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**Oracle's PeopleTools PeopleBook**

# PeopleTools 8.52: Integration Broker Service Operations Monitor

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**October 2011**

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# Integration Broker Service Operations Monitor Preface

This preface provides a general overview of the contents discussed in the *Integration Broker Service Operations Monitor PeopleBook*.

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## Integration Broker Service Operations Monitor

System administrators use the Integration Broker Service Operations Monitor to monitor integrations among other PeopleSoft and third-party systems.

This PeopleBook describes how to use the Integration Broker Service Operations Monitor to monitor asynchronous and synchronous service operation information, node status, queue status, view system performance statistics, and more.

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## PeopleBooks and the PeopleSoft Online Library

A companion PeopleBook called *PeopleBooks and the PeopleSoft Online Library* contains general information, including:

- Understanding the PeopleSoft online library and related documentation.
- How to send PeopleSoft documentation comments and suggestions to Oracle.
- How to access hosted PeopleBooks, downloadable HTML PeopleBooks, and downloadable PDF PeopleBooks as well as documentation updates.
- Understanding PeopleBook structure.
- Typographical conventions and visual cues used in PeopleBooks.
- ISO country codes and currency codes.
- PeopleBooks that are common across multiple applications.
- Common elements used in PeopleBooks.
- Navigating the PeopleBooks interface and searching the PeopleSoft online library.
- Displaying and printing screen shots and graphics in PeopleBooks.
- How to manage the locally installed PeopleSoft online library, including web site folders.
- Understanding documentation integration and how to integrate customized documentation into the library.
- Application abbreviations found in application fields.

You can find *PeopleBooks and the PeopleSoft Online Library* in the online PeopleBooks Library for your PeopleTools release.

## Chapter 1

# Understanding the Integration Broker Service Operations Monitor

This chapter discusses:

- Service Operations Monitor features.
- Service Operations Monitor components.
- Service Operations Monitor security.

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## Service Operations Monitor Features

The Integration Broker Service Operations Monitor provides the following features:

- Status on queues, nodes, and individual service operations.

You can also view and edit service operation XML.

- Control and administration of domains that have publication and subscription (pub/sub) servers running against the current database.

You can activate or deactivate domains, recover from stalls, and so forth.

- Workflow notification of error messages and archival of service operations.
- Batch processes for error notification and service operation archival.

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## Service Operations Monitor Components

### Service Operations Monitor Components

There are thirteen components associated with the Service Operations Monitor that are located within Monitor and Administration menus in the PeopleSoft Pure Internet Architecture navigation structure.

The following components are located under the Monitor menu. Access them by selecting PeopleTools, Integration Broker, Service Operations Monitor, Monitoring.

<b>Asynchronous Services</b>	Use this component to monitor asynchronous service operations and view information about service operation instances, publication contracts and subscription contracts.
<b>Asynchronous Details</b>	View asynchronous service operation details, including information about the service operation instance, its publication or subscription contracts, error messages, and service operation instance XML. If transformations have been applied to the service operation, you can view the transformed XML for the publication and subscription contracts.
<b>Synchronous Services</b>	Use this component to view synchronous service operations.
<b>Synchronous Details</b>	View synchronous service operation details and service operation errors, and view request and response XML (before or after transformation).
<b>Error Notification</b>	Run batch processes to receive notification of issues affecting the messaging system.
<b>Archive Monitor Data</b>	Run the batch process to archive service operations.
<b>Statistics</b>	View runtime performance statistics for asynchronous and synchronous transactions that flow through the messaging system. View statistics in numeric or graphical format.

The following components are located under the Administration menu in the PeopleSoft Pure Internet Architecture navigation structure. Access them by selecting PeopleTools, Integration Broker, Service Operations Monitor, Administration.

<b>Domain Status</b>	View and maintain domain status and activate pub/sub server domain. Use this component to also setup domain failover.
<b>Node Status</b>	View node status. Ping node.
<b>Queue Status</b>	View and maintain queue status.
<b>Segment Cleanup</b>	Delete orphaned data after segment batch processing errors.
<b>User Details Component</b>	Define a custom component to review service operation transaction details for a specific service operation.
<b>Monitor Setup Options</b>	Define parameters for using the system performance statistics feature and for setting the data length view limit for loading XML data into the monitor. Enable gateway logging.

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## Service Operations Monitor Security

This section discusses service operations monitor security.

### ***Understanding Service Operations Monitor Security***

Upon accessing the monitor, you can see a list of all transactions in the system, but to see specific information about a transaction and to view transaction details, you must have permission to the service operation.

See *PeopleTools 8.52: PeopleSoft Integration Broker*, "Managing Service Operations," Setting Permissions to Service Operations.

### ***Understanding Service Operations Monitor Security for REST Consumer Transactions***

To view REST-based consumer service operation information in the Service Operation Monitor, you must set the Log Detail option on the routing definition to *Header and Details*, as well as set permissions to the service operation.

See *PeopleTools 8.52: PeopleSoft Integration Broker*, "Managing Service Operation Routing Definitions," Configuring Routing Definitions and *PeopleTools 8.52: PeopleSoft Integration Broker*, "Managing Service Operations," Setting Permissions to Service Operations.



## Chapter 2

# Filtering Service Operation Data

This chapter provides an overview of:

- Filtering service operations data.
- Selecting filtering criteria.
- Saving filtering criteria.

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## Filtering Service Operation Data

Before you begin monitoring the integration system, there are a few general guidelines that enable you to quickly drill down to the information you need.

When monitoring asynchronous and synchronous service operations, the Service Operations Monitor provides information about the entire integration system; you need to understand how to filter the information to reduce the number of items. For instance, rather than sifting through every service operation in the entire system, the Service Operations Monitor enables you to filter by publishing node, queue, service operation name, publish date and time, live and archived service operations, and so on.

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## Selecting Filtering Criteria

When you filter data in the Asynchronous Services component or the Synchronous Services component, the value you set on one page in the component is carried forward to other pages in the component.

### **See Also**

[Chapter 3, "Monitoring Asynchronous Service Operations," Filtering Asynchronous Service Operation Data, page 11](#)

[Chapter 5, "Monitoring Synchronous Service Operations," Filtering Synchronous Service Operations Data, page 31](#)

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## Saving Filtering Selections

You can save your filtering options so that the next time you use it, your previous filtering choices are set automatically.

To save filtering selections:

1. Select the filtering options on one of the Asynchronous Services or Synchronous Services component pages.
2. Click Refresh button.

Clicking Refresh not only refreshes the page according to the most recent filtering selections, it also saves the most recent filtering selections to the database. The system then associates a given set of filtering selections with your user ID. The next time that you sign in and launch the Services Operation Monitor, the system displays the service operation data according to your most recent filtering selections.

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**Note.** In situations where multiple people are signing in with the same user ID, it is possible that their changes may collide with each other if more than one is refreshing the monitor pages at the same time. In such cases the system displays the message, 'Data updated by another user.'

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## Chapter 3

# Monitoring Asynchronous Service Operations

This chapter discusses how to:

- Filter asynchronous service operations data.
- Save asynchronous data filtering selections.
- View asynchronous filtering results.
- View monitor output for asynchronous service operations data.
- Monitor service operation transactions.
- Monitor asynchronous service operation instances.
- Monitor publication contracts.
- Monitor subscription contracts.

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## Understanding Monitoring Asynchronous Service Operations

This section provides an overview of :

- Asynchronous service operation statuses.
- Blocked queues.
- Stalled queues.

## Asynchronous Service Operation Statuses

This section discusses:

- Processing statuses for asynchronous service operations.
- Processing errors.

## Processing Statuses for Asynchronous Service Operations

For asynchronous service operations, the Service Operations Monitor displays different statuses as service operations progress through the system.

The typical status progression for asynchronous service operations is:

1. *New*.
2. *Started*.
3. *Working*.
4. *Done*.

However, the Service Operations Monitor can display any of the statuses listed in the following table.

<b>Status</b>	<b>Description</b>
<i>Canceled</i>	The item has been canceled. The system cannot process the item until you resubmit it.
<i>Done</i>	<p>This status indicates different outcomes, depending on the type of process that you are monitoring.</p> <p>For operation instances this status indicates that the operation instance has completed processing and that the publication or subscription contracts have been created.</p> <p>For publication contracts this status indicates that publication contract was successfully sent to the external system. This can include publications sent using guaranteed or best effort delivery.</p> <p>For subscription contracts the status indicates that the subscription notification processed successfully.</p>
<i>Done NoAck</i>	This status appears for publication contracts sent in <i>Best Effort</i> delivery mode and indicates that the publication contract was successfully sent, but no acknowledgement was received.
<i>Edited</i>	The publication data for the item has been edited. Processing does not resume until you resubmit the item.
<i>Error</i>	An error occurred during processing. Manual intervention is required.

<b>Status</b>	<b>Description</b>
<i>Hold</i>	<p>This field is used in conjunction with message segmentation and future-dated publications.</p> <p>The status of a segmented message is <i>Hold</i> while the system is processing the segments in the message.</p> <p>The status of a future-dated publication is <i>Hold</i> until the date and time specified to process the publication is reached.</p>
<i>New</i>	Either the item has been written to the database but has not been dispatched yet, or the item has just been resubmitted.
<i>Retry</i>	<p>The system encountered an intermittent error during processing. The system retries service operations with this status automatically.</p>
<i>Started</i>	The dispatcher is in the process of passing the item to a handler, but the handler has not received it yet.
<i>Submit</i>	This status indicates that a process schedule instance has been created for the transaction.
<i>Timeout</i>	The system has reached the maximum retry count to send a service operation.
<i>Working</i>	The handler has accepted the item and is currently processing it.

### **Asynchronous Service Operation Status of Done with Error Link Enabled**

The status for a service operation typically displays *Error* in the Service Operations Monitor when the system cannot create a publication or subscription contract or if there is some other framework error (for example a SQL error).

However, there are situations when the system displays a status of *Done* for an operation instance, publication contract, or subscription contract, yet also displays an *Error* link indicating that it encountered a problem during processing.

This can occur when:

- Attempting to publish a service operation that contains segmented messages to a node that is not segment aware.
- The routing on a publication contract is inactive.
- There is no service operation handler for a subscription contract.
- And so on.

The system sets the status for an operation instance, publication contract, or subscription contract to *Done* when it has successfully created the instance or contract. In each of the cases described in the list, the system encounters an error after it has evaluated the transaction and has successfully created the operation instance or contract. The system therefore displays an *Error* link that you can use to access the corresponding error message. The system does not sent the service operation until the error is corrected.

The following table lists the pages where you can access an Error link should any of these situations occur:

<b>Type</b>	<b>Error Link Location</b>
Operation instance	Asynchronous Services – Operation Instances page. (PeopleTools, Integration Broker, Service Operations Monitor, Monitoring, Asynchronous Services. Operation Instances tab.)
Publication contract	Asynchronous Details page. (PeopleTools, Integration Broker, Service Operations Monitor, Monitoring, Asynchronous Service Details.)
Subscription contract	Asynchronous Details page. (PeopleTools, Integration Broker, Service Operations Monitor, Monitoring, Asynchronous Service Details.)

## Blocked Queues

Queues preserve the order in which service operations are processed.

The pub/sub system guarantees that items are processed in the order they are sent. If a service operation has a status of *Error*, *Timeout*, or *Edited*, the service operation queue becomes blocked and no processing occurs until you resolve the problem with the service operation.

For publications, queues are partitioned in queues by sub queues.

For publication contracts, queues are further partitioned into queues by sub queue and target node. If a queue is ordered, items in that queue and in the same queue are processed in the order sent. The dispatcher does not begin processing an item until all items ahead of it in the queue have the status *Done* or *Cancelled*. An item with a status of *Error*, *Timeout*, or *Edited* blocks all items behind it in the same queue. If the remote node is unavailable, the dispatcher does not attempt to process the contract and the queue is blocked until the remote node becomes available. That is why publication contracts are partitioned by target node.

If a queue is unordered, an item (such as the publication, publication contract, or subscription contract) never blocks another item. All items are processed in parallel.

## Stalled Queues

Stalls do not occur by design. They are caused by gaps in functionality, user errors, defects, and so forth.

For example, a queue can become stalled when:

- Multiple domains access the same database and one of the domains is shut down abnormally.

Items may be stalled in the *Started* or *Working* status.

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**Note.** You can use the Domain Status page to correct the problem.

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- A change occurs to the pub/sub runtime tables through direct SQL.

The copies of the database tables that dispatchers have in memory are not updated. In this situation, you must reboot the dispatchers.

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## Filtering Asynchronous Service Operation Data

Use the following filter criteria to reduce your search results. The value you set on one page in the Asynchronous Services component is carried forward to all pages of this component. Unless stated otherwise, the fields display on all pages of the Asynchronous Services component.

<b>Archived</b>	The Archived check box enables you to search for either archived or live service operation data. To search archived data, select the check box. To search live data, clear the check box.
<b>User Level View</b>	Check the <i>User Level View</i> box to display information only for those service operations to which you are assigned permission list access.
<b>External Service Name</b>	<p>This field appears on the Operation Instances page in the Asynchronous Services component only.</p> <p>Enter the name of the inbound service operation received from an integration partner. This name is equivalent to the routing alias.</p>
<b>Group By</b>	<p>This field appears on the Monitor Overview page in the Asynchronous Services component only.</p> <p>Use the drop-down list box to select how to group returned data. The valid values are:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <i>Queue.</i> (Default.) Displays results by queue name.</li> <li>• <i>Service Operation.</i> Displays results by service operation name.</li> </ul>
<b>Publish Node, Node Name</b>	<p>Indicates the node that published the service operation.</p> <hr/> <p><b>Note.</b> The Service Operations Monitor only allows you to view information for the local system (database). However, the queues for the local database can contain service operations published by remote nodes, as well the local node. There is only one local node for a database.</p> <hr/>

<b>Queue Level</b>	<p>This field appears on the Monitor Overview page in the Asynchronous Services component only.</p> <p>The valid options are:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <i>Oper Inst</i> (Operation Instance). (Default.)</li> <li>• <i>Pub Con</i> (Publication Contract).</li> <li>• <i>Sub Con</i> (Subscription Contract).</li> </ul>
<b>Queue Name</b>	To view service operation data within a specific queue, select the appropriate queue value in the Queue Name drop-down list box.
<b>Refresh</b>	<p>Click the button to apply the filtering criteria selected.</p> <p>When you click the Refresh button the system saves your search criteria for subsequent searches.</p>
<b>Status</b>	<p>To view service operation data by status, select the status criteria from the Status drop-down list box. The status options reflect the status columns that appear on the Monitor Overview page.</p> <p>Descriptions of the possible service operation statuses are described elsewhere in this chapter.</p> <p>See <a href="#">Chapter 3, "Monitoring Asynchronous Service Operations," Asynchronous Service Operation Statuses, page 7.</a></p>
<b>Time Period</b>	<p>The Time Period group box features four fields for searching by date and time: From Date, To Date, From Time and To Time.</p> <p>If you complete just the date fields, the time fields automatically populate from 12:01 a.m. to 11:59 p.m.</p> <p>When left blank, no date or time is used as part of the search criteria.</p>
<b>Transaction ID</b>	To search for a specific transaction, enter the transaction ID.

On the pages where filtering applies, you enter your filtering criteria in the Message Criteria group box. The result set appears in the status grid directly below the filtering options.

### **See Also**

[Chapter 2, "Filtering Service Operation Data," page 5](#)

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## **Viewing Monitor Output for Asynchronous Service Operation Data**

After you filter and search for asynchronous service operations data in the pages of the Asynchronous Services pages, the output displays in grid format at the bottom of the pages.

The following page elements display data related to integrations using asynchronous service operations in the grids:

<b>Alias</b>	<p>Service operation alias name, if defined for the service operation.</p> <p>The Alias field, in conjunction with the Service Operation Version field, helps to differentiate when there are two routings on the same node with different aliases, for example, when transformations are in use.</p>
<b>Details</b>	<p>Each row of filtering results on the Operation Instances page, Publication Contracts page and Subscription Contracts page displays a Details link. Click the link to view the data in the Asynchronous Details page, where you can view service operation properties, details about any service operation errors that have occurred, and view service operations in XML format.</p>
<b>Orig Trans ID</b>	<p>The original transaction ID generated and used for the service operation instance.</p> <p>As contracts are created another transaction ID is created for each publication or subscription contract. However, the original transaction ID is always available as a reference.</p>
<b>Publishing Node</b>	Name of the node sending node.
<b>Queue Name</b>	The name of the queue used for the transaction.
<b>Remote Details</b>	<p>The Remote Details link appears if the node where a transaction is being sent is defined in the integration network.</p> <p>Click the link to view the details of the remote system's monitor data for the transaction ID.</p>
<b>Segment Number</b>	When implementing message segments, indicates the number of the segment message.
<b>Service Operation</b>	Name of the service operation.
<b>Service Operation Version</b>	Version of the service operation.
<b>Status</b>	<p>Status of the service operation in the system.</p> <p>Descriptions of the possible service operation statuses are described elsewhere in this chapter.</p> <p>See <a href="#">Chapter 3, "Monitoring Asynchronous Service Operations," Asynchronous Service Operation Statuses, page 7.</a></p>
<b>Subscriber Node</b>	Name of the receiving node.
<b>Sub Queue</b>	<p>If queue partitioning exists for a queue, a Sub Queue column appears in the Results grid on the Operation Instances page, Publication Contracts page and Subscription Contracts page . Click the link to open the Sub Queue Message Queue page to view all transactions in the sub queue.</p>

<b>Time Stamp</b>	Date and time of the transaction.
<b>Transaction ID</b>	The unique identifier assigned to the transaction by the system.

## Monitoring Asynchronous Service Operation Transactions

Use the Monitor Overview page for a high-level overview of the status of asynchronous service operation transactions. You can group transactions by queue or service operation for viewing.

To access this page, select PeopleTools, Integration Broker, Service Operations Monitor, Asynchronous Services. The Monitor Overview page shown in the following example appears:

The screenshot shows the 'Monitor Overview' page with the following elements:

- Tabs:** Monitor Overview (selected), Operation Instances, Publication Contracts, Subscription Contracts.
- Search Filters:**
  - Publish Node:** A text input field with a search icon.
  - \*Queue Level:** A dropdown menu set to 'Oper Inst'.
  - \*Group By:** A dropdown menu set to 'Queue'.
  - Archived:** An unchecked checkbox.
  - User Level View:** An unchecked checkbox.
- Time Period:** A section with date and time pickers.
  - From Date:** [Date Picker]
  - To Date:** [Date Picker]
  - From Time:** [Time Picker]
  - To Time:** [Time Picker]
  - Refresh:** A yellow button.
- Result Table:** A table with columns for Queue Name, Error, New, Started, Working, Done, Retry, Timeout, Edited, Canceled, Hold, and Submit. The table shows 5 rows of data for different queues.

Queue Name	Error	New	Started	Working	Done	Retry	Timeout	Edited	Canceled	Hold	Submit
PSRF_REPORTING_FOLDERS	0	0	0	0	<a href="#">566</a>	0	0	0	0	0	0
PSXP_MSG_CHNL	0	0	0	0	<a href="#">302</a>	0	0	0	0	0	0
ROLE_MAINT	0	0	0	0	<a href="#">8</a>	0	0	0	0	0	0
TREE_MAINT	0	0	0	0	<a href="#">2</a>	0	0	0	0	0	0
USER_PROFILE	0	0	0	0	<a href="#">45</a>	0	0	0	0	0	0

Asynchronous Services-Monitor Overview page

After you search for queue information to view, the Results grid displays the results of your search.

