# Post-installation configuration for the Oracle Client software

## Configuring the Oracle Wallet

- 1 Create an empty directory for the wallet:

```
mkdir -p <directory_path>/wallet
```

**Note:** Do not create the wallet directory in the LABPAS\_HOME directory. If there are any installer errors, the installer cleans up the directory and deletes the wallet.

- 2 Change the ownership of the wallet directory to the least-privileged user you created when installing the Apache Tomcat software.

```
sudo chown <tomcat_group>:<tomcat_user> <directory_path>/wallet
```

- 3 As the least-privileged user, create the wallet in the wallet directory:

```
sudo -u <tomcat_user> mkstore -wrl <directory_path>/wallet -create
```

**Note:** This command creates the wallet with the auto login feature enabled. Only the operating system user who creates the wallet can manage it.

- 4 When prompted for a password, enter a password.

The password you specify when creating the wallet is required whenever you perform any maintenance on the wallet.

- 5 Set up the alias that enables the Oracle Client to communicate with the LabPas database schema:

- a Create a tnsnames.ora file in the TNS\_ADMIN (\$ORACLE\_HOME/network/admin) directory.

- b Add a connect alias entry to the tnsnames.ora file:

```
<alias_name> =
  (DESCRIPTION =
    (ADDRESS_LIST =
      (ADDRESS = (PROTOCOL = TCP)
        (HOST = <hostname_of_database_server>)
        (PORT = <port_number_for_database_instance>))
      )
    (CONNECT_DATA =
      (SERVER= DEDICATED)
      (SERVICE_NAME = <service_name_for_database_instance>)
    )
  )
```

**Note:** If you copy the alias entry from a Windows environment, make sure that the entry contains no Windows characters such as carriage returns. Either create the entry on one continuous line with no returns, or view the entry in a Linux text editor such as vi, and strip out any Windows-based characters.

You can add multiple connect aliases to the same wallet.

- 6 As the least-privileged user, add the user name and password, when prompted for it, of the LabPas database user to the wallet:

```
sudo -u <tomcat_user> mkstore -wrl <wallet_location> -createCredential
<TNS_alias> <username>
```

where:

- *<tomcat\_user>*—Least-privileged user, created when installing the Apache Tomcat software. This user is the creator and owner of the wallet.
- *<wallet\_location>*—Directory specified when creating the wallet (*<directory\_path>/wallet*).
- *<TNS\_alias>*—Database connection alias, as specified in the tnsnames.ora file.
- *<username>*—User name of the LabPas database user.

## Updating the Oracle Wallet

To modify a user name and password in an existing wallet, run the following command as the owner of the wallet (the user who originally created it). The system prompts you for the password information.

```
sudo -u <tomcat_user>
mkstore -wrl <wallet_location> -modifyCredential <TNS_alias> <username>
```

where:

- *<tomcat\_user>*—Least-privileged user, created when installing the Apache Tomcat software. This user is the creator and owner of the wallet.
- *<wallet\_location>*—Directory specified when creating the wallet (*<directory\_path>/wallet*).
- *<TNS\_alias>*—Database connection alias, as specified in the tnsnames.ora file.
- *<username>*—User name of the LabPas database user.

## Viewing the credentials stored in the Oracle Wallet

- Run the following command as the owner of the wallet (the user who originally created it).

```
sudo -u <tomcat_user>
mkstore -wrl <wallet_location> -listCredential
```

where:

- *<tomcat\_user>*—Least-privileged user, created when installing the Apache Tomcat software. This user is the creator and owner of the wallet.
- *<wallet\_location>*—Directory specified when creating the wallet (*<directory\_path>/wallet*).

## Configuring the database connection for the Oracle Wallet

Add connection information for the Oracle Wallet to the sqlnet.ora network configuration file that is created in the \$ORACLE\_HOME/network/admin directory during the Oracle Client installation.

**Note:** If you copy the sqlnet.ora entry from a Windows environment, make sure that the entry contains no Windows characters such as carriage returns. Either create the entry on one continuous line with no returns, or view the entry in a Linux text editor such as vi, and strip out any Windows-based characters.

The following sample file illustrates the wallet-specific entries to add, shown in bold and starting with

the keyword `SQLNET.WALLET_OVERRIDE`.

```
NAMES.DIRECTORY_PATH= (TNSNAMES, EZCONNECT)
ADR_BASE = <directory_for_sql.net_file (automatically supplied by Oracle
Client installation)>
SQLNET.WALLET_OVERRIDE = TRUE  WALLET_LOCATION = (SOURCE = (METHOD =
FILE) (METHOD_DATA = (DIRECTORY =<wallet_location>)))
```

where *<wallet\_location>*—Directory specified when creating the wallet (*<directory\_path>/wallet*).

