

Sun Java™ System Application Server 7 Update 9 Release Notes

(Formerly Sun ONE Application Server)

Version 7 Update 9

Part Number 819-6545

May 2006

These release notes contain important information available at the time of the Update 9 release of the Sun Java System Application Server, Version 7 product (formerly known as Sun™ Open Net Environment (ONE) Application Server).

NOTE

Throughout this document and other documents in the documentation set, the product is still referred to as Sun ONE Application Server.

Enhancements, installation notes, known problems, and other late-breaking issues are addressed here. Read this document and associated documents before you begin using the Sun ONE Application Server 7, Update 9.

This document contains the following sections:

- [Release Notes Revision History](#)
- [About Sun ONE Application Server, Version 7 Update 9, Update 9](#)
- [Important Information](#)
- [Bugs Fixed in This Release](#)
- [Known Issues and Limitations](#)
- [Redistributable Files](#)
- [How to Report Problems and Provide Feedback](#)
- [Additional Sun Resources](#)

Release Notes Revision History

This section lists the changes that have been made in these release notes after the initial release of the Sun ONE Application Server 7, product.

Table 1 Revision History

Date	Description of Changes
May 2006	Initial release of Sun ONE Application Server 7, Update 9.

About Sun ONE Application Server, Version 7 Update 9, Update 9

Sun ONE Application Server 7 provides a high-performance J2EE platform suitable for broad deployment of application services and web services.

This section includes:

- [What’s New in the Sun ONE Application Server 7 Product](#)
- [Requirements and Limitations](#)

What’s New in the Sun ONE Application Server 7 Product

Information on what’s new in the Sun ONE Application Server 7 product can be found in the *Sun ONE Application Server What’s New* document at this location:

<http://docs.sun.com/app/docs/prod/sjs.asse>

For information on what has changed for this update, see [“Important Information” on page 5](#).

Requirements and Limitations

Information on the platform requirements for the Sun ONE Application Server 7 Update 9 product can be found in the *Sun ONE Application Server Platform Summary* document at this location:

<http://docs.sun.com/app/docs/prod/sjs.asse>

The following topics are addressed in this section:

- [Platform Requirements](#)
- [Solaris Patches](#)
- [Solaris x86 Limitations](#)
- [Installing or Upgrading Japanese and Simplified Chinese Sun ONE Application Server](#)

Platform Requirements

The following table summarizes the Sun ONE Application Server 7, Update 9 requirements. For complete platform information, see the *Sun ONE Application Server Platform Summary* document at this location:

<http://docs.sun.com/app/docs/prod/sjs.asse>

Table 2 Platform Requirements for Sun ONE Application Server

Operating System	Architecture	Minimum Memory	Recommended Memory	Minimum Disk Space	Recommended Disk Space
UNIX					
Sun Solaris 8 or 9 for SPARC	32 and 64 bit	256 MB without Sun Java Studio	512 MB	250 MB free	500 MB free
Solaris x86, Version 9	32 bit	512 MB with Sun Java Studio			
Red Hat Linux 7.2, 7.3					
Red Hat Enterprise Linux 2.1					

Table 2 Platform Requirements for Sun ONE Application Server (*Continued*)

Operating System	Architecture	Minimum Memory	Recommended Memory	Minimum Disk Space	Recommended Disk Space
Microsoft Windows					
Windows 2000 Advanced Server, SP2	Intel 32 bit	256 MB without Sun Java Studio	256 MB without Sun Java Studio	250 MB free	500 MB free
Windows 2000 Server, SP2		256 MB with Sun Java Studio	512 MB with Sun Java Studio		
Windows 2000 Professional, SP2					
Windows XP Professional					

Solaris Patches

Solaris 8 users must have the Sun recommended patch cluster installed, available under “Recommended and Security Patches” at this location:

<http://sunsolve.sun.com/>

Patches that are absolutely required for Solaris 8 are 109326-06, 108993-23, and 110934 (any revision, for package based installation only). Without these patches, which the installer checks for, you won't be able to install or run the Sun ONE Application Server software. These patches are already contained in the latest recommended patch cluster.

Solaris x86 Limitations

- Sun ONE Studio plug-in—The Sun Java Studio Plug-in is not part of this release because Sun Java Studio is not available on the Solaris x86 platform.
- Solaris support—The Solaris x86 release is only supported on Solaris 9, Update 2 onward, not on any earlier version of Solaris.
- The Java™ Smart Ticket Sample Application does not work on the Solaris x86 platform. The sample requires the Java 2 Platform, Micro Edition Wireless Toolkit (v1.0.4), which is not available for Solaris 9, x86.

Installing or Upgrading Japanese and Simplified Chinese Sun ONE Application Server

Sun ONE Application Server 7, Update 9 does not have a separate release for Japanese or Simplified Chinese. If you have an existing installation you must upgrade to the English version of Update 7. Once you have upgraded to Update 7, your localized version of the software will contain all the latest fixed bugs.

Full instructions for installing and upgrading to Sun ONE Application Server, Update 9 are contained in the *Sun ONE Application Server Installation Guide* at this location:

<http://docs.sun.com/app/docs/prod/sjs.asse>

Different versions of the software have different upgrade paths.

Installing for the First Time

If you have not previously installed Sun ONE Application Server 7, first install the Japanese or Simplified Chinese Sun ONE Application Server 7, Update 4, then upgrade to the English version of Update 9.

Upgrading from Update 3, Update 4, or Update 5

To upgrade your Japanese or Simplified Chinese version from Update 3, Update 4, or Update 5, upgrade to the English version of Update 9. Upgrade instructions are provided in the Installation Guide.

Upgrading from Update 2 or Earlier

If you have Sun ONE Application Server 7, Update 2 or an earlier version of Sun ONE Application Server 7, first upgrade to the Japanese or Simplified Chinese version of Sun ONE Application Server 7, Update 4, then upgrade to the English version of Update 9.

Important Information

This section covers the following topics:

- [Documentation](#)
- [Accessibility](#)
- [Upgrade Notes](#)

Documentation

All Sun Microsystems product documentation can be found at this location:

<http://docs.sun.com/>

This section addresses the following topics:

- [Sun ONE Application Server 7 Documentation](#)

- [Referenced Documentation](#)

Sun ONE Application Server 7 Documentation

For this version of Sun ONE Application Server 7, Update 9, only these release notes have been updated. But you can refer to the Sun ONE Application Server 7, Update 6 documentation set for instructions on how to deploy and use the product.

NOTE

For significant issues, a document might be revised. In this case, the revised version will be posted to this site. The date last updated is displayed with the copyright information in the HTML version of the document.

The Sun ONE Application Server 7, Update 6 documents can be found at this location:

<http://docs.sun.com/app/docs/sjs.asse>

The following list provides the part number (PN) and a brief description for each of the documents in the Sun ONE Application Server collection:

- *Product Overview*—(PN 817-2166-10) Describes Sun ONE Application Server 7, including the features available with each edition of the product.
- *Server Architecture*—(PN 817-2167-10) Presents diagrams and descriptions of server architecture; discusses benefits of the Sun ONE Application Server architectural approach.
- *What's New*—(PN 817-2165-10) Lists the new enterprise, developer, and operational features of Sun ONE Application Server 7.
- *Platform Summary* **REVISED**—(PN 819-1321) Provides a comprehensive, table-based summary of supported operating systems, JDBC drivers and databases, web servers, directory servers, browsers, and associated software packages.
- *Getting Started Guide*—(PN 817-2170-10) Describes how to get started with the Sun ONE Application Server 7 product. Focuses on initial developer exposure; is also suited for users evaluating the product.
- *Installation Guide*—(PN 817-5601-10) Provides instructions for installing or upgrading the Sun ONE Application Server software and its components, such as sample applications, the Administration interface, and the Sun™ Open Net Environment (ONE) Message Queue.
- *Migrating and Redeploying Server Applications*—(PN 817-2181-10) Provides instructions for migrating your applications to the new Sun ONE Application Server 7 programming model, specifically from iPlanet™ Application Server 6.x and from Netscape Application Server 4.0. Includes a sample migration.

- *Developer's Guide*—(PN 817-2171-10) The centerpiece of the developer's collection, this document provides general information about how to create J2EE applications intended to run on the Sun ONE Application Server that follow the open Java standards model for servlets, Enterprise JavaBeans™ (EJBs™), JavaServer Pages (JSPs), and other J2EE components. Topics include: J2EE application design, security, deployment, debugging, and creating lifecycle modules. A comprehensive Sun ONE Application Server glossary is included.
- *Developer's Guide to Web Applications*—(PN 817-2172-10) Describes how to use servlets and JavaServer Pages (JSPs) within J2EE applications, and how to use SHTML and CGI. Topics include results caching, JSP precompilation, session management, security, and deployment.
- *Developer's Guide to Enterprise Java Beans Technology*—(PN 817-2175-10) Describes how to develop and deploy various types of enterprise beans in the Sun ONE Application Server environment. Topics include container-managed persistence, read-only beans, and the XML and DTD files associated with enterprise beans.
- *Developer's Guide to J2EE Features and Services*—(PN 817-2177-10) Describes J2EE features such as Java Database Connectivity (JDBC), Java Naming and Directory Interface (JNDI), Java Transaction Service (JTS), Java Message Service (JMS), and JavaMail.
- *Developer's Guide to NSAPI*—(PN 817-2177-10) Describes how to create NSAPI plug-ins.
- *Developer's Guide to Web Services*—(PN 817-2174-10) Describes how to develop and deploy web services in the Sun ONE Application Server environment.
- *Developer's Guide to Clients*—(PN 817-2173-10) Describes how to develop and deploy Application Client Container (ACC) clients that access J2EE applications on Sun ONE Application Server 7.
- *Administrator's Guide*—(PN 817-3652-10) The centerpiece of the administrator's collection, this document provides information and instructions on the configuration, management, and deployment of the Sun ONE Application Server subsystems and components, from both the Administration interface and the command-line interface. A comprehensive Sun ONE Application Server glossary is included.
- *Administrator's Configuration File Reference*—(PN 817-2178-10) Describes the contents of the Sun ONE Application Server configuration files, such as the `server.xml` file.
- *Administrator's Guide to Security*—(PN 817-2179-10) Describes how to configure and administer security for the Sun ONE Application Server operational environment. Includes information on general security, certificates, and SSL/TLS encryption. HTTP server-based security is also addressed.

- *J2EE CA SPI Administrator's Guide*—(PN 817-2254-10) Describes how to configure and administer JCA SPI Implementation features for the Sun ONE Application Server environment. Topics include the Administration Tool, Pooling Monitor, deploying a JCA connector, and sample connectors and sample applications.
- *Performance Tuning Guide*—(PN 817-2180-10) Describes how and why to tune your Sun ONE Application Server to improve performance.
- *Error Messages Reference*—(PN 817-2182-10) Describes all Sun ONE Application Server error messages.
- *Manpages for Command-line Interface*—Provides XML pages written in manpage style for all command-line interface commands.
- *Manpages for Utilities*—Provides XML pages written in manpage style for all Sun ONE Application Server utility commands.
- *Admin interface online help*—Provides content-specific online help for the Sun ONE Application Server graphical Administration interface.

Referenced Documentation

Documentation for other Sun ONE products is often referenced in the Sun ONE Application Server documentation.

Sun ONE Message Queue Documentation

The Sun ONE Message Queue (also known as Sun Java System Message Queue) subsystem that is integrated with the Sun ONE Application Server has its own documentation that can be found at the following location:

<http://docs.sun.com/db?p=prod/s1.s1msgqu>

Sun Java Studio 5, Standard Edition Documentation

The Sun Java Studio 5, Standard Edition product that you can use with the Sun ONE Application Server has its own documentation that can be found at the following location:

For Sun Java Studio 5, Standard Edition, Update 1 documentation:

<http://docs.sun.com/app/docs/coll/790.4>

Accessibility

Sun ONE Application Server product documentation is provided in accessible formats that are readable by assistive technologies.

The product provides many accessibility features that enable you to read about and use the product in the manner that is most comfortable and convenient to you. These features include:

- Mnemonics and keyboard shortcuts
- Customizable fonts
- Customizable colors
- Customizable toolbars
- Customizable style sheets

NOTE

The Solaris™ Operating System allows you to set window behavior using the Window Style Manager. When using mnemonics, the window behavior should be set to Click In Window To Make Active. If this option is not set, in some cases, a mnemonic can appear to fail.

If you want to modify the Sun ONE Application Server HTML online help, you can go to the help directory and edit the style sheet which is located here:

`server_root/lib/install/applications/admingui/adminGUI_war/help`

Restart the Admin Server for changes to take effect.

Upgrade Notes

The entire documentation has not been updated for Sun ONE Application Server, Update 9. However, the instructions for upgrading to Sun ONE Application Server, Update 6 are applicable to this release as well. They are contained in the *Sun ONE Application Server Installation Guide* at this location:

<http://docs.sun.com/app/docs/prod/sjs.asse>

Bugs Fixed in This Release

This section lists the customer-escalated issues resolved for the Sun ONE Application Server 7, Update 6, Update 7, Update 8 and Update 9.

Table 3 Fixed Bugs in Sun ONE Application Server 7 Update 9, Update 6, Update 7, Update 8 and Update 9

Bug Number	Description
2136080	Application Server 7 Update 8 and 2004Q2 UR4 were exposed to cross-site scripting vulnerability.
2136202	Exception thrown during the closure of a connection by the pool was leading to a connection leak.
2136203	Application Server 7.x connection pool did not manage failed connections well. Because of this, applications were unable to get connections later.
2136707	On restart, initPool was throwing IllegalStateException and "jdbc pool not initialized (JDBC fails)" error message.
6360036	Certificate was not getting deleted.
2127923	The process appservd used to take up CPU resources when primordial appservd was not present
2127992	On RH3 Linux, the process appservd was crashing intermittently and this was caused by LinuxKernelStats (when stats-init is on).
2130022	Application Server 7.x was crashing with CORE3148: failed to wait on signals.
6223368	The ACLs, when created, were not showing up in the Application Server 7, Administration Console.
6285724	HTTP request smuggling issue wherein for requests of the type "GETorPOST / HTTP/1.x" with content-length and body, Application Server returns <code>index.html</code> . It does not close the connection, reads the body, and treats the body as the next request.
6286783	Server was not rejecting requests with double 'Content-Length' headers.
6308777	If <code>%C0%AE%C0%AE</code> (representation of .. [dotdot] in UTF-8 format) exists in the URL, it will allow only JSPs to get executed anywhere in the system. This should not be allowed if one tries to go beyond the context root. In the case of ACLs, for protecting a specific JSP file, it is the user's responsibility to change/modify this ACL to wildcard ACLs to protect more.
6324565	Web Server was not responding correctly when handling the "if-unmodified-since" header. It was sending back the actual content with 412 code for requests with 'if-unmodified-since' and range.
2127693	On Solaris, the user was not able to change the smux port of the Application Server subagent.
6197275	New installation of Sun ONE Application Server Update 5 creates the <code>cert7.db</code> instead of <code>cert8.db</code> certificate database.
2126023	Adding a principal to a security role and removing a principal from a security role did not work as expected after re-deployment.
2126024	Server-Parsed HTML led to the display of JSP sources with a trailing '/' in the URI.
2126025	Application Server Reverse SSL Proxy plugin was vulnerable to MITM attacks.
2126026	Missing synchronization in the connection pool could cause deadlock.
2126242	Session Timeout did not appear to be taking into account the last access time.
6240424	A default error page had a cross-site scripting vulnerability.

Known Issues and Limitations

This section describes known problems and associated workarounds for the Sun ONE Application Server 7 product.

NOTE	If a problem statement does not specify a particular platform, the problem applies to all platforms.
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This information is organized into the following sections:

- [Installation, Upgrade, and Uninstallation](#)
- [Server Startup and Shutdown](#)
- [Database Driver](#)
- [Web Container](#)
- [EJB Container](#)
- [Container-Managed Persistence](#)
- [Message Service and Message-Driven Beans](#)
- [Java Transaction Service \(JTS\)](#)
- [Application Deployment](#)
- [Verifier](#)
- [Configuration](#)
- [Deployment Descriptors](#)
- [Monitoring](#)
- [Server Administration](#)
- [Sun ONE Studio 4 Plug-in](#)
- [Sample Applications](#)
- [ORB/IIOP Listener](#)
- [Internationalization \(i18n\)](#)
- [Documentation](#)

Installation, Upgrade, and Uninstallation

This section describes known installation, upgrade, and uninstallation issues and the associated solutions.

ID	Summary
2136785	Application Server 7 does not support Network File System (NFS).
6364366	<p>While upgrading from Application Server 7.0 Update 5 to Application Server 7.0 Update 9, an incorrect upgrade version is displayed before the upgrade starts. The text reads 'Upgrading Sun One Application Server from 7.0.0_05 to 7.0.0_07' instead of 'Upgrading Sun One Application Server from 7.0.0_05 to 7.0.0_08.'</p> <p>Solution</p> <p>None</p>
4403166	<p>On Microsoft Windows, package/path/application names longer than 255 characters will fail to deploy applications.</p> <p>On Microsoft Windows only, long package/path names are not supported because of the JDK™ limitation. During deployment, the deployment tool will try to extract class file from the archive. If the expanded name is more than 255 characters, the extraction will fail.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Example of a long application name: <p>J2EE application name as <code>servlet_jsh_HttpServletRequestWrapper.ear</code></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Example of a long package name: <p>The servlet is located in the following package:</p> <pre>servlet_jsh_HttpServletRequestWrapper_1\ servlet_jsh_HttpServletRequestWrapper_servlet_war\WEB-INF\classes\tests\ javax_servlet_http\HttpServletRequestWrapperHttpServletRequestWrapperCon structorTestServlet.class</pre> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Example of a long path name: <p>Sun ONE Application Server is installed as drive \:> Sun \ApplicationServer</p> <p>Solution</p> <p>Consider the following solutions:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Make a shorter directory structure during installation. For example, <code>drive:>App\</code> instead of the default <code>drive:\>Sun\Apsserver7</code>. 2. Use the <code>create_instance</code> command to rename the instance to something shorter. For example, <code>/instance1/domain1/</code> could be changed to <code>/i/d</code>. 3. Have shorter package names, path names, and application names.