This page displays search results by queue name or service operation name, depending on the selection you make in the Group By drop-down list box.

The processing status of service operations displays in the status columns (for example, *Error*, *New*, *Started*, and so on).

Most of the time, the status for a service operation that appears in the Result grid is *Done*. This means that the service operation instance arrived in the publication queue (creating the service operation headers only). However, other statuses can appear. For instance, if the pub/sub system is down, the status is *New*. If there are transformation or PeopleCode errors, the service operation status is *Error*. In addition, if you access the Service Operations Monitor at certain times, you might see a status of *Started* or *Working*. Use the other pages in this component to view more comprehensive status information.

The number of operation instances in a particular status display as a linked value. Click the link to open the data in the Operation Instances page where you can view more detailed information.





## See Also

[Chapter 3, "Monitoring Asynchronous Service Operations," Filtering Asynchronous Service Operation Data, page 11](#)

[Chapter 3, "Monitoring Asynchronous Service Operations," Viewing Monitor Output for Asynchronous Service Operation Data, page 12](#)

[Chapter 3, "Monitoring Asynchronous Service Operations," Asynchronous Service Operation Statuses, page 7](#)

[Chapter 4, "Viewing Asynchronous Service Operation Details," page 21](#)

[Chapter 8, "Resubmitting and Canceling Service Operations for Processing," page 43](#)

[Chapter 3, "Monitoring Asynchronous Service Operations," Viewing Queue Partitioning Information, page 18](#)

## Monitoring Publication Contracts

The Publication Contracts page shows outbound publication transactions to send to remote nodes.

To access the page, select PeopleTools, Integration Broker, Service Operations Monitor, Monitoring, Asynchronous Services. Then click the Publication Contracts tab. The following example shows the Publication Contracts page:

Transaction ID	Queue Name	Publishing Node	Subscriber Node	Segment Number	Service Operation	Service Operation Version	Alias	Time Stamp	Details
				0					

Asynchronous Services-Publication Contracts page

The system does not create publication contracts for routings to the local node.

Descriptions of the page elements that appear on the page are described elsewhere in this section.

See [Chapter 3, "Monitoring Asynchronous Service Operations," Viewing Monitor Output for Asynchronous Service Operation Data, page 12.](#)

## See Also

[Chapter 3, "Monitoring Asynchronous Service Operations," Asynchronous Service Operation Statuses, page 7](#)

[Chapter 2, "Filtering Service Operation Data," page 5](#)

[Chapter 3, "Monitoring Asynchronous Service Operations," Viewing Queue Partitioning Information, page 18](#)

[Chapter 4, "Viewing Asynchronous Service Operation Details," page 21](#)

[Chapter 8, "Resubmitting and Canceling Service Operations for Processing," page 43](#)

## Monitoring Subscription Contracts

The Subscription Contracts page enables you to view transactions to which the local node subscribes. Subscription contracts for remote nodes do not appear.

To access this page, select PeopleTools, Integration Broker, Service Operations Monitor, Monitoring, Asynchronous Services. Then click the Subscription Contracts tab. The following example shows the Subscription Contracts page:

Transaction ID	Queue Name	Publishing Node	Segment Number	Service Operation	Service Operation Version	Time Stamp	Orig Trans ID
0							

### Asynchronous Services - Subscription Contracts page

**Note.** When viewing the status of bulk subscription contracts (such as 100,000 or more) using an Oracle Solaris operating system and an Oracle database, your browser session may close unexpectedly. As a result, you should filter the number of subscription contracts for which to view status information. To do so, use the settings in the Time Period box to filter information by date and time. The volume of service operations in the system determines the best values to enter.

**See Also**

[Chapter 3, "Monitoring Asynchronous Service Operations," Asynchronous Service Operation Statuses, page 7](#)

[Chapter 2, "Filtering Service Operation Data," page 5](#)

[Chapter 3, "Monitoring Asynchronous Service Operations," Viewing Monitor Output for Asynchronous Service Operation Data, page 12](#)

[Chapter 3, "Monitoring Asynchronous Service Operations," Viewing Queue Partitioning Information, page 18](#)

[Chapter 4, "Viewing Asynchronous Service Operation Details," page 21](#)

[Chapter 8, "Resubmitting and Canceling Service Operations for Processing," page 43](#)

---

## Viewing Queue Partitioning Information

If queue partitioning exists for a queue, a Sub Queue column appears in the Results grid on the Monitor Overview page, the Publication Contracts page, and the Subscription Contracts page of the Asynchronous Services component.

If you click the sub queue name link, the Sub Queue Operation Instances page displays and you can view all service operations in the sub queue in the order in which they will be processed. You can also resubmit service operations or cancel the submission of service operations on this page.

**Note.** When viewing sub queue info, even if the primary page was displaying archived data, this page always shows current data.

The following example shows the Sub Queue Operation Instances page:

Operation Instances

Sub Queue Operation Instances

Queue Name

PSRF\_REPORTING\_FOLDERS

Sub Queue

26b8d1b4-6eba-11de-ae55-a87632537eef

Selected Operation Instance

Publishing Node

QE\_LOCAL


Transaction ID

26b8d1b4-6eba-11de-ae55-a87632537eef

Operation Queue


Find

View All



First

1 of 1



Last

	Select	Publishing Node	External Service Name	Status	Timestamp	
1	<input type="checkbox"/>	QE_LOCAL	PSRF_REPORT_CREATE.VERSION_2	Done	07/12/2009 1:01:06.031000AM	<a href="#">Details</a>

Sub Queue Operation Instances page

If more than one row of data appears in the Operation Queue grid, the row in bold is the row you were viewing on the previous page.

Descriptions of the page elements that appear on the page are described elsewhere in this section.

**See Also**

[Chapter 3, "Monitoring Asynchronous Service Operations," Viewing Monitor Output for Asynchronous Service Operation Data, page 12](#)



## Chapter 4

# Viewing Asynchronous Service Operation Details

This chapter discusses how to:

- View asynchronous service operation instance details.
- View asynchronous publication contract details.
- View asynchronous subscription contract details
- Set the data length view limit for displaying XML.
- View logical transformation XML output.

---

## Understanding Viewing Asynchronous Service Operation Details

The Asynchronous Details component (IB\_MONITOR\_DET) enables you to gather in-depth information about a specific asynchronous service operation. It also enables you to perform tasks such as correct errors and resubmit service operations.

---

**Note.** The pages and tabs in the Asynchronous Details component appear in read-only mode if you do not have the proper permissions.

---

## Common Elements Used to View Asynchronous Service Operation Details

<b>Cancel</b>	Click the Cancel button to cancel processing attempts for a service operation. This button is enabled when a service operation has a status of <i>New</i> , <i>Retry</i> , <i>TimeOut</i> , <i>Error</i> , or <i>Edited</i> .
<b>Edit XML</b>	<p>An Edit XML link appears when there are errors with the transaction. Click the link to edit the service operation instance, publication contract or subscription contract XML to correct errors.</p> <p>If you do not have appropriate permission for the particular service operation being viewed, this link is disabled.</p>

<b>Error Messages</b>	<p>This link can appear in the service operation instance details section, the publication contracts section, or the subscription contracts section.</p> <p>Click the link to view error messages for these items.</p> <p>If the link is disabled, there are no errors to view or you do not have the appropriate permissions to view the information.</p>
<b>Last Update Date/Time</b>	Displays the date and time the transaction was last updated.
<b>Process Identifier</b>	Identifies the process ID on the local application server.
<b>Resubmit</b>	<p>Click the Resubmit button to resubmit a service operation for processing. This button is enabled when a service operation has a status of <i>Time Out</i>, <i>Error</i>, <i>Edited</i>, or <i>Cancelled</i>. If a service operation contains an error or has timed out, typically you can just correct the problem and resubmit the service operation. After you edit a service operation, the status becomes <i>Edited</i>. When you resubmit the service operation, the status changes, yet again, to <i>New</i>.</p> <p>If you do not have appropriate permission for the particular service operation being viewed, this button is disabled.</p>
<b>Retry Count</b>	If the first attempt to deliver the service operation failed, this value reflects the number of times the system has attempted to resend the service operation.
<b>Segment</b>	<p>If using message segments, indicates the segment number for which the page or section is displaying information.</p> <p>If you are using non-segmented messages, a value of <i>1</i> appears.</p> <p>When working with asynchronous operation instance details, use the Segment drop-down list box to select a different segment for which to view information. Click the Refresh button to refresh the page.</p>
<b>Service Operation</b>	Indicates the name of the service operation.
<b>Status</b>	<p>Status of the service operation in the system.</p> <p>Descriptions of the possible service operation statuses are described elsewhere in this chapter.</p>
<b>Transaction ID</b>	Displays the unique identifier that the system assigns to each transaction.
<b>Transaction Type</b>	<p>Indicates the transaction type. The valid values are:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <i>Inbound synchronous</i>.</li> <li>• <i>Outbound synchronous</i>.</li> </ul>
<b>Version(Service operation)</b>	Indicates the service operation version.



**View IB Info**

Click the link to view IB info.

If you do not have appropriate permission for the particular service operation being viewed, this link is disabled.

**View XML**

Click to view XML for the service operation instance, publication contract or subscription contract.

If you do not have appropriate permission for the particular service operation being viewed, this link is disabled.

**See Also**

[Chapter 8, "Resubmitting and Canceling Service Operations for Processing," page 43](#)

[Chapter 9, "Viewing Service Operation IB Info Data," page 45](#)

[Chapter 10, "Viewing Service Operation Errors," page 47](#)

[Chapter 11, "Viewing and Editing Service Operation XML," page 51](#)

[Chapter 12, "Viewing Service Operation Nonrepudiation Signature Information," page 55](#)

---

## Viewing Asynchronous Service Operation Instance Details

Use the Asynchronous Details page (IB\_MONITOR\_DET) to view asynchronous service operation instance details. To access the page, select PeopleTools, Integration Broker, Service Operations Monitor, Monitoring, Asynchronous Details. The following example shows the Asynchronous Details page:

**Asynchronous Details**

Transaction ID

d61d638e-7df3-11de-82f5-fefc4e67bee4

External Service Name

USER\_PROFILE.VERSION\_84

Publishing Node

QEDMO

Queue Name

USER\_PROFILE

Queue Sequence ID

93

Sub Queue

Original Publishing Node

QEDMO

Status

DONE

\*Segment

1

Uncompressed Data Length

7828

Data Length View Limit

100000

Refresh

Archive

View XML

View IB Info

Publication Contracts

Customize | Find | | First 1 of 1 Last

Actions

Information

Subscriber Node	*Segment	Status					
QE_LOCAL	1	Done	<a href="#">View XML</a>	<a href="#">Resubmit</a>	<a href="#">Cancel</a>	Error Messages	<a href="#">View IB Info</a>

Asynchronous Details page for an outbound asynchronous integration.

The section at the top of the Asynchronous Details page provides general information pertaining to a particular service operation instance to assist in troubleshooting.

When you are monitoring outbound asynchronous integrations, a Publication Contracts grid appears at the bottom of the page. When you are monitoring inbound asynchronous integrations, a Subscription Contracts grid appears at the bottom of the page. These grid are described elsewhere in this chapter.

See [Chapter 4, "Viewing Asynchronous Service Operation Details," Viewing Asynchronous Publication Contracts Details, page 25](#) and [Chapter 4, "Viewing Asynchronous Service Operation Details," Viewing Asynchronous Subscription Contracts Details, page 26](#).

<b>External Service Name</b>	Indicates the name of the service operation sent by the sending node.
<b>Publishing Node</b>	Identifies the name of the sending node.
<b>Queue Name</b>	Identifies the queue to which the service operation is associated.
<b>Queue Sequence ID</b>	Identifies the sequence of a particular service operation in a queue. This field is applicable to only service operations in ordered queues.
<b>Sub Queue</b>	If queue partitioning exists for a queue, indicates the name of the sub queue to which the service operation is associated.
<b>Original Publishing Node</b>	Indicates the name of the original sending node.  In most cases the original publishing node and the publishing node are the same. However, if the service operation goes through a hub, the original publishing node and publishing node differ.
<b>Refresh</b>	Click the button to refresh page data.
<b>Archive</b>	Click the Archive button to archive a service operation. This button is enabled when a service operation has a status of <i>Done</i> or <i>Cancelled</i> and no associated contract has pending work. If the queue is not set up for archiving, the Archive button is replaced with a Delete button. .
<b>Uncompressed Data Length</b>	Indicates the size of the XML service operation in bytes.
<b>Data Length View Limit</b>	Indicates the maximum size of an XML document in bytes that is automatically loaded in the XML Viewer page.  The default is <i>100000</i> bytes.  Set this property in the Service Operations Monitor using the Monitor Setup Options page.  <a href="#">See Chapter 4, "Viewing Asynchronous Service Operation Details," Setting the Data Length View Limit for Displaying XML, page 28.</a>

Other page elements that appear on the page are discussed elsewhere in this section.

## See Also

[Chapter 4, "Viewing Asynchronous Service Operation Details," Common Elements Used to View Asynchronous Service Operation Details, page 21](#)

[Chapter 8, "Resubmitting and Canceling Service Operations for Processing," page 43](#)

[Chapter 9, "Viewing Service Operation IB Info Data," page 45](#)

[Chapter 10, "Viewing Service Operation Errors," page 47](#)

[Chapter 11, "Viewing and Editing Service Operation XML," page 51](#)

[Chapter 12, "Viewing Service Operation Nonrepudiation Signature Information," page 55](#)

## Viewing Asynchronous Publication Contracts Details

Use the Publication Contracts section of the Asynchronous Details page to view asynchronous publication contract details. The following example shows this section:

Publication Contracts							
Actions		Information		Customize   Find     First 1 of 1 Last			
Subscriber Node	*Segment	Status					
QE_LOCAL	1	Done	<a href="#">View XML</a>	<input type="button" value="Resubmit"/>	<input type="button" value="Cancel"/>	Error Messages	<a href="#">View IB Info</a>

Publication Contracts section of the Asynchronous Details page.

**Note.** The section displays only when there are publication contracts associated with the service operation.

## Viewing and Working with Publication Actions

The Actions tab reveals all the nodes subscribing to a particular service operation and the current status of the publication contract, as in whether the publication has been successfully posted to the subscribing node.

The Actions tab in the Publication Contracts section provides the following information.

**Subscriber Node** Identifies the name of the subscribing or receiving node.

Other page elements that appear on the page are discussed elsewhere in this section.

**See Also**

[Chapter 4, "Viewing Asynchronous Service Operation Details," Common Elements Used to View Asynchronous Service Operation Details, page 21](#)

[Chapter 8, "Resubmitting and Canceling Service Operations for Processing," page 43](#)

[Chapter 9, "Viewing Service Operation IB Info Data," page 45](#)

[Chapter 10, "Viewing Service Operation Errors," page 47](#)

[Chapter 11, "Viewing and Editing Service Operation XML," page 51](#)

**Viewing Publication Information Details**

The Information tab reveals details about the publication transaction, including the transaction ID, the transaction time stamp, and so on. The following examples show the Information tab:

Publication Contracts							
Actions		Information		Customize   Find     First 1 of 1 Last			
Subscriber Node	*Segment	Status					
QE_LOCAL	1	Done	<a href="#">View XML</a>	<input type="button" value="Resubmit"/>	<input type="button" value="Cancel"/>	Error Messages	<a href="#">View IB Info</a>

Publication Contracts section-Information tab.

The Information tab contains the following information about the publication contract:

**Signature**

When nonrepudiation is implemented, this page element displays as a hyperlink.

Click the link to view nonrepudiation information associated with the publication contract.

Other page elements that appear on the page are discussed elsewhere in this section.

**See Also**

[Chapter 4, "Viewing Asynchronous Service Operation Details," Common Elements Used to View Asynchronous Service Operation Details, page 21](#)

[Chapter 12, "Viewing Service Operation Nonrepudiation Signature Information," page 55](#)

**Viewing Asynchronous Subscription Contracts Details**

Use the Subscription Contracts section of the Asynchronous Details page to view asynchronous subscription contract details. The following example shows this section:

---

**Note.** The section displays only when there are subscription contracts associated with the service operation.

---

## Viewing and Working with Subscription Actions

The Actions tab of the Subscription Contracts section of the Asynchronous Services page reveals the status of a particular subscription contract.

Subscription Contracts							
Actions		Information		Customize   Find     First 1-6 of 6 Last			
Action Name	*Segment	Status					
GEN_UPG_HANDLER_18802	1	Done	<a href="#">View XML</a>	<a href="#">Resubmit</a>	<a href="#">Cancel</a>	<a href="#">Error Messages</a>	<a href="#">View IB Info</a>

Actions tab in the Publication Contracts section of the Asynchronous Details page.

---

**Note.** The page elements that appear on the page are discussed elsewhere in this section.

---

### See Also

Chapter 4, "Viewing Asynchronous Service Operation Details," Common Elements Used to View Asynchronous Service Operation Details, page 21

Chapter 8, "Resubmitting and Canceling Service Operations for Processing," page 43

Chapter 9, "Viewing Service Operation IB Info Data," page 45

Chapter 10, "Viewing Service Operation Errors," page 47

Chapter 11, "Viewing and Editing Service Operation XML," page 51

## Viewing and Working with Subscription Information

The Information tab reveals details about the subscription transaction, including the transaction ID, the transaction time stamp, and so on. The following examples show the Information tab:

Subscription Contracts						
Actions		Information		Customize   Find     First 1-6 of 6 Last		
Transaction ID	Last Update Date/Time	Retry Count	Process Identifier	Transaction Type	Service Operation	Version
3db577fa-8071-11de-b2c5-fb06d5954f3e	08/03/2009 2:04:43PM	1	5388	Inbound Asynchronous	QE_FLIGHTPLAN	VERSION_1

Information tab in the Subscription Contracts section of the Asynchronous Details page.

---

**Note.** The page elements that appear on the page are discussed elsewhere in this section.

---

## See Also

Chapter 4, "Viewing Asynchronous Service Operation Details," Common Elements Used to View Asynchronous Service Operation Details, page 21

---

## Setting the Data Length View Limit for Displaying XML

The data view length limit determines the size of service operation XML (in bytes) that is automatically loaded into the XML Viewer in the Asynchronous Details component.

The default is *100000* bytes.

If the limit is exceeded, you are given the option of downloading and uploading the XML to view it or make changes.

You can change the default value using the Monitor Setup Options page in the Services Operations Monitor.

To set the data length view limit:

1. Select PeopleTools, Integration Broker, Service Operations Monitor, Administration, Monitor Setup Options.

The Monitor Setup Options page appears.

2. In the Data Length View Limit box, enter a value in bytes.

---

**Note.** Do not enter a negative value.

---

Click the Save button.

---

## Viewing Logical Transformation XML Output

If an asynchronous subscription contract or publication contract contains a logical transformation, you can view the logical transformation output.

To view logical transformation XML output:

1. Select PeopleTools, Integration Broker, Service Operations Monitor, Monitoring, Asynchronous Details.

The Asynchronous Details page appears.

2. On the Actions tab in the Publication Contracts or Subscription Contracts section, click the View XML link. The IB XML Page appears and displays the service operation XML.
3. Click the View Logical Transform link.

Another IB XML Page appears and displays the logical transformation XML for the transaction.

---

**Note.** The View Logical Transform link appears only if the transaction has a logical transformation.

---

4. Click the Return button to return to the IB XML Page to view the service operation XML. Click the Return button again to return to the Asynchronous Details page.