## Setting environment variables

Set the values for the following environment variables:

- `$JAVA_HOME`—Directory where the JDK 7 software is installed.
- `$CATALINA_HOME`—Directory where the Apache Tomcat software is installed.
- `$LABPAS_HOME`—Directory where the LabPas software is installed.
- `$PATH:$LABPAS_HOME/lib`—Path for the lib directory within the LabPas installation.
- `$ORACLE_HOME`—Directory where the Oracle database is installed.
- `$TNS_ADMIN`—Directory where the `tnsnames.ora` file is located.
- `$ORACLE_SID`—SID for the LabPas instance in the Oracle database.
- `$PATH:$ORACLE_HOME/bin`—Path for the bin directory within the Oracle database installation.

Example:

```
export $LABPAS_HOME=<LabPas_installation_directory>
```

## CHAPTER 4

# Installing the LabPas software and database

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## Installing the LabPas software

The LabPas installation supports both new installations and upgrades from any release in the 3.x release stream.

- 1 Copy the installation package to the application server.

- 2 Create the LabPas home directory:

```
mkdir <labpas_home_directory>
```

- 3 Change directory to the directory containing the installation package:

```
cd <release_directory>
```

- 4 Edit the LabPasInstallArgs.ini file as needed.

For more information, see ***LabPasInstallArgs.ini file parameters*** (on page 23).

- 5 Execute the LabPas shell script.

```
/installLabPas.sh
```



## LabPasInstallArgs.ini file parameters

Field	Description
installWebApp	true or false, indicating whether to install the LabPas web client application.
installDatabase	<p>true or false, indicating whether to install the LabPas database.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>For an initial install or an upgrade, set the parameter to true.</li> <li>When installing on additional application servers in a load-balancing environment, or when you are setting up an application server to serve as a failover machine for disaster recovery, set the parameter to false.</li> </ul>
orgName	Name of your organization.
targetDirectory	Home directory of the LabPas installation.
Wallet_Home	Home directory of the Oracle Wallet.
LabPas_Wallet_Connect_Alias	Alias used by the application server to connect to the database server, as specified in the tnsnames.ora file.
DBase_Schema	<p>Name of the LabPas database schema.</p> <p><b>Note:</b> The database schema name must not exceed 24 characters.</p>
<b>Use the Auth1 parameters to provide information for the authentication system for internal LabPas users. Auth1 parameters are required.</b>	
Auth1_Type	<p>Authentication method:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1—Active Directory</li> <li>2—LDAP</li> </ul>
Auth1_LogonID	Logon ID of the LabPas database user, as specified during the Oracle Wallet configuration.
Auth1_Port	If you are using LDAP authentication, the port number used by LDAP authentication to connect to the LabPas server(s) and the LabPas DQ module server(s) (if you are using the DQ module).
Auth1_Server	If you are using LDAP authentication, the server name used by LDAP authentication to connect to the LabPas server(s) and the LabPas DQ module server(s) (if you are using the DQ module).
Auth1_Domain	If you are using LDAP authentication, the domain name used by LDAP authentication to connect to the LabPas server(s) and the LabPas DQ module server(s) (if you are using the DQ module).

Field	Description
Auth1_SSL Auth1_Att_Ous Auth1_Att_Containers Auth1_Att_Users Auth1_SS_Ous Auth1_SS_Containers Auth1_SS_Users	The LabPas installation sets values for these parameters. Leave them blank in the LabPasInstallArgs.ini file.  For more information, see the <i>Secure Configuration Guide</i> .
<b>Use the Auth2 parameters to provide information for the authentication system for external users of the LabPas DQ module.</b>	
Auth2_Type	Authentication method: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 1—Active Directory</li> <li>• 2—LDAP</li> <li>• -1—No external data store</li> </ul>
Auth2_LogonID	Logon ID of the LabPas database user, as specified during the Oracle Wallet configuration.
Auth2_Port	If you are using LDAP authentication, the port number used by LDAP authentication to connect to the LabPas DQ module server(s).
Auth2_Server	If you are using LDAP authentication, the server name used by LDAP authentication to connect to the LabPas DQ module server(s).
Auth2_Domain	If you are using LDAP authentication, the domain name used by LDAP authentication to connect to the LabPas DQ module server(s).
Auth2_SSL Auth2_Att_Ous Auth2_Att_Containers Auth2_Att_Users Auth2_SS_Ous Auth2_SS_Containers Auth2_SS_Users	The LabPas installation sets values for these parameters. Leave them blank in the LabPasInstallArgs.ini file.  For more information, see the <i>Secure Configuration Guide</i> .
Java_Home	Home directory of the Java SE Development Kit 7 installation, as specified in the \$JAVA_HOME environment variable.
Catalina_Home	Home directory of the Apache Tomcat installation, as specified in the \$CATALINA_HOME environment variable.
Cache_Enabled	0