ID	Summary
4687768	<p data-bbox="318 244 1226 293">On Solaris setup-SDK/JDK, an error occurs when installing in command-line mode on a machine without Xwindows.</p> <p data-bbox="318 314 1279 418">It is not possible to run the Sun ONE Application Server installer, even in command-line mode, on a hardened Solaris system which does not contain X Windows libraries. The installer will throw <code>java.lang.UnsatisfiedLinkError</code> while instantiating AWT objects used by SetupSDK/Webstart Wizard's installer framework.</p> <p data-bbox="318 435 405 456">Solution</p> <ol data-bbox="318 475 1262 595" style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Install X Windows support packages temporarily, removing them after installing the Sun ONE Application Server product. 2. Install the Sun ONE Application Server packages using the <code>pkgadd</code> command and create the initial domain using <code>asadmin</code> commands.
4719600	<p data-bbox="318 614 783 638">Warning messages occur during installation.</p> <p data-bbox="318 656 1041 680">During installation, some invalid error messages might occur. For example:</p> <pre data-bbox="318 697 1193 781">WARNING: Couldn't flush system prefs: java.util.prefs.BackingStoreException: Couldn't get file lock. WARNING: Could not lock System prefs.Unix error code -223460600.</pre> <p data-bbox="318 798 405 819">Solution</p> <p data-bbox="318 838 1238 890">Ignore these warnings or, alternatively, you can create a system preferences directory (typically <code>/etc/.java/.systemPrefs</code>). This is normally done by the JDK install script.</p>
4737663	<p data-bbox="318 909 1265 933">On Solaris, if you install both the package-based install and regular install, there is conflict.</p> <p data-bbox="318 951 1302 1055">If you install both the package-based install (Solaris 9 bundled) and the mainstream installer version of the product, there are potential conflicts. The Sun ONE Message Queue broker for both of these installations will be shared, so if you don't uniquely name the domains and instances, you might see the following message when starting the second instance with the same domain/instance name:</p> <pre data-bbox="318 1072 1100 1128">SEVERE: JMS5024: JMS service startup failed. SEVERE: CORE5071: An error occurred during initialization</pre> <p data-bbox="318 1145 1249 1170">In particular, the default domain and instance names are the same for both of these installations.</p> <p data-bbox="318 1187 405 1208">Solution</p> <p data-bbox="318 1227 1226 1279">Follow the instructions in the "JMS Administration" chapter of the <i>Sun ONE Application Server Administrator's Guide</i>.</p>

ID	Summary
4742038	<p>Sun ONE Application Server does not start if the install directory contains non alpha-numeric characters.</p> <p>Sun ONE Application Server startup fails if the install directory contains characters such as #, spaces, or any other non alpha-numeric characters. In this case, the server log files are not created. The Sun ONE Application Server install directory can contain only the following characters: alphanumerics, - (dash) or _ (underscore). This also applies to entering existing Java 2 SDK directory during installation.</p> <p>Solution</p> <p>During installation, specify a directory where names contain only alphanumeric, dash, or underscore characters.</p>
4742828	<p>Silent installer is not checking user permissions.</p> <p>Although interactive installers (GUI or command-line) check for appropriate user permissions (admin user for Microsoft Windows platforms, and root user for Solaris package-based installation), this check is not done during silent installation. As a result, installation will fail later in the process because you will not have sufficient permissions to install packages (Solaris) or create services (Microsoft Windows).</p> <p>Solution</p> <p>Make sure that silent installation is being run as the appropriate user.</p>
4741190	<p>For Solaris, Installer accepts JDK_LOCATION value even if the location contains an earlier version (earlier than Solaris 1.2).</p> <p>Sun ONE Application Server 7 requires a Java 2 SDK version greater than or equal to 1.4.0_02. However, on Solaris, if a user chooses to reuse an existing Java 2 SDK (less than version 1.2), the installer might not display a warning message. The installation might complete successfully, but the Sun ONE Application Server might not function properly. This is caused by having an existing JAVA_HOME in your environment.</p> <p>Solution</p> <p>Before starting the installation program, unset JAVA_HOME as follows:</p> <p>(On ksh): <code>unset JAVA_HOME</code> (On csh): <code>unsetenv JAVA_HOME</code></p>
4742171	<p>Installing a development installation over an existing evaluation installation in silent mode does not report an error.</p> <p>Affects installers running in silent mode. If user attempts to install over an existing evaluation installation of Sun ONE Application Server 7 (in the same directory), silent installation does not report any errors and proceeds normally. Existing evaluation installation files are preserved.</p> <p>Solution</p> <p>Uninstall existing evaluation installations before installing a new development installation in the same location.</p>

ID	Summary
4742552	<p data-bbox="318 244 1300 293">Selecting Application Server and Sun ONE Studio 4 Enterprise Edition for Java components in the same installation session in command-line and silent mode does not work correctly.</p> <p data-bbox="318 314 1300 444">Affects development and operations installations. While running installation in command-line or silent mode, you can choose to install both Application Server and Support for Sun ONE Studio 4 Enterprise Edition for Java components during the same installation session (in GUI mode, these components are mutually exclusive). The installer does not process component dependency correctly and tries to install the Administration Client component instead of the selected Sun ONE Application Server component.</p> <p data-bbox="318 465 405 486">Solution</p> <p data-bbox="318 506 1262 553">Simulating GUI mode, first install the Sun ONE Application Server component in command-line or silent mode, then run another installation and install the Support for Sun ONE Studio.</p>
N/A	<p data-bbox="318 574 1300 651">On Solaris, if the Sun ONE Application Server installer upgrades an existing Sun ONE Message Queue 3.0 to 3.0.1, the resulting installation will be removed during Sun ONE Application Server uninstallation.</p> <p data-bbox="318 671 1300 774">Affects Solaris development and operations installer. If an installed Sun ONE Message Queue 3.0 is detected on the system, you are given the option of automatically upgrading this installation to version 3.0.1. If this option is chosen, the resulting Sun ONE Message Queue 3.0.1 installation will be uninstalled during Sun ONE Application Server uninstallation.</p> <p data-bbox="318 795 405 815">Solution</p> <p data-bbox="318 836 1236 883">To preserve the Sun ONE Message Queue installation after the Sun ONE Application Server is uninstalled:</p> <ol data-bbox="318 904 1250 1034" style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="318 904 939 925">1. Exit the installer when offered the automatic upgrade choice. <li data-bbox="318 946 1250 992">2. Upgrade Sun ONE Message Queue to version 3.0.1 according to Sun ONE Message Queue documentation. <li data-bbox="318 1013 853 1034">3. Run Sun ONE Application Server installation again.
4746410	<p data-bbox="318 1055 1233 1104">On Solaris, when installing the Sun ONE Application Server in non-default locations, the package-based installer on Solaris does not check disk space in the correct locations.</p> <p data-bbox="318 1124 1300 1201">When attempting to install the Sun ONE Application Server on Solaris (using the package-based installer) in non-default locations, the installation program does not check for disk space in the specified target directory. Instead, it checks for disk space only in the default location (/opt).</p> <p data-bbox="318 1222 405 1242">Solution</p> <p data-bbox="318 1263 1300 1340">Before starting the installation, make sure that you have adequate disk space (85 MB) in /opt even if you do not plan to install in /opt. In addition, make sure you have adequate disk space (85 MB) in the target directory.</p>

ID	Summary
4748404	<p data-bbox="239 243 1219 291">On Microsoft Windows XP, cannot incrementally install sample applications and PointBase 4.2 components.</p> <p data-bbox="239 310 1185 416">This issue affects the Windows XP platform. If you try to incrementally install Sample Applications and/or PointBase 4.2 components over an installed Sun ONE Application Server component, the installer does not correctly detect the existing Sun ONE Application Server installation and reports Application Server Not Found. Installation does not proceed.</p> <p data-bbox="239 434 325 454">Solution</p> <p data-bbox="239 473 1200 553">Install sample applications and PointBase 4.2 components together with the Sun ONE Application Server component. If the Sun ONE Application Server is already installed on the system, uninstall it and run installation again, this time selecting all necessary components.</p>
4748455	<p data-bbox="239 572 765 593">Directory error occurs during generic silent install.</p> <p data-bbox="239 612 1146 692">This issue affects silent installation on all platforms. If the installer finds a problem with a given installation directory, the generic error message <code>Invalid Installation Directory</code> is reported. This error message covers the following situations:</p> <ul data-bbox="239 710 889 774" style="list-style-type: none"> • Selected directory is not writable. • Selected directory string is empty or contains space characters. <p data-bbox="239 791 325 812">Solution</p> <p data-bbox="239 831 1139 852">Check the supplied installation directory value for both issues to determine the cause of error.</p>
4749033	<p data-bbox="239 876 1129 925">On Microsoft Windows XP, cannot uninstall standalone admin client installation using uninstaller.</p> <p data-bbox="239 944 1212 1024">This issue affects a standalone admin client installation on the Windows XP platform. If user tries to uninstall a standalone admin client through the provided uninstaller, uninstallation tries to uninstall an incorrect set of components and hang.</p> <p data-bbox="239 1041 325 1062">Solution</p> <p data-bbox="239 1081 1209 1213">Uninstall a standalone admin client manually. Files located in the <code>install_dir</code> directory should be deleted. The related Program Group folder (Start->Programs->Sun Microsystems->Sun ONE Application Server) should also be removed. There are no related Microsoft Windows registry entries for a standalone admin client component; these steps will fully revert the system in the state before admin client installation.</p>
4749666	<p data-bbox="239 1237 1148 1286">Samples documentation is not published to initial server instance if Sample Application component has been incrementally installed.</p> <p data-bbox="239 1305 1219 1437">This issue affects the development and operations installer on all platforms. If sample applications are installed in a separate installation session over an installed Sun ONE Application Server, the sample documentation will not be published to the initial server instance and will not be accessible through the <code>http://hostname:port/samples</code> URL. However, documentation is installed on the file system and can be accessed locally at this location: <code>file:///install_root/samples/index.html</code></p> <p data-bbox="239 1454 325 1475">Solution</p> <p data-bbox="239 1494 618 1515">Access samples documentation locally.</p>

ID	Summary
4754256	<p data-bbox="318 244 1268 295">On Solaris, Sun ONE Message Queue configuration files are not preserved during Sun ONE Message Queue upgrade performed by the installer.</p> <p data-bbox="318 314 1282 418">If an existing Sun ONE Message Queue 3.0 package has been detected on the system, the installer offers to upgrade this installation to version 3.0.1 which can be used by the Sun ONE Application Server. During this upgrade operation, the existing 3.0 Solaris packages is removed, resulting in the removal of the following configuration files:</p> <pre data-bbox="318 439 772 489">/etc/img/passwd /etc/img/accesscontrol.properties</pre> <p data-bbox="318 508 1296 558">If these files have been modified, those modifications will be lost and the resulting Sun ONE Message Queue 3.0.1 installation will contain the default configuration values.</p> <p data-bbox="318 578 406 602">Solution</p> <p data-bbox="318 621 1268 696">Create a backup copy of any user-modified files and restore the backup copies of the files after the upgrade has been completed. For more details, consult <i>Sun ONE Message Queue 3.0 Installation Guide</i>.</p>

ID	Summary
4754824	<p data-bbox="239 244 1096 265">On Solaris, an installer error message occurs while running installation from a CD.</p> <p data-bbox="239 284 1222 470">When a volume is inserted into the CD-ROM drive, Solaris volume management assigns it the next symbolic name. For example, if two CD-ROMs match the default regular expression, they are named <code>cdrom0</code> and <code>cdrom</code>. Any that match the added regular expression would be named starting with <code>cdrom2</code>. This is documented on <code>vold.conf</code> man page. Every time you install the Sun ONE Application Server from the CD, the CD-ROM mount point appends a number after the label name. The first time the CD is mounted everything goes well. On subsequent mounts, the following error message occurs when the installer starts:</p> <pre data-bbox="239 491 1222 574">IOException:java.io.FileNotFoundException: /cdrom/appserver7 No such file or directory) while loading default flavormap.properties file URL:file:/cdrom/appserver7#4/AppServer7/pkg/jre/lib/flavormap.properties</pre> <p data-bbox="239 591 325 612">Solution</p> <p data-bbox="239 631 1108 652">Installer functionality is not affected in any way. However, the following workaround exists:</p> <ol data-bbox="239 673 1168 847" style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Become the superuser by entering the command <code>su</code> and the root password at the command prompt, or log in as root. The command prompt changes to the pound sign (#). 2. If the <code>/cdrom</code> directory does not already exist, enter the following command to create it: <pre data-bbox="282 786 472 807"># mkdir /cdrom</pre> 3. Mount the CD-ROM drive. <p data-bbox="239 866 1200 916">NOTE: The <code>vold</code> process manages the CD-ROM device and performs the mounting. The CD-ROM might automatically mount onto the <code>/cdrom/cdrom0</code> directory.</p> <p data-bbox="239 935 1100 956">If running File Manager, a separate File Manager window displays the CD-ROM contents.</p> <ol data-bbox="239 977 1200 1373" style="list-style-type: none"> 4. If the <code>/cdrom/cdrom0</code> directory is empty because the CD-ROM was not mounted, or if File Manager did not open a window displaying the contents of the CD-ROM, verify that the <code>vold</code> daemon is running by entering: <pre data-bbox="282 1072 743 1093"># ps -e grep vold grep -v grep</pre> 5. If <code>vold</code> is running, the system displays the process identification number of <code>vold</code>. If the system does not display anything, kill the daemon by typing the following: <pre data-bbox="282 1185 758 1206"># ps -ef grep vold grep -v grep</pre> 6. Stop the <code>vold</code> process by entering: <pre data-bbox="282 1269 662 1289"># kill -15 process_ID_number</pre> 7. Mount the CDRom manually: <pre data-bbox="282 1352 1005 1373"># mount -F hsfs -r ro /dev/dsk/cxydz /cdrom/cdrom0</pre> <p data-bbox="239 1394 1215 1444">where x is the CD-ROM drive controller number, y is the CD-ROM drive SCSI ID number, and z is the slice of the partition on which the CD-ROM is located.</p> <p data-bbox="239 1463 1205 1513">You have now mounted the CD-ROM drive. Refer to Installing and Setting Up CD One on Solaris for procedures on installation.</p>

ID	Summary
4755165	<p data-bbox="318 243 1279 295">On Microsoft Windows, Installer functionality is affected if administrator user credentials are supplied only when running setup.exe.</p> <p data-bbox="318 310 1270 442">This issue affects all installations on Microsoft Windows platforms. If a user is logged in without administrator privileges, he/she will be prompted to enter administrator user credentials while attempting to run <code>setup.exe</code>. If the correct credentials are entered, the installer checks for user privileges will be satisfied and installation will proceed. However, some installer functionality will be affected:</p> <ul data-bbox="318 461 1300 526" style="list-style-type: none">• The installer will hang if the Browse button is selected on the installation directory selection screen.• Program Group entries for the Sun ONE Application Server items might not be created. <p data-bbox="318 543 405 564">Solution</p> <p data-bbox="318 583 1015 607">Log in as user with administrator privileges when performing installation.</p>
4757687	<p data-bbox="318 626 1296 704">On Solaris, incremental installation of the Sun ONE Application Server component on the system with previously installed Administration Client component might result in an unusable installation.</p> <p data-bbox="318 722 1300 939">This issue affects Solaris package-based installation on a Solaris platform. If user tries to install the Sun ONE Application Server component on the system where a standalone Administration Client component has already been installed, and selects a different installation directory from the one originally used for Administration Client installation, the resulting Sun ONE Application Server installation will be unusable even though the installation outcome is reported as successful. This is because the Administration Client Solaris packages will be detected as already installed on the system, and they will not be installed as the part of the Sun ONE Application Server installation. As a result, files critical for product functionality will be missing.</p> <p data-bbox="318 956 405 977">Solution</p> <p data-bbox="318 996 1270 1048">Uninstall the standalone Administration Client before attempting to install the Sun ONE Application Server on the same Solaris system.</p> <p data-bbox="318 1065 1300 1144">Alternatively, an incremental installation can be attempted, but the same installation directory that has been used for the Administration Client installation should be used for the subsequent Sun ONE Application Server installation.</p>

ID	Summary
4762118	<p>On Solaris, installation fails if a selected custom configuration directory is a subdirectory of the selected installation directory and is called 'etc'.</p> <p>This issue affects Solaris package-based installation on a Solaris platform. If the following combination of custom directory locations has been selected, installation fail due to inconsistent group ownership information for the same directory:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Installation directory: <i>install_dir</i>• Configuration directory: <i>install_dir/etc</i> <p>The pkgadd log file in the <i>/var/sadm/install/logs</i> directory will contain following error message:</p> <pre>pkgadd: ERROR: duplicate pathname /install_dir/etc pkgadd: ERROR: unable to process pkgmap</pre> <p>Solution</p> <p>Select a custom configuration directory other than <i>install_dir/etc</i>.</p>
4724612	<p>On Solaris SPARC and Linux, PointBase shell scripts fail if run by someone other than the installing user.</p> <p>This issue affects only the evaluation installation. All PointBase shell scripts are set to execute permission only for the installing user.</p> <p>Solution</p> <p>If users other than the person who installed the product need to execute these scripts, change the permissions to 0755.</p>
4762694	<p>On Solaris, the Sun ONE Message Queue package SUNWiqsup is not removed during Message Queue upgrade process.</p> <p>This is only an issue on Solaris. The Sun ONE Application Server 7 installation process involves installing Sun ONE Message Queue version 3.0.1. On Solaris, if Sun ONE Message Queue version 3.0 is detected, it is first uninstalled (after user confirmation) and the 3.0.1 version is installed.</p> <p>There is a minor cleanup issue where the Solaris installer does not remove one of the Solaris packages (SUNWiqsup) for Sun ONE Message Queue 3.0 as part of this upgrade process. The presence of this package is harmless and does not affect Sun ONE Message Queue or Sun ONE Application Server 7.</p> <p>Solution</p> <p>Manually remove the SUNWiqsup package using the following command (as root):</p> <pre># pkgrm SUNWiqsup</pre>

ID	Summary
4890289	<p data-bbox="318 243 1193 263">On Window 2000 Pro, the uninstaller is not able to find the JDK to run uninstallation.</p> <p data-bbox="318 282 993 303">On Windows 2000 Pro, uninstallation fails with the following message:</p> <p data-bbox="318 326 1265 435">The uninstaller could not locate a suitable j2sdk to run the uninstalltion program. Run the uninstalلتion again with the -javahome option set to the directory in which j2sdk 1.4.0_02 or greater is installed. Press Enter to exit.</p> <p data-bbox="318 456 405 477">Solution</p> <p data-bbox="318 496 658 517">Use the -javahome JDK location.</p>
5017630	<p data-bbox="318 539 1282 560">When upgrading on Windows, an error is displayed and the upgrade fails if SNMP is running.</p> <p data-bbox="318 581 405 602">Solution</p> <p data-bbox="318 621 725 642">Stop the SNMP Service before upgrading:</p> <ol data-bbox="318 661 872 765" style="list-style-type: none"> 1. From the Control Panel, choose Administrative Tools. 2. Choose Services. 3. Scroll down to the SNMP Service and stop it.
5018162	<p data-bbox="318 788 1300 838">On Linux, two Message Queue packages are installed if you are doing a full installation and if a qualified Message Queue is already installed.</p> <p data-bbox="318 857 405 878">Solution</p> <p data-bbox="318 897 1286 1027">Due to a bug in the Linux <code>rpm</code> utility in 4.2.1.xx, the installed Sun ONE Message Queue (identified as <code>img</code>) <code>rpm</code> is not recognized. Because of this problem, the Sun ONE Application Server installer will install a second version of the Sun ONE Message Queue <code>rpm</code>. To work around this, either install the 4.2.0.69 version of <code>rpm</code> on your system or uninstall Message Queue before installing the application server.</p> <p data-bbox="318 1046 1300 1097">Typically 4.2.1.xx version of <code>rpm</code> is present in Red Hat Enterprise Linux Advanced Server 3.0 unless the <code>rpm</code> package was upgraded on prior versions of the Linux system.</p>
5034338	<p data-bbox="318 1119 999 1140">On Linux, upgraded packages are not removed by the uninstaller.</p> <p data-bbox="318 1159 405 1180">Solution</p> <p data-bbox="318 1199 729 1220">Remove the packages manually by typing:</p> <pre data-bbox="365 1241 758 1262">rpm -e --nodeps SUNWas* packages</pre>