## Chapter 5

# Monitoring Synchronous Service Operations

This chapter provides an overview of synchronous service operation statuses and discusses how to:

- Filter synchronous service operations data.
- View monitor output for synchronous service operations data.

---

## Understanding Synchronous Service Operation Statuses

For synchronous service operations, the Service Operations Monitor displays the following statuses as synchronous service operations progress through the integration system:

<b>Status</b>	<b>Description</b>
<i>Done.</i>	Indicates the synchronous request was successful.
<i>Error.</i>	Indicates that an error occurred during processing. Manual intervention is required.

---

## Filtering Synchronous Service Operations Data

Use the Synchronous Services page to filter and view inbound synchronous service operations data in the integration system. To access the page, select PeopleTools, Integration Broker, Service Operations Monitor, Monitoring, Synchronous Services. The following example shows the Synchronous Services component:

Synchronous Services

Node Name:

☐ Archived

☐ User Level View

Service Operation:

Status

Time Period

From Date:

To Date:

From Time:

To Time:

Refresh

Result

Customize | Find | View All |

First 1 of 1 Last

Transactions

Information

Timestamp	Transaction ID	Service Operation	Version	Trans Type	Publishing Node	Status String	
							<a href="#">Details</a>

Synchronous Services page

- Use the following filter criteria when working with the Synchronous Services page to reduce your search results.
- Node Name

Identifies the name of the sending node.
- Service Operation

Identifies the name of the service operation for which to view data.
- Archived

The Archived check box enables you to search for either archived or live service operation data. To search archived data, select the check box. To search live data, clear the check box.
- User Level View

Check the User Level View box to display information only for those service operations to which you are assigned permission list access.
- Status

To view service operation data by status, select the status criteria from the Status drop-down list box. The status options reflect the status columns that appear on the Monitor Overview page.

Descriptions of the possible service operation statuses are described elsewhere in this chapter.
- Refresh

Click the button to apply the filtering criteria selected.

When you click the Refresh button the system saves your search criteria for subsequent searches.
- Time Period

The Time Period group box features four fields for searching by date and time: From Date, To Date, From Time and To Time.

When left blank, no date or time is used as part of the search criteria. If only the date fields are populated, the system automatically fills in the time fields.

## See Also

Chapter 5, "Monitoring Synchronous Service Operations," Understanding Synchronous Service Operation Statuses, page 31


Chapter 14, "Archiving Service Operation Instances," page 61

## Viewing Monitor Output for Synchronous Service Operations Data

After you filter and search for synchronous service operations data on the Synchronous Services page, the output displays in a Results grid at the bottom of the page.

## Viewing Synchronous Service Operation Transaction Information

The following example shows the Message ID tab of the Results grid on the Synchronous Services page.

Result							
Customize   Find   View All    First 1-5 of 5 Last							
Transactions		Information					
Timestamp	Transaction ID	Service Operation	Version	Trans Type	Publishing Node	Status String	
07/27/09 12:46:14.671000PM	24d2e9c5-7ae6-11de-8c83-8c6987acee34	QE_FLIGHTPLAN_UNSTRUCT_SYNC	VERSION_1	OutSync	QE_LOCAL	ERROR	<a href="#">Details</a>

Synchronous Services page Results grid—Transactions tab

You can view the following data in the section:

<b>Timestamp</b>	Identifies the date and time that the service operation instance was last processed.
<b>Transaction ID</b>	Displays the transaction ID, the unique identifier that the system assigns to each transaction.
<b>Service Operation</b>	Indicates the name of the service operation.
<b>Version</b>	Indicates the version of the service operation.
<b>Trans Type</b>	Identifies the transaction type. Values are: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><i>OutSync</i>: Outbound Synchronous.</li> <li><i>InSync</i>: Inbound Synchronous.</li> </ul>
<b>Publishing Node</b>	Indicates the sending node.
<b>Status String</b>	Displays the status of the transaction.

**Details**

Click the link to open the Synchronous Details page for the service operation to view more in-depth data about the transaction.

Viewing Synchronous Service Operation General Information

The following example shows the Information tab of the Results grid on the Synchronous Services page.

Result					
Customize   Find   View All   First 1-5 of 5 Last					
Transactions		Information			
Publisher	Last Upd DtTm	NRID	Dest Pub Node	Final Dest Node	
QEDMO	07/27/09 12:46:14PM		QE_IBTGT		<a href="#">Details</a>

Synchronous Services page Results grid–Information tab

You can view the following data in the section:

- Publisher**

Indicates the name of the sending node.
- Last Upd Dt Tm**

Indicates the date and time the transaction was last updated.
- NRID (Nonrepudiation ID)**

Displays when nonrepudiation is implemented. Identifies a unique number used to associate a service operation instance with the nonrepudiation log.
- Dest Pub Node**

Identifies the name of the node where the service operation will be sent.
- Final Dest Node**

Identifies the name of the node of the final destination for the service operation.
- Details**

Click the link to open the Synchronous Details page for the service operation to view more in-depth data about the transaction.

## Chapter 6

# Viewing Synchronous Service Operation Instance Details

This chapter discusses how to view synchronous service operation details.

---

## Viewing Synchronous Service Operation Details

The Synchronous Detail page provides read-only information about synchronous service operations in the system. It also enables you to view signature information for a service operation if it was processed with nonrepudiation logic.

To access the page, select PeopleTools, Integration Broker, Service Operations Monitor, Monitoring, Synchronous Services. The following example shows the Synchronous Details page.

**Synchronous Details**

Transaction ID:	24d2e9c5-7ae6-11de-8c83-8c6987acee34		
Service Operation:	QE_FLIGHTPLAN_UNSTRUCT_SYNC		
Service Version:	VERSION_1	<button>Archive</button>	
Transaction Type:	OutSync	<button>Delete</button>	
Status:	ERROR	<a href="#">Error Messages</a>	

Publisher:	QEDMO	Non-Repudiation ID:	
Destination Publish Node:	QE_IBTGT	Updated:	07/27/09 12:46:14PM
Publishing Node:	QE_LOCAL		
Final Destination:			
Pub/Sub Timestamp:	07/27/09 12:46:14.671000PM		
Log Type:	<div>Request - Original</div>	<a href="#">View XML</a>	<a href="#">View IB Info</a>

Synchronous Details page

The page displays data in the following page elements:

**Archive** Click the button to archive the synchronous service operation.

**Delete** Click the delete button to delete the transaction from the database.

<b>Destination Publish Node</b>	Identifies the name of the node where the service operation was sent.
<b>Error Messages</b>	Click the link to view error messages associated with the processing of the service operation.
<b>Final Destination</b>	Identifies the name of the node of the final destination for the service operation.
<b>Log Type</b>	<p>Select a value from the drop-down list box and click the View XML link to view the corresponding information.</p> <hr/> <p><b>Note.</b> For synchronous service operations, to view full service operation details in XML you must set a parameter in the routing definition for the service operation. On the Routing-Routing Definitions page, from the Log Detail drop-down list box select <i>Header and Detail</i>.</p> <hr/> <p>Values are:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <i>Request Original</i>: Displays the original request data in XML format.</li> <li>• <i>Request Transformed</i>: Displays transformed request data, if applicable, in XML format.</li> <li>• <i>Response Original</i>: Displays the original response data in XML format.</li> <li>• <i>Response Transformed</i>: Displays the transformed response data, if applicable, in XML format.</li> </ul>
<b>Non-Repudiation ID</b>	Identifies a unique number used to associate a service operation instance with the nonrepudiation log.
<b>Publisher</b>	Publisher of the service operation. This is usually the user ID of the person in the publishing system who triggered the publication.
<b>Pub/Sub Timestamp</b>	Identifies the date and time that the service operation instance was last processed.
<b>Service Operation</b>	Identifies the name of the service operation published.
<b>Service Version</b>	Identifies the version of the service operation published.
<b>Signature</b>	If a service operation is sent with a signature, a Signature link appears next to the Non-Repudiation ID field. When you click the Signature link, the service operation signature appears in XML format.
<b>Status</b>	<p>Identifies the status of the service operation.</p> <p>Descriptions of the possible service operation statuses are described elsewhere in this chapter.</p>

<b>Transaction Type</b>	Identifies the transaction type. Values are: <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <i>OutSync</i>: Outbound Synchronous.</li><li>• <i>InSync</i>: Inbound Synchronous.</li></ul>
<b>Unique Identifier</b>	Displays the transaction ID, the unique identifier that the system assigns to each transaction.
<b>Updated</b>	Identifies the date and time the service operation was last updated.
<b>View IB Info</b>	Click the link to view IB info in XML format for the service operation, such as transaction ID.
<b>View XML</b>	Click to view the service operation content in XML format.

**See Also**

[Chapter 5, "Monitoring Synchronous Service Operations," Understanding Synchronous Service Operation Statuses, page 31](#)

[Chapter 8, "Resubmitting and Canceling Service Operations for Processing," page 43](#)

[Chapter 9, "Viewing Service Operation IB Info Data," page 45](#)

[Chapter 11, "Viewing and Editing Service Operation XML," page 51](#)

[Chapter 12, "Viewing Service Operation Nonrepudiation Signature Information," page 55](#)





## Chapter 7

# Viewing Integration Gateway Logging Data for Service Operations

This chapter discusses how to:

- Enable integration gateway logging in the Service Operations Monitor.
- View integration gateway logging data for asynchronous service operations.
- View integration gateway logging data for synchronous service operations.

---

## Understanding Viewing Integration Gateway Logging Data for Service Operations

You can generate and view integration gateway logging data on an on-demand basis for outbound requests in the Service Operations Monitor.

When on-demand logging is enabled in the Service Operations Monitor, the integration gateway creates log files corresponding to the transaction IDs of outbound requests, that is *<transaction ID>.html*.

Depending on the log level set, the standard integration gateway message log will also contain the transactional message logging data.

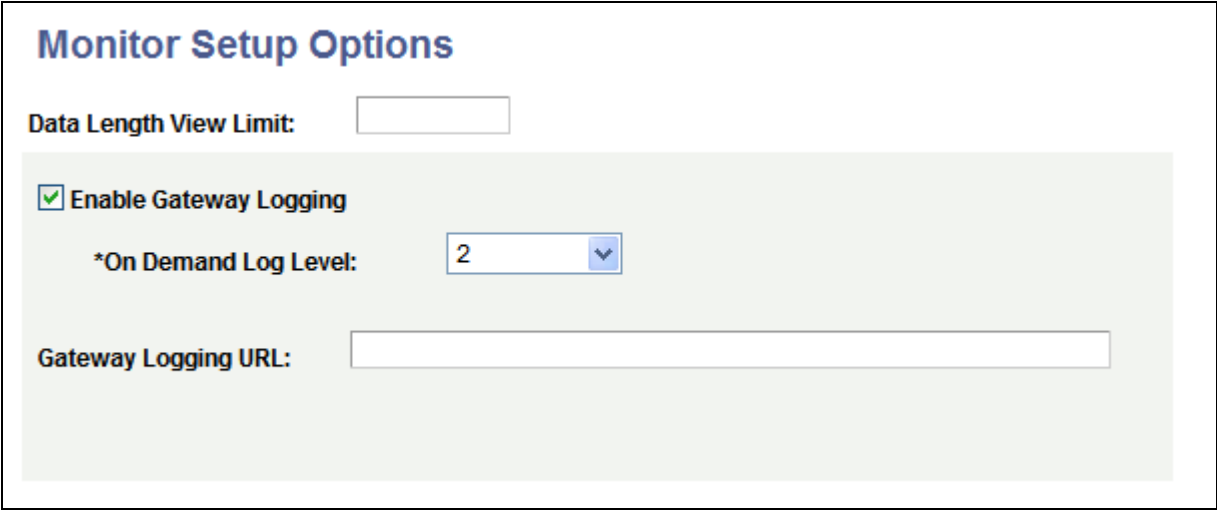
The log files are placed in the same directory specified in the *integrationGateway.properties* file for regular error and message logging. If you set the log level in the Service Operation Monitor to one of the error logging levels, the file is placed in the same directory as the *errorLog.html* file. If you set the log level in the Service Operation Monitor to one of the message logging levels, the file is placed in the same directory as the *msgLog.html* file.

As the transactional data in the Service Operations Monitor is archived or deleted, the system deletes the associated transactions gateway log file. You can also delete this file at anytime.

---

## Enabling Integration Gateway Message Logging in the Service Operations Monitor

Before you can view integration gateway message log data for service operation transactions in the Service Operations Monitor, you must enable the feature using the Monitor Setup Options page shown in the following example:



**Monitor Setup Options**

Data Length View Limit:

☒ **Enable Gateway Logging**

\*On Demand Log Level:  ▼

Gateway Logging URL:

Monitor Setup Options page showing gateway logging enabled in the Service Operations Monitor

To enable integration gateway message logging in the Service Operations Monitor:

1. Access the Monitor Setup Options page (PeopleTools, Integration Broker, Service Operations Monitor, Administration, Monitor Setup Options).
2. Check the Enable Gateway Logging box.
3. From the On Demand Log Level drop-down list box, select a logging level. The valid options are:
  - 1. Log standard gateway exception errors.
  - 2. Log all errors and warnings. (Default.)
  - 3. Log errors, warnings and important information.
  - 4. Log errors, warnings, important and standard information.
  - 5. Log errors, warnings important, standard and low importance information.
4. Click the *Save* button.

---

## Changing the Storage Directory for Integration Gateway Transaction Logs

Log files are written to the directory specified in the `ig.transactionLog.directory` property in the `integrationGateway.properties` file. By default this value is set to the path of the current gateway directory. However, you may change the storage location.

To change the storage directory for integration gateway transaction log files:

1. Create a new directory for storing the log files on the system.

2. Set the `ig.transactionLog.directory` property in the `integrationGateway.properties` file to the new storage location.

See *PeopleTools 8.52: PeopleSoft Integration Broker Administration*, "Managing Integration Gateways," Accessing Gateway Setup Properties.

This property is located in the Transaction Logging section of the file.

3. Set the new directory location in the Monitor Setup Options page in the PeopleSoft Pure Internet Architecture.
  - a. Access the Monitor Setup Options page (PeopleTools, Integration Broker, Service Operations Monitor, Administration, Monitor Setup Options).
  - b. In the Gateway Logging URL field enter the path or URL to the new storage directory.
4. Click the Save button.

---

## Viewing Integration Gateway Logging Data for Service Operation Transactions

This section discusses prerequisites for viewing integration gateway logging data in the Service Operations Monitor and discusses how to:

- View integration gateway logging data for asynchronous service operation transactions.
- View integration gateway logging data for synchronous service operation transactions.

### Understanding Viewing Integration Gateway Logging Data for Service Operation Transactions

When gateway logging is enabled, a View Gateway Logs link appears on the Asynchronous Details page for asynchronous transactions and on the Synchronous Details page for synchronous transactions.

When you click the link the log itself contains the gateway URL, which also contains the transaction ID and IP address, of the gateway that is performing the logging. If you have implemented inbound load balancing using virtual application server domains, this information will help you determine the gateway that is performing the logging.

### Prerequisites for Viewing Integration Gateway Logging Data

Before you can view log data for asynchronous or synchronous transactions you must enable gateway message logging in the monitor.

In addition, to view synchronous log data you must also enable logging on the routing definition used at runtime for the service operation.

**See Also**

Chapter 7, "Viewing Integration Gateway Logging Data for Service Operations," Enabling Integration Gateway Message Logging in the Service Operations Monitor, page 39

*PeopleTools 8.52: PeopleSoft Integration Broker, "Managing Service Operation Routing Definitions," Configuring Routing Definitions*

## **Viewing Integration Gateway Logging Data for Asynchronous Service Operation Transactions**

You can access gateway logging data for asynchronous service operation transactions on the Asynchronous Details page. The page features a View Gateway Logs link that displays log data for an asynchronous transaction.

To view integration gateway logging data for asynchronous service operations:

1. Select PeopleTools, Integration Broker, Service Operations Monitor, Monitoring, Asynchronous Details.
2. Select the transaction that contains the logging data that you want to view. The Asynchronous Details page appears.
3. In the Publications Contracts section, select the Information tab.
4. Click the View Gateway Logs link.

## **Viewing Integration Gateway Logging Data for Synchronous Service Operation Transactions**

You can access gateway logging data for synchronous service operation transactions on the Synchronous Details page. The page features a View Gateway Logs link that displays log data for an synchronous transaction.

Before you can view log data you must enable gateway message logging in the monitor. Performing this task is discussed earlier in this section.

In addition, to view synchronous log data you must also enable logging on the routing definition used at runtime for the service operation.

To view integration gateway logging data for synchronous service operations:

1. Select PeopleTools, Integration Broker, Service Operations Monitor, Monitoring, Synchronous Details.
2. Select the transaction that contains the logging data that you want to view. The Synchronous Details page appears.
3. Click the View Gateway Logs link.

## Chapter 8

# Resubmitting and Canceling Service Operations for Processing

This chapter discusses how to:

- Resubmit or cancel individual service operations for processing.
- Resubmit or cancel service operations for processing in bulk.

---

## Understanding Resubmitting and Canceling Service Operations for Processing

You can resubmit and cancel service operations only for those to which you have permissions. If you attempt resubmit or cancel a service operation for which you do not have permission, the system ignores the action.

---

## Understanding Resubmitting and Canceling Future-Dated Publications

You can cancel a future-dated publication as you would any other service operation.

However, when you cancel a future-dated publication, the future date information is not retained. So if you subsequently resubmit the publication, the system immediately submits it for processing.

---

## Resubmitting and Canceling Individual Service Operations

To resubmit or cancel individual service operations, select the check box next to the appropriate service operation and click the Resubmit or Cancel button.

To deselect a service operation, clear the check box next to the service operation.

---

## Resubmitting and Canceling Service Operations in Bulk

You can resubmit and cancel service operations for processing in bulk using the Service Operations Monitor.

Service operations to resubmit in bulk must be in one of the following statuses:

- *Cancelled.*
- *Edited.*
- *Error.*
- *Timeout.*

Service operations to cancel in bulk must be in one of the following statuses:

- *Edited.*
- *Error.*
- *Hold.* (Service operation must be in *Hold* status as well as future-dated.)
- *New.*
- *Retry.*
- *Timeout.*

In addition to the Clear All, Resubmit and Cancel buttons, you can also use the following links when resubmitting and canceling service operations in bulk.

**Select All**

Click to select all service operations in the results grid to resubmit or cancel. After you click this link, click the Resubmit or Cancel button as appropriate.

**Deselect All**

Click the link to deselect all service operations in the results grid.

## Chapter 9

# Viewing Service Operation IB Info Data

This chapter discusses how to view service operation IB Info data.

## Viewing IB Info Data

A View IB Info link appears in several locations on the Asynchronous Details page and enables you to view IB info data for asynchronous service operations instances, publication contracts and subscription contracts. In addition, a View IB Info link displays on the Synchronous Details page and enables you to view IB info data for synchronous service operation as well.

When you click the View IB Info link, the View IB Info page appears and displays information such as requesting node, transaction ID, content type, and so on.

The following example shows the View IB Info page:



View IB Info page

When you are done reviewing the data, click the Return button to return to the previous page.



## Chapter 10

# Viewing Service Operation Errors

This chapter discusses how to:

- View asynchronous service operation instance errors.
- View publication contract errors.
- View subscription contract errors.
- View subscription service operation instance errors.