## Verifying the LabPas installation

- 1 Review the InstallLog.txt file in the LabPas installation directory.
  - If the installation is successful, the log file contains the following messages:
    - Database scripts written successfully.
    - Release installed successfully.
  - If the installation fails, the file includes error messages indicating the cause of the failure.
- 2 When the installation is successful, edit the \$ORACLE\_HOME/network/admin/sqlnet.ora file and remove the line that begins with **SQLNET.WALLET\_OVERRIDE**.

## Configuring the Apache Tomcat software

- 1 Edit the \$CATALINA\_HOME/bin/setenv.sh shell script to set the following environment variable:  

```
export JAVA_OPTS="<memory_use_settings>"
```

For example:

```
export JAVA_OPTS="-Xms1024m -Xmx2048m"
```
- 2 Edit the \$CATALINA\_HOME/bin/catalina.sh file to set the following environment variable:  

```
JAVA_OPTS=-Doracle.net.tns_admin=$TNS_ADMIN
```
- 3 Edit the \$CATALINA\_HOME/conf/server.xml file to add connector information.

### If you are using SSL:

- a Add the following attributes to the <CONNECTOR> node:

```
URIEncoding="UTF-8" port="4443"
protocol="org.apache.coyote.http11.Http11NioProtocol"
<!-- 4443 is the suggested port number. The port number can be any
value
greater than 1024 -->
SSLEnabled="true"
maxThreads="150"
schema="https"
secure="true"
clientAuth="false"
sslEnabledProtocols="TLSv1,TLSv1.1,TLSv1.2"
keystoreFile="<fully_qualified_keystore_path>"
keystorePass="<password_to_keystore>"
```

**Note:** Tomcat 6 servers, which are used in LabPas 3.0.x releases, do not support TLSv1.1 and TLSv1.2. For this server version, the sslEnabledProtocols parameter must be set as follows:

```
sslEnabledProtocols="TLSv1"
```

- b Below the Connector node, Verify that the Server > Service > Engine > Host node has the following parameters defined:

```
name="localhost"
appBase="webapps"
unpackWARs="false"
autoDeploy="true"
xmlValidation="false"
xmlNamespaceAware="false"
```

- If you are not using SSL, add the following attributes to the <CONNECTOR> node:

```
URIEncoding="UTF-8" port="8080"
maxHttpHeaderSize="8192"
maxThreads="150"
minSpareThreads="25"
maxSpareThreads="75"
enableLookups="false"
redirectPort="443"
acceptCount="100"
connectionTimeout="20000"
disableUploadTimeout="true"
```

**Note:** Using SSL is recommended. If you are using a load-balancing system, you can configure the load balancer for SSL and use HTTP for the application server. The port number must be greater than 1024 unless you have a web server, running in front of the Apache Tomcat server, that forwards transmissions to port 80.

- 4 Change the owner and reset permissions on the following home directories for the least-privileged user that you created when installing the Apache Tomcat software:

```
chown -R $CATALINA_HOME <tomcat_user>:<tomcat_group>
chmod -R 500 $CATALINA_HOME
chmod -R 700 $CATALINA_HOME/logs
chmod -R 700 $CATALINA_HOME/work/Catalina/localhost
chown -R $LABPAS_HOME <tomcat_user>:<tomcat_group>
chown -R $JAVA_HOME <tomcat_user>:<tomcat_group>
```

## Installing the LabPas database

The LabPas installation creates a SQL script that installs the LabPas database in the schema you created on the database server.

- If you are performing a new installation, the SQL script adds all of the LabPas tables to the database schema.
- If you are upgrading from any version in the 3.x release stream, the SQL script performs an update from that release.