ID	Summary
5050621	<p data-bbox="239 244 1219 374">On Linux and Solaris platforms, if Sun ONE Application Server 7 Update 3 was installed as a part of Sun Java Enterprise 2004Q2, and you then upgrade the Sun ONE Application Server, a problem appears. The subsequent attempt to create a new server instance and to install Sun Java System Identity Server 2004Q2 with SSL enabled Directory Server will fail and the newly created server instance will crash with a SIGSEGV error upon restart.</p> <p data-bbox="239 395 325 416">Solution</p> <p data-bbox="239 435 1219 512">For the instance of the application server created after upgrading Sun ONE Application Server, edit the server instance's <code>server.xml</code> file and enter the correct location for the <code>jss3.jar</code> in <code>server-classpath</code> as follows:</p> <p data-bbox="239 531 458 552">For the Linux platform:</p> <p data-bbox="239 571 501 591">Change the following lines:</p> <pre data-bbox="287 612 972 668"><java-config java-home="/usr/jdk/entsys-j2se" server-classpath="/usr/share/lib/mps/secv1/jss3.jar <---</pre> <p data-bbox="239 687 272 708">To:</p> <pre data-bbox="287 729 1022 784"><java-config java-home="/usr/jdk/entsys-j2se" server-classpath="//opt/sun/private/share/lib/jss3.jar <----</pre> <p data-bbox="239 803 1115 824">To prevent this problem from occurring in future, modify the following template files as well:</p> <p data-bbox="239 843 1036 864"><code>\${APPSERVER_INSTALL_DIR}/lib/install/template/server.xml.template.admin</code></p> <p data-bbox="239 883 968 904"><code>\${APPSERVER_INSTALL_DIR}/lib/install/template/server.xml.template</code></p> <p data-bbox="239 923 629 944">In these template files, change the lines:</p> <pre data-bbox="287 965 911 1038"><java-config java-home="%%%JAVA_HOME%%%" server-classpath="/usr/share/lib/mps/secv1/jss3.jar</pre> <p data-bbox="239 1057 272 1078">To:</p> <pre data-bbox="287 1098 936 1171"><java-config java-home="%%%JAVA_HOME%%%" server-classpath="/opt/sun/private/share/lib/jss3.jar</pre>

ID	Summary
5050621 (Continued)	<p>For the Solaris platform:</p> <p>Modify the <code>server.xml</code> file:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Open the <code>server.xml</code> file for editing. The file is found at: <code>app_server_instance_dir/config/server.xml</code>. 2. Add the location of the <code>jss3.jar</code> in <code>server-classpath</code>: <code>server-classpath</code> <code>=/usr/share/lib/mps/secv1/jss3.jar</code> <p>Edit the <code>startserv</code> script's <code>LD_LIBRARY_PATH</code>:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Open the <code>startserv</code> script for editing. The script is found at <code>app_server_instance_dir/bin/startserv</code>. 2. Add <code>/usr/lib/mps/secv1</code> to the <code>LD_LIBRARY_PATH</code>. <p>To prevent this problem from occurring in future, modify the following template files as well:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <code>install_dir/lib/install/template/server.xml.template.admin</code> • <code>install_dir/lib/install/template/server.xml.template</code> • <code>install_dir/lib/install/template/start</code> <p>In these template files, change the lines:</p> <pre><java-config java-home="%%%JAVA_HOME%%%" server-classpath="/usr/lib/mps/secv1/jss3.jar</pre> <p>To:</p> <pre><java-config java-home="%%%JAVA_HOME%%%" server-classpath="/usr/lib/mps/secv1/jss3.jar</pre>
N/A	<p>Installing Sun ONE Application Server on Windows may give the following message:</p> <p>“Error writing native components to disk. Aborting wizard”</p> <p>Solution</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. If you have a file named <code>C:\Documents</code>, it interferes when processing the system property <code>user.home</code> (typically points to <code>C:\Documents and Settings\your_name</code>). Remove or rename <code>C:\Documents</code>. 2. Additionally, the environment variable <code>TEMP</code> must be set and must point to an existing writable directory.

ID	Summary
5063872	<p data-bbox="239 244 1215 293">The <code>app_server_install/samples/common.properties</code> file is overwritten with null values when you upgrade Sun ONE Application Server 7 using the upgrade installer.</p> <p data-bbox="239 312 325 333">Solution</p> <p data-bbox="239 352 1222 401">Back up the <code>common.properties</code> file before you upgrade to the latest Sun ONE Application Server 7, or add the values to <code>common.properties</code> manually after upgrading.</p> <p data-bbox="239 420 891 440">Sample <code>common.properties</code> file for the Microsoft Windows platform:</p> <pre data-bbox="239 461 1190 868">com.sun.aas.javaRoot=C\:/Sun/AppServer7/jdk admin.host=<machinename> admin.port=4848 com.sun.aas.imqLib=C\:/Sun/AppServer7/imq/lib com.sun.aas.installRoot=C\:/Sun/AppServer7 admin.user=admin #admin password will not be saved as default. User can enter it and save it manually. #admin.password= sunone.instance=server1 com.sun.aas.webServicesLib=C\:/Sun/AppServer7/share/lib com.sun.aas.pointbaseRoot=C\:/Sun/AppServer7/pointbase sunone.instance.port=<port> sunone.instance=server1 admin.user=admin admin.port=4848</pre> <p data-bbox="239 887 761 907">Sample <code>common.properties</code> file for the Linux platform:</p> <pre data-bbox="239 928 1190 1251">com.sun.aas.pointbaseRoot=/export/appserver7ur5/pointbase com.sun.aas.webServicesLib=/export/appserver7ur5/share/lib com.sun.aas.imqLib=/opt/imq/lib com.sun.aas.installRoot=/export/appserver7ur5 com.sun.aas.javaRoot=/usr/java/j2sdk1.4.2_04 #admin password will not be saved as default. User can enter it and save it manually. #admin.password= admin.host=<machinename> sunone.instance=server1 sunone.instance.port=80 admin.user=admin admin.port=4848</pre>

ID	Summary
5063872 (Continued)	<p data-bbox="318 244 853 269">Sample <code>common.properties</code> file for the Solaris platform:</p> <pre data-bbox="318 286 1272 609">com.sun.aas.pointbaseRoot=/opt/SUNWappserver7/pointbase com.sun.aas.webServicesLib=/usr/share/lib com.sun.aas.imqLib=/usr/share/lib/imq com.sun.aas.installRoot=/opt/SUNWappserver7 com.sun.aas.javaRoot=/usr/j2se #admin password will not be saved as default. User can enter it and save it manually. #admin.password= admin.host=<machinename> sunone.instance=server1 sunone.instance.port=81 admin.user=admin admin.port=4848</pre>

ID	Summary
6172916	<p data-bbox="239 239 1222 291">Sun ONE Application Server fails to start after you use the upgrade installer to upgrade the Sun ONE Application Server.</p> <p data-bbox="239 309 739 335">On the Solaris platform, the following error appears:</p> <pre data-bbox="239 352 1208 404">SEVERE (14394): JMS5024: JMS service startup failed. CORE5071: An error occurred during initialization</pre> <p data-bbox="239 421 725 447">On the Linux platform, the following error appears:</p> <pre data-bbox="239 465 1162 543">cp: cannot stat `/etc/opt/imq/passwd': No such file or directory cp: cannot stat `/etc/opt/imq/accesscontrol.properties': No such file or directory Error backing up!</pre> <p data-bbox="239 560 1222 638">This problem appears because the upgrade installer does not check which version of Message Queue is installed. It automatically installs Sun ONE Message Queue 3.0.1 SP3, which is shipped with Sun ONE Application Server 7.</p> <p data-bbox="239 656 1222 708">If Sun Java System Message Queue 3.5 is installed on the machine, the upgrade installer downgrades it to Message Queue 3.0.1SP3.</p> <p data-bbox="239 725 1222 803">On the Microsoft Windows platform, the problem only occurs if Sun Java System Message Queue 3.5 is installed in the same directory in which the Sun ONE Application Server installer installs. No error appears.</p> <p data-bbox="239 821 325 847">Solution</p> <p data-bbox="239 864 668 890">If you have not yet run the upgrade installer:</p> <ol data-bbox="239 907 1222 1142" style="list-style-type: none"> 1. After downloading the product and untarring the binaries, go to the <i>untarred_location/sun-appserver7/upgrade</i> directory. 2. Open the <code>package-list</code> file and remove all the package names associated with Message Queue: <ul data-bbox="239 1012 1222 1142" style="list-style-type: none"> • On the Microsoft Windows platform: <code>imq.zip</code> • On the Solaris Sparc and x86 platforms: <code>SUNWiqdoc</code>, <code>SUNWiqfs</code>, <code>SUNWiqjx</code>, <code>SUNWiqr</code>, <code>SUNWiqu</code>, <code>SUNWiquc</code>, <code>SUNWiqum</code>, and <code>SUNWiqtpl</code> • On the Linux platform: <code>imq</code>. <p data-bbox="239 1159 704 1185">If you already upgraded using upgrade installer:</p> <p data-bbox="239 1203 936 1229">For package-based installations on the Solaris Sparc and x86 platforms:</p> <ol data-bbox="239 1246 1222 1421" style="list-style-type: none"> 1. At the command prompt, remove the Message Queue instances by typing <code>rm -rf /var/imq/instances</code>. 2. Use <code>pkgrm</code> to remove the following packages: <code>SUNWiqdoc</code>, <code>SUNWiqfs</code>, <code>SUNWiqjx</code>, <code>SUNWiqr</code>, <code>SUNWiqu</code>, <code>SUNWiquc</code>, <code>SUNWiqum</code>, and <code>SUNWiqtpl</code> 3. Use <code>pkgadd</code> to reinstall the correct versions of the packages you removed in the previous step.

ID	Summary
6172916 (Continued)	<p>For Linux RPM installations:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Remove the Message Queue instance by typing <code>rm -rf /var/imq/instances</code>. 2. Remove the Message Queue installation by typing <code>rpm -e imq</code>. 3. Install the correct version of Message Queue by typing <code>rpm -i rpm_location/imq-xxx.rpm</code> where <code>xxx</code> is the correct version of Message Queue. <p>For Microsoft Windows installations, and for zip, tar, and evaluation installations on all platforms:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Remove the Message Queue installation by typing <code>rmdir app_server_install_dir/imq</code>. 2. Unzip the correct version of Message Queue from its downloaded location and run the installer.
6211610	<p>For Solaris SPARC and x86 platforms, when upgrading from Sun ONE System Application Server Platform Edition 7 Solaris 9 OS Update 3 and above (the Application Server component in the Solaris 9 Operating System), information about existing domains is lost during the upgrade.</p> <p>Solution</p> <p>Before upgrading, back up the file <code>/etc/appserver/domains.bin</code>. Once you complete the upgrade, restore the backed-up copy of the file.</p>
6283084	<p>The text in the Application Server 7.0, Update 7, Software License Agreement shows Update 6 instead of Update 7.</p>

Server Startup and Shutdown

This section describes the known startup and shutdown issues and associated solutions.

Behavior of Log Service create-console Attribute

On Microsoft Windows, when the `create-console` attribute of the `log-service` element in `server.xml` is set to `true` (the default setting), a window displaying the content of the server event log is displayed on the desktop. By design, closing this window does not result in a persistent termination of the App Server instance process. Closing the console window terminates the `appservd.exe` process, but the watchdog process (`appservd-wdog.exe`) immediately restarts the server instance process.

For developers, closing the event log window of an instance can be used as a means of quickly restarting the Application Server instance.

However, to stop the Application Server instance completely (along with the companion watchdog process), use one of the following methods:

- Administration interface—Start->Programs->Sun ONE Application Server 7->Stop Application Server

- **Command-line interface**—`asadmin stop-instance --local=true instance name`

This is the local form of the `stop-instance` command. You can also use the remote form. See the `asadmin stop-instance help` for more information.

- **Admin Console**—Select server instance, and click Stop.

Using the Admin Console, you can enable/disable the console event log window by modifying the Create Console setting under the Logging tab of the App Server instance.

ID	Summary
4725893	<p>On Solaris, License expiration information is not shown.</p> <p>Affects Solaris SPARC evaluation licenses. Warning information relating to imminent expiration of license (within 14 days or less of expiration) would not be reported through the command-line interface and browser-based interfaces. The warnings would, however, appear in the server log files.</p> <p>Solution</p> <p>Check the server log files.</p>
4738648	<p>JMS service/Sun ONE Application Server startup fails.</p> <p>If the JMS provider (Sun ONE Message Queue broker) has a large number of undelivered persistent messages, a Sun ONE Application Server initialization failure might occur due to following problems:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. As it tries to load all the pending messages, the MQ broker might run out of memory and abort. <p>Solution</p> <p>Use more Java heap space for the MQ broker process. To do this, set the <code>Start Arguments</code> attribute of the JMS service to <code>-vmargs -Xmx256m</code>.</p> <p>The procedure for setting this attribute is described in the “Using the JMS Service” chapter of the <i>Sun ONE Application Server Administrator's Guide</i>.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 2. If the MQ broker cannot complete its initialization sequence within a certain period of time, the Sun ONE Application Server times out and aborts. <p>Solution</p> <p>Increase the value of the JMS service <code>Start Timeout</code> attribute. The procedure for setting this attribute is described in the “Using the JMS Service” chapter of the <i>Sun ONE Application Server Administrator's Guide</i>.</p>

ID	Summary
4762420	<p data-bbox="318 244 1061 267">Firewall rules might cause Sun ONE Application Server startup failures.</p> <p data-bbox="318 284 1300 444">If you have a personal firewall installed, you might experience this problem. The presence of strict firewall rules on the same machine as a Sun ONE Application Server installation might cause startup failures of the Admin Server and App Server instances. Specifically, the Admin Server and App Server instances attempt to establish local connections within the Sun ONE Application Server environment. Since these connection attempts access ports using the host name of the system rather than localhost, local firewall rules might block such attempts.</p> <p data-bbox="318 461 1300 621">The local firewall might also inadvertently generate alerts saying that either the “Portal of Doom Trojan” attack (for example, TCP connection attempts on port 3700) or similar attacks have occurred when, in fact, such access attempts have been made by the Sun ONE Application Server and are in no way a security threat to your machine. Under some conditions, the port number which the Sun ONE Application Server uses for various local communications might overlap with port numbers used in known popular attacks. Some symptoms of this problem:</p> <ul data-bbox="318 638 1286 861" style="list-style-type: none"> • An attempt to start the Sun ONE Application Server using the Microsoft Windows program group item “Start Application Server” fails with this message: <pre data-bbox="358 708 1115 791">Could not start the instance: domain1:admin-server server failed to start: abnormal subprocess termination ...</pre> • The administrative and server instance log files contain connection exceptions followed by this message: CORE3186: Failed to set configuration <p data-bbox="318 878 405 900">Solution</p> <p data-bbox="318 918 1265 968">Modify the firewall policy to allow the Sun ONE Application Server to make connection attempts to ports on the local system.</p> <p data-bbox="318 986 1293 1036">To avoid inaccurate alerts concerning possible attacks, either modify the relevant rules or change the conflicting port number(s) used by the Sun ONE Application Server.</p> <p data-bbox="318 1053 1215 1104">To determine the port numbers used by the Admin Server and App Server instances, see the <code>server.xml</code> file in the following location of your Sun ONE Application Server installation:</p> <pre data-bbox="358 1121 1058 1171">domain_config_dir/domain1/admin-server/config/server.xml domain_config_dir/domain1/server1/config/server.xml</pre> <p data-bbox="318 1189 1158 1211">where <code>domain_config_dir</code> is the location of your initial server configuration. For example:</p> <p data-bbox="318 1229 768 1251">Microsoft Windows: <code>install_dir/domains/...</code></p> <p data-bbox="318 1256 1039 1279">Solaris 9 and above integrated install: <code>/var/appserver/domains/...</code></p> <p data-bbox="318 1284 1193 1307">Solaris 8, 9 and above unbundled install: <code>/var/opt/SUNWappserver7/domains/...</code></p> <p data-bbox="318 1324 1300 1430">Look for the port settings in the <code><iiop-listener></code> and <code><jms-service></code> elements. You can either change these port numbers to other unused port numbers, or you can modify your firewall policy to allow connection attempts from clients on the local machine to these port numbers on the same machine.</p>

ID	Summary
4780076	<p data-bbox="239 243 1153 291">On Solaris, the Sun ONE Application Server starts all instances as root thereby allowing non-root users to have root access.</p> <p data-bbox="239 312 1190 361">There are several issues associated with application server startup when the Sun ONE Application Server is installed as part of a Solaris installation (bundled):</p> <ul data-bbox="239 380 1215 607" style="list-style-type: none"> • All application server and administrative server instances are started automatically during Solaris system startup. In many environments, not all the instances are expected to be started automatically during Solaris system startup. Starting every defined instance can adversely impact the memory available on a system. • When application server instances and administrative server instances are started automatically, the startup script for each instance is executed as root. Execution of non-root owned instance startup scripts can enable non-root users access to the root user through modification of the instance-level startup scripts. <p data-bbox="239 626 365 649">Background</p> <p data-bbox="239 668 1219 800">During installation of the Sun ONE Application Server as part of a Solaris installation, the <code>/etc/init.d/appserv</code> script and symbolic links to the <code>S84appserv</code> and <code>K05appserv</code> scripts in the <code>/etc/rc*.d/</code> directories are installed. These scripts cause all the application server and administrative server instances defined as part of the application server installation to be started and stopped automatically during Solaris system startup and shutdown.</p> <p data-bbox="239 819 972 841">The <code>/etc/init.d/appserv</code> script contains the following section of code:</p> <pre data-bbox="239 869 719 1117">... case "\$1" in 'start') /usr/sbin/asadmin start-appserv ;; 'stop') /usr/sbin/asadmin stop-appserv ;; ... </pre> <p data-bbox="239 1137 1219 1324">Running the <code>asadmin start-appserv</code> command causes the administration server instance and all application server instances defined in all administrative domains to be started during Solaris system startup. Since the system startup and shutdown scripts are executed as root, the startup script for each application server and administrative server instance is also executed as root. The instance-level startup script is named <code>startserv</code> and is located at <code>instance-dir/bin/startserv</code>. Since instances might be owned by users other than root, the <code>startserv</code> scripts could be modified by the non-root user to execute commands as the root user.</p> <p data-bbox="239 1343 1219 1447">In cases where an instance is using a privileged network port, the instance's <code>startserv</code> script must be executed as root. However, in these cases, "run as user" is typically set in the instance's configuration to force the instance to run as the specified user after the instance has been initially started by the root user.</p>

ID	Summary
4780076 (Continued)	<p data-bbox="317 239 1330 265">Solution</p> <p data-bbox="317 282 1330 309">Perform one of the following workarounds depending on your environment:</p> <ul data-bbox="317 326 1330 647" style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="317 326 1330 404">• If your environment does not require all application server and administrative server instances to be started as root, then you should comment out execution of the <code>asadmin start-appserv</code> and <code>asadmin stop-appserv</code> commands in the <code>etc/init.d/appserv</code> script. <li data-bbox="317 421 1330 552">• If your environment requires starting either specific administrative domains (including the administrative server instance and all application server instances of each domain) or specific instances within one or more administrative domains, then you should either modify the <code>/etc/init.d/appserv</code> script to start the domains and/or instances of interest or define new <code>/etc/rc*.d/</code> scripts that suit the needs of your environment. <li data-bbox="317 569 1330 647">• Starting a specific domain. If you require to start either an administrative domain or specific instances as non-root users, then you should ensure that the <code>su</code> command with the <code>-c</code> option is used to start the domains and/or instances of interest. <p data-bbox="317 664 1330 690">Examples</p> <p data-bbox="317 708 1330 786">Starting a specific administrative domain—If you want to start the administrative server instance and all application server instances of a specific administrative domain as the root user, you can modify the <code>/etc/rc*.d/</code> scripts as follows:</p> <pre data-bbox="317 812 1330 1069">... case "\$1" in 'start') /usr/sbin/asadmin start-domain --domain production-domain ;; 'stop') /usr/sbin/asadmin stop-domain --domain production-domain ;; ... </pre>

ID	Summary
4780076 (Continued)	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• If you want to start specific application server instances as a non-root user, modify the <code>/etc/rc*.d/</code> scripts to use the <code>su</code> command with the <code>-c</code> option:<pre data-bbox="239 326 1215 760">... case "\$1" in 'start') su - usera -c "/usr/sbin/asadmin start-instance --domain test-domain instance-a" su - userb -c "/usr/sbin/asadmin start-instance --domain test-domain instance-b" ;; 'stop') su - usera -c "/usr/sbin/asadmin stop-instance --domain test-domain instance-a" su - userb -c "/usr/sbin/asadmin stop-instance --domain test-domain instance-b" ;; ... </pre> <p data-bbox="239 777 1215 829">See the <i>Sun ONE Application Server Administrator's Guide</i> for more information on the startup and shutdown commands available through the <code>asadmin</code> command line interface.</p>

Database Driver

This section describes the known database driver issues and associated solutions.