## Common Elements Used in This Chapter

<b>Description</b>	Displays a description of the error.
<b>Error Message</b>	Displays the error message.
<b>Error Timestamp</b>	Displays the date and time that the error occurred.
<b>Return</b>	When you have completed reviewing the error information, click the button to return to the previous page.
<b>Segment Index</b>	Indicates the index of the segment inside a message.  If a message has three segments, you can look at each segment by the index. Segment index 1 is the first segment, segment index 2 is the second segment, and segment index 3 is the third segment.

---

## Viewing Asynchronous Service Operation Instance Errors

When an error occurs while processing an asynchronous service operation instance, an Error Message link appears on in the operation instance section of the Asynchronous Details page Click the link to access the Instance Error Messages page and information about the error.

The following example shows the Instance Error Messages page:

**Instance Error Messages**

Errors <span>Customize   Find    </span> <span>First 1 of 1 Last</span>				
Error Timestamp	Error Message	Description	Int Broker Error Location	
07/27/2009 12:46:14.671000PM	Integration Gateway: No response received from Gateway	The Gateway did not send back a IBResponse		

Instance Error Messages page

The fields that display in this section are discussed elsewhere in this section.

**See Also**

[Chapter 10, "Viewing Service Operation Errors," Common Elements Used in This Chapter, page 47](#)

---

## Viewing Publication Contract Errors

When an error occurs while processing a publication contract, an Error Message link appears on the Asynchronous Details page in the Publication Contracts section on the Actions tab. Click the link to access the page and information about the error.

The following example shows the Publication Contract Error Messages page:

**Publication Contract Error Messages**

Errors <span>Customize   Find    </span> <span>First 1-2 of 2 Last</span>				
Error Timestamp	Segment Index	Error Message	Description	
08/03/2009 2:13:47.468000PM	0	PublicationContractManager::ProcessError/RetryResponse (): 'Integration Gateway - External System Contact Error (158,10721)'.		
08/03/2009 2:13:47.484000PM	0	Integration Gateway - External System Contact Error	Integration Gateway was not able to contact the external system. The network location specified may be incorrect, or the site is permanently or temporarily down.	

Publication Contract Error Messages page

The fields that display in this section are discussed elsewhere in this section.

**See Also**

[Chapter 10, "Viewing Service Operation Errors," Common Elements Used in This Chapter, page 47](#)

## Viewing Asynchronous Subscription Contract Errors

When an error occurs while processing a subscription contract, an Error Message link appears on the Asynchronous Details page in the Subscription Contracts section on the Actions tab. Click the link to access the page and information about the error.

The following example shows the Subscription Contract Error Messages page:

Subscription Contract Error Messages				
Errors				
Error Timestamp	Segment Index	Error Message	Description	
08/03/2009 2:25:10.593000PM	0	A fatal PeopleCode SQL error occurred. Please consult your system log for details.		
08/03/2009 2:25:10.593000PM	0	SQL error in Exec. (2,280) QE_FLIGHTPLAN.FLIGHTPROFILE.OnExecute Name:OnNotify PCPC:5151 Statement:65		
08/03/2009 2:25:10.593000PM	0	Attempt to call abstract method/property OnError of object class PS_PT:Integration:INotificationHandler. (180,845)		

Subscription Contract Error Messages page

The page displays the following information:

The fields that display in this section are discussed elsewhere in this section.

### See Also

Chapter 10, "Viewing Service Operation Errors," Common Elements Used in This Chapter, page 47

## Viewing Synchronous Service Operations Errors

When an error occurs with a synchronous service operation transaction, an Error Messages link appears on the Synchronous Details page. Click the link to access the Instance Error Messages page and details about the error.

Instance Error Messages				
Errors				
Error Timestamp	Error Message	Description	Int Broker Error Location	
07/27/2009 12:46:14.671000PM	Integration Gateway: No response received from Gateway	The Gateway did not send back a IBResponse		

Instance Error Message page for synchronous service operation instance errors

The page displays the following information:

<b>Int Broker Error Location</b>	Displays the location of the error in the PeopleSoft Integration Broker system, if known.
----------------------------------	---

Other fields that display in this section are discussed elsewhere in this section.

**See Also**

Chapter 10, "Viewing Service Operation Errors," Common Elements Used in This Chapter, page 47

## Chapter 11

# Viewing and Editing Service Operation XML

This chapter discusses how to:

- View service operation XML.
- Edit service operation XML.

---

## Understanding Viewing and Editing Service Operation XML

The Service Operations Monitor enables you to view service operation XML for asynchronous service operation instances, asynchronous publication contracts, asynchronous subscription contracts and for synchronous service operation instances.

---

**Note.** You can view and edit XML only if you have the appropriate service operation permission.

---

### Asynchronous Service Operation XML

If viewing or editing XML for a publication or subscription contract, the transformed XML appears if any transformations were applied for the publication contract or subscription contract. Use the View XML link or the Edit XML link in the service operation instance section to view and edit the original XML that was received.

### Synchronous Service Operation XML

In certain situations, the XML content of a service operation isn't visible in the Service Operations Monitor. This is because of the way service operation data is logged. Initially, the log data (including the service operation XML) for any transaction is held in system memory.

With synchronous transactions, PeopleSoft Integration Broker retains the log data in memory for a longer period, to allow for certain operations to complete. The delay before you can view the XML content in the Synchronous Details component depends on several factors, including the details of the integration and whether you're at the sending or the receiving end of the transaction. If you don't see the service operation XML content right after the service operation was transmitted, exit the Synchronous Details component and wait for a minute, then reopen the service operation and check the XML view again.

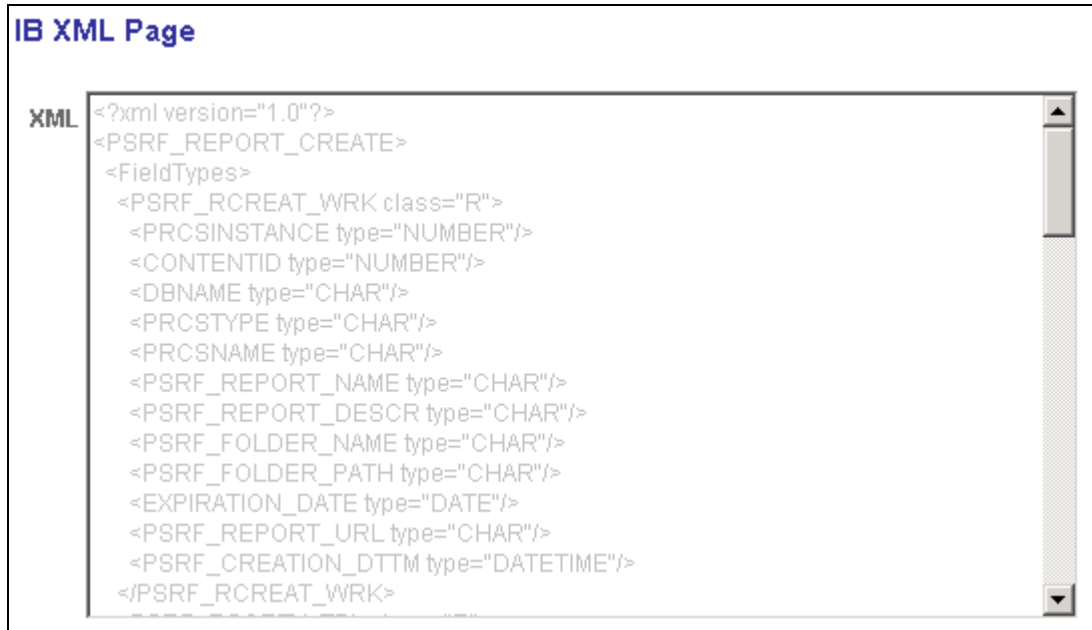
---

**Note.** For synchronous service operations, to view full service operation details in XML you must set a parameter in the routing definition for the service operation. On the Routing-Routing Definitions page, from the Log Detail drop-down list box select *Header and Detail*.

---

## Viewing Service Operation XML

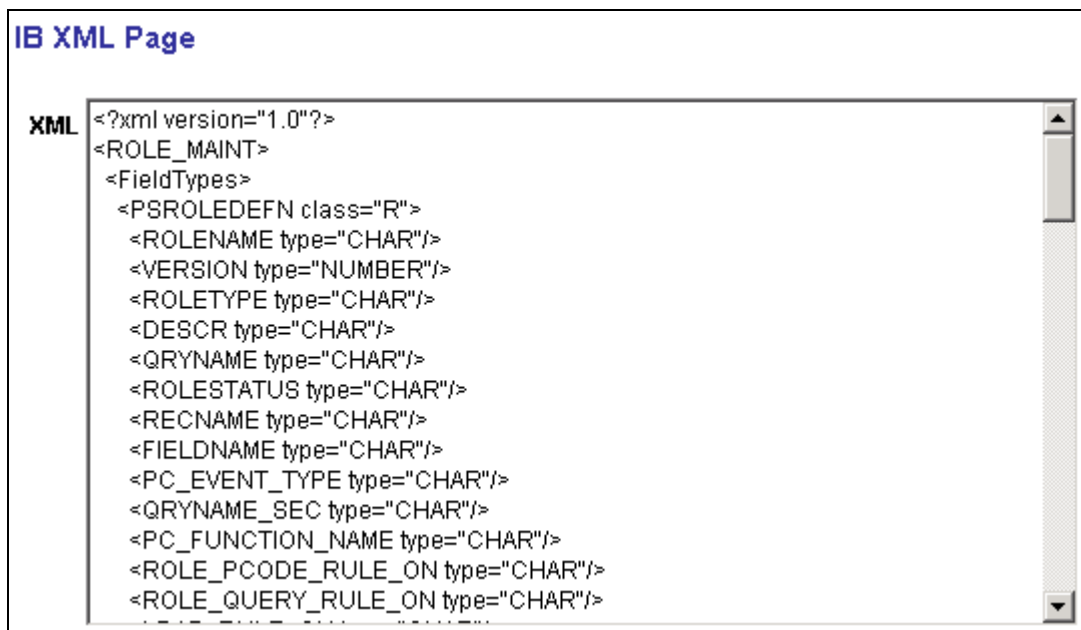
You can view the XML for an asynchronous service operation instance, publication contract, subscription contract or synchronous service operation by clicking the View XML link. When you click the link, the IB XML page appears and displays the data in read-only format, as shown in the following example:



IB XML Page displaying XML in read-only format

## Editing Service Operation XML

When an error occurs processing an asynchronous service operation instance, publication contract subscription contract, or synchronous service operation instance, an Edit XML link appears, as shown in the following example:



### IB XML page

The page enables you to edit the XML to correct any errors.

To edit XML you must have the appropriate permissions to the service operation and the service operation must have a status of *New*, *Error*, *Retry*, *Timeout*, *Edited* or *Cancelled*.

When you have completed editing the XML click the Save button to save your changes. Click the Return button to return to the Asynchronous Details page.





## Chapter 12

# Viewing Service Operation Nonrepudiation Signature Information

This chapter discusses how to view nonrepudiation signature information.

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## Understanding Viewing Service Operation Nonrepudiation Signature Information

If an asynchronous or synchronous service operation is sent with a signature you can view the nonrepudiation signature in XML format.

---

## Viewing Nonrepudiation Signatures in XML Format

The Signature (NR) page displays nonrepudiation information for asynchronous service operations. The following example shows the page:

**Signature - Non-Repudiation (NR) of Origin**

XML

**Confirm**      **Non-Repudiation Status:**

Signature-Non-Repudiation (NR) of Origin page

The Signature link to this page appears only if the service operation is sent with a signature. When you click the Signature link, the service operation signature appears in XML.

Click the Confirm button to confirm the nonrepudiation status. Click the Return button to return to the previous page.

## Chapter 13

# Running Batch Error Notification Processes

This chapter discusses how to:

- Create static error notification lists.
- Run batch error notifications.

---

## Understanding Batch Error Notification

Although you can easily use the Service Operations Monitor to scan your system for service operations, that approach requires you to launch the Service Operations Monitor on a scheduled basis to search for any issues affecting the messaging system. The Error Notification component (PT\_ERR\_RUNCNTL) provides access to an Application Engine batch program, PT\_AMM\_WF, that you can schedule to run on a recurring basis.

The PT\_AMM\_WF process is designed notify users to report on service operations which are in *Error* or *Timeout* status in the Service Operation Monitor.

The PT\_AMM\_WF process reports errors and timeout issues one time. The expectation is that after issues are reported, that they are resolved. During subsequent runs of the process, the system reports only new issues found, and does not report previous issues that may still be unresolved.

---

**Note.** You can use PT\_AMM\_WF to notify users of errors relating to asynchronous service operations only.

---

To access the program, select PeopleTools, Integration Broker, Monitor Integrations, Error Notification.

The following table describes the information for which PT\_AMM\_WF scans, how it notifies administrators, and what administrators should do after receiving an error notification.

<b>Step</b>	<b>Task</b>	<b>Description</b>
1	Query Message Queues	<p>The program scans the following messaging queues in the database in search of service operation with a status of either <i>Error</i> or <i>Timeout</i>.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Publications Contracts Queue</li><li>• Subscriptions Contracts Queue</li></ul>

<b>Step</b>	<b>Task</b>	<b>Description</b>
2	Trigger Workflow	Upon encountering a service operation status of either <i>Error</i> or <i>Timeout</i> , PT_AMM_WF sends a workflow to all users assigned to the APP_MSG_ADMINISTRATOR role at runtime. The query for this role associates a service operation with a user through the service operation's queue name property. All users that have at least read-access to the service operation queue are notified.
3	Resolve Issue	Administrators also receive a new worklist item reflecting the problematic service operation. To access the service operation, an administrator clicks the item in the worklist.  The link leads to the Asynchronous Details component. The component is presented with the specified service operation loaded.

## Prerequisites for Using Batch Error Notification

To enable the workflow notification functionality, you need to have the following items in place within security definitions:

- Grant access to the PT\_AMM\_DUMMY component interface. Navigate to PeopleTools, Security, Permissions & Roles, Permission Lists, Component Interfaces.
- Assign users to the APP\_MSG\_ADMINISTRATOR role using PeopleTools, Security, Permissions & Roles, Roles, Members.

PeopleSoft delivers the APP\_MSG\_ADMINISTRATOR role.

- Add email addresses for users assigned to the APP\_MSG\_ADMINISTRATOR role to their user profiles so that they can receive the notification.

To complete this task, select PeopleTools, Security, User Profiles, User Profiles, Edit Email Addresses

- Grant users read-only access (at a minimum) to the service operation queue.

In addition you must set several PeopleSoft Workflow default options using the Set Worklist Defaults page (WF\_SYS\_DEFAULTS). Note that after you set these options you must reboot the application server.

To set the workflow default options for using batch error notification:

1. Access the Set Worklist Defaults page (select PeopleTools, Workflow, Defaults & Messages, Set Worklist Defaults).
2. In the System Default User section, select the system User ID.
3. In the System Wide Route Processing section, select the Email Active box.
4. Click the Save button.
5. Restart the application server.

**See Also**

*PeopleTools 8.52: Security Administration, "Setting Up Permission Lists"*

*PeopleTools 8.52: Security Administration, "Setting Up Roles"*

*PeopleTools 8.52: Workflow Technology, "Administering PeopleSoft Workflow," Setting Workflow System Defaults*

---

## Creating Static Error Notification Lists

By default, error notifications are sent to all users who can monitor the service operation queue; these are users assigned to the Query role. However, you can send error notifications to a static list of users that belong to the APP\_MSG\_ADMINISTRATOR role. To do so you must turn off the Use Query to Route Workflow option for the APP\_MSG\_ADMINISTRATOR role, and assign specific users to the role.

To view users assigned to the APP\_MSGADMINISTRATOR role, run the \_ROLE\_APP\_MSG\_ADMINISTRATOR query.

To create a static error notification list:

1. Turn off the User Query to Route Workflow option.
  - a. Select PeopleTools, Security, Permissions & Roles, Roles.
  - b. Select and open the APP\_MSG\_ADMINISTRATOR role.
  - c. Click the Workflow tab.
  - d. In the Workflow Routing Options box, clear the Use Query to Route Workflow option, and click Save.
2. Assign specific users to the APP\_MSG\_ADMINISTRATOR role.

See *PeopleTools 8.52: Security Administration, "Administering User Profiles,"* Specifying User Profile Attributes.

---

## Running Batch Error Notifications

You use the Error Notification page (PT\_ERR\_RUNCNTL) to run the PT\_AMM\_WF process. To access the page, select PeopleTools, Integration Broker, Monitor Integrations, Error Notification.

**Error Notification**

Run Control ID: Test [Report Manager](#) [Process Monitor](#) [Run](#)

**Parameters**

**Process Frequency**

☐ Process Once  
☐ Always Process  
☒ Don't Run

\*Request ID:

Description:

URL:

Error Notification page

To run PT\_AMM\_WF:

1. Select PeopleTools, Integration Broker, Monitor Integrations, Error Notification.
2. Select an existing run control ID, or add a new one using the Add button.

The Error Notification page appears.

3. Select a process frequency.

Options are:

- *Process Once.* Select to run PT\_AMM\_WF manually.
- *Process Always.* Select to run PT\_AMM\_WF constantly.
- *Don't Run.* Select to disable a recurring PT\_AMM\_WF run.

4. Add a request ID and description.

These attributes uniquely identify a run control. You only see the IDs when you have a list of run controls.

5. In the URL field, enter the PeopleSoft Pure Internet Architecture URL to provide in the email error notification. Users use the URL to link to the error.

The URL of the current web server displays in this field by default.

6. ClickRun.
7. Click OK on the Process Scheduler Request page to submit the process.

## Chapter 14

# Archiving Service Operation Instances

This chapter discusses how to:

- Archive service operation instances.
- Retrieve archived service operation instances.

---

## Understanding Archiving Service Operation Instances

For asynchronous service operations, archiving is determined at the queue level. To archive asynchronous service operation instances you must activate archiving on the service operation queue.

For synchronous service operations, archiving is determined by the user by selecting service operation instances to archive.

### **See Also**

*PeopleTools 8.52: PeopleSoft Integration Broker, "Managing Service Operation Queues"*

---

## Archiving Service Operations

You can archive service operation instances one at a time from the Asynchronous Details component or the Synchronous Details component by clicking the Archive button that appears on the right side of the page.

### **See Also**

[Chapter 4, "Viewing Asynchronous Service Operation Details," page 21](#)

[Chapter 6, "Viewing Synchronous Service Operation Instance Details," page 35](#)

---

## Retrieving Archived Messages

You can retrieve archived service operation instances from the following pages in the Asynchronous Services component: Monitor Overview page, Operation Instances page, Publication Contracts page, and Subscription Contracts page.

To retrieve archived service operations instances, select the **Archive** check box and click **Refresh**. Archived service operations appear in the results grid on the page. For any returned row, click the **Details** link to view the service operation header and service operation content.



## Chapter 15

# Running Batch Service Operation Archiving Processes

This chapter provides an overview of and prerequisites for running batch service operation archiving processes, and discusses how to run batch archiving processes.

---

## Understanding Running Batch Service Operation Archiving Processes

For performance and general maintenance reasons, you may want to archive older service operation to clear space on your live runtime monitor tables.

The PeopleSoft system provides an Application Engine program that scans all of the runtime monitor tables in the system for service operation archiving purposes. You use the Archive Messages component (RUN\_APMSGARCH) to access the program.

You can use the Run Archive page to archive all service operations with a status of *Done* or *Cancel*. Or you can archive service operations based on their status, their age, or a combination of the two. For example, you can choose to archive service operations with a status of *Done* that have been in the messaging system for more than 14 days.