**Note:** Before executing the SQL script, grant roles in the LabPas schema to the LabPas database user. For more information, see *Granting and revoking roles* (on page 16).

- 1 Copy the LabPasDatabase.sql script created by the installation to a staging area for upgrading or installing the database.
- 2 Using SQL\*Plus from the command line or using the SQL Developer application, log into the database as the LabPas database user.
- 3 Execute the LabPasDatabase.sql script.

The SQL Developer application logs installation messages automatically. To spool messages to a log file when using SQL\*Plus from the command line, include the following commands when executing the LabPasDatabase.sql script:

```
set autocommit on;
set serveroutput on;
spool <full_path_to_spool_file> @<full_path_to_LabPasDatabase.sql_file>
```

```
Example: spool "D:\SQLoutput.txt" @D:\LabPasDatabase.sql;
```

- 4 Examine the log file to verify successful installation
- 5 Log out as the LabPas database user, and log in as a user with sysdba privileges.
- 6 Revoke the roles in the LabPas schema from the LabPas database user. For more information, see *Granting and revoking roles* (on page 16).

## Adding the initial LabPas user to a new installation

By default, the initial LabPas administrator user is added to the tbUser table with both ID and Name set to LPAdmin. For a new installation only, after you install the LabPas database, you must update the settings for the LabPas administrator user.

**Note:** This step is required before a user can login to the LabPas application.

- Using SQL\*Plus or SQL Developer, execute the following command:

```
UPDATE tbUser SET atvcLogonId='<lp_user_login_ID>',  
atvcFullName='<lp_username>.' WHERE pki2User=1;
```

where:

- <lp\_user\_login\_ID>*—Login ID of the LabPas administrator user. This ID must match the ID used for authentication with the LDAP or Active Directory server.
- <lp\_username>*—Name of the LabPas administrator user.

# Administering services

## Configuring and starting the LabPas service

After completing the LabPas installation, configure and start the LabPas service.

**Note:** If you have installed the LabPas software on multiple application servers, start the LabPas service on only one application server.

- 1 Copy the labpas-service script from the installation media to the /etc/init.d directory.
- 2 Change the owner of the labpas-service script to the least-privileged user that you created when installing the Apache Tomcat software:

```
chown <tomcat_user>:<tomcat_group> labpas-service
```
- 3 Edit the following properties at the top of the labpas-service script:
  - JAVA\_HOME—Full path name of the directory where the Java SE Development Kit 7 is installed.
  - LABPAS\_HOME—Full path name of the directory where the LabPas software is installed.
  - JAR\_ARGUMENTS=-Doracle.net.tns\_admin= - —Full path name of the directory where the tnsnames.oracle file is located.
- 4 Start the LabPas service as the least-privileged user that you created when installing the Apache Tomcat software:

```
sudo -s -u <tomcat_user>./labpas-service start
```

## Stopping and checking the LabPas service

- To stop the LabPas service as the least-privileged user, use the following command:

```
sudo -s -u <tomcat_user>./labpas-service stop
```
- To check the log file for the LabPas service, go to the following location:

```
$LABPAS_HOME/Logs/labpas-service.log
```
- To check the status of the LabPas service as the least-privileged user, use the following command:

```
sudo -s -u <tomcat_user>./labpas-service status
```

## Starting and stopping the Apache Tomcat service

- 1 Change directory to /bin in the directory where the Apache Tomcat software is installed.

```
cd $CATALINA_HOME/bin
```
- 2 As the least-privileged user, execute the startup shell script:
  - To start the service, enter:

```
sudo -s -u <tomcat_user>./startup.sh
```
  - To stop the service, enter:

```
sudo -s -u <tomcat_user>./shutdown.sh
```



## CHAPTER 5

# Post-installation configuration

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## Setting up the lab import and export feature

For additional information about the lab import and export feature, see:

- *Specification for the HL7 Lab Data Interface*. Use the HL7 lab data interface for lab imports and exports.
- *Specification for the Mortara E-Scribe Interface*. Use the Mortara E-Scribe interface for imports only.