ID	Summary
4700531	<p data-bbox="318 388 836 411">On Solaris, an ORACLE JDBC driver error occurs.</p> <p data-bbox="318 428 1300 508">This new Java Database Connectivity (JDBC) driver is for Oracle (R) working with JDK1.4. The problem is caused by a combination of the Oracle 9.1 database and ojdbc14.jar. Applying the patch will fix the problem on Solaris 32-bit machine, running an Oracle 9.0.1.3 database.</p> <p data-bbox="318 526 405 548">Solution</p> <p data-bbox="318 565 1258 618">Obtain and apply the patch to your server from the Oracle Web site for Bug 2199718. Perform the following steps:</p> <ol data-bbox="318 635 1001 904" style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Go to the Oracle web site. 2. Click the 'patches' button. 3. Type 2199718 in the patch number field. 4. Click the 32-bit Solaris OS patch.Go to <code>Metalink.oracle.com</code>. 5. Click patches. 6. Under patch number, enter 2199718. 7. Click the 32 bit Solaris OS patch.
4707531	<p data-bbox="318 921 1229 973">On Solaris, accessing an Oracle 9.1 database with an Oracle 9.2 Client might cause data corruption.</p> <p data-bbox="318 991 1300 1043">If you use an Oracle (R) 9.2 client to access an Oracle 9.1 database, data corruption might occur when a number column follows a timestamp column.</p> <p data-bbox="318 1060 1300 1140">The problem might be caused by using the <code>ojdbc14.jar</code> file with an Oracle 9.1 database. Applying the patch might assist in addressing the situation on Solaris 32-bit machines, running an Oracle 9.1 database. This JDBC driver is for Oracle working with JDK1.4.</p> <p data-bbox="318 1157 405 1180">Solution</p> <p data-bbox="318 1197 1300 1249">Obtain the patch that Oracle might make available from the Oracle web site for Bug 2199718 and apply it to your server.</p>

ID	Summary
4991065	<p data-bbox="239 239 1072 265">Oracle JDBC drivers must be configured properly to be compliant with J2EE 1.3.</p> <p data-bbox="239 282 325 309">Solution</p> <p data-bbox="239 326 833 352">Use the following configuration for Type 2 and Type 4 drivers:</p> <ol data-bbox="239 369 1172 517" style="list-style-type: none"><li data-bbox="239 369 619 395">1. Use the JDBC from 9.2.0.3 or later.<li data-bbox="239 404 1172 430">2. The Oracle database needs to have <code>compatible=9.0.0.0.0</code> in its parameter (<code>init.ora</code>) file.<li data-bbox="239 447 522 473">3. Use the <code>ojdbc14.jar</code> file.<li data-bbox="239 491 1048 517">4. Configure the Sun ONE Application Server to define the following JVM property: <p data-bbox="239 534 622 560"><code>-Doracle.jdbc.J2EE13Compliant=true</code></p> <p data-bbox="239 578 1182 647">In addition, for Type-2 drivers both the <code>ORACLE_HOME</code> and <code>LD_LIBRARY_PATH</code> (which must include <code>\$ORACLE_HOME/lib</code>) need to be defined in the environment that the Sun ONE Application Server is started in. For example, add them to the <code>asenv.conf</code> file and ensure they are exported.</p>

ID	Summary
5022904	<p data-bbox="318 244 1282 295">Sun ONE Application Server has number of connections growing after idle time out with DB2 Type 2 Driver</p> <p data-bbox="318 312 1300 390">Scenario: When the DB2 database is configured with the wrong <code>datasource</code> class, Sun ONE Application Server will run out of connections in the connection pool as the connections are not closed properly.</p> <p data-bbox="318 407 406 432">Solution</p> <p data-bbox="318 449 1279 499">To avoid this problem, the DB2 Type 2 driver must be configured properly. These examples use the default DB2 client folder <code>/opt/IBM</code>.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="318 517 1300 567">1. Install a DB2 Client on the machine which hosts Sun ONE Application Server, with a database alias to the DB2 Server. <li data-bbox="318 585 1300 635">2. Modify the <code>startserv</code> script of the application server instance to set the DB2 environment. Add the following lines to the application server instance's start script: <pre data-bbox="412 652 708 814">DB2DIR=/opt/IBM/db2/V8.1 export DB2DIR DB2INSTANCE=db2tmp export DB2INSTANCE</pre> <li data-bbox="318 831 1289 855">3. Because the client is owned by a user with a password, add these values to the connection pool: <pre data-bbox="412 873 1026 1034">user: db2inst1 password: db2inst1 databaseName: sample2 dataSourceName com.ibm.db2.jcc.DB2SimpleDataSource</pre> <li data-bbox="318 1052 848 1076">4. Modify the Class Path to have the following values: <pre data-bbox="412 1093 991 1255">/opt/IBM/db2/V8.1/java/db2jcc.jar /opt/IBM/db2/V8.1/java/db2jcc_license_cu.jar /opt/IBM/db2/V8.1/java/db2jcc_license_cisuz.jar /opt/IBM/db2/V8.1/java/db2java.zip</pre>

Web Container

This section describes the known web container issues, and the associated solutions.

ID	Summary
4740477	<p>The web cache example in sun-web-app_2_3-0.dtd file provides incorrect syntax for the timeout element.</p> <p>The timeout element is specified to use in XML cache object as:</p> <pre><timeout> 60 </timeout></pre> <p>Because the name parameter is a required field, it should be written as:</p> <pre><timeout name="foo">60</timeout></pre> <p>Solution</p> <p>Do not use with verifier.</p>
4817642	<p>Allowing separate web applications to share the same session ID creates security weakness.</p> <p>Solution</p> <p>According to J2EE specification, each deployed web application maintains separate, unique session objects (session IDs). This is the default behavior of the Sun ONE Application Server. However, in some instances it may be desirable to allow separate web applications to share the same session ID. In this case, the Sun ONE Application Server allows you to specify a special deployment property in the sun-web.xml deployment descriptor to tell the application server that this particular application is allowed to reuse session IDs when going across web application modules. (The first access to a web application will generate a new unique session ID. Later requests to other web applications that have this property set will use that same session ID instead of generating a new one for this client and this web application.)</p> <p>To do this, the reuseSessionId property must be set to true for each deployed web application upon which you want to allow sharing of the same session object. For example:</p> <pre><?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?> <sun-web-app> <session-config> <cookie-properties> <property name="cookiePath" value = "/" /> <property name="cookieDomain" value = ".sun.com" /> </cookie-properties> </session-config> <property name="reuseSessionID" value="true"/> </sun-web-app></pre> <p>The property reuseSessionID is set to true in next to last line.</p> <p>CAUTION: Turning on reuseSessionId opens a potential avenue for a security weakness (though it is not a weakness in of itself). This property should not be used in a shared environment (such as an ISV) where multiple customers are allowed to run their applications on the same Sun ONE Application Server instance. In such as setting, it is much safer to use the default J2EE behavior of forcing different web applications deployed to the same server instance to use different session objects.</p>

ID	Summary
5039545	<p>Sun ONE Application Server sends absolute redirects causing problems with external SSL endpoints.</p> <p>Solution</p> <p>Add the <code>sun-web.xml</code> property <code>relativeRedirectAllowed</code>. The default is <code>false</code>. When set to <code>true</code> relative redirects are allowed instead of absolute redirects.</p>

EJB Container

This section describes the known Enterprise JavaBeans™ (EJB™) container issues and associated solutions.

ID	Summary
4735835	<p>Cannot properly handle null PKs returned from <code>ejbFind</code> methods.</p> <p>The following container-managed persistence (CMP) examples might return one or more nulls from an <code>ejbFind</code> (assumed called from <code>EmployeeEJB</code> bean, as they must return the same instance type as the bean):</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <code>1. find insurance.employee where insurance.id == 10</code> This returns null if such insurance does not have an employee associated with it. <code>2. find all insurance.employee where insurance.id > 10</code> This returns a collection that might contain nulls for those insurances that do not have an employee. <p>For the first occurrence of a null PC in the result set, the CMP client will get <code>JDOFatalInternalException "param0 cannot be null"</code>.</p> <p>The BMP client will get <code>EJBException "Null primary key returned from ejbFind method"</code> for a single object finder, and (possibly) a <code>NullPointerException</code> for a multi object finder.</p> <p>Solution</p> <p>None.</p>
4744434	<p>The Sun ONE Application Server occasionally throws Null Pointer Exception when using stateful session beans.</p> <p>The EJB container in the Sun ONE Application Server caches stateful session beans to improve performance. When the cache overflows (that is, the number of beans in the cache exceeds <code>max-cache-size</code>) the container passivates beans to the disk. Occasionally the server throws <code>NullPointerException</code>. The problem occurs when the difference between <code>max-cache-size</code> and <code>cache-resize-quantity</code> is less than 8.</p> <p>Solution</p> <p>Ensure that the difference between <code>max-cache-size</code> and <code>cache-resize-quantity</code> is greater than eight, or use an unbounded cache by setting <code>max-cache-size</code> to zero.</p>

ID	Summary
4951476, 4967645	<p>The exception <code>javax.ejb.EJBException: org/dom4j/Element</code> is thrown when using Java WSDP 1.2 or 1.3</p> <p>NOTE: If your application does not use the Java Web Services Developer Pack (Java WSDP) 1.2 or 1.3, this problem does not apply to you.</p> <p>When Java WSDP 1.2 or 1.3 is installed and configured to be used together with Sun ONE Application Server 7, a <code>javax.ejb.EJBException: org/dom4j/Element</code> could be thrown by the EJB Container.</p> <p>Solution</p> <p>Add the latest <code>dom4j-full.jar</code> to <code>server-classpath</code> in the <code>server.xml</code> file. It is available for download at http://dom4j.org and should precede the <code>appserv-jstl.jar</code> entry in <code>server-classpath</code>.</p>
4994366	<p>Error when deploying if <code>ejb-local-ref</code> is used without <code>ejb-link</code>.</p> <p>Solution</p> <p><code>ejb-local-ref</code> requires <code>ejb-link</code>. When using <code>ejb-local-ref</code>, you must specify an <code>ejb-link</code> value.</p>

Container-Managed Persistence

This section describes the known container-managed persistence (CMP) issues and associated solutions.

ID	Summary
4732684	<p>Oracle JDBC driver optimizations are not being initiated.</p> <p>To take advantage of Oracle (R) database optimizations with container-managed persistence (CMP) beans, the Oracle driver files must be specified in the <code>classpath-suffix</code> attribute of the <code>server.xml</code> file rather than placed in the instance's <code>/lib</code> directory which is the default for third-party libraries.</p> <p>Solution</p> <p>Add the Oracle driver files to the <code>classpath-suffix</code> attribute of the <code>server.xml</code> file.</p>
4734963	<p>Self-referencing CMRs cause problem during deployment.</p> <p>The parser of the EJB deployment descriptor, <code>ejb-jar.xml</code>, does not correctly handle self-referencing container-managed relationships (CMRs), that is, <code>ejb-relationship-role</code>. The One side field is skipped.</p> <p>Solution</p> <p>Switch the <code>ejb-relationship-role</code> sections so that the One side (with <code><multiplicity>Many</code>) is the first in <code>ejb-relation</code>.</p>

ID	Summary
4747222	<p data-bbox="318 244 1200 265">On Oracle, the capture-schema utility does not work if -schemaname is not specified.</p> <p data-bbox="318 284 1300 335">The capture-schema utility has the following problems if the -schemaname option is not specified when capturing database schema information from the Oracle (R) database:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="318 354 1072 374">1. If you attempt to capture all tables (that is, no tables are explicitly chosen): <pre data-bbox="318 395 1296 475">bin/capture-schema -dburl jdbc:oracle:thin:@oraserver:1521:ora -username scott -password tiger -driver oracle.jdbc.driver.OracleDriver -out test.dbschema</pre> <p data-bbox="318 496 476 517">You will receive:</p> <pre data-bbox="318 526 858 574">java.sql.SQLException ORA-00942: table or view does not exist.</pre> <p data-bbox="318 593 644 614">The resulting output file is broken.</p> <li data-bbox="318 633 926 654">2. If one or more tables are specified with the -table option: <pre data-bbox="318 675 1296 755">bin/capture-schema -dburl jdbc:oracle:thin:@oraserver:1521:ora -username scott -password tiger -driver oracle.jdbc.driver.OracleDriver -table DEPT -out test.dbschema</pre> <p data-bbox="318 774 1268 824">The resulting file has the specified tables, but no column information, which means the file can't be used for CMP mapping.</p> <p data-bbox="318 843 405 864">Solution</p> <p data-bbox="318 883 1286 933">When capturing a schema from the Oracle database, always use the -schemaname option with the user name in uppercase letters as the value:</p> <pre data-bbox="318 953 1296 1032">bin/capture-schema -dburl jdbc:oracle:thin:@oraserver:1521:ora -username scott -password tiger -driver oracle.jdbc.driver.OracleDriver -schemaname SCOTT -out test.dbschema)</pre>
4751235	<p data-bbox="318 1055 1258 1105">For capture-schema utility: If values for the -table option are not specified in uppercase on Oracle and/or PointBase, the resulting file is broken.</p> <p data-bbox="318 1124 1300 1258">Oracle (R) and PointBase internally translate case-insensitive identifiers into uppercase letters, unless the identifier are enclosed in " ". The capture-schema utility does not correctly handle table names in lowercase or mixed-case letters as arguments to the -table option when capturing a database schema from Oracle or PointBase (such as -table student or -table Student). The generated database schema file will not contain any columns information for the corresponding table.</p> <p data-bbox="318 1277 405 1298">Solution</p> <p data-bbox="318 1317 1053 1338">Use uppercase letters to specify table names (such as -table STUDENT).</p>

Message Service and Message-Driven Beans

This section describes the known Java Message Service (JMS), Sun ONE Message Queue, and message-driven beans issues, and the associated solutions.

ID	Summary
4683029	<p data-bbox="239 270 1222 322">The -javahome flag in all MQ Solaris/Microsoft Windows scripts does not work if the value has a space.</p> <p data-bbox="239 340 1222 418">The command-line utilities in Sun ONE Message Queue have a <code>-javahome</code> option that allows you to specify an alternate Java runtime. Using this option exposes a limitation where the path of the specified alternate Java runtime must not contain spaces. Examples of paths that have spaces are:</p> <ul data-bbox="239 435 611 496" style="list-style-type: none"> • Microsoft Windows: <code>C:\jdk 1.4</code> • Solaris: <code>/work/java 1.4</code> <p data-bbox="239 513 1222 704">This problem occurs at Sun ONE Application Server instance startup. When a Sun ONE Application Server instance is started, by default its corresponding Sun ONE Message Queue broker instance is also started. The broker always starts using the <code>-javahome</code> command-line option to ensure that it uses the same Java runtime used by the Sun ONE Application Server. If the Java runtime that is configured for use by the Sun ONE Application Server (and therefore passed on for use by the broker) is located at a path that contains spaces, broker startup fails, which also causes the Sun ONE Application Server instance startup to fail.</p> <p data-bbox="239 722 325 739">Solution</p> <p data-bbox="239 756 1222 808">Make sure that the Java runtime used by the Sun ONE Application Server is located at a path that does not contain spaces.</p>

Java Transaction Service (JTS)

This section describes the known Java Transaction Service (JTS) issues and associated solutions.

Recovery

There are some known problems with the recovery implementations of some of the JDBC drivers. For these known problems, Sun ONE Application Server provided some workarounds. By default, these workarounds will not be used unless you explicitly indicate that these workarounds are to be used.

- Issue with the Oracle (R) JDBC driver—Oracle XA Resource implementation's `recover` method repeatedly returns the same set of in-doubt Xids regardless of the input flag. According to the XA specs, the Transaction Manager should initially call `XAResource.recover` with `TMSTARTSCAN` and then call `XAResource.recover` with `TMNOFLAGS` repeatedly until no Xids are returned.

Oracle XA Resource's `commit` method also has some problems, which are addressed in a workaround provided by the Sun ONE Application Server. To enable this workaround, the following property should be added to the `transaction-service` subelement in the `server.xml` file: `oracle-xa-recovery-workaround`

This property value should be set to true.

- **Issue with Sybase JConnect 5.2**—There are some known problems with JConnect 5.2 driver which are resolved in JConnect 5.5. If the JConnect 5.2 driver is used, to make recovery to work, the following property should be added to the `transaction-service` subelement in the `server.xml` file:

```
sybase-xa-recovery-workaround
```

This property value should be sent to true.

Transactions

In the `server.xml` file, `res-type` is used to demarcate the connection as non-XA or XA. This demarcation is used to identify the configuration of the data source to drive data. For example, in the Datadirect driver, the same data source can be used as either XA or non-XA.