---

## Prerequisites for Running Batch Service Operation Archiving Processes

Before you run a batch service operation archive process, inactivate the pub/sub server domain. Then, after you run the process, reactive the pub/sub server domain.

### **See Also**

*PeopleTools 8.52: PeopleSoft Integration Broker Administration*, "Managing Pub/Sub Server Domains," Activating Pub/Sub Server Domains

---

## Running Batch Service Operation Archiving Processes

You use the Run Archive page (RUN\_APMSGARCH) to invoke the archive process. To access the page, select PeopleTools, Integration Broker, Service Operations Monitor, Monitoring, Archive Monitor Data. The following example shows the Run Archive page:

The screenshot shows the 'Run Archive' page. At the top left, the title 'Run Archive' is displayed in blue. Below it, the 'Run Control ID' is set to 'Test'. To the right of the ID are two links: 'Report Manager' and 'Process Monitor', and a yellow 'Run' button. Below these are two checkboxes: 'Archive All' and 'Archive Synch'. A dark blue header bar labeled 'Archive Specific Operations' is present. Below this header, there is a light gray box containing the 'Status' section with 'Done' and 'Cancel' checkboxes, and an 'Older Than' section with a text input field and the word 'days'.

Run Archive page

To run the batch service operation archiving processes:

1. Select PeopleTools, Integration Broker, Service Operations Monitor, Monitoring, Archive Monitor Data.
2. Select an existing run control ID, or add a new one.

The Run Archive page appears.

## 3. Select the service operation to archive

<b>Archive All</b>	Select this check box to archive all service operations in the messaging system with a status of <i>Done</i> or <i>Cancel</i> , regardless of how long they have been in the messaging system.
<b>Archive Synch</b>	Check the box to archive all synchronous service operations. <hr/> <b>Warning!</b> Leaving the box unchecked deletes all synchronous service operations. <hr/>
<b>Done</b>	Select to archive service operations in the messaging system with the corresponding operation instances in the status of <i>Done</i> .
<b>Cancel</b>	Select to archive only those service operations in the messaging system with the corresponding operation instances in the status of <i>Cancel</i> .
<b>Older Than</b>	Enter a numeric value between 1 and 999. Do not enter 0 or a decimal value. Messages older, in days, than the value that you enter will be archived.  This option archives service operations based on days. If the date is <i>August 15, 2004</i> , service operations dated August 13, 2004 and earlier are archived.

## 4. Click the Run button.

The Process Schedule Request page appears.

## 5. Make the appropriate selections, and click OK.

---

**Note.** Using APPMSGARCH to archive service operation data is the batch approach. You can also archive individual service operations online using the Archive option on the Asynchronous Services-Monitor Overview page and the Synchronous Services page.

---

**See Also**

Chapter 3, "Monitoring Asynchronous Service Operations," Monitoring Asynchronous Service Operation Transactions, page 14

Chapter 5, "Monitoring Synchronous Service Operations," page 31

*PeopleTools 8.52: PeopleSoft Process Scheduler, "Using Process Monitor"*

*PeopleTools 8.52: PeopleSoft Process Scheduler, "Using Report Manager"*



## Chapter 16

# Viewing System Performance Statistics

This chapter provides an overview of messaging system performance statistics and discusses how to:

- Use the statistics pages.
- Enable the messaging system performance statistics feature.
- View inbound asynchronous service operation statistics.
- View outbound asynchronous service operation statistics.
- View inbound synchronous service operation statistics.
- View outbound synchronous service operation statistics.

---

## Understanding Messaging System Performance Statistics

The Service Operations Monitor provides a Statistics page that enables you to view performance statistics for asynchronous and synchronous service operations that flow through PeopleSoft Integration Broker. The statistics can help you to identify bottlenecks and other performance issues in your integration system.

### Service Operation Types

The Service Operation Monitor provides performance statistics for the following service operation transaction types:

- Inbound asynchronous.
- Outbound asynchronous.
- Inbound synchronous.
- Outbound synchronous.

Definitions for these service operations are provided elsewhere in this PeopleBook.

See *PeopleTools 8.52: PeopleSoft Integration Broker*, "Understanding PeopleSoft Integration Broker," Service Operation Types.

## Processing Components

The following table lists the system processing components for which PeopleSoft Integration Broker captures performance statistics and briefly describes the types of processing that each performs:

<b>Application Server</b>	The application server performs all data handling, processing event handlers, performs security, routes service operations, performs transformations, and manages load balancing and master/slave processing, and more.
<b>Broker (Handler)</b>	The broker analyzes all service operations in the queue and determines the transaction type. Based on the transaction type, it creates a subscription contract, publication contract, or both.
<b>Gateway</b>	<p>On inbound requests, the integration gateway performs request serialization/deserialization, request authentication, applies transformations, and performs the Jolt request to the application server. On outbound requests, the integration gateway applies transformations, and determines the target connector for the request and hands off the request accordingly.</p> <p>For statistics to display for the integration gateway processing you must enable the statistics feature on the integration gateway.</p> <p>See <a href="#">Chapter 16, "Viewing System Performance Statistics," Enabling the System Performance Statistics Feature, page 75.</a></p>
<b>Publication (Contract Handler)</b>	The publication contract handler routes service operations to another destination.
<b>Remote Server</b>	When you perform synchronous transactions with PeopleSoft system, those systems send back processing statistics with their requests and/or responses. These statistics appear in the category Remote Server on the statistics pages.
<b>Subscription (Contract Handler)</b>	The subscription contract handler runs PeopleCode associated with a service operation.
<b>Tuxedo Queue</b>	<p>PeopleSoft Integration Broker includes a set of Oracle Tuxedo servers that monitor database tables and process items in the tables. The processing can include running PeopleCode programs, creating publication and subscription contracts, and so forth.</p> <p>Several of the Statistics pages provide information for the processing on these queues.</p>

## Overhead Processing

When you view the statistical details of system processing, some of the numbers fall into the categories of *Overhead*, and *Connection Overhead*.

Statistics in these categories are for miscellaneous processing that do not fall into the major categories shown, but count toward the overall processing on a component or for the transaction.

The following table lists types of overhead processing that can be included in these categories. The information in the table is not exhaustive, and other items, processing, and even system configuration and capacity may contribute to overhead processing statistics generated on your system:

<b>Component</b>	<b>Example of Overhead Processing</b>
All	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Calls between processing.</li> <li>• Receiving/handing off a transaction to another component.</li> <li>• Internal processing.</li> <li>• And so on.</li> </ul>
Broker handler	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Time taken to determine the contracts to create.</li> <li>• And so on.</li> </ul>
Integration gateway	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Determining the connector to use for a transaction.</li> <li>• Data deserialization and serialization.</li> <li>• Authentication.</li> <li>• Performing the Jolt request to the application server.</li> <li>• And so on.</li> </ul>
Application server	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Authentication.</li> <li>• Data compression.</li> <li>• And so on.</li> </ul>

## Processing Times

Note the following information regarding processing times that appear in the Statistics pages:

- All processing times are averages.
- Processing times are displayed in milliseconds (ms.).
- Processing times appear in the following format: Avg.(x) nn.nn ms.

The value of  $x$  in parentheses is the number of transactions on which the average processing time is based.

The value of  $nn.nn$  is the average processing time in milliseconds (ms.).

- Processing times of less than one millisecond appear as *00.00 ms.*

- In some instances the system displays *No Data Available* for a system component.

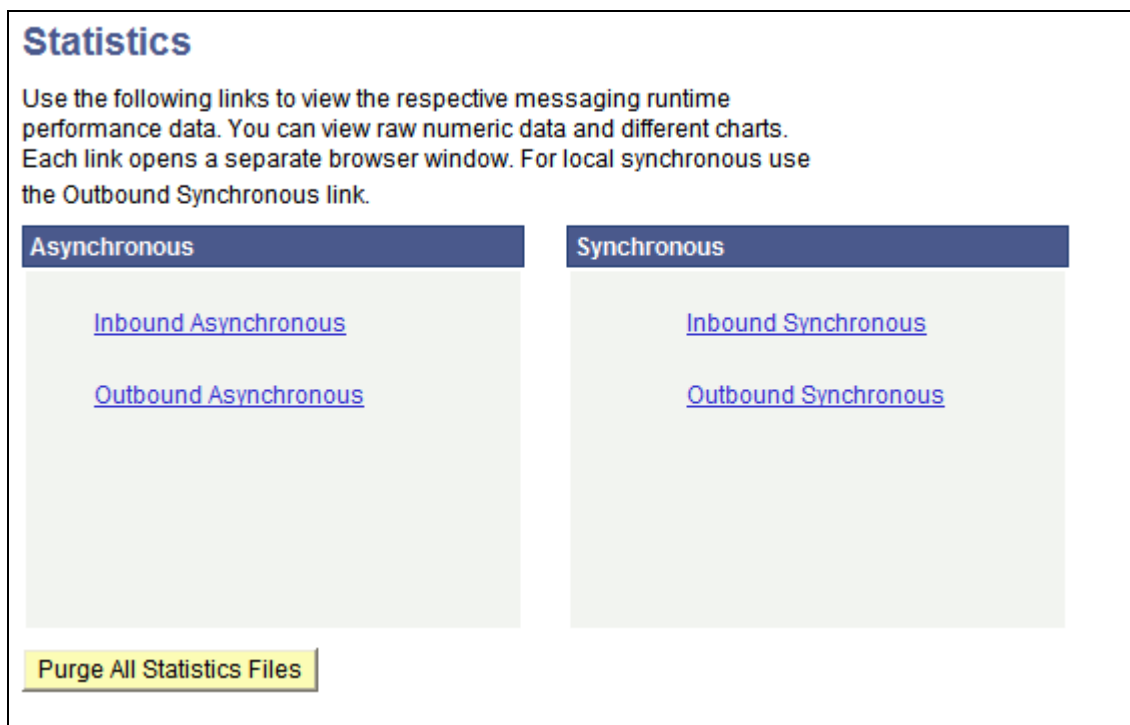
In such situations no processing was performed on the component.

As an example, the hyperlink for the Gateway component might display *No Data Available* if you were viewing statistics for transactions processed with the InBoundPublish method, whereby the integration gateway is bypassed to publish transactions.

---

## Using the Statistics Pages

PeopleSoft Integration Broker provides a Statistics page where you select the service operation transaction type of the performance statistics to view. To access the page select PeopleTools, Integration Broker, Service Operations Monitor, Monitoring, Statistics. The following example shows the Statistics page:



Use the Statistics page to select the service operation transaction type of the system performance statistics to view.

The Statistics page presents four categories of service operation transaction types for which you can view performance statistics.

After you select a service operation transaction type, a separate window appears that contains a search dialog box. The search dialog box that appears is based on the transaction type you selected. Use the page to enter search criteria for data to retrieve and view.



### Inbound Asynchronous

Search Criteria

Publish Node:

Queue Name:

Service Operation:

Refresh

Time Period

From Date:

To Date:

From Time:

To Time:

[Averages and Analysis](#)

Subscription Timing Data

Customize

Find

View All

First

1 of 1

Last

Orig Transaction ID	Transaction ID	Segment	Action Name	Service Operation	Queue Name	Publishing Node
		0				

Purge All Subscription Timings

The search page for inbound asynchronous messaging system performance statistics.

After you enter your search criteria and press the Refresh button, the system displays the search results in the results. If you enter no search criteria and simply press the Refresh button, the system displays all performance statistics in the database for the transaction type.

The following example shows a completed search for inbound asynchronous performance statistics for the publishing node *QE\_LOCAL*:

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### Inbound Asynchronous

**Search Criteria**

**Publish Node:**

**Queue Name:**

**Service Operation:**

**Time Period**

**From Date:** 
**To Date:**

**From Time:** 
**To Time:**

[Averages and Analysis](#)

Subscription Timing Data						
Orig Transaction ID	Transaction ID	Segment	Action Name	Service Operation	Queue Name	Publishing Node
0f8b9478-5d9f-11dc-8772-a0ee43355c0e	101b3818-5d9f-11dc-b5b9-a6fe77530150	1	Flight_app_eng	FLIGHTPLAN	FLIGHT_QUEUE_2	QE_LOCAL
10044c48-5d9f-11dc-8772-a0ee43355c0e	1022dc08-5d9f-11dc-b5b9-a6fe77530150	1	Flight_app_eng	FLIGHTPLAN	FLIGHT_QUEUE_3	QE_LOCAL
13f97a20-5031-11dc-bfe3-9c7de7c8962e	14cc5a00-5031-11dc-b68b-b7cb2da4ac8b	1	YOYO	PARTS_ASYNC	FLIGHTQUEUE	QE_LOCAL
1e6a5810-5033-11dc-80c5-9c7de7c8962e	1eb53840-5033-11dc-b68d-b7cb2da4ac8b	1	Async	ALICE_POLL_ASYNC	ALICE	QE_LOCAL
5f962430-5035-11dc-8222-9c7de7c8962e	5ff35aa0-5035-11dc-b68d-b7cb2da4ac8b	1	Async	ALICE_POLL_ASYNC	ALICE	QE_LOCAL
60b08258-5da1-11dc-8772-a0ee43355c0e	613d1798-5da1-11dc-b5ba-a6fe77530150	1	Flight_app_eng	FLIGHTPLAN	FLIGHTQUEUE	QE_LOCAL
61200f08-5da1-11dc-8772-a0ee43355c0e	61433458-5da1-11dc-b5bb-a6fe77530150	1	Flight_app_eng	FLIGHTPLAN	FLIGHTQUEUE	QE_LOCAL

The results grid shows general data about the transactions in numeric format.

The Subscription Timing Data grid in the previous graphic shows partial results of all results returned.

The results grid shows general data about the transactions in numeric format.

---

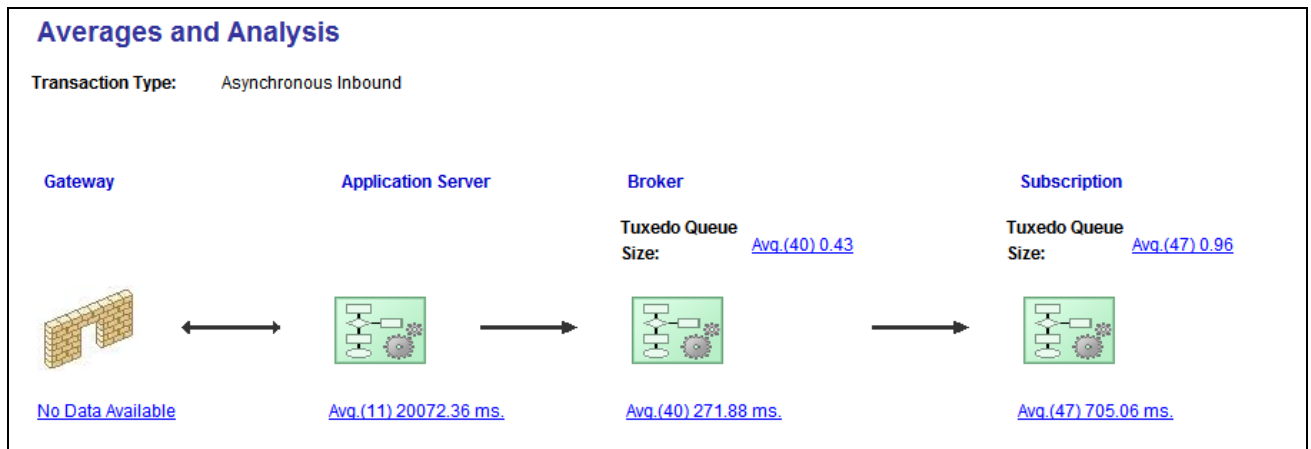
**Note.** Due internal system processing, not all transactions profiled display in the results grid. However averages displayed are accurate.

---

Based on the transaction type of the data you're viewing, the system displays additional options to view more detailed data and data in graphical format.

For example, when you click the Averages and Analysis link for inbound asynchronous system performance data, a graphical display of the messaging system component displays. Next to each graphic is a numeric link, which corresponds to the amount of processing time on the component.

The following example shows the Averages and Analysis page for inbound asynchronous transactions.

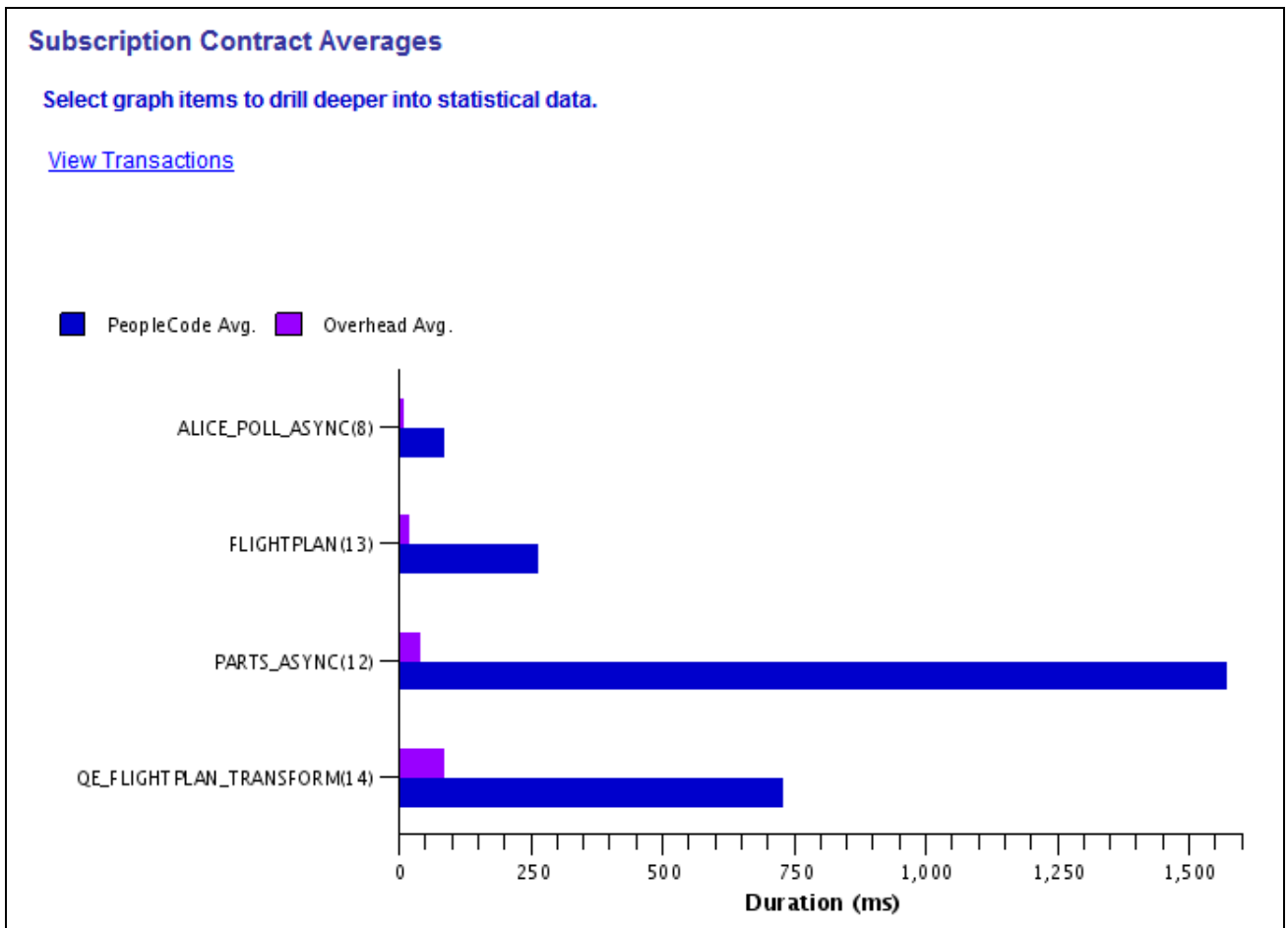


The Averages and Analysis page for inbound asynchronous transactions in the messaging system

The flow of the transactions are from left to right. In this case you are viewing inbound asynchronous processes, therefore the integration gateway receives the requests and sends the Jolt requests to the application server. The broker evaluates the subscription contracts, and then subscription processing takes place.