The `sql.properties` file located in the `$LABPAS_HOME/bin` directory has the following entries, which include default values that you can modify to set up the lab import and export feature:

- `lab_interface_base_directory=$LABPAS_HOME/lab_import`
- `lab_interfaces_enabled=false`

To set up the lab import and export feature:

- 1 In the `sql.properties` file:
  - a If necessary, specify a different lab interface base directory by editing the `lab_interface_base_directory` path.
  - b Set `lab_interfaces_enabled` to `true`.
- 2 Adjust permissions to the `lab_interface` root directory and all child objects to be read, write and executable by the directory owner (the least-privileged user that you created to own the Apache Tomcat and LabPas files).
- 3 Restart the LabPas service.
- 4 In the LabPas user interface, do the following:
  - a Enter labs in the Lab Interfaces section of the Configuration – Settings - Facility page.
  - b Assign labs in the CT and SR Study setup.
  - c Make the Clinical Lab Export and Clinical Lab Import jobs active in order for the automatic imports and exports to start.

For more information, see the *User Guide*.

## Directory structure for the import and export feature

If the lab import and export feature is set up (all previously mentioned steps complete), the LabPas application creates the following directories as needed, unless you create the directories manually beforehand.

- Base directory.
- Directories for each lab.
- Import and export directories.
- Error directories.

The directories must have the following structure and names, where *<lab\_name\_A>* and *<lab\_name\_B>* are the actual names of the labs.

```
lab_interface_base_directory
  <lab_name_A>
    export
    import
    error
  <lab_name_B>
    export
    import
    error
```

**Note:** The directories must be in the order described. If the directories are not in the correct order, the LabPas application creates the directories again under the base directory.

## Configuring multiple application servers

If you plan to exchange files with labs using the HL7 interface, and you use multiple LabPas application servers, the following requirements must be met:

- The `sql.properties` file on each LabPas application server must point to the same logical directory.
- The `lab_interfaces_enabled` setting must be set to `true`.
- The LabPas service must be running on only one of the LabPas application servers.

When you configure the parameters in the `LabPasInstallArgs.ini` file for each additional application server after the first, set the `installDatabase` parameter to `false`, to indicate that the installation should not generate the script that installs the LabPas database.

If the LabPas application server running the LabPas service fails, start the service on a secondary LabPas application server. If you change the location of the base directory, you must edit the `sql.properties` file to point to the new directory location.

## CHAPTER 6

# Troubleshooting

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## Troubleshooting SSL setup

Issue/ Resolution	Description
<b>Issue</b>	The Apache Tomcat service does not start.
<b>Resolution</b>	<p>Review the Apache Tomcat log files, located in the following location, for potential issues:</p> <pre>\$CATALINA_HOME/logs</pre> <p>For example, the Apache Tomcat service does not start if your edits to the Apache files contain typographical errors.</p> <p>Alternatively, you can replace the edited files with your backup copies. If you restore the original files, SSL is not enabled.</p>
Issue/ Resolution	Description
<b>Issue</b>	An error occurs when a user opens the LabPas home page.
<b>Resolution</b>	<p>Review the Apache Tomcat log files, located in the following location, for errors:</p> <pre>\$CATALINA_HOME/logs</pre>
Issue/ Resolution	Description
<b>Issue</b>	Users receive certificate warnings when they navigate to the LabPas application.
<b>Resolution</b>	If you install a self-signed certificate, you must make sure that each computer that accesses the LabPas application trusts the certificate.
Issue/ Resolution	Description
<b>Issue</b>	A user's URL for the LabPas application no longer works.
<b>Resolution</b>	<p>Make sure the user has updated the bookmark to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Use HTTPS instead of HTTP.</li> <li>• Include the port number for the server.</li> </ul>

## Log files

The LabPas environment includes several log files that you can use for troubleshooting.

Location	Log file name	Description
Directory for installation media	LabpasInstallationLog.txt file	Logs messages generated during LabPas installation.
\$LABPAS_HOME/Logs	labpas-service.log	Logs messages generated by the LabPas service.
	login_attempts.log	Records attempts to log on to the LabPas application.
	SystemLog.txt	Lists connection and query errors.
\$CATALINA_HOME/logs	Catalina.out	Logs messages generated by the Apache Tomcat service.

You can set the level of logging in the \$LABPAS\_HOME/bin/sql.properties file.

For more information, see *Setting the logging level* (on page 38).

## Setting the logging level

To set the logging level of the LabPas application and the LabPas service:

- Edit the following statements in the \$LABPAS\_HOME/bin/sql.properties file.

```
application_logging_level=<logging_level>
service_logging_level=<logging_level>
```

*<logging\_level>* can have the following standard Java error-logging values:

- OFF
- INFO
- WARNING
- ERROR
- FINE
- FINER
- FINEST
- ALL

**Note:** The FINE, FINER, FINEST, and ALL settings are useful for debugging but should not be used in a production environment.