The default behavior of the data source is non-XA. To make the data source behave as XA with the `connpool` element for transactions, `res-type` is needed. For the `connpool` element to work and participate in transactions, add the following for the attributes `res-type` in the `server.xml` file:

```
res-type="javax.sql.XADataSource"
```

ID	Summary
4689337	<p>The connection from XADataSource in non-txn context cannot be used.</p> <p>This is a known database driver issue. When there is a connection in a non-txn context, with XADataSource the <code>Autocommit</code> is set to false by default.</p> <p>Solution</p> <p>Use the non-XA datasource class to call the commit/rollback programs explicitly rather than through transactions.</p>
4700241	<p>Non-zero transaction timeout setting causes slow local transactions.</p> <p>Currently, the Local Transaction Manager does not support transactions with definite timeouts. If you set the <code>timeout-in-seconds</code> attribute in <code>transaction-service</code> element to a value greater than 0, all local transactions will be processed as a global transactions, and will take longer to complete. A local transaction might also fail, if the data source driver does not support global transactions. A timeout value of 0 means that the transaction manager will wait indefinitely if it does not hear back from a participating data source.</p> <p>Solution</p> <p>Reset the <code>timeout-in-seconds</code> value to its default value of 0.</p>

Application Deployment

This section describes the known deployment issues and associated solutions.

ID	Summary
4403166	<p>On Microsoft Windows, long path names are not supported.</p> <p>Refer to “Installation, Upgrade, and Uninstallation” on page 12 for information on this problem.</p>
4703680	<p>Redeploying an EJB module (with MDB) throws a resource conflict exception.</p> <p>This occurs on Microsoft Windows 2000 using Sun ONE Studio 4 when using message-driven beans (MDBs). If an EJB module contains an MDB that utilizes a specific queue, then re-deploying the same EJB module with the same MDB (utilizing the same Queue) causes a resource conflict. This makes (modified) module un-usable.</p> <p>Solution</p> <p>None.</p>
4725147	<p>Cannot choose a particular virtual server for deployment.</p> <p>In this case, two virtual servers are configured with exactly the same host and listener. If an application is deployed only for second virtual server, it cannot be reached because combination host:port leads to the first virtual server.</p> <p>Solution</p> <p>The virtual server hostname should not be the same as the original hostname, especially when the same HTTP listener is used.</p>
4734969	<p>Can't deploy application with user's Query class in the bean package.</p> <p>Container-managed persistence (CMP) code-gen does not use the fully qualified name for the JDO Query variable in <code>concreteImpl</code>. If you have a Query class in the same package as the abstract bean, a compilation error occurs.</p> <p>Solution</p> <p>Move the Query class into another or separate package.</p>
4750461	<p>On Solaris, the Sun ONE Application Server might crash during dynamic reloading.</p> <p>For a large application (with many enterprise beans), a crash might occur during dynamic reloading of the application. The dynamic reloading feature is used, in the development environment, to quickly test minor changes to an application. The crash is caused by attempting to use more file descriptors than are available.</p> <p>Solution</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Increase the file descriptors limit by adding lines, in this format, to the <code>/etc/system</code> file. Depending on the size of the application, the values can be set higher or lower. <pre>set rlim_fd_max=8192 set rlim_fd_cur=2048</pre> 2. Reboot the system.

Verifier

This section describes the known verifier issues and associated solutions.

ID	Summary
4742545	<p>Standalone verifier shows EJB Class Not Found errors.</p> <p>The verifier indicates some failed tests with the following test description message: <code>EJB Class Not Found</code>. The test failures occur when an EJB JAR file uses an enterprise bean with a reference to another enterprise bean that is packaged in a separate EJB JAR file within the same EAR application. The failure messages are also observed if you try to validate the connector (RAR) dependent EAR files. This is because the RAR bundle need not be packaged within the EAR file that houses the enterprise bean with dependency on the RAR bundled files. The failures (exception to this are the connector-related failures) are only observed with the standalone verifier. The verifier invoked through the deployment command or the Administration interface does not show the failures.</p> <p>Solution</p> <p>Make sure that the packaging of the application EAR is correct and if you are using any utility JAR file, it is packaged within the EAR file. To resolve the referencing errors, you can shift to the verifier invoked through the deployment backend using <code>asadmin</code> or the Administration interface. For the connector-related failures, place the JAR file containing the required classes into the class path for the verifier. You can open the <code>install_root/bin/verifier[.bat]</code> file and add a <code>LOCAL_CLASSPATH</code> variable to the end of the <code>JVM_CLASSPATH</code> variable. Locally add the classes to the <code>LOCAL_CLASSPATH</code> variable, then run the verifier.</p>

Configuration

- The default value of the `env-classpath-ignored` attribute of the `java-config` element is `true`.
- Not Implemented for this release:
 - The `bytecode-preprocessors` attribute in `java-config` element in `server.xml` (It is likely that it will become available in a future performance patch.)
- Deprecated for this release:
 - `is-cache-overflow-allowed`
 - `max-wait-time-in-millis`
- Due to J2EE 1.4 architecture changes, some elements might not be supported in future releases, such as:
 - `cmt-max-runtime-exceptions` property of the `mdb-container` element

The following table describes the known Sun ONE Application Server 7 configuration issues and their solution.

ID	Summary
4742559	<p>If IPv6 is not used in your network, this problem does not apply to you.</p> <p>By default, the Sun ONE Application Server uses IPv4. This is supported by all platforms on which the Sun ONE Application Server is available. In certain platforms, IPv6 is supported. In this case, Sun ONE Application Server configuration changes are required for conformance.</p> <p>NOTE: If these configuration changes are to be made, it is essential to be absolutely sure of IPv6 support on the platforms. Server instances might not start if the IPv6-related configuration is applied to a system that has only IPv4 support.</p> <p>Solution</p> <p>Perform the following configuration changes:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none">1. Start the Admin Server.2. Start the Administration interface. (Connect to Admin Server http host/port in a browser).3. Select the App Server instance to configure for IPv6, such as server1.4. Expand the HTTP Listeners node in the tree view.5. Select the HTTP Listener to configure for IPv6, such as http-listener1.6. In the General section, change the value of the IP Address field to ANY.7. In the Advanced section, change the value of the Family field to INET6. <p>Setting the Family field to INET6 does not disable IPv4 functionality unless an IPv6 address is selected for IP address. Selecting an IP address of ANY will match any IPv4 or IPv6 address.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none">8. Click Save.9. In the left pane, select your server instance.10. Click Apply Changes.11. Click Stop.12. Click Start. This restarts the server and implements your changes.

Deployment Descriptors

This section describes the known deployment descriptor issues.

sun-cmp-mapping.xml Issues

- Not Implemented for this release:
 - `check-modified-at-commit`
 - `lock-when-modified`

sun-ejb-jar.xml Issues

- Deprecated for this release:
 - `is-cache-overflow-allowed`
 - `max-wait-time-in-millis`

Monitoring

This section describes the known monitoring issues and associated solutions.

ID	Summary
4734595	<p>Total-connections-failed-validation does not show values.</p> <p>The issue is with the inherent double pooling problem in the reference implementation (RI).</p> <p>Solution</p> <p>None.</p>
4737227	<p>FlagAsyncEnabled does not set to 1 in http-server.</p> <p>This is a known the Sun ONE Web Server issue.</p> <p>Solution</p> <p>None.</p>
4752199	<p>Monitoring bean method attribute values are not shown for <code>getPrimaryKey()</code>, <code>getEJBMetaData()</code>, <code>getHomeHandle()</code> methods.</p> <p>The monitoring tool lists methods in an enterprise bean that can be monitored. For <code>getPrimaryKey()</code>, <code>getEJBMetaData()</code>, and <code>getHomeHandle()</code>, the method level monitoring attributes always show zero.</p> <p>Solution</p> <p>None</p>

Server Administration

This section addresses the following areas:

- [Command Line Interface \(CLI\)](#)
- [Administration Infrastructure](#)
- [Administration Interface](#)

Command Line Interface (CLI)

This section describes the known command-line interface issues and associated solutions.

ID	Summary
4676889	<p>CLI command overflows in single-mode if the command is more than 256 characters long.</p> <p>On UNIX(R), when executing a CLI command in single-mode that contains more than 256 characters, the command fails with this error: ...Command Not Found...</p> <p>This is a terminal restriction, not a CLI restriction.</p> <p>Example:</p> <pre>create-jdbc-connection-pool --instance server4 --datasourceuser admin --datasourcepassword adminadmin --datasourceclassname test --datasourceurl test --minpoolsize=8 --maxpoolsize=32 --maxwait=60000 --poolresize=2 --idletimeout=300 --connectionvalidate=false --validationmethod=auto-commit --failconnection=false --description test sample_connectionpoolid)</pre> <p>Solution</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none">1. For commands that require more than 256 characters, use CLI multi-mode.2. If you must use single-mode, run the command using OpenWin cmdtool.

ID	Summary
4680409	<p data-bbox="318 244 1275 293">After configuring an instance to use SSL, the administrator cannot access the Admin Server from either the CLI or browser clients.</p> <p data-bbox="318 314 405 335">Solution</p> <p data-bbox="318 355 1299 456">Import the Sun ONE Application Server certificate into each client that is to use SSL to access the Admin Server, and indicate that servers with such a certificate are to be trusted. How to do this on a browser is browser-specific; consult your browser's online help to see how to import a certificate to be trusted.</p> <p data-bbox="318 477 1299 526">For the CLI, if the server's certificate is in some <code>servercert.cer</code> file, and the installation directory is <code>/INSTALL</code>, the command is:</p> <pre data-bbox="318 546 1140 595">keytool -import -file servercert.cer -alias server -keystore /INSTALL/jdk/jre/lib/security/cacerts</pre> <p data-bbox="318 616 1299 664">NOTE: To avoid this problem in the future, ensure that the Admin Server certificate is installed in both the server <i>and</i> the client(s) before configuring the Admin Server to use SSL.</p>
4688386	<p data-bbox="318 687 1279 736">Using the asterisk (*) character in single-mode CLI command results in unexpected behavior and/or error messages.</p> <p data-bbox="318 756 1299 857">The asterisk character is being expanded by the underlying shell into a list of names, and it is this list of names that is being seen by the command-line interface (CLI) command. Putting quote marks around the asterisk prevents the shell from expanding the asterisk, and thus the CLI gets to see the asterisk itself.</p> <p data-bbox="318 878 405 899">Solution</p> <p data-bbox="318 920 1029 940">Use quote characters (either single or double quotes) around the asterisk.</p>
4701361	<p data-bbox="318 963 1228 984">Repeated changes applied to any instance eventually results in an out of memory error.</p> <p data-bbox="318 1005 1270 1081">The Admin Server keeps a record of all changes performed to the system, which requires memory. This change record (but not the changes themselves) is discarded during a reconfiguration, thus releasing the memory for use.</p> <p data-bbox="318 1102 405 1123">Solution</p> <p data-bbox="318 1144 1093 1164">Use the <code>asadmin reconfig</code> command periodically to discard old change records.</p>
4704328	<p data-bbox="318 1187 1063 1208">Cleanup does not happen when a call to create a duplicate domain fails.</p> <p data-bbox="318 1229 1299 1305">When a domain that already exists is created, an appropriate error message is generated. However, a directory specified by the <code>-path</code> option in the <code>create-domain</code> command is created if it did not exist earlier. This should be removed since the command failed.</p> <p data-bbox="318 1326 405 1347">Solution</p> <p data-bbox="318 1367 1305 1388">Remove any additional empty directory specified that might be created after the <code>-path</code> option is used.</p>

ID	Summary
4708813	<p data-bbox="239 244 999 269">Cannot monitor the default (pointbase) connection-pool JDBC resources.</p> <p data-bbox="239 284 1210 335">The JDBC connection pools are created dynamically on demand, which means that a pool is created the first time it is used. If the pool has not been created (not used), monitoring is not possible.</p> <p data-bbox="239 352 325 373">Solution</p> <p data-bbox="239 392 771 416">Create the desired connection pool to allow monitoring.</p>
4722007	<p data-bbox="239 439 1028 463">Monitoring: Execution times of less than 1 millisecond cannot be measured.</p> <p data-bbox="239 479 1203 529">When an entity bean method is monitored, the <code>execution-time-millis</code> attribute shows -1. For example, when running the command:</p> <pre data-bbox="239 546 1210 630">iasadmin>get -m server1.application.usecaselapp.ejb-module.UseCase1Ejb_jar.entity-bean. BeanOne.bean-method.method_create0.*</pre> <p data-bbox="239 647 596 671">The following attributes are returned:</p> <pre data-bbox="239 689 1129 920">Attribute name = total-num-errors Value = 0 Attribute name = method-name Value = public abstract com.ipplanet.ias.perf.jts.UseCase1.ejb.BeanOneRemote com.ipplanet.ias.perf.jts.UseCase1.ejb.BeanOneHome.create() throws javax.ejb.CreateException, java.rmi.RemoteException Attribute name = total-num-calls Value = 0 Attribute name = total-num-success Value = 0 Attribute name = execution-time-millis Value = -1</pre> <p data-bbox="239 937 1216 1041">Before monitoring is started, the default value for <code>execution-time-millis</code> is set to -1 to indicate that the value for that attribute is invalid at that moment. A default value of 0 would give a false impression that the execution time has been measured, and that it has turned out to be a very small value.</p> <p data-bbox="239 1058 325 1079">Solution</p> <p data-bbox="239 1098 297 1123">None.</p>
4733109	<p data-bbox="239 1145 1206 1196">Verifier error reported in Administration interface when viewing Persistence Manager Factory resource created from command-line interface.</p> <p data-bbox="239 1213 1220 1263">When a Persistence Manager Factory resource is viewed in the Administration interface, the following error is reported for the resource when it is created from the command-line interface:</p> <pre data-bbox="284 1281 1206 1305">ArgChecker Failure: Validation failed for jndiName: object must be non-null</pre> <p data-bbox="239 1322 325 1343">Solution</p> <p data-bbox="239 1362 297 1387">None.</p>

ID	Summary
4742993	<p data-bbox="318 244 1258 293">On Solaris, the flexanlg command causes open failure when used on Sun ONE Application Server that is integrated into Solaris.</p> <p data-bbox="318 314 1293 362">If you are running a version that is integrated into the Solaris operating environment, and you use the flexanlg command from /usr/appserver/bin, an open failure error is displayed.</p> <pre data-bbox="318 383 1293 456">ld.so.1: /usr/appserver/bin/flexanlg: fatal: libplc4.so: open failed: No such file or directory Killed</pre> <p data-bbox="318 477 405 498">Solution</p> <p data-bbox="318 519 534 539">Complete these steps.</p> <ol data-bbox="318 560 851 581" style="list-style-type: none">1. Add the following entry to LD_LIBRARY_PATH file: <pre data-bbox="318 602 468 623">usr/lib/mps</pre> <ol data-bbox="318 644 704 664" style="list-style-type: none">2. Then run the flexanlg command. <pre data-bbox="318 685 715 706">% /usr/appserver/bin/flexanlg</pre>
4750518	<p data-bbox="318 730 962 751">Some CLI commands do not work on the target Admin Server.</p> <p data-bbox="318 772 1260 848">The create, delete, or list commands do not work in the CLI on the target Admin Server for creating/deleting/listing new elements (such as SSL, mime, profiler, resources, and so on) in the server.xml file of the Admin Server.</p> <p data-bbox="318 869 405 890">Solution</p> <p data-bbox="318 911 1169 932">Use the Administration interface to create, delete, and list elements in the Admin Server.</p>

Administration Infrastructure

This section describes the known administration infrastructure issues and associated solutions.

ID	Summary
4676888	<p>On Microsoft Windows 2000, cannot create JVM when JVM heap size is set to a large value.</p> <p>If you try to set a larger JVM heap size on Windows 2000, you might get the following error message:</p> <pre>Error occurred during initialization of VM, Could not reserve enough space for object heap Internal error: unable to create JVM</pre> <p>Solution</p> <p>To configure the Sun ONE Application Server with a larger JAVA heap size on Windows 2000, it is necessary to rebase the Sun ONE Application Server DLLs.</p> <p>The Rebase utility, which comes both with Microsoft Framework SDK and Microsoft Visual Studio, allows you to set optimal base addresses for a number of DLLs starting from some address and thereby increasing JVM heap availability. The SDK Help Rebase topic recommends using address 0x60000000. For more details on rebase utility:</p> <p>http://msdn.microsoft.com/library/default.asp?url=/library/en-us/tools/tools/performance_tools.asp</p> <p>Requirements:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Window 2000 system with 2-4 GB memory • Visual Studio/Microsoft Framework SDK Rebase utility <p>To apply rebase to S1AS dynamic libraries do the following:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. cd into <i>install_dir</i>\bin 2. rebase -b 0x6000000 *.dll 3. cd ..\lib 4. rebase -b 0x6600000 *.dll
4686003	<p>HTTP Quality of Service limits are not enforced.</p> <p>Quality of Service (QOS) includes a means of specifying the maximum number of HTTP connections and the bandwidth limit. When these attributes are exceeded, a 503 error should be returned to the client. However, after enabling QOS through the Administration interface, the server does not enforce the QOS limits.</p> <p>Solution</p> <p>To fully enable QOS features, you must manually add an AuthTrans fn=qos-handler line to the top of the default object in the <i>obj.conf</i> file of the virtual server. The qos-handler Server Application Function (SAF) and <i>obj.conf</i> configuration file are described in the <i>Developer's Guide to NSAPI</i>.</p>

ID	Summary
4692673	<p data-bbox="318 244 1246 295">Restarting an instance in debug mode seems to fail if the instance is originally running in non-debug mode.</p> <p data-bbox="318 314 1300 418">If an instance is started without checking/selecting the 'Start/Restart in debug mode' check box, subsequent settings of this check box do not work. In the Administration interface, the Debug Enabled check box appears unchecked, even though it has been checked. The <code>server.xml</code> file also shows <code>debug-enabled=false</code>.</p> <p data-bbox="318 435 406 460">Solution</p> <p data-bbox="318 479 375 503">None.</p>
4699450	<p data-bbox="318 522 1236 572">On Microsoft Windows 2000, deployment fails for EAR files if total length of the path to a generated file during deployment exceeds 260 characters.</p> <p data-bbox="318 591 1300 668">On the Windows 2000 platform, the Java Virtual Machine (JVM) is limited to 260 characters for path names to generated files. This is a problem with Microsoft Windows support in the JVM, and is likely to be fixed in the J2SE 1.5 release.</p> <p data-bbox="318 687 406 711">Solution</p> <p data-bbox="318 730 1296 755">When deploying an application, use a path and file name that are less than 260 characters combined.</p>
4723776	<p data-bbox="318 774 1175 796">On Solaris, server fails to restart when converting to an SSL-enabled environment.</p> <p data-bbox="318 815 1282 944">If you attempt to restart the Sun ONE Application Server after installing a certificate and enabling security, the restart fails. A message is displayed indicating that the server failed to receive a password. A second click of the Start button starts the server. When SSL is not enabled, passwords are not cached which results in the failure of restart. The restart command does not support the transition from non-SSL to SSL enabled mode.</p> <p data-bbox="318 963 1282 987">NOTE: This problem only occurs the first time the server is restarted. Subsequent restarts work fine.</p> <p data-bbox="318 1006 406 1031">Solution</p> <p data-bbox="318 1050 682 1074">If you have encountered this problem:</p> <p data-bbox="337 1091 442 1116">Click Start.</p> <p data-bbox="318 1135 1163 1159">To avoid this problem, perform the following steps instead of clicking the Restart button.</p> <p data-bbox="337 1178 442 1203">Click Stop.</p> <p data-bbox="337 1204 442 1229">Click Start.</p>
4724780	<p data-bbox="318 1248 1043 1272">Cannot start Admin Server if the domain is created in another system.</p> <ul data-bbox="368 1291 1300 1489" style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="368 1291 1300 1385">• If the domain is created on a PCNFS mounted drive, the Admin Server and any instances within such domains cannot be started due to a known Microsoft issue involving PCNFS drives. <li data-bbox="368 1404 1300 1489">• If the domain is created in the same local drive as the product installation but in a different directory path, the instances and the Admin Server work as expected, and are fully operational. <p data-bbox="318 1508 406 1532">Solution</p> <p data-bbox="318 1551 375 1576">None.</p>