Click the hyperlinks under each component to view more detailed information about processing times during system processing.

The following example shows the page that displays if you click the hyperlink under Subscription on the Averages and Analysis page:



Subscription Contract Averages page

The Subscription Contract Averages page depicts subscription processing times in graphical format. In this example, the bar chart shows the average time for PeopleCode processing and overhead processing for the service operations *ALICE\_POLL\_ASYNC*, *FLIGHTPLAN*, *PARTS\_ASYNC*, and *QE\_FLIGHTPLAN\_TRANSFORM*. The number in parentheses next to each service operation name is the number of transactions involving that service operation reflected in the data.

To view the transactions that comprise the graphical representation shown, click the View Transactions link. The transactions appear in the Subscription Contracts Details grid as shown in the following example:

## Subscription Contract Details

Subscription Contract Details						
			Customize   Find   View All		First 1-20 of 30 Last	
Orig Transaction ID	Transaction ID	Tuxedo Queue Size	Service Operation	Queue Name	PeopleCode	Timestamp
13f97a20-5031-11dc-bfe3-9c7de7c8962e	14cc5a00-5031-11dc-b68b-b7cb2da4ac8b	0	PARTS_ASYNC	FLIGHTQUEUE	1272	08/21/2007 2:54:26.000000PM
6948bde0-5031-11dc-809e-9c7de7c8962e	69a15ec0-5031-11dc-b68b-b7cb2da4ac8b	0	ALICE_POLL_ASYNC	ALICE	161	08/21/2007 2:56:47.000000PM
6a24ea60-5032-11dc-80c5-9c7de7c8962e	6a6fca90-5032-11dc-b68d-b7cb2da4ac8b	0	ALICE_POLL_ASYNC	ALICE	60	08/21/2007 3:03:58.000000PM
1e6a5810-5033-11dc-80c5-9c7de7c8962e	1eb53840-5033-11dc-b68d-b7cb2da4ac8b	0	ALICE_POLL_ASYNC	ALICE	50	08/21/2007 3:09:01.000000PM
722940b0-5033-11dc-80c5-9c7de7c8962e	72589f80-5033-11dc-b68d-b7cb2da4ac8b	0	ALICE_POLL_ASYNC	ALICE	60	08/21/2007 3:11:20.000000PM
fe5b2d80-5033-11dc-81c6-9c7de7c8962e	fed25e20-5033-11dc-b68d-b7cb2da4ac8b	0	ALICE_POLL_ASYNC	ALICE	60	08/21/2007 3:15:16.000000PM
b48b1e60-5034-11dc-820c-9c7de7c8962e	b53026a0-5034-11dc-b68d-b7cb2da4ac8b	0	ALICE_POLL_ASYNC	ALICE	70	08/21/2007 3:20:22.000000PM

Subscription Contract Details page.

Note that this is a partial example and does not show all the data on which the bar charts in the previous graphic are based.

## Enabling the System Performance Statistics Feature

To view messaging system performance information, you must enable the statistics feature on the Monitor Setup Options page in the Service Operations Monitor as well as on integration gateway through the integrationGateway.properties file.

The setting in the Service Operations Monitor enables the system to capture performance statistics for activity on the application server. The setting on the integration gateway enables the system to capture performance statistics for activity on the integration gateway.

If you enable the feature only in the Service Operations Monitor and not on the integration gateway, the system captures statistics only for activity on the application server and does not capture any information for activity on the integration gateway.

**Note.** It is recommended that you enable the statistics feature on both the application server and on the integration gateway.

You do not need to perform any setup tasks in the integration gateway or in the Service Operations Monitor to capture performance statistics on the remote PeopleSoft system. The sending PeopleSoft system includes an identifier in the message request that prompts the remote PeopleSoft system for performance information. This information is returned as part of the response message.

To enable the statistics feature on the application server:

1. Select PeopleTools, Integration Broker, Configuration, System Setup Options.

The System Setup Options page appears.

2. Check the IB Profile Status On check box.
3. Click the Save button.

To enable the statistics feature on the integration gateway:

1. Access the integrationGateway.properties file.
2. Locate the Profile Information section at the end of the file.
3. Set the ig.ProfileInformation property to *TRUE*.
4. Save the file and refresh the integration gateway.

---

## Searching for System Performance Statistics

This section describes how to search for performance statistics to view.

### Common Elements Used to Search for System Performance Statistics

<b>Publish Node</b>	The sending node.
<b>Queue Name</b>	Name of the queue used to send or receive the integration.
<b>Refresh</b>	Click the button to refresh the page based on the search criteria entered. The results display in the grid at the bottom of the page.
<b>Service Operation</b>	Name of the service operation for which to display statistics.
<b>Subscriber Node</b>	Name of the node that subscribes to the service operation.
<b>Time Period</b>	The Time Period group box features four fields for searching by date and time: From Date, To Date, From Time and To Time.  All must be left blank or all must be populated. When left blank, no date or time is used as part of the search criteria.

### Searching for Performance Statistics

To search for system performance statistics:

1. Select PeopleTools, Integration Broker, Service Operations Monitor, Monitoring, Statistics. The Statistic page displays.

2. Click the link that corresponds to the transaction type for which you want to view statistics. The choices are:

- *Inbound Asynchronous.*
- *Outbound Asynchronous.*
- *Inbound Synchronous.*
- *Outbound Synchronous.*

This options enables you to view statistics for local synchronous transaction in addition to those for outbound synchronous transactions.

A separate page appears that contains a Search Criteria dialog box.

3. Enter values in the Search Criteria dialog box, based on the data you want to view.

See [Chapter 16, "Viewing System Performance Statistics," Common Elements Used to Search for System Performance Statistics, page 76.](#)

4. Click the Refresh button.

The system displays the results in numeric format in the grid under the search dialog box.

---

## Viewing Messaging System Performance Statistics

This section discusses how to:

- View inbound asynchronous messaging system statistics.
- View outbound asynchronous messaging system statistics.
- View inbound synchronous messaging system statistics.
- View outbound asynchronous messaging system statistics.

### **See Also**

[Chapter 16, "Viewing System Performance Statistics," Using the Statistics Pages, page 70](#)

## Common Elements Used to View Messaging System Performance Statistics

<b>Action Name</b>	The name of the service operation handler.
--------------------	--

<b>Connection Time Total Avg.</b> (Connection Time Total Average)	<p>When viewing outbound synchronous transactions, the value displayed on the link label indicates the average processing time between local and remote servers. This time includes the processing time of sending the request to the integration partner, as well as receiving the response.</p> <p>When viewing outbound asynchronous transactions, the value displayed on the link label indicates the average processing time between integration gateway and the remote system.</p> <p>Click the link to view separate statistics for application server and remote server processing.</p>
<b>Integration Service Total</b>	Complete processing time for the specific transaction.
<b>Orig Transaction ID</b> (Original Transaction ID)	<p>Original transaction IDs are associated with asynchronous transactions only.</p> <p>The system creates an original transaction ID when it creates the message instance.</p> <hr/> <p><b>Note.</b> An original transaction ID is different than a transaction ID. An original transaction ID is associated with a message instance, and a transaction ID is associated with a publication or subscription contract</p> <hr/>
<b>Purge All Statistic Files,Purge All Synchronous Timings,Purge All Subscription Timings,Purge All Publication Timings</b>	<p>Click one of these buttons to purge performance statistics for the given transaction type.</p> <hr/> <p><b>Warning!</b> The Purge All Statistics Files button will permanently delete data on all the Statistics page. The other buttons permanently delete statistics on the page on which they appear.</p> <hr/> <p>Use these options when you are done using the statistics or want to view new performance statistics.</p> <p>These options are discussed in additional detail elsewhere in this chapter.</p> <p>See <a href="#">Chapter 16, "Viewing System Performance Statistics," Purging System Performance Statistics, page 93.</a></p>
<b>Segment</b>	<p>When a service operation contains segmented message, this field indicates the number of the message segment.</p> <p>If a service operation does not contain a segmented message, the field displays a value of 1.</p> <p>The default value of this field is 1.</p>
<b>Sync Total</b> (Synchronous Total)	<p>Displays when working with outbound synchronous transactions.</p> <p>Indicates the total processing time for a single synchronous transaction.</p>
<b>Transaction ID</b>	The unique identifier for the transaction assigned by the system.



<b>TCA</b> (Target Connector Adapter)	Displays when viewing outbound synchronous transactions  This field indicates the processing time of the adapter to connect to an integration partner and receive a response for a single transaction.
<b>Timestamp</b>	Displays the date and time that the service operation flowed through the system.
<b>Transaction Local Avg.</b> (Transaction Local Average)	This link displays when working with inbound synchronous statistics.  The value displayed on the link label indicates the average processing time for all selected transactions on the local system.  Click the link to view more detailed information for application server processing times.
<b>Transaction Total Avg.</b> (Transaction Total Average)	Displays when working with synchronous statistics.  The value displayed on the link label indicates the average processing time (request and response) for all selected transactions.  Click the link to view statistics for application server, integration gateway, and remote server processing.

## Viewing Inbound Asynchronous Statistics

Initial search results for inbound asynchronous messaging system performance statistics display in the Subscription Timing Data grid. The data in grid provides high-level information about the transactions. The fields that appear in this grid are described elsewhere in this section.

See [Chapter 16, "Viewing System Performance Statistics," Common Elements Used to View Messaging System Performance Statistics, page 77.](#)

Click the Averages and Analysis link to show performance statistics for integration gateway, application server, broker handler, and subscription contract processing times. The Averages and Analysis page for inbound asynchronous transactions is shown earlier in this chapter.

See [Chapter 16, "Viewing System Performance Statistics," Using the Statistics Pages, page 70.](#)

The Averages and Analysis page shows the flow of transactions in graphical format. The flow of the transaction(s) is from left to right. The integration gateway receives the requests and sends the Jolt requests to the application server. The application server performs any service authentication and passes the requests to the subscription broker. The broker evaluates the transactions and creates the subscription contracts.

The following table lists the links that display on the Averages and Analysis page when viewing inbound asynchronous transactions. It also lists the names of the pages that open when you click a link and describes the data that may display. The actual data that displays depends on the makeup of the transactions.

**Gateway**

The value that displays on the link label is the average processing time for the selected transactions on the integration gateway.

Click the link to open the Gateway Averages page. Use the page to view the statistics that comprise the integration gateway processing average. They can include:

- *Gateway Connector Avg.* (Gateway Connector Average). Connector processing of the transaction.
- *Gateway Transform Avg.* (Gateway Transformation Average). Transformation processing.
- *Overhead Avg.* (Overhead Average). Overhead processing.

**Application Server**

The value that displays on the link label is the average processing time for the selected transactions on the application server.

Click the link to open the Server Averages page. Use this page to view the statistics that comprise the application server processing average. They can include:

- *Sever DB Avg.* (Sever Database Average). Processing data on the application server database.
- *Server Overhead Avg.* (Server Overhead Average). Application server overhead.

**Broker**

The value that displays on the link label is the average publication broker processing time for the selected transactions.

Click the link to open the Broker Averages page. Use this page to view the statistics that comprise the publication broker processing average. They can include:

- *PeopleCode Avg.* (PeopleCode Average). OnRoute PeopleCode processing.
- *Transform Avg.* (Transformation Average). Transformation processing.
- *Overhead Avg.* (Overhead Average). Overhead processing

**(Broker) Tuxedo Queue Size**

The value that displays on the link label is average Oracle Tuxedo queue size at the time the broker processed the request.

Click this link to open the Tuxedo Queue Size page. Use this page to view the average queue size during the processing of each service operation.

The average queue size is the average number of processes or items in the queue waiting for processing at the time the service operation was processed.

**Subscription**

The value that displays on the link label is the average subscription handler processing time for the selected transaction.

Click the link to open the Subscription Contract Averages page. Use this page to view the statistics that comprise the average subscription handler processing time. They can include:

- *PeopleCode Avg.* (PeopleCode Average). Processing time for Notification PeopleCode.
- *Overhead Avg.* (Overhead Average). Overhead processing

**(Subscription) Tuxedo Queue Size**

The value that displays on the link label is the average Oracle Tuxedo queue size at the time the subscription handler processed the request.

Click the link to open the Tuxedo Queue Size page. Use this page to view the average queue size during the processing of each service operation.

The average queue size is the average number of processes or items in the queue waiting for processing at the time the service operation was processed.

## Viewing Outbound Asynchronous Statistics

The following example shows sample search results for outbound asynchronous statistics:

### Outbound Asynchronous

**Search Criteria**

**Publish Node:**  **Refresh**

**Queue Name:**

**Service Operation:**

**Subscriber Node:**

**Time Period**

**From Date:**  **To Date:**

**From Time:**  **To Time:**

☐ Local Async

[Averages and Analysis](#)

Publication Timing Data						
Orig Transaction ID	Transaction ID	Segment	Subscriber Node	Service Operation	Queue Name	Publishing Node
21e20358-50ca-11dc-854b-9c7de7c8962e	2240c0f8-50ca-11dc-b68d-b7cb2da4ac8b	1	WSDL_NODE	PARTS_ASYNC	FLIGHTQUEUE	QE_LOCAL
42c0d530-5047-11dc-8318-9c7de7c8962e	42e581b0-5047-11dc-b68d-b7cb2da4ac8b	1	WSDL_NODE	PARTS_ASYNC	FLIGHTQUEUE	QE_LOCAL
a8126e88-50c8-11dc-847e-9c7de7c8962e	ad5c4ea8-50c8-11dc-b68d-b7cb2da4ac8b	1	WSDL_NODE	PARTS_ASYNC	FLIGHTQUEUE	QE_LOCAL
6ff777e0-51bc-11dc-8e40-b1d25380b151	b8c5cec0-575d-11dc-8e94-be1db5d4d84c	1	WSDL_NODE	PARTS_ASYNC	FLIGHTQUEUE	QE_LOCAL
bfde0d60-5041-11dc-822a-9c7de7c8962e	c039bca0-5041-11dc-b68d-b7cb2da4ac8b	1	WSDL_NODE	PARTS_ASYNC	FLIGHTQUEUE	QE_LOCAL
f6568850-5047-11dc-83a1-9c7de7c8962e	f70642e0-5047-11dc-b68d-b7cb2da4ac8b	1	WSDL_NODE	PARTS_ASYNC	FLIGHTQUEUE	QE_LOCAL

**Purge All Publication Timings**

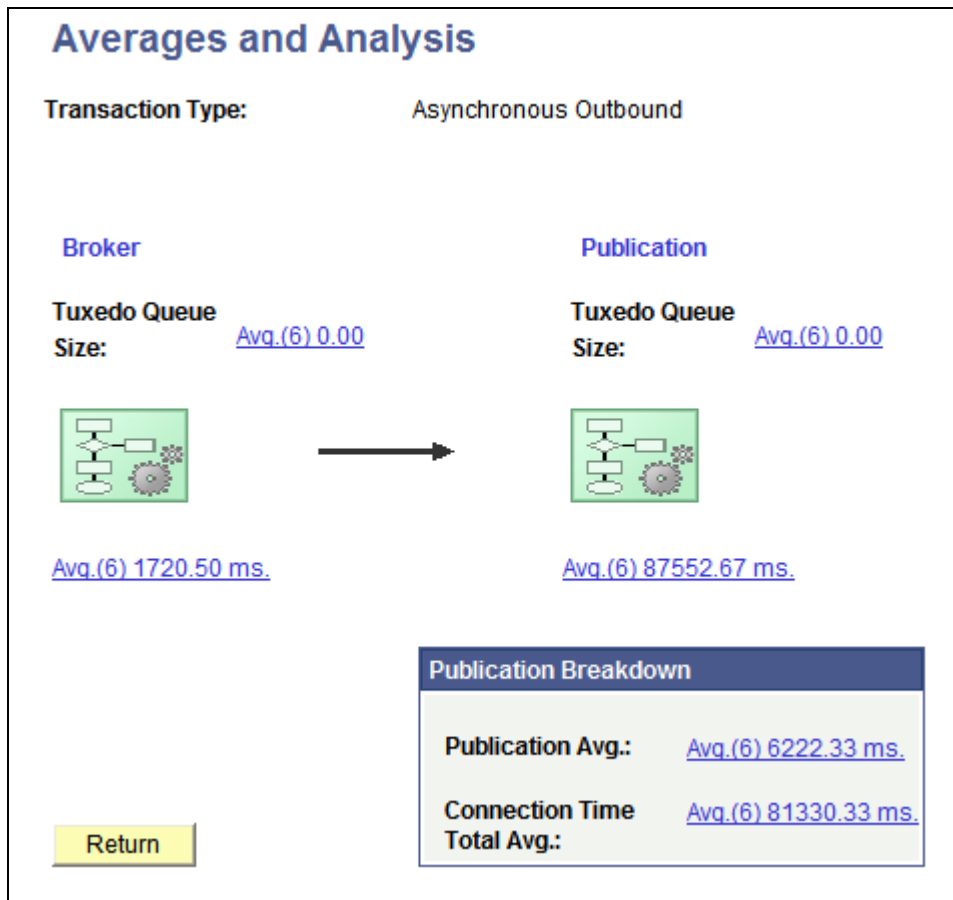
Search results for outbound asynchronous statistics

Initial search results for outbound asynchronous messaging system performance statistics display in the Publication Timing Data grid under the Search Criteria dialog box.

The data in grid provides high-level information about the transactions. The fields that appear in this grid are described elsewhere in this section.

See [Chapter 16, "Viewing System Performance Statistics," Common Elements Used to View Messaging System Performance Statistics, page 77.](#)

Click the Averages and Analysis link to show performance statistics for subscription broker and publication handler processing times. The Averages and Analysis page for outbound asynchronous transactions is shown in the following example:



Averages and Analysis page for outbound asynchronous statistics research results.

The Averages and Analysis page shows the flow of transactions in graphical format. The flow of the transaction(s) is from left to right: the broker evaluates the transactions and creates the publication contracts, and the publication handler processes the contracts.

The Publication Breakdown box shows the average time for creating the publication contracts as well as average time for connecting to perform the posts to the integration gateway.

The following table lists the links that display on the Averages and Analysis page when viewing statistics for outbound asynchronous transactions. It also lists the names of the pages that open when you click a link and describes the data that may display. The actual data that displays depends on the makeup of the transactions.

### Broker

The value that displays on the link is the average broker processing time for the selected transactions.

Click the link to open the Broker Averages page. Use this page to view the statistics that comprise the broker processing average. They can include:

- *PeopleCode Avg.* (PeopleCode Average). OnRoute PeopleCode processing.
- *Transform Avg.* (Transformation Average). Transformation processing.
- *Overhead Avg.* (Overhead Average). Overhead processing.

<b>(Broker) Tuxedo Queue Size</b>	<p>The value that displays on the link label is average Oracle Tuxedo queue size at the time the broker processed the request.</p> <p>Click this link to open the Tuxedo Queue Size page. Use this page to view the average queue size during the processing of each service operation.</p> <p>The average queue size is the average number of processes or items in the queue waiting for processing at the time the service operation was processed.</p>
<b>Publication</b>	<p>The value that displays on the link is the overall average processing time for publication contracts.</p> <p>Click the link to open the Publication Contract Averages. Use this page to view the statistics that comprise the overall publication contract processing average. They can include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <i>PeopleCode Avg.</i> (PeopleCode Average). PeopleCode processing for OnSend and OnReceive PeopleCode events.</li><li>• <i>Transform Avg.</i> (Transformation Average). Transformation processing.</li><li>• <i>Connector Avg.</i> (Connector Average). Connector processing time.</li><li>• <i>Overhead Avg.</i> (Overhead Average). Overhead processing.</li></ul>
<b>(Publication) Tuxedo Queue Size</b>	<p>The value that displays on the link label is the average Oracle Tuxedo queue size at the time the publication handler processed the request.</p> <p>Click this link to open the Tuxedo Queue Size page. Use this page to view the average queue size during the processing of each service operation.</p> <p>The average queue size is the average number of processes or items in the queue waiting for processing at the time the service operation was processed.</p>
<b>Publication Average</b>	<p>The value that displays on the link label is the average total publication time for the selected transactions.</p> <p>Click the link to open the Publication Contract Averages page. Use the page to view the publication statistics that are included in the publication average. They can include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <i>PeopleCode Avg.</i> (PeopleCode Average). OnSend PeopleCode processing.</li><li>• <i>Transform Avg.</i> (Transformation Average). Transformation processing.</li><li>• <i>Overhead Avg.</i> (Overhead Average). Overhead processing.</li></ul>

- Connection Time Total Avg**  
(Connection Time Total Average)
- The value that displays on the link label is the average connection processing time between the integration gateway and the remote system for the selected contracts.

Click the link to open the Averages and Analysis page. Use the page to view connection processing statistics that comprise the connection time average. They can include:

  - *PeopleCode Avg.* (PeopleCode Average). OnSend and OnAckReceive PeopleCode processing.
  - *Transform Avg.* (Transformation Average). Transformation processing.
  - *Overhead Avg.* (Overhead Average). Overhead processing.

Viewing Inbound Synchronous Service Operation Statistics

The following example shows sample search results for inbound synchronous statistics:

### Inbound Synchronous

Search Criteria

Publish Node:

Service Operation:

Refresh

Time Period

From Date:

To Date:

From Time:

To Time:

Transaction Total Avg. (ms.): [488.97 ms.](#)

Inbound Synchronous Timing Data				
Customize   Find   View All   First 1-20 of 36 Last				
Transaction ID	Service Operation	Publishing Node	Integration Service Total	Timestamp
029aea10-57e4-11dc-8c2e-99d98ec7c260	QE_FLIGHTSYNC_TRANSFORM	ANONYMOUS	630	08/31/2007 10:02:52.000000AM
05c63120-57e3-11dc-8c1c-99d98ec7c260	QE_FLIGHTSYNC_TRANSFORM	ANONYMOUS	1392	08/31/2007 9:55:48.000000AM
06c58890-5732-11dc-970d-b1d25380b151	QE_FLIGHTSYNC_TRANSFORM	ANONYMOUS	30	08/30/2007 12:48:48.000000PM
15417f80-57df-11dc-8c0a-99d98ec7c260	QE_FLIGHTSYNC_TRANSFORM	ANONYMOUS	781	08/31/2007 9:27:36.000000AM
16ae3fc0-5735-11dc-971b-b1d25380b151	QE_FLIGHTSYNC_TRANSFORM	ANONYMOUS	20	08/30/2007 1:10:43.000000PM

Search results for inbound synchronous statistics

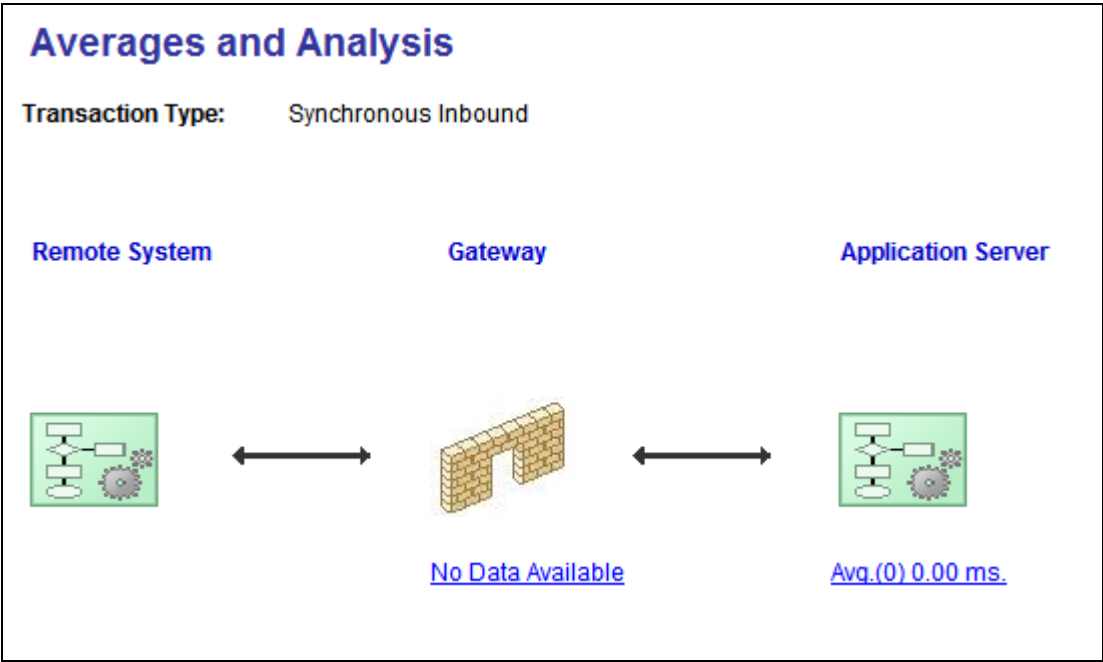
The Inbound Synchronous Timing Data grid in the previous graphic shows partial results of all results returned.

Initial search results for inbound synchronous messaging system performance statistics display in the Inbound Synchronous Timing Data grid under the Search Criteria dialog box.

The data in grid provides high-level information about the transactions. The fields that appear in this grid are described elsewhere in this section.

See [Chapter 16, "Viewing System Performance Statistics," Common Elements Used to View Messaging System Performance Statistics, page 77.](#)

The value that displays in the Transaction Total Avg field is the average total transaction processing time for the selected transactions. Click the link open the Averages and Analysis page to view the statistics that comprise the total transaction processing time average. The following example show the Averages and Analysis page for inbound synchronous transaction statistics:



Averages and Analysis page for inbound synchronous statistics research results.

The Averages and Analysis page shows the flow of transactions in graphical format.

The flow of the transactions is from left to right. Remote servers send requests using HTTP to the integration gateway. The integration gateway sends the requests to the application server using Jolt requests.

The following table lists the links that display on the Averages and Analysis page when viewing statistics for inbound synchronous transactions. It also lists the names of the pages that open when you click a link and describes the data that may display. The actual data that displays depends on the makeup of the transactions.



**Remote System**

The value that displays on the link label is the average processing time on the remote server to send the request.

The link appears only when the sending remote server is a PeopleSoft system. PeopleSoft systems send application server performance statistics with request messages.

Click the link to open the Remote System Averages page. Use the page to view the statistics that comprise the average remote server processing time. The statistics displayed on this page can include:

- *PeopleCode Avg.* (PeopleCode Average). OnRequest and OnRoute PeopleCode processing.
- *Transform Avg.* (Transformation Average). Transformation processing.
- *Overhead Avg.* (Overhead Average). Overhead processing.

**Gateway**

The value that displays on the link label is the average processing time for the selected transactions on the integration gateway.

Click the link to open the Gateway Averages page. Use the page to view the statistics that comprise the integration gateway processing average. They can include:

- *Gateway Connector Avg.* (Gateway Connector Average). Connector processing of the transaction.
- *Gateway Transform Avg.* (Gateway Transformation Average). Transformation processing.
- *Overhead Avg.* (Overhead Average). Overhead processing.

**Application Server**

The value that displays on the link label is the average processing time on the application server.

Click the link to open the Local Server Averages page. Use this page to view the statistics that comprise the application server process average. They can include:

- *PeopleCode Avg.* (PeopleCode Average). OnRequest and OnRoute PeopleCode processing.
- *Transform Avg.* (Transformation Average). Transformation processing.
- *Overhead Avg.* (Overhead Average). Overhead processing.

## Viewing Outbound Synchronous Statistics

The following example shows sample search results for outbound synchronous statistics:

### Outbound Synchronous

Search Criteria

**Publish Node:**

**Service Operation:**

[Refresh](#)

Time Period

**From Date:** 
**To Date:**

**From Time:** 
**To Time:**

**Transaction Total Avg.:** [1927.73 ms.](#)  
**Transaction Local Avg. :** [410.64 ms.](#)

**Connection Time Total Avg. :** [1517.09 ms.](#)

Synchronous Timing Data					
<a href="#">Customize</a>   <a href="#">Find</a>   <a href="#">View All</a>      <a href="#">First</a>   <a href="#">1-11 of 11</a>   <a href="#">Last</a>					
Transaction ID	Service Operation	Publishing Node	Sync Total	TCA	Timestamp
2f58ff28-5d92-11dc-b19e-b579c58a162f	QE_FLIGHTPLAN_SYNC	QE_LOCAL	2203	2203	09/07/2007 3:32:18.000000PM
2f58ff28-5d92-11dc-b19f-b579c58a162f	QE_FLIGHTPLAN_SYNC	QE_LOCAL	2203	2143	09/07/2007 3:32:18.000000PM
327398a8-5d92-11dc-b19f-b579c58a162f	QE_FLIGHTPLAN_SYNC	QE_LOCAL	311	301	09/07/2007 3:32:21.000000PM
32751fd8-5d92-11dc-b19f-b579c58a162f	QE_FLIGHTPLAN_SYNC	QE_LOCAL	311	251	09/07/2007 3:32:21.000000PM

Search results for outbound synchronous statistics

Initial search results for outbound synchronous messaging system performance statistics display in the Synchronous Timing Data grid under the Search Criteria dialog box.

The data in grid provides high-level information about the transactions. The fields that appear in this grid are described elsewhere in this section.

See [Chapter 16, "Viewing System Performance Statistics," Common Elements Used to View Messaging System Performance Statistics, page 77.](#)

In addition, three links appear on the page:

**Transaction Total Avg.**  
(Transaction Total Average)

The value that appears on the link label is the average total transaction processing time for the selected transactions. The total includes processing on local and remote servers, as well as the total connection time to remote servers.

Click the link to open the Averages and Analysis page. Use this page to view the application server, gateway and remote server statistics that comprise the total transaction processing time average.

See [Chapter 16, "Viewing System Performance Statistics," Viewing Average Transaction Processing Time Statistics — Local and Remote Servers, page 89.](#)

**Transaction Local Avg.**  
(Transaction Local Average)

The value that appears on the link label is the average total processing time on the local server for the selected transactions.

Click the link to open the Averages and Analysis page. Use this page to view the application server statistics that comprise the total average local transaction processing time average.

See [Chapter 16, "Viewing System Performance Statistics," Viewing Average Transaction Processing Time Statistics — Local Server Only, page 90.](#)

**Connection Time Total Avg.**  
(Connection Time Total Average)

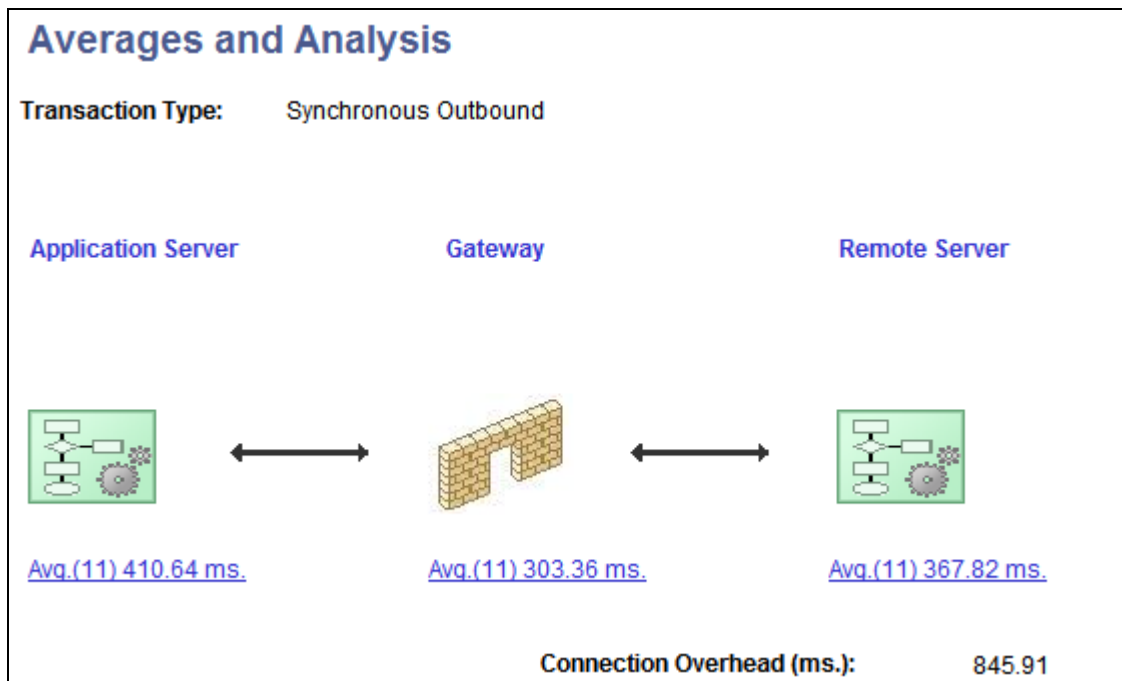
The value that appears on the link label is the average total connection time between remote servers and local servers for the selected transactions.

Click the link to open the Averages and Analysis page. Use this page to view the integration gateway and remote server statistics that comprise the connection time total average.

See [Chapter 16, "Viewing System Performance Statistics," Viewing Average Transaction Connection Time Statistics, page 91.](#)

### **Viewing Average Transaction Processing Time Statistics — Local and Remote Servers**

From the outbound synchronous search results page, click the Transaction Total Avg. link. The following Averages and Analysis page appears:



Averages and Analysis page for average total transaction processing time.

The value that appears on the Application Server link label is the average processing time on the application server for the selected transactions. Click the link to open the Local Server Averages page. Use the Local Server Averages page to view the statistics that comprise the application server processing average. They can include:

- *PeopleCode Avg.* (PeopleCode Average). OnRoute PeopleCode processing.
- *Transform Avg.* (Transformation Average). Transformation processing.
- *Overhead Avg.* (Overhead Average). Overhead processing.

The value that appears on the Gateway link label is the average processing time on the integration gateway for the selected transactions. Click the link to open the Gateway Averages page. Use the Gateway Averages page to view the statistics that comprise the gateway processing average. They can include:

- *Gateway Request Avg.* (Gateway Request Average). Processing of the request on the integration gateway.
- *Gateway Response Avg.* (Gateway Response Average). Processing of the response on the integration gateway.

The value that appears on the Remote Server link label is the average processing time of the transactions on the remote system.

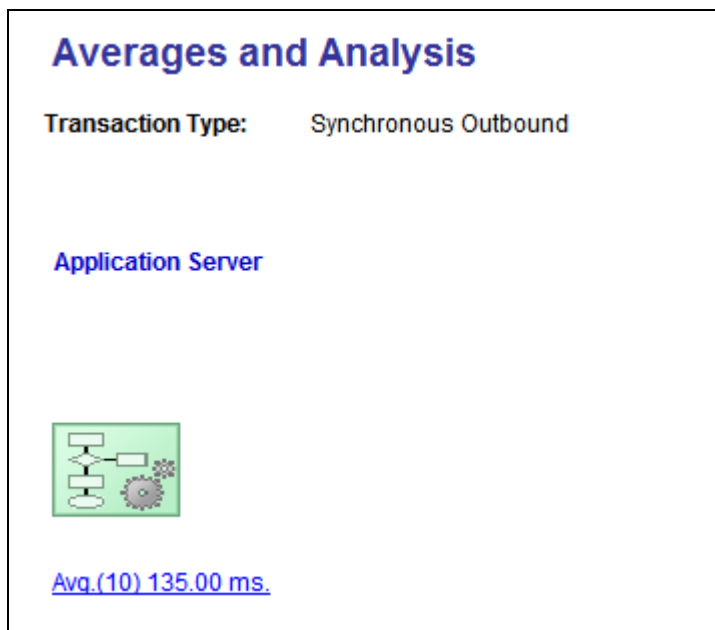
The link appears only when the remote server is a PeopleSoft system. PeopleSoft systems send application server performance statistics with response messages.

Click the link to open the Remote System Averages page. Use the Remote System Averages page to view the statistics that comprise the average remote server processing time. The statistics displayed on this page can include:

- *OnRequest Avg.* (OnRequest Average). Processing of OnRequest PeopleCode on the remote system.
- *App. Server Receive Avg.* (Application Server Receive Average). Processing time for the request on the remote system, as well as generating a response.
- *Overhead Avg.* (Overhead Average). Overhead processing.

### ***Viewing Average Transaction Processing Time Statistics — Local Server Only***

From the outbound synchronous search results page, click the Transaction Local Avg. link. The following Averages and Analysis page appears:



Averages and Analysis page for outbound synchronous average total local transaction statistics

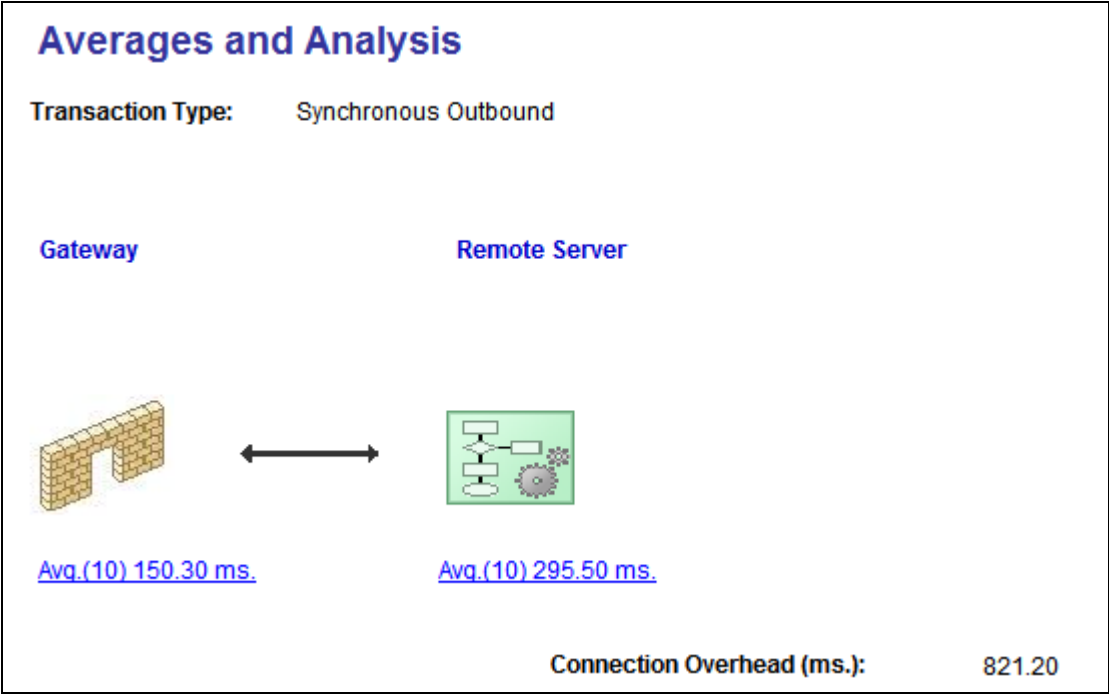
The value that appears on the application server link label is the average processing time on the application server for the selected transactions.