ID	Summary
4734184	<p data-bbox="239 243 911 269">On Microsoft Windows 2000, the console is sometimes disabled.</p> <p data-bbox="239 282 1192 361">Sometimes (rarely) the Admin Server or App Server instance hangs during deployment or when commands are run. This can happen when some of the text from the console log is selected. If you deselect the text on the console log, the process continues.</p> <p data-bbox="239 378 325 404">Solution</p> <p data-bbox="239 418 1202 496">Disable automatic creation of the console for server1 instance by setting <code>log-service create-console</code> attribute to false. Clicking the mouse or pressing Enter on the console log might also solve this problem.</p>
4736554	<p data-bbox="239 517 1132 572">After a secure HTTP listener has been removed from a server, the administrator is still prompted for the (no longer needed) password.</p> <p data-bbox="239 586 325 612">Solution</p> <p data-bbox="239 626 701 652">Remove the entire server and then add it again.</p> <p data-bbox="239 666 1220 722">NOTE: To avoid the problem in the future—Before removing the <code>httplistener</code>, disable security using the following command:</p> <pre data-bbox="239 736 1159 909">/export2/build/bin/> asadmin set --user admin --password adminadmin server1.http-listener.http-listener-1.securityEnabled=false Attribute securityEnabled set to false. /export2/build/bin/> asadmin delete-http-listener --user admin --password adminadmin ls2 Deleted Http listener with id = ls2</pre>
4737756	<p data-bbox="239 930 978 956">On Microsoft Windows 2000, corrupt messages display on the console.</p> <p data-bbox="239 970 1199 1025">On Windows 2000, for a non-English locale (such as Japanese) you might see corrupted messages displayed on the console.</p> <p data-bbox="239 1043 325 1069">Solution</p> <p data-bbox="239 1083 729 1109">Use the Admin interface to view the log messages.</p>

ID	Summary
4739831	<p data-bbox="318 244 1182 269">A partially-deleted instance causes incorrect responses from some CLI commands.</p> <p data-bbox="318 284 1248 336">If a server instance is partially deleted, the following problems are known to occur with some CLI commands (solutions are provided with each problem description):</p> <ol data-bbox="318 352 1300 404" style="list-style-type: none">1. The <code>create-instance</code> command in local mode reports that the instance exists even if there are no sub-directories under the instance folder. <p data-bbox="318 420 405 444">Solution</p> <p data-bbox="318 460 1222 484">Manually remove the leftover instance directory, then run the <code>create-instance</code> command.</p> <ol data-bbox="318 499 1300 552" style="list-style-type: none">2. The <code>list-instances</code> command in local mode includes the partially-deleted instance name and status. <p data-bbox="318 567 405 591">Solution</p> <p data-bbox="318 607 1209 631">Manually remove the leftover instance directory, then run the <code>list-instances</code> command.</p> <ol data-bbox="318 647 1272 699" style="list-style-type: none">3. On Microsoft Windows 2000, the <code>start-instance</code> command in remote mode displays a null string. <p data-bbox="318 715 405 739">Solution</p> <p data-bbox="318 755 1129 807">Manually remove the leftover instance directory, create a new instance, then run the <code>start-instance</code> command.</p> <ol data-bbox="318 822 1282 909" style="list-style-type: none">4. On Microsoft Windows 2000, the <code>stop-instance</code> command in both local and remote modes reports incorrect exceptions. In local mode, the command displays an incorrect message stating that the instance is not running. In remote mode, the command displays a null string. <p data-bbox="318 925 1286 1003">On Solaris, the <code>stop-instance</code> command in local mode incorrectly reports that the user does not have permission to access the instance's <code>config</code> directory although the <code>config</code> directory does not exist.</p> <p data-bbox="318 1019 405 1043">Solution</p> <p data-bbox="318 1058 781 1083">Manually remove the leftover instance directory.</p>
4739891	<p data-bbox="318 1105 1296 1157">Deletion of a virtual server fails if the default web module referred to by the virtual server does not exist or has been undeployed.</p> <p data-bbox="318 1173 405 1197">Solution</p> <p data-bbox="318 1213 1300 1265">Set the Default Web Module of the virtual server to None Selected, click OK to save the changes, then delete the virtual server.</p>

ID	Summary
4740022	<p>SNMP: END OF MIB is returned when adding and starting a new instance server.</p> <p>If you add and start a new instance without shutting down the instance server and subagent, an <code>END OF MIB</code> message is returned.</p> <p>Solution</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none">1. To view a new instance, make sure the subagent and all the instance server processes are shut down. Under each server ->Monitoring -> "Enable SNMP Statistics Collection: on", apply the change, then restart each instance server, and start only one subagent process again.2. If the subagent is already running, don't start any extra subagent processes in any instance. There can only be one master agent and one subagent for a Sun ONE Application Server installation (common for all domains/instances).
4737138	<p>License expired message does not appear at Microsoft Windows Services or at the DOS prompt.</p> <p>When starting servers from Windows Services or from the DOS prompt command (<code>startserv.bat</code>) after license expiration, appropriate license expiration messages are not shown</p> <p>Solution</p> <p>Start servers from CLI (<code>asadmin</code>) or from Sun program icon</p>
4780488	<p>Existence of multiple <code>obj.conf</code> files causes confusion.</p> <p>Upon creation of a new Sun ONE Application Server instance, the <i>instance-dir/config/</i> directory will contain two <code>obj.conf</code> files, one named <code>obj.conf</code> and the other named <i>virtual-server-name-obj.conf</i>, where <i>virtual-server-name</i> is the same value as the instance name for the virtual server that is created automatically during instance creation. The documentation refers to "modification of the <code>obj.conf</code> file" when it should refer to "modification of the <code>obj.conf</code> file associated with the virtual server of interest."</p> <p>When the Sun ONE Application Server is installed, the <code>obj.conf</code> and <code>server1-obj.conf</code> files exist under the <code>/domains/domain1/server1/config/</code> directory. The content in the file named <code>obj.conf</code> is overridden by the content of the <code>server1-obj.conf</code> file specified at the virtual server level. In effect, the file named <code>obj.conf</code> is not used by the Sun ONE Application Server instance.</p> <p>For example, if you modified the file named <code>obj.conf</code> while configuring the Sun ONE Application Server web server plug-in, your pass through settings will not take effect because the wrong <code>obj.conf</code> file has been modified.</p> <p>Solution</p> <p>If and when you need to modify the <code>obj.conf</code> file for an instance, modify the file prefixed with the virtual server name of interest.</p>

ID	Summary
4938319	<p data-bbox="318 244 972 265">Errors when using SSL and web server (reverse proxy) plug-in.</p> <p data-bbox="318 284 905 305">502 errors occur when using SSL and the web server plug-in</p> <p data-bbox="318 324 405 347">Solution</p> <p data-bbox="318 366 1300 496">Set the <code>keepAliveTimeout</code> value to the same value in both the Sun ONE Web Server <code>magnus.conf</code> file and the Sun ONE Application Server's <code>init.conf</code> file. If these values are different the connection may be closed when the Application Server connects to the Web Server or the Web Server connects to the Application Server. If the connection is already closed, you see a 502 error.</p>
6092475	<p data-bbox="318 519 1262 597">When running the web server (reverse proxy) plug-in with Sun ONE Web Server 6.1 on Intel-based hardware (such as Solaris x86, Linux, or Microsoft Windows) the Sun ONE Web Server may experience crashes and restarts under heavy loads.</p> <p data-bbox="318 616 405 638">Solution</p> <p data-bbox="318 657 1300 706">To correct this problem, make the following configuration change to the <code>magnus.conf</code> file and restart the web server instance:</p> <pre data-bbox="318 725 486 788">KernelThreads 1 RqThrottle 1</pre> <p data-bbox="318 807 1236 855">These changes cause Sun ONE Web Server 6.1 to use native OS threads on the Intel platform hardware, rather than creating NSCP threads, which do not scale well on Intel based hardware.</p> <p data-bbox="318 874 1186 895">These settings are not needed for other hardware platforms, such as Sun Solaris SPARC.</p>
6157476	<p data-bbox="318 918 1248 966">On UNIX platforms, users in the same group as the “sysuser” of the Sun ONE Application Server’s domain and instances do not have write access to deployed applications.</p> <p data-bbox="318 986 405 1008">Solution</p> <p data-bbox="318 1027 534 1048">To avoid this problem:</p> <ol data-bbox="318 1067 1300 1295" style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="318 1067 776 1088">1. Create the domain with the <code>-sysuser</code> option. <li data-bbox="318 1107 1300 1185">2. As the system user, change the user mask to 2 by running <code>umask 2</code> at the command prompt. This change turns on the group write permissions for all files created by the Sun ONE Application Server. <li data-bbox="318 1204 605 1225">3. Restart the Admin Server. <li data-bbox="318 1244 1300 1295">4. Grant group write permissions to the server instance's applications directory by executing <code>chmod -R 775 applications</code> in the instance directory. <p data-bbox="318 1314 1286 1362">Files of deployed applications will now have group write permissions. For additional background and more information, see Info Doc 77800.</p>

Administration Interface

When using Administration interface, make sure that the browser is configured to check for newer versions of pages from the server, instead of picking these from cache. Generally, default browser settings would not cause problems.

- On Internet Explorer, make sure that Tools->Settings...->Check for newer versions of stored pages: is not set to 'Never'.
- On Netscape, make sure that Edit->Preferences...->Advanced->Cache->Compare the page in the cache to the page on the network: is not set to 'Never'.

This section describes the known Sun ONE Application Server 7 administration graphical user interface issues, and the associated solutions.

ID	Summary
4722607	<p data-bbox="239 677 1225 730">On Microsoft Windows 2000, cannot edit or remove entries within a newly created mime file that omits the .types extension.</p> <p data-bbox="239 746 1225 800">On Windows 2000, the MIME file must have the .types extension following the file name in order for modifications to entries in the file. For example, mime2.types and not mime2</p> <p data-bbox="239 815 328 840">Solution</p> <p data-bbox="239 855 735 881">Use the .types extension for any mime file name.</p>

ID	Summary
4725473	<p data-bbox="318 244 1265 267">External certificate nickname doesn't display on the Administration interface Nickname list.</p> <p data-bbox="318 284 1293 388">When you install an external certificate through the Sun ONE Application Server Administration interface, a problem is encountered when you attempt to enable SSL for the http-listener by using the certificate that is installed on the external cryptographic module. Although the installation of the certificate is successful, the certificate nickname does not display in the Administration interface.</p> <p data-bbox="318 406 405 428">Solution</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="318 446 1190 498">1. Log in to the system where the Sun ONE Application Server software is installed as an Administrative User. <li data-bbox="318 515 1293 593">2. Link the http-listener to the certificate installed on the external cryptographic module. Execute the <code>asadmin</code> command. For more information on the <code>asadmin</code> command, see the <code>asadmin(1M)</code> man page. <pre data-bbox="318 611 879 880">/sun/appserver7/bin/asadmin create-ssl --user admin --password <i>password</i> --host <i>host_name</i> --port 8888 --type http-listener --certname nobody@apprealm:Server-Cert --instance server1 --ssl3enabled=true --ssl3tlsciphers +rsa_rc4_128_md5 http-listener-1</pre> <p data-bbox="318 897 1300 975">This command establishes the link between the certificate and the server instance; it does not install the certificate (which was done using the Administration interface). Even though the certificate is linked with http-listener, the http-listener will be listening in non-SSL mode.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="318 992 1153 1015">3. Enable the http-listener to listen in SSL mode by using the following CLI command. <pre data-bbox="318 1032 1153 1194">/sun/appserver7/bin/asadmin set --user admin --password <i>password</i> --host <i>host_name</i> --port 8888 server1.http-listener.http-listener-1.securityEnabled=true</pre> <p data-bbox="318 1211 1099 1234">This command switches the server instance listening state from non-SSL to SSL.</p> <p data-bbox="318 1251 1233 1274">After completing the preceding steps, the certificate is displayed in the Administration interface.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="318 1291 1129 1314">4. You can now use the Administration interface to edit the http-listener as needed.

ID	Summary
4728718	<p>When creating a new virtual server and a value is given for the location of the log file, a File Not Found" error is reported.</p> <p>In the Administration interface, the log file field cannot be used to add any values.</p> <p>Solution</p> <p>Delete the virtual server just created, create the needed file, then recreate the virtual server.</p> <p>NOTE: To avoid the problem in the future—Always create the log file first, before attempting to create the new virtual server.</p>
4741123	<p>On Solaris 9 update 2, default browser is incompatible with Sun ONE Application Server 7.</p> <p>When you attempt to use the Sun ONE Application Server Administrative interface with the Solaris 9 4/03 operating environment default browser, the following error message is displayed:</p> <p>Unsupported Browser: Netscape 4.78.</p> <p>It is recommended that you upgrade your browser to Netscape 4.79 or Netscape 6.2 to run the Sun ONE Application Server UI. Those who choose not to continue and not upgrade might notice degraded performance and/or unexpected behavior.</p> <p>NOTE: If you are running the version of the Sun ONE Application Server Administration interface that is included in the Solaris 9 4/03 operating environment, you will need to use Netscape 4.79 or Netscape 7.0.</p> <p>Solution</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• For Sun ONE Application Server 7 standalone, upgrade to Netscape 4.79 or Netscape 6.2— Use <code>/usr/dt/bin/netscape6</code> instead of <code>/usr/dt/bin/netscape</code>.• For Sun ONE Application Server 7 bundled with Solaris, upgrade to Netscape 4.79 or Netscape 7—Use <code>/usr/dt/appconfig/SUNWns/netscape</code> instead of <code>/usr/dt/bin/netscape</code>.
4750616	<p>Access Control List (ACL) editing is not supported on some versions of Netscape Navigator.</p> <p>If you attempt to edit ACL entries while using either Netscape Navigator, versions 6.x or 7.x, you might encounter intermittent problems, such as the browser disappearing or the ACL edit screen never displays.</p> <p>Solution</p> <p>Choose one of the following workarounds.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Use the supported 4.79 version of Netscape Navigator.• Manually edit the ACL file. For details on ACL file formatting, see the <i>Sun ONE Application Server Administrator's Guide</i>.

ID	Summary
4752055	<p data-bbox="318 244 1042 265">Netscape 4.8 produces warning message on Administration interface.</p> <p data-bbox="318 282 1300 388">When using Netscape 4.8 to access the Administration interface, a warning appears indicating Netscape 4.8 is an unsupported browser. Although no issues have been identified when using Netscape 4.8 to run the Administration interface, more thorough testing needs to be completed on this version of the Netscape browser.</p> <p data-bbox="318 406 405 427">Solution</p> <p data-bbox="318 444 1305 510">Select the Continue hyperlink from the warning message to continue using the Administration interface. Use Netscape 4.79, or upgrade to Netscape 6.2.</p>
4760714	<p data-bbox="318 532 968 553">An invalid Help button appears in the Install Certificate screen.</p> <p data-bbox="318 571 1300 677">In the Install Certificate screen, which displays all the certificate information entered, an invalid Help button is present in the Administration interface. If you click this button, an error message is displayed indicating the help page was not found. Context-sensitive help is only available by clicking the Help link on the top frame of any page.</p> <p data-bbox="318 694 405 715">Solution</p> <p data-bbox="318 732 896 753">Click the Help link in the top pane for context-sensitive help.</p>
4760939	<p data-bbox="318 775 1300 828">SSL: A self-signed certificate generated by certutil is not displayed on the Certificate Nickname list.</p> <p data-bbox="318 845 1300 897">A self-signed certificate is generated by the <code>certutil</code> and Certificate Nickname is not displayed on the Administration interface.</p> <p data-bbox="318 914 405 935">Solution</p> <p data-bbox="318 953 1068 973">To use a self-signed certificate, you must manually edit the <code>server.xml</code> file.</p>
4848146	<p data-bbox="318 996 1222 1017">Error occurs accessing the Administration interface if the browser uses a proxy server.</p> <p data-bbox="318 1034 1290 1086">If your browser is set to use a proxy server and the proxy server is not configured to ignore localhost, an error occurs when you choose Start Admin Console from the Start menu.</p> <p data-bbox="318 1104 405 1124">Solution</p> <p data-bbox="318 1142 559 1163">Disable the proxy server.</p> <p data-bbox="318 1180 351 1201">OR</p> <p data-bbox="318 1218 1029 1239">Include localhost in the list of domains to be ignored by their proxy server.</p>
4957860	<p data-bbox="318 1262 1105 1282">On Red Hat Enterprise Linux you get the message: Failed to add MIME type.</p> <p data-bbox="318 1300 1276 1352">When you attempt to add a MIME type to a MIME types file through the Administration interface, an error appears to prevent accessing the Global MIME Types page.</p> <p data-bbox="318 1369 405 1390">Solution</p> <p data-bbox="318 1407 1222 1459">This problem happens because the default locale is set to <code>en_US.UTF-8</code> instead of <code>en_US</code>. The workaround is to set <code>export LANG=en_US</code>, then restart the Admin Server.</p>

ID	Summary
5011969	<p>On Solaris x86, HTTP listener and IIOP listener pages in the Administration interface give errors.</p> <p>Solution</p> <p>The problem is caused by certain versions of <code>jss3.jar</code>. Two workarounds exist:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. For patch levels 115924-03, 115925-03, 115926-03, 115927-03, upgrade the SUNWjss package with a later version. 2. Remove the path to <code>jss3.jar</code> from the server's classpath. To remove it, open <code>server.xml</code> for editing. Remove <code>usr/share/lib/mps/secv1/jss3.jar</code> from the classpath. This is the first entry in the classpath unless you have explicitly modified it. Save <code>server.xml</code> and run <code>asadmin reconfig</code>. Before starting your server instance, you also need to rename <code>jss3.jar</code>.

Sun ONE Studio 4 Plug-in

This section describes the known Sun ONE Studio 4, Enterprise Edition (formerly known as Forte for Java) issues and associated solutions.

ID	Summary
4689097	<p>Error occurs when spaces are specified in directories to be used by Sun ONE Studio 4.</p> <p>Sun ONE Studio 4 does not install correctly if a space is used in the directory structure. The installer checks for spaces in the install path, and, if found, displays an error dialog.</p> <p>Solution</p> <p>Do not use a space when specifying the install directory for the Sun ONE Studio 4 component of Sun ONE Application Server.</p>
4720145	<p>ConnectionException was thrown while establishing a connection to the debugger.</p> <p>Sun ONE Studio 4 prompts many times asking if you want to create a new debugging session and then throws the exception.</p> <p>Solution</p> <p>Restart the IDE.</p>
4727932	<p>Using MAD environment in FFJ causes side effects.</p> <p>Intermittent side effects occur when using MAD configurations with Sun ONE Studio 4.</p> <p>Solution</p> <p>Don't use Sun ONE Studio 4 with MAD configurations.</p>

ID	Summary
4725779	<p data-bbox="318 244 1118 265">Pre-configured Sun ONE specific property values do not appear in the editor.</p> <p data-bbox="318 284 1276 361">If you have a RAR file that has been configured for deployment to the Sun ONE Application Server, and try to look at the property values in the property sheet, you will see the default values, not the values specified in the <code>sun-ra.xml</code> file.</p> <p data-bbox="318 380 405 401">Solution</p> <p data-bbox="318 420 1243 470">Extract the Sun-specific descriptor XML file from the RAR and put it in the same directory as the RAR. This allows you to edit the <code>slas</code> descriptors.</p> <p data-bbox="318 489 1293 539">NOTE: The original contents of the RAR file will not be changed as a result of user edits this way, but the RAR file sent to the server will have the updated XML file in it.</p>
4733794	<p data-bbox="318 560 1001 581">EJB name changes applied at Application node are undeployable.</p> <p data-bbox="318 600 1299 706">It is possible to change the <code>ejb-name</code> element of a bean in the context of an application by using the dialog presented when you select the View EJB Names item of an application node's contextual menu (right click menu). These changes are applied to the <code>alt-dd</code> that is created as part of the packaging. The name change is not propagated to the Sun ONE Application Server <code>alt-dd</code>.</p> <p data-bbox="318 725 405 746">Solution</p> <p data-bbox="318 765 376 786">None.</p>

ID	Summary
4745283	<p data-bbox="239 239 839 270">If only Admin Client is installed, App Client cannot be run.</p> <p data-bbox="239 279 1249 336">If only Admin Client or Sun ONE Studio Plug-in is installed, you cannot run an App Client application. App Client is a separate package from Admin Client.</p> <p data-bbox="239 348 328 380">Solution</p> <p data-bbox="239 392 1249 473">Install the App Client package. Get either a full installation (appclient script is under <i>SUNONE_INSTALL_ROOT/bin</i>), or get the appclient package from a remote machine where the Sun ONE Application Server installed.</p> <p data-bbox="239 486 525 517">To get appclient package:</p> <ol data-bbox="239 529 1249 855" style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="239 529 1249 560">1. Run <i>SUNONE_INSTALL_ROOT/bin/package-appclient[.bat]</i> <li data-bbox="239 569 1249 626">This generates appclient.jar file in <i>SUNONE_INSTALL_ROOT/lib/appclient/appclient.jar</i> <li data-bbox="239 638 1249 720">2. Distribute the appclient.jar to the remote machine that does not have the Sun ONE Application Server installed, then unjar appclient.jar. You should get an appclient directory containing all App Client libraries and JAR files. <li data-bbox="239 732 1249 814">3. Modify the bin/appclient script that is packed in the appclient.jar file before first use. The %CONFIG_HOME% string should be substituted by the real path to asenv.conf (or asenv.bat for Windows 2000.) <li data-bbox="239 826 1249 855">4. Configure asenv.conf (asenv.bat for Microsoft Windows) as follows: <pre data-bbox="239 868 1042 1006"> %AS_INSTALL%=APPCLIENT_INSTALLED_ROOT %AS_JAVA%=Your_Installed_Java_Home %AS_IMQ_LIB%=APPCLIENT_INSTALLED_ROOT/imq/lib %AS_ACC_CONFIG%=APPCLIENT_INSTALLED_ROOT/config/sun-acc.xml %AS_WEBSERVICES_LIB%=APPCLIENT_INSTALLED_ROOT/lib </pre> <p data-bbox="239 1019 1249 1100">NOTE: The appclient.jar file is only intended to be run from a remote machine that has the same operating system as the machine where it was created. For example, appclient.jar created on a Solaris platform will not function on Windows 2000.</p> <p data-bbox="239 1112 768 1144">For details, see the package-appclient manpage.</p>

Sample Applications

- The sample applications source is set up with an ANT directory structure and applications are not Sun Java Studio-oriented. For this reason, you do not see icons for EJB modules, and so on. Only source files can be seen if a sample's `src` folder is mounted.
- Although Sun Java Studio is ANT enabled, it cannot deploy the sample applications using an ANT target. In other words, running the `ANT target = all` command does not produce the same result as running an `ant all` command from the shell.
- Existing ANT-styled applications can be successfully compiled using Sun Java Studio (ANT through Sun Java Studio).

This section describes known Sun ONE Application Server 7 sample application issues, and the associated solutions.

ID	Summary
4714439	<p data-bbox="318 352 833 374">In PetStore, cannot add a user that already exists.</p> <p data-bbox="318 395 1300 444">In the PetStore sample application, trying to add a user that already exists displays a stack trace on the screen.</p> <p data-bbox="318 465 405 487">Solution</p> <p data-bbox="318 508 376 531">None.</p>
4726161	<p data-bbox="318 552 879 574">Modified samples are not updated until redeployment.</p> <p data-bbox="318 595 1300 644">If users attempt to deploy a sample more than once, after making small changes and repackaging the application, the following error message is displayed.</p> <p data-bbox="389 664 629 687">"Already Deployed"</p> <p data-bbox="318 708 1289 756">This issue affects most of the samples since they use the Ant utility and the <code>common.xml</code> file, which have the "deploy" target, thus mixing deployment of applications with registration of resources.</p> <p data-bbox="318 777 405 800">Solution</p> <p data-bbox="318 821 725 843">Choose one of the following workarounds:</p> <p data-bbox="318 864 1300 913">For the majority of the sample applications that use the Ant utility <code>build.xml</code> files, which include the <code>common.xml</code> file, type the following command.</p> <p data-bbox="318 933 608 956">% <code>asant deploy_common</code></p> <p data-bbox="318 977 932 999">For all other sample applications, type the following commands.</p> <p data-bbox="318 1020 539 1043">% <code>asant undeploy</code></p> <p data-bbox="318 1046 511 1069">% <code>asant deploy</code></p>
4733412	<p data-bbox="318 1090 1029 1112">Sample application converter has redundant JAR file in web module.</p> <p data-bbox="318 1133 1300 1204">The converter application has a redundant stateless-converter EJB JAR file under the <code>WEB-INF/lib</code> directory. The EAR file is located under the sample application directory. From the bundled Solaris build, it is here:</p> <p data-bbox="318 1225 1279 1248"><code>/usr/appserver/samples/ejb/stateless/converter/stateless-converter.ear</code></p> <p data-bbox="318 1269 1289 1340">Extract this file and go to the <code>WEB-INF/lib</code> directory of the web module named stateless-converter and you will see the file. This redundant JAR file applies to all the web modules which call the EJB module. The root cause of the problem is the <code>common.xml</code> file used to build the application.</p> <p data-bbox="318 1361 405 1383">Solution</p> <p data-bbox="318 1404 965 1426">None. Doesn't affect functionality when running sample application.</p>

ID	Summary
4739854	<p data-bbox="239 243 868 267">Instructions needed for deploying resources using asadmin.</p> <p data-bbox="239 282 1150 335">In the documentation for some samples, you are instructed to deploy the application using the <code>asadmin</code> command, but no explanation is provided on how to create the needed resources.</p> <p data-bbox="239 350 327 371">Solution</p> <p data-bbox="239 392 1193 470">You can deploy the application/resource by using the <code>asadmin</code> command and can get more information by referring to the sample's <code>build.xml</code> file. More information can also be found in the printout from running <code>asant deploy</code>.</p> <p data-bbox="239 487 1189 565">For JDBC/BLOB example, the following steps create the resources using <code>asadmin</code> (assuming the hostname is <code>jackiel2</code> and the username/password/port for the Admin Server is <code>admin/adminadmin/4848</code>):</p> <pre data-bbox="239 586 1225 855">asadmin create-jdbc-connection-pool --port 4848 --host jackiel2 --password adminadmin --user admin jdbc-simple-pool --datasourceclassname com.pointbase.jdbc.jdbcDataSource --instance server1 asadmin set --port 4848 --host jackiel2 --password adminadmin --user admin server1.jdbc-connection-pool.jdbc-simple-pool.property.DatabaseName=jdbc :pointbase:server://localhost/sun-appserv-samples</pre>
4747534	<p data-bbox="239 874 1172 899">The lifecycle-multithreaded sample application asks for the admin user password 8 times.</p> <p data-bbox="239 916 1196 968">While deploying the sample application <code>lifecycle-multithreaded.jar</code> file using the <code>asant deploy</code> command, you are prompted to enter the admin user password eight times.</p> <p data-bbox="239 984 327 1005">Solution</p> <p data-bbox="239 1025 297 1046">None.</p>

ID	Summary
4748535	<p data-bbox="318 244 668 265">Miscellaneous sample file issues.</p> <ol data-bbox="318 284 1119 388" style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Logging sample generates multiple log files, for the fourth logging option. 2. Logging sample has a redundant <code>log.properties</code> file. 3. Instructions for the security grant in sample documentation are not fully correct. <p data-bbox="318 407 406 428">Solution</p> <ol data-bbox="318 447 1258 468" style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Close the handler before removing it. See <code>initLog()</code> method in <code>GreeterServlet.java</code>. <pre data-bbox="318 491 853 748">private void initLog(String log_type) { //Remove all handlers Handler[] h = logger.getHandlers(); for (int i = 0; i < h.length; i++) { h[i].close(); //must do this logger.removeHandler(h[i]); } ... }</pre> <p data-bbox="318 767 1272 814">Also, open file handler with an append option. See <code>addHandler()</code> in <code>GreeterServlet.java</code>. Write:</p> <pre data-bbox="318 836 932 857">Handler fh = new FileHandler(log_file, true);</pre> <p data-bbox="318 878 415 899">instead of</p> <pre data-bbox="318 921 851 942">Handler fh = new FileHandler(log_file);</pre> <ol data-bbox="318 963 1285 1168" style="list-style-type: none"> 2. Edit the <code>build.xml</code> file as follows: <pre data-bbox="318 1005 1140 1098">< <fileset dir="\${src.docroot}" excludes="cvs,annontation"/> > <fileset dir="\${src.docroot}" excludes="cvs,annontation,log.properties"/></pre> 3. In "Running the Sample Application" section, remove <code>domains/domain1/</code> from instructions to adding security grant entries to the <code>server.policy</code> file.
4752731	<p data-bbox="318 1190 762 1211">PointBase 4.3 replaced with PointBase 4.4.</p> <p data-bbox="318 1230 1282 1307">When downloading and installing PointBase with the samples, (http://hostname:port/samples/docs/pointbase.html) the instructions refer to PointBase 4.3. However, PointBase 4.3 as been replaced by PointBase 4.4.</p> <p data-bbox="318 1326 406 1347">Solution</p> <p data-bbox="318 1367 1270 1414">In the "Update Samples Ant Files" section, use the <code>pbtools44.jar</code> and <code>pbclient44.jar</code> files instead of the <code>pbtools43.jar</code> and <code>pbclient43.jar</code> files.</p> <p data-bbox="318 1435 1243 1482">In the "Starting PointBase" section, for PointBase downloaded and installed separately on UNIX platforms, use <code>pointbase_install_dir/tools/server/start_server</code> to start PointBase.</p>

ID	Summary
5012233	<p>Deployment failed on the connector sample cci.ear file.</p> <p>Displays an error saying external entity not found “http://www.sun.com/software/sunone/appserver/dtds/sun-application-client_1_3-0.dtd”.</p> <p>Solution</p> <p>Modify sun-application-client.xml to have single quotes instead of double quotes.</p> <p>Sample:</p> <pre><!DOCTYPE sun-application-client PUBLIC "-//Sun Microsystems, Inc.//DTD Sun ONE Application Server 7.0 Application Client 1.3//EN" 'http://www.sun.com/software/ sunone/appserver/dtds/sun-application-client_1_3-0.dtd'></pre>

ORB/IIOP Listener

This section describes known ORB/IIOP-Listener issues and associated solutions.

ID	Summary
4743366	<p>The address attribute in the iiop-listener element in the server.xml file does not support ANY.</p> <p>In the default configuration, the Sun ONE Application Server is configured with the address value of “0.0.0.0” in the <code>iiop-listener</code> element. This default configuration does not listen on IPv6 interfaces. It only listens on all IPv4 interfaces on a system. The value of ANY in the address element of the <code>iiop-listener</code>, that would allow the server to listen on all interfaces (IPv4 or IPv6) on a system, is not supported.</p> <p>The ANY value in the address attribute of the <code>iiop-listener</code> element in the <code>server.xml</code> file allows for listening on all interfaces available on a system. This support includes both the IPv4 and IPv6 interfaces.</p> <p>Solution</p> <p>For both IPv4 and IPv6 interfaces, use “::” in the address value of the <code>iiop-listener</code> element. This solution is only applicable to Solaris 8.0 and above.</p>
4743419	<p>RMI-IIOP clients will not work for IPv6 addresses where DNS address lookups fail for the IPv6 address.</p> <p>If a DNS lookup for an IPv6 address fails, clients of Remote Method Invocation-Internet Inter-ORB Protocol (RMI-IIOP) will not work for IPv6 addresses.</p> <p>Solution</p> <p>Domain Name Service (DNS) should be set up at the deployment site in order to look up an IPv6 address.</p>

ID	Summary
4810199	<p>The optimized CORBA Util delegate, which is bundled with Sun ONE Application Server 7.0 Standard Edition, is not enabled by default.</p> <p>A default installation of Sun ONE Application Server 7 does not enable the use of the high performance CORBA Util delegate. As a result, you might experience a significant decrease in performance when using the JDK-bundled or Sun ONE Application Server-bundled ORB.</p> <p>Refer to the “High performance CORBA Util Delegate Class” section in the “ORB Tuning” module of the <i>Sun ONE Application Server Performance Tuning Guide</i>.</p> <p>Solution</p> <p>You can improve performance significantly by enabling the use of a high performance CORBA Util Delegate implementation. To enable the alternate CORBA Util Delegate, add the following to the Sun ONE Application Server configuration file, <code>server.xml</code>:</p> <pre><jvm-options>-Djavax.rmi.CORBA.UtilClass=com.ipplanet.ias.util.orbutil.IasUtilDelegate</jvm-options></pre>
4847269	<p>The J2SE 1.3.1_X client cannot communicate with Sun ONE Application Server 7.</p> <p>When the J2SE 1.3.1_X client communicates with Sun ONE Application Server 7, the client will core dump.</p> <p>Solution</p> <p>Use J2SE 1.3.1_04 for the client.</p>

Internationalization (i18n)

This section describes known internationalization issues and the associated solutions.

ID	Summary
6358183	<p>There is no zh locale upgrade support in 7.0 UR8, because there was no zh locale support for Red Hat Linux in 7.0 UR4.</p> <p>Solution</p> <p>None</p>
4761017	<p>On Solaris bundled version: Administration interface displays in English.</p> <p>Because there is no language entry for Admin Server instance on the Solaris bundled version, the Sun ONE Application Server Administration interface displays in English for the localized version.</p> <p>Solution</p> <p>Manually set the locale entry in the <code>server.xml</code> file</p>

ID	Summary
4957904	<p>User cannot launch the Chinese version of the Administration interface after installation.</p> <p>After installing the Chinese version of Sun ONE Application Server, the Administration interface displays in English.</p> <p>Solution</p> <p>Manually set the locale entry in the <code>server.xml</code> file and restart the server.</p>
N/A	<p>On Solaris, there are limitations associated with the Netscape 4.79 browser.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> When using Netscape 4.79 on Solaris, localized JavaScript messages display garbled characters. JavaScript cannot handle UTF-8 encoding. When using Netscape 4.79 on Solaris in the Chinese GB18030 locale, GB18030 characters are not accepted. <p>Solution</p> <p>On the Sun web site, download Netscape 6.23 or 7.0 for Solaris. This solves both problems.</p>
6206333	<p>On Microsoft Windows, accessing the Edit MIME Files page in the Administration interface causes an internal error in the simplified Chinese version.</p> <p>Solution</p> <p>Edit the <code>mime.type</code> file using a text editor. The file is located at: <code>install_dir/Appserver7/domains/domain_name/instance_name/config/mime.type</code></p> <p>For example:</p> <p><code>C:\Sun\Appserver7\domains\domain1\server1\config\mime.type</code></p>

Documentation

This section describes the known documentation issues and associated solutions.

ID	Summary
6412668	<p>The following statement in the Configuring the File Cache section of the Application Server 7 Performance Tuning Guide is incorrect:</p> <p>By default, Transmit File is enabled on NT, and not enabled on Unix. On Unix, enable Transmit File for platforms that have native OS support for PR_TransmitFile, which currently includes HP-UX and AIX. It is not recommended for other Unix/Linux platforms.</p> <p>Solution</p> <p>The statement must read as follows:</p> <p>By default, Transmit File is enabled on NT, and not enabled on Unix. On Unix, Transmit File is enabled for platforms that have native OS support for PR_TransmitFile, which currently includes Solaris, HP-UX and AIX. It is not recommended for other Unix/Linux platforms.</p>

ID	Summary
6333096	<p data-bbox="318 244 1253 293">The following example for "redirect" directive in Sun ONE Application Server 7, Enterprise Edition Developer's Guide to NSAPI is incorrect:</p> <p data-bbox="318 314 1300 362">In the second example, any request for <i>http://hostname/toopopular/whatever</i> is translated to a request for <i>http://bigger/better/stronger/morepopular/whatever</i>.</p> <p data-bbox="318 383 405 404">Solution</p> <p data-bbox="318 425 655 446">The example must read as follows:</p> <p data-bbox="318 466 1300 515">In the second example, any request for <i>http://hostname/toopopular/whatever</i> is translated to a request for <i>http://bigger/better/stronger/morepopular</i>.</p>
4839719	<p data-bbox="318 536 1240 557">Developer's Guide to Web Applications: Description of cookieName property misleading.</p> <p data-bbox="318 578 1272 682">In the <i>Developer's Guide to Web Applications</i>, the documentation of the <code>sun-web.xml</code> file lists the <code>cookieName</code> property of the <code>cookie-properties</code> subelement and implies that the value of the <code>cookieName</code> property can be changed from the default value. However, the value cannot be changed; it must always be <code>JSESSIONID</code>.</p> <p data-bbox="318 703 405 723">Solution</p> <p data-bbox="318 744 376 765">None.</p>

ID	Summary
4720171	<p data-bbox="239 244 1082 265">There is no documentation explaining the use of indexed deployment directories.</p> <p data-bbox="239 284 1222 444">The numbering scheme part of a deployed application's directory name has been implemented as an indexing mechanism to allow a developer to modify a JAR and/or class file associated with the deployed application. This is significant to the Windows platform due to a sharing violation error that occurs during an attempt to overwrite a loaded file; Windows places a file lock on the loaded file. The file is loaded into the server instance or the IDE during session startup. With the sharing violation error, two options are possible:</p> <ul data-bbox="239 463 1208 579" style="list-style-type: none"> • Compile the updated class file (originally part of that JAR file) and place it first in the classpath in order to be loaded before the older classes, then allow for the Sun ONE Application Server to reload this application (as long as reload is active), OR • Update the JAR file, create a new EAR file, and redeploy the application. <p data-bbox="239 598 1222 647">NOTE: Redeployment of the application on the Solaris platform is not necessary since there are no file locking constraints.</p> <p data-bbox="239 666 325 687">Solution</p> <p data-bbox="239 706 1222 840">When making changes to an already deployed application on the Windows platform for IDE setup, ANT file copy, or compile or other operations, note that a new directory will be created with an incremented index number as the workaround for the file locking constraint. For example: On the Solaris platform the J2EE application, helloworld, is deployed to the Sun ONE Application Server with the following directory structure:</p> <pre data-bbox="239 859 1158 880">appserv/domains/domain1/server1/applications/j2ee-apps/helloworld_1</pre> <p data-bbox="239 904 1222 1064">A change is then to be made to a servlet that's part of this deployed application (for example, <code>HelloServlet.java</code>). The Sun Java Studio IDE is started, the source file for this servlet is changed and compiled with the <code>javac</code> target set to the above directory. With the source compiled to the proper location, a reload file exists for this application, the reload flag in <code>server.xml</code> is set to true, and, with the server instance running, the changes take effect without having to reassemble the application and redeploy it.</p> <p data-bbox="239 1083 1208 1131">For the Windows platform, the JAR or class file cannot be altered and updated due to the file locking issue. Therefore, there are two methods of dealing with this issue on Windows:</p> <ul data-bbox="239 1150 1222 1267" style="list-style-type: none"> • Compile the changed source file and prepend the class file or JAR in the classpath in order to have the source changes picked up, OR • Make the changes to the helloworld source, assemble it, and redeploy it without undeploying the previous deployment of helloworld. <p data-bbox="239 1286 1222 1366">The second option is the preferred method since this option results in the use of the incremented index number appended to the deployed application's directory name. Therefore, after a second deployment of helloworld, the directory structures would be:</p> <pre data-bbox="239 1385 1158 1437">appserv/domains/domain1/server1/applications/j2ee-apps/helloworld_1 appserv/domains/domain1/server1/applications/j2ee-apps/helloworld_2</pre> <p data-bbox="239 1456 1029 1477">The second deployment of helloworld would be deployed under <code>helloworld_2</code>.</p>

ID	Summary
4851218	<p data-bbox="318 244 1165 265">You cannot use keytool to generate certificates with Sun ONE Application Server.</p> <p data-bbox="318 284 1169 305">Certificates generated with keytool are not compatible with Sun ONE Application Server.</p> <p data-bbox="318 324 405 347">Solution</p> <p data-bbox="318 366 1300 416">You can use <code>certutil</code> to generate self-signed certificates. It is available as an add-on to the Sun ONE Application Server at:</p> <p data-bbox="318 435 872 456">http://www.sun.com/software/download/app_servers.html</p> <p data-bbox="318 475 704 496">For information on using <code>certutil</code>, see:</p> <p data-bbox="318 515 1015 536">http://www.mozilla.org/projects/security/pki/nss/tools/certutil.html</p>
4870888	<p data-bbox="318 558 899 579">Getting Started Guide built into the product is incorrect.</p> <p data-bbox="318 598 1300 649">The <i>Getting Started Guide</i> that is built into the product contains incorrect information regarding platforms and sizing. It also is not fully 508-compliant.</p> <p data-bbox="318 668 405 690">Solution</p> <p data-bbox="318 710 1300 760">For correct platform and sizing information, refer to the <i>Installation Guide</i> or the <i>Platform Summary</i>. For a 508-compliant version of the <i>Getting Started Guide</i>, see the version posted here:</p> <p data-bbox="365 779 601 800">http://docs.sun.com</p>
4875280	<p data-bbox="318 822 785 843">Online help has some incorrect descriptions.</p> <p data-bbox="318 862 405 885">Solution</p> <ul data-bbox="318 904 636 925" style="list-style-type: none"> • In the <code>asprfhls.html</code> file: <p data-bbox="318 944 1290 994">Determines whether SSL3 is enabled. For administrative purposes, deselecting SSL2 and using TLS only is recommended. (file name <code>asprfhls.html</code>)</p> <p data-bbox="318 1013 861 1034">If your browser does not support TLS, then select SSL3.</p> <p data-bbox="318 1053 542 1074">Instead, this should be:</p> <p data-bbox="318 1093 1290 1144">Determines whether SSL3 is enabled. For administrative purposes, deselecting SSL3 and using TLS only is recommended.</p> <p data-bbox="318 1163 861 1183">If your browser does not support TLS, then select SSL3.</p> <ul data-bbox="318 1203 571 1223" style="list-style-type: none"> • In the <code>asprflo.html</code> file: <p data-bbox="318 1242 471 1263">Create Console</p> <p data-bbox="318 1282 1063 1303">(Window only). When checked, a console window is created for stderr output.</p> <p data-bbox="318 1322 542 1343">Instead, this should be:</p> <p data-bbox="318 1362 471 1383">Create Console</p> <p data-bbox="318 1402 1075 1423">(Windows only). When checked, a console window is created for stderr output.</p>

ID	Summary
4884043	<p>Configuration File Reference: Transmit File parameter default is stated incorrectly.</p> <p>Solution</p> <p>The document description for the <code>TransmitFile</code> parameter in the <code>nsfc.conf</code> file specifies the following default:</p> <p>(for Unix) i.e.</p> <pre>TransmitFile=off</pre> <p>This is incorrect. The Transmit File check box by default is "enabled". As described in the document, it should have been disabled.</p>
4890285	<p>Some documents are not updated for the Solaris x86 platform.</p> <p>In documents that list supported platforms for Sun ONE Application Server, the Solaris x86 platform might not be included. For the latest platform information, see the <i>Platform Summary</i>.</p> <p>Developer's Guide to NSAPI: Where the manual refers to SPARC, the references should be to Solaris (Solaris includes SPARC and x86). On Page 158 and 159, SPARC should not be specified.</p> <p>Solution</p> <p>Refer to "Solaris x86 Limitations" on page 4 for a list of Solaris x86 limitations in this release. The documentation does not always specify these limitations.</p>
4893954	<p>Administrator's Guide doesn't include the information that log rotation using the Solaris cron script restarts the Sun ONE Application Server.</p> <p>Solution</p> <p>Two types of log rotation are available:</p> <p>Internal-daemon log rotation happens within the HTTP daemon, and can only be configured at startup time. Internal daemon log rotation allows the server to rotate logs internally without requiring a server restart.</p> <p>Scheduler-based (cron-based) log rotation is initialized at server startup. If rotation is turned on, the server creates a time-stamped access log file and rotation starts at server startup. This type log rotation internally calls the <code>rotatelogs</code> script, which restarts the application server process.</p>
4896094	<p>Administrator's Guide: Need instructions for setting ACC_CONFIG variable at installation.</p> <p>Solution</p> <p>There are no instructions in the documentation for setting the <code>ACC_CONFIG</code> variable after creating domain and server instances. After the "Deploying Applications" section in the <i>Sun ONE Application Server Administrator's Guide</i>, the following text needs to be added:</p> <p>In addition to the above steps, you need to modify the <code>asenv.conf</code> file. After creating the domains, set the value of the <code>AS_ACC_CONFIG</code> variable to the <code>sun-acc.xml</code> file located in the <code>server_instance_config</code> directory. If this value is not set properly, you might get errors while running the applications related to the Application Client Container (ACC). For example:</p> <pre>AS_ACC_CONFIG=/var/appserver/domains/domain1/server1/config/sun-acc.xml</pre> <p>where <code>server1</code> is the application server instance you have created.</p>

ID	Summary
4913290	<p data-bbox="318 244 1115 267">Form Based Authentication does not provide the same functionality as in 6.5</p> <p data-bbox="318 284 1300 361">Applications developed on iPlanet Application Server 6.5 that use form-based authentication can pass the request parameters to the Authentication Form or the Login page. The Login page could be customized to display the authentication parameters based on the input parameters.</p> <p data-bbox="318 378 406 401">Solution</p> <p data-bbox="318 418 1300 553">Sun ONE Application Server 7 does not support the passing of request parameters while displaying the Login page. The applications that uses form-based authentication, which passes the request parameters can not be migrated to Sun ONE Application Server 7. Porting such applications to Application Server 7 requires significant changes in the code. Instead, you can store the input parameters in the session which can be retrieved during the display of Login page.</p> <p data-bbox="318 571 889 593">The following code example demonstrates the workaround:</p> <p data-bbox="318 611 634 633">Before changing the code in 6.5:</p> <pre data-bbox="365 651 1236 1258"> -----index-65.jsp ----- <%@page contentType="text/html"%> <html> <head><title>JSP Page</title></head> <body> go to the secured area </body> </html> -----login-65.jsp----- <%@page contentType="text/html"%> <html> <head> </head> <body> <!-- Print login form --> <h3>Parameters</h3>
 <%out.println("arg1 is " + request.getParameter("arg1")); %> <%out.println("arg2 is " + request.getParameter("arg2")); %>; </body> </html> </pre>

ID	Summary
4913290 (Continued)	<p data-bbox="237 239 536 267">After changing the code in 7.0:</p> <pre data-bbox="287 284 936 591"> -----index-7.jsp ----- <%@page contentType="text/html"%> <html> <head><title>JSP Page</title></head> <body> <%session.setAttribute("arg1","test"); %> <%session.setAttribute("arg2","me"); %> go to the secured area </body> </html> </pre> <p data-bbox="237 609 998 637">The index-7.jsp shows how you can store the request parameters in a session.</p> <pre data-bbox="287 654 1146 1017"> -----login-7.jsp----- <%@page contentType="text/html"%> <html> <head> </head> <body> <!-- Print login form --> <h3>Parameters</h3>
 <!--retrieving the parameters from the session --> <%out.println("arg1 is " + (String)session.getAttribute("arg1")); %> <%>out.println("arg2 is " + (String)session.getAttribute("arg2")); %> </body> </html> </pre>

ID	Summary
4913611	<p data-bbox="318 244 825 265">J2EE spec incompatibilities are not documented.</p> <p data-bbox="318 282 405 303">Solution</p> <p data-bbox="318 326 1300 373">Developer's Guide to Web Applications: The following note applies to the description of the delegate attribute:</p> <p data-bbox="318 395 1300 499">"If the delegate flag is set to its default value of false, the classloader delegation behavior complies with the Servlet 2.3 specification, section 9.7.2. If set to true, classes and resources residing in container-wide library JAR files are loaded in preference to classes and resources packaged within the WAR file, contrary to what this specification recommends.</p> <p data-bbox="318 522 1300 591">Portable programs that use this flag should not be packaged with any classes or interfaces that are a part of the J2EE specification. The behavior of a program that includes such classes or interfaces in its WAR file is undefined."</p> <p data-bbox="318 614 1229 661">Developer's Guide and the Developer's Guide to Enterprise JavaBeans Technology: The following note applies to the descriptions of the pass-by-reference element:</p> <p data-bbox="318 683 1300 753">"If the pass-by-reference flag is set to its default value of false, the passing semantics for calls to remote interfaces comply with the EJB 2.0 specification, section 5.4. If set to true, remote calls involve pass-by-reference semantics instead of pass-by-value semantics, contrary to this specification.</p> <p data-bbox="318 775 1300 904">Portable programs should not assume that a copy of the object is made during such a call, and thus that it's safe to modify the original. Nor should they assume that a copy is not made, and thus that changes to the object are visible to both caller and callee. When this flag is set, parameters and return values should be considered read-only. The behavior of a program that modifies such parameters or return values is undefined."</p>
4915451	<p data-bbox="318 930 1168 951">The definition of idle-timeout-in-seconds in the Administrator's Guide is incorrect.</p> <p data-bbox="318 968 405 989">Solution</p> <p data-bbox="318 1012 1300 1058">In <i>Sun ONE Application Server Administrator's Guide</i> Chapter 6, Monitoring the Sun ONE Application Server, the definition of idle-timeout-in-seconds includes the following sentence:</p> <p data-bbox="318 1081 1300 1128">If the current size is less than <code>steady-pool-size</code>, it is increased by <code>pool-resize-quantity</code>, with a ceiling of <code>min (current-pool-size+pool + resize-quantity, max-pool-size)</code>.</p> <p data-bbox="318 1150 579 1171">This should be changed to:</p> <p data-bbox="318 1194 1300 1241">If the current size is less than <code>steady-pool-size</code>, it is increased by <code>pool-resize-quantity</code>, with a ceiling of <code>min (current-pool-size + pool-resize-quantity, max-pool-size)</code>.</p>

ID	Summary
4950035, 4976502, 5024804	<p data-bbox="239 243 1160 291">The information on enabling statistics with stats-xml in the Performance Tuning Guide is incorrect.</p> <p data-bbox="239 310 327 331">Solution</p> <p data-bbox="239 352 1193 401">In the <i>Sun ONE Application Server Performance Tuning Guide</i> in the “Tuning Sun ONE Application Server” chapter, the description of enabling statistics with <code>stats-xml</code> contains the following errors:</p> <ul data-bbox="239 421 1186 484" style="list-style-type: none">• You must make the change to the <code>instance_name-obj.conf</code> file, not the <code>obj.conf</code> file as stated.• The example is incorrect. The entries for:<pre data-bbox="334 505 1158 571">NameTrans fn="assign-name" from="/stats-xml/*" name="stats-xml" and NameTrans fn=assign-name from="/.perf" name="perf"</pre>must appear before the line:<pre data-bbox="334 637 848 657">NameTrans fn=document-root root="\$docroot"</pre>otherwise they'll be ignored. The current example does not have the lines in the correct order. <p data-bbox="239 720 853 741">• The introductions to Figure 4.1 and Figure 4.2 are incorrect.</p> <p data-bbox="239 762 1165 810">Figure 4.1 should say that it shows a sample <code>instance_name-obj.conf</code> file which has <code>stats-xml</code> enabled.</p> <p data-bbox="239 831 1115 852">Figure 4.2 should say that is shows a sample <code>init.conf</code> file which has <code>stats-xml</code> enabled.</p>

ID	Summary
4983280, 4992520, 6078104	<p data-bbox="318 244 905 269">Web server plug-in installation instructions are incorrect</p> <p data-bbox="318 282 1296 335">In the <i>Sun ONE Application Server Administrator's Guide</i>, the instructions for installing the web server plug-in are incorrect.</p> <p data-bbox="318 352 405 376">Solution</p> <p data-bbox="318 394 668 418">The procedure should be as follows:</p> <p data-bbox="318 435 648 460">Changes to Sun ONE Web Server</p> <p data-bbox="318 477 1229 529">Take backups of critical configuration files, such as <code>magnus.conf</code> and <code>obj.conf</code>, before making changes to these files.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="318 546 1300 598">1. Create a directory in the web server installation area that will contain the web server (passthrough) plug-in. For example: <pre data-bbox="365 616 686 685">cd /webserver_install_dir/plugins mkdir -p passthrough/bin</pre> <li data-bbox="318 703 1300 755">2. Copy the passthrough plug-in from Sun ONE Application Server installation to this new, web server directory. For example: <pre data-bbox="365 772 1086 841">cd appserver_install_dir/lib cp libpassthrough.so webserver_install_dir/plugins/passthrough/bin</pre> <p data-bbox="318 859 753 883">For Windows, copy the <code>passthrough.dll</code> file.</p> <li data-bbox="318 900 1300 1085">3. Edit the <code>magnus.conf</code> file, found under <code>webserver_install_dir/https-host.domain/config</code>, and append the following lines. These lines need to be entered as 2 lines, each starting with <code>Init</code>. <pre data-bbox="365 972 1290 1085">Init fn=load-modules shlib="your_app_server_install/lib/libpassthrough.so "funcs="init-passthrough,auth-passthrough,check-passthrough, service-passthrough"NativeThread="no" Init fn="init-passthrough"</pre> <li data-bbox="318 1102 1300 1505">4. Edit the web server's <code>obj.conf</code> file, found under <code>webserver_install_dir/https-host.domain/config</code>, and add the <code>NameTrans</code> directive. It must be entered on a single line. The <code>NameTrans</code> directives are executed in the order they appear, so make sure your addition is in proper position. If in doubt, put it above all other <code>NameTrans</code> directives. Be careful with whitespace (spaces/tabs) in this file. The way <code>obj.conf</code> gets parsed causes lines that start with whitespace to be ignored, since they are considered to be part of the previous line's directive. The example below only redirects for a context root named "webapp-context". Add more context root names for multiple applications, or use a catch-all directive: <code>from="/*"</code> <pre data-bbox="365 1336 1200 1505"><Object name="default"> NameTrans fn="assign-name" from="(/webapp-context /webapp-context/*) "name="passthrough" ... </Object></pre>

ID	Summary
4983280, 4992520, 6078104 (Continued)	<p>5. For Sun ONE Web Server 6.0, add the following lines in the web server's <code>obj.conf</code> file. Replace <code>app_server.domain:port</code> with the server name and port number of your Sun ONE Application Server. Note that you need to enter the <code>Service</code> line as one line.</p> <pre> Object name="passthrough"> ObjectType fn="force-type" type="magnus-internal/passthrough" PathCheck fn="deny-existence" path="*/WEB-INF/*" Service type="magnus-internal/passthrough" fn="service-passthrough" servers="http://app_server.domain:port" Error reason="Bad Gateway" fn="send-error" uri="/badgateway.html" </Object> </pre> <p>6. For Sun ONE Web Server 6.1, add the following lines in the web server's <code>obj.conf</code> file. Replace <code>app_server.domain:port</code> with the server name and port number of your Sun ONE Application Server. Note that you need to enter the <code>Service</code> line as one line.</p> <pre> Object name="passthrough"> PathCheck fn="deny-existence" path="*/WEB-INF/*" Service type="magnus-internal/passthrough" fn="service-passthrough" servers="http://app_server.domain:port" Error reason="Bad Gateway" fn="send-error" uri="/badgateway.html" </Object> </pre> <p>7. Restart the Sun ONE Web Server instance.</p> <p>If required for authentication reasons, on the Sun ONE Application Server you may need to change <code>init.conf</code> and <code>server_name-obj.conf</code>. These steps are required if you have a web server running in SSL mode while the Sun ONE Application Server is non-SSL. In this case any redirects fail unless you add the lines below to the proper Sun ONE Application Server files. If you don't need this information, skip these steps:</p> <p>8. In <