Click the link to open the Local Server Averages page. Use this page to view the statistics that comprise the application server processing average. They can include:

- *PeopleCode Avg.* (PeopleCode Average). OnRoute PeopleCode processing.
- *Transform Avg.* (Transformation Average). Transformation processing.
- *Overhead Avg.* (Overhead Average). Overhead processing.

### **Viewing Average Transaction Connection Time Statistics**

From the outbound synchronous search results page, click the Connection Time Total Avg. link. The following Averages and Analysis page appears:



Averages and Analysis page for outbound synchronous average total connection time statistics

The following table lists the links that display on the page. It also lists the names of the pages that open when you click a link and describes the data that may display. The actual data that displays depends on the makeup of the transactions.

<b>Gateway</b>	<p>The value that appears on the link label is the average processing time on the integration gateway for the selected transactions.</p> <p>Click the link to open the Gateway Averages page. Use the page to view the statistics that comprise the average integration gateway processing time. They can include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li><i>Gateway Request Avg.</i> (Gateway Request Average). Processing of the request on the integration gateway.</li><li><i>Gateway Response Avg.</i> (Gateway Response Average). Processing of the response on the integration gateway.</li></ul>
----------------	---

**Remote Server**

The value that appears on the link label is the average processing time on the remote server for the selected transactions. The link appears only when the remote server is a PeopleSoft system. PeopleSoft systems send back application server performance statistics with response messages.

Click the link to open the Remote System Averages page. Use the page to view the statistics that comprise the average remote server processing time. Data appears on this page for transactions where the remote server is a PeopleSoft system.

The statistics displayed on this page can include:

- *OnRequest Avg.* (OnRequest Average). Processing of OnRequest PeopleCode on the remote system.
- *App. Server Receive Avg.* (Application Server Receive Average). Processing time for the request on the remote system, as well as generating a response.
- *Overhead Avg.* (Overhead Average). Overhead processing.

**Connection Overhead**

The value that appears on the link label includes miscellaneous connection processing times while sending the request from the integration gateway on the local system to the remote system, as well as connection time when the remote system returns a response to the local system.

---

## Purging System Performance Statistics

You can delete all statistics for transactions in the database or by transaction type.

---

**Warning!** Purging system performance statistics permanently deletes all statistics from the database for the transaction type selected.

---

The following table summarizes the location to deleted performance statistics based on the transaction type you want to delete. The button to delete statistics data is located at the bottom of the page listed. You need to scroll down to locate this button if there are a lot of search results on the page:

<b>Transaction Type</b>	<b>Page</b>	<b>Navigation</b>	<b>Button</b>
All	Statistics	PeopleTools, Integration Broker, Service Operation Monitor, Monitoring, Statistics	Purge All Statistics Files
Inbound Asynchronous	Inbound Asynchronous	From the Statistics page, click the Inbound Asynchronous link.	Purge All Subscription Timings
Outbound Asynchronous	Outbound Asynchronous	From the Statistics page, click the Outbound Asynchronous link.	Purge All Publication Timings

<b><i>Transaction Type</i></b>	<b><i>Page</i></b>	<b><i>Navigation</i></b>	<b><i>Button</i></b>
Inbound Synchronous	Inbound Synchronous	From the Statistics page, click the Inbound Synchronous link.	Purge All Synchronous Timings
Outbound Synchronous	Outbound Synchronous	From the Statistics page, click the Outbound Synchronous link.	Purge All Synchronous Timings



## Chapter 17

# Managing Down Nodes

This chapter discusses how to:

- View nodes that are down.
- Clear transaction data for system node restart.

---


## Understanding Managing Down Nodes

The Service Operations monitor enables you to view nodes that are down in the integration system and clear transaction data so the system can attempt to restart the node.

---

## Viewing Transaction Information for Down Nodes

Use the Undelivered Node Transaction page (AMM\_NODESDOWN ) to view information about nodes that are down. The following example shows this page:

Undelivered Node Transactions				
Customize   Find   View All    First 1 of 1 Last				
Node Name	Transaction Type	Service Operation	Version	External Operation Name

Undelivered Node Transaction page

You can access this page using either of the following navigation paths:

- Select PeopleTools, Integration Broker, Service Operations Monitor, Monitoring, Asynchronous Services, Publication Contracts. Click the Transaction Retry Queue link.
- Select PeopleTools, Integration Broker, Service Operations Monitor, Administration, Node Status. Click the Transaction Retry Queue link.

You can work with the following page elements on the Undelivered Node Transaction page:

<b>Node Name</b>	Name of the node that is down or not responding.
<b>Transaction Type</b>	Indicates the transaction type.
<b>Service Operation</b>	Indicates the name of the service operation that was being processed by the node when the node stopped responding.
<b>Version</b>	Indicates the version of the service operation being processed.
<b>External Operation Name</b>	Indicates the name of the service operation sent by the sending node.

---

## Clearing Transaction Data for System Node Restart

Undelivered node transaction information is stored in the Nodes Down table. The Force Retry All button on the Undelivered Node Transaction page enables you to clear the table so that the system can attempt to restart any nodes that are down.

For example, if a node is in the Nodes Down table and you change the URL of the node, the node becomes free because it is still treated as inoperative (or *down*) based on the old URL. When you click the Force Retry All button, the system retries starting the node.

Click the Force Retry All button on the Undelivered Node Transaction page to clear the Nodes Down table so that the system can restart any nodes that are down.

## Chapter 18

# Pausing, Testing, and Pinging Nodes

This chapter discusses how to:

- Add a pause time to a local node.
- Delete pause times.
- Test local nodes.
- Ping remote nodes.

---

## Understanding Pausing Nodes

A pause time is an interval of time during which the node becomes inactive. When the pause time begins, the node is shut down until the pause time is scheduled to end.

You might schedule a pause time to perform maintenance tasks or devote server resources to an important batch run. For example, say that you have a complex batch program that runs on the same server as a particular node every Monday morning from 12:05 a.m. to 3:30 a.m. To make sure that the batch program has enough memory devoted to it, you can set a pause time for the node that runs from 12 a.m. to 4 a.m.

During a pause time, transactions are not published or received by the local system. When the system is paused, the node cannot accept service operations sent to it. Consequently, the publishing node must attempt to send transactions again later. The publishing node continues to send transactions until it exceeds the local time-out period. When this happens, the transaction assumes a *Timeout* status in the publisher's queue. The time-out period is an attribute of the publication queue, not the subscription queue.

If the system attempts to send a transaction while the node is paused, the system writes the transaction to the publication and subscription queues, but it cannot publish the transaction until the system is no longer in the paused state.

---

**Note.** Pause times do not appear in PeopleSoft Application Designer upgrade projects; you cannot upgrade them.

---

If you have domain failover configured for your integration system, it is disabled when a node is paused. However, there is a chance that failover could occur when you pause a node, due to the independent timing between domain failover logic and the PeopleSoft Integration Broker runtime environment. The chance of failover occurring during a node pause time increases if the failover time check (IB Failover Time) on the Failover Configuration page is set to a low number of minutes.

**See Also**

*PeopleTools 8.52: PeopleSoft Integration Broker Administration, "Tuning Messaging System Performance," Setting Up Domain Failover*

---

## Adding Pause Times to Local Nodes

Use the Node Status page to add pause time to local nodes. The following example shows the page:

**Node Status**

Scheduled System Pause Times For Local Node: QE\_LOCAL

Asynchronous Pause Time [Customize](#) | [Find](#) | [View All](#) | [First](#) | [1 of 1](#) | [Last](#) [Add Pause](#)

Start Day	Start Time	End Day	End Time

[Test Node](#)

Ping a Node to Determine Its Availability

Node Name:  [Ping Node](#) [Transaction Retry Queue](#)

Node Information

Integration Gateway ID	Connector ID	Connector URL	Message Text

Node Status page

To add a node pause time:

1. Click Add Pause.
2. Select a day of the week in the Start Day drop-down list box.
3. Enter a value in the Start Time edit box.
4. Select a day of the week in the End Day drop-down list box.
5. Enter a value in the End Time edit box.
6. After you have entered the appropriate start and end values to define your pause interval, click OK.

---

## Deleting Pause Times

To delete an existing pause time:

1. In the pause time list, locate the pause time (interval) to delete.
2. Click the Delete button to the right of the entry in the pause time list.

---

## Testing Local Nodes

To test the local node:

1. Make sure you are logged on to the node that you want to test.
2. Click the Test Node button.

---

## Pinging Remote Nodes

A successful ping indicates that the remote node is available to receive transactions. An unsuccessful ping could indicate that the node, gateway, or both are not running.

To ping a remote node:

1. In the Ping a Node to Determine Availability section, select the node in the Message Node Name drop-down list box to display a list of active nodes.

The Location column in the grid below reveals the locations defined for the node.

2. Click the Ping Node button.

The Node Information Section displays connector information defined for the node.

You can also ping remote nodes from the Send Master utility as well as the Simple Post utility.

See *PeopleTools 8.52: Integration Broker Testing Utilities and Tools*, "Using the Send Master Utility" and *PeopleTools 8.52: Integration Broker Testing Utilities and Tools*, "Using the Simple Post Utility."



## Chapter 19

# Pausing and Starting Queues



This chapter discusses how to:

- Pause queues.
- Start queues.

---

## Pausing Queues

Use the Queue Status page (IB\_MONITOR\_QUEUES) to pause queues on the local database. The following examples shows the page:

Queue Status		
User ID: QEDMO		Refresh
Queues <span>Customize   Find   View All    </span> First 1-45 of 45 Last		
Queue Name	Status	
AS2_CHANNEL	Running	Pause
DELETE_ROLE	Running	Pause
DELETE_USER_PROFILE	Running	Pause
DIRGROUPS	Running	Pause
EMAIL_CHNL	Running	Pause
IB_ATOM_QUEUE	Running	Pause
IB_CHNL	Running	Pause
IB_DEPRECATED_QUEUE	Running	Pause
IB_EXAMPLES	Running	Pause
IB_GENERIC	Running	Pause
LDAP_MSG_CHNL	Running	Pause
MCFEM_CHNL	Running	Pause

Queue Status page

Each row in the Queues list displays the queue name and its current status. The label on the button indicates the status to which the queue will change when clicked.

To pause a queue:

1. Select PeopleTools, Integration Broker, Service Operations Monitor, Administration, Queue Status. The Queue Status page appears.
2. In the Queues list, locate the row that contains the queue to pause.
3. Click the Pause button at the end of the row.

---

## Starting Queues

To start a queue:

1. Select PeopleTools, Integration Broker, Service Operations Monitor, Administration, Queue Status. The Queue Status page appears.
2. In the Queues list, locate the row that contains the queue to start.



3. Click the Run button at the end of the row.



## Chapter 20

# Cleaning Up Orphaned Data From Segment Batch Processing Errors

The section discusses how to clean up orphaned data from segment batch processing errors.

---

## Understanding Cleaning Up Orphaned Data from Segment Batch Process Errors

PeopleTools provides the ability to delete orphaned data left behind after a failed run of a batch segment processing program.

---

**Warning!** Perform this clean up only when you are certain that data is orphaned and no segment processing application engine processes are running.

---

If the batch program is in the middle of processing or if the batch program has abnormally terminated but is to be restarted at a later time, the orphaned data is really not orphaned. Deleting orphaned data in these situations may cause processing problems for the batch program.

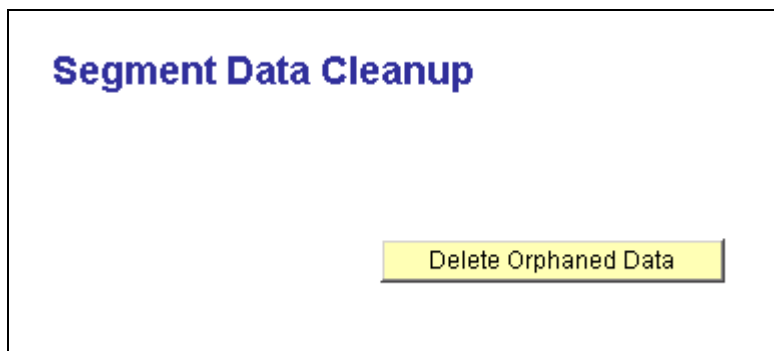
### See Also

*PeopleTools 8.52: PeopleSoft Integration Broker, "Sending and Receiving Messages," Using Restartable Processing for Publishing Large Messages in Batch*

---

## Cleaning Up Orphaned Data from Segment Batch Processing Jobs

Use the Segment Data Cleanup page (IB\_SEGMENTCLEANUP) to clean up orphaned data from segment batch processing jobs. The following example shows this page:



Segment Data Cleanup page

---

**Warning!** Deleting orphaned data rows can corrupt pending data being processed. Be sure there are no running batch programs that process segment data. Any such program may be adversely affected by deleting orphaned data prematurely.

---

To clean up orphaned data:

1. Select PeopleTools, Integration Broker, Service Operations Monitor, Administration.
2. Click the Delete Orphaned Data button.

After the system has deleted any orphaned data, it displays a message indicating the deletion is complete.

## Chapter 21

# Using Custom-Defined Components to View Service Operations Data

This chapter discusses how to:

- Specify the service operation to associate to a custom-defined component.
- Specify custom-defined component parameters.

---

## Understanding Using Custom-Defined Components to View Service Operation Data

You can create a custom component and associate it to a service operation and version. This enables you to navigate to the custom component when you click the Asynchronous Details or Synchronous Details link to view the details for the specified service operation.

---

## Specifying Service Operations to Associate to Custom-Defined Components

To specify a service operation to associate to a custom-defined component:

1. Select PeopleTools, Integration Broker, Administration, User Details Component.
2. Click the Add a New Value tab.
3. In the Service Operations field, enter the name of the service operation.
4. Click the Add button.

The User Defined Components page appears and you can associate the service operation to the custom-defined component.

---

## Associating Service Operations to Custom-Defined Components

Use the User Details Component page (PSIBUSERCOMP) to associate a service operation to a custom-defined component.

The following example shows the User Details Component.

User Details Component

Service Operation:

QE\_FLIGHTPLAN

Service Operation Version:

VERSION\_1

☒ Active

\*Menu Name:

\*Menu Bar Name:

\*Bar Item Name:

\*Panel Item Name:

\*Action:

Add

User Details Component page

Active	Indicates if the component is active. Clear the box to inactivate the component.  By default the component is active.
Menu Name	From the drop-down list box, select the menu name where the page is located.
Menu Bar Name	From the drop-down list box, select the menu bar name where the page is located.
Bar Item Name	From the drop-down list box, select the bar item name.
Panel Item Name	From the drop-down list box, select the page name.

**Action**

From the drop-down list box, select the action for the page. The valid values are:

- *Add.*

Select to add a new high-level key, such as a new employee ID or customer. Except in the case of effective dating, Add is used to insert a new current row or to update future rows.

- *Corr.* (Correction.)

Select to update any rows (history, current, and future) in an effective-dated record. Use only with effective-dated records. This is translated to correct history at runtime.

- *Up/Dsp All.* (Update/Display All.)

Select to update current and future rows in an effective-dated record. Use only with effective-dated records. Do not use these actions unless the main record that is associated with the page definitions is effective-dated. This is translated to include history at runtime.

- *Upd/Display.* (Update/Display.)

Select to update existing rows only.





## Chapter 22

# Purging Runtime Service Operations Monitor Tables

This chapter discusses how to purge runtime Service Operation Monitor tables.

---

## Purging Runtime Monitor Tables

The PeopleSoft system provides a collection of Data Mover scripts that you can run to purge the runtime Service Operations Monitor tables within a database. These scripts reside in the PS\_HOME\scripts directory on your file server. The following table describes the purpose of each script.

---

**Warning!** Shut down the application server before running any of the Data Mover scripts described in this section.

---

<i><b>Script Name</b></i>	<i><b>Description</b></i>
AppMsgPurgeAll.dms	Deletes queue data from every archive or live runtime Service Operations Monitor table in the database, regardless of status. Typically, you run this script after an upgrade or while switching from a demonstration to a production environment.
AppMsgPurgeArchive.dms	Deletes queue data from every archive runtime Service Operations Monitor table in the database.
AppMsgPurgeLive.dms	Deletes queue data from every live runtime Service Operations Monitor table in the database.



## Chapter 23

# Using the Service Operations Monitor Component Interface

This chapter discusses how to use the Service Operation Monitor component interface to access monitor data.

---

## Using the Monitor Component Interface

The Service Operations Monitor includes a collection of inquiry methods that you can access with a component interface.

Use the MSGSTATUSSUMMARY component interface to extract information from the Service Operations Monitor. The output of the component interface reveals the amount of contracts that are in the queue. The contracts appear grouped by status and service operation or grouped by status and queue.

You can use the following user-defined methods to extract information:

- FillPubConByMsg()
- FillPubConByChannel()
- FillSubConByMsg()
- FillSubConByChannel()

Beginning with PeopleTools 8.48 queues replaced channels from earlier PeopleTools 8.4x versions. As a result, once you have a rowset object pointing to ByChannel, reference QUEUENAME when working with the code.

The following example shows ASP code that accesses the MSGSTATUSSUMMARY component interface with COM.

```

'Create a peoplesoft session
Set oSession = server.CreateObject ("PeopleSoft.Session")
nStatus = oSession.Connect(1, oConnectString, oUserName, oPassword,0)

'Get the skeleton of the APPMSGMON CI
Set oCI = oSession.GetCompIntfc("MSGSTATUSSUMMARY")

'get an instance of the CI
nStatus = oCI.Get()
'execute the method to fill the collection

If oChoice = 1 then
    nStatus = oCI.FillPubConByChannel()
    'Set oRows to the properties collection
    Set oRows = oCI.PubConByChannel
End If

If oChoice = 2 then
    nStatus = oCI.FillPubConByMsg()
    'Set oRows to the properties collection
    Set oRows = oCI.PubConBymsg
End If

If oChoice = 3 then
    nStatus = oCI.FillSubConByChannel()
    'Set oRows to the properties collection
    Set oRows = oCI.SubConByChannel
End If

If oChoice = 4 then
    nStatus = oCI.FillSubConByMsg()
    'Set oRows to the properties collection
    Set oRows = oCI.SubConByMsg
End If

```

### **See Also**

*PeopleTools 8.52: PeopleSoft Component Interfaces*, "Understanding Component Interfaces"

## Chapter 24

# Using PeopleCode to Read and Write Errors to the Asynchronous Error Queue

This chapter discusses how to use PeopleCode to read and write errors to the asynchronous error queue.

---

## Using PeopleCode Methods to Read and Write Errors to the Asynchronous Error Queue

PeopleSoft provides the following two methods to read and write errors to the asynchronous error queue:

<b>GetMessageErrors</b>	If an error occurs during processing of a service operation instance, publication contract or subscription contract, the error is read from the appropriate queue.
<b>SetMessageError</b>	If an error occurs during processing of a service operation instance, publication contract or subscription contract, the error is written to the appropriate queue.

### See Also

*PeopleTools 8.52: PeopleCode API Reference*, "Message Classes," IntBroker Class Methods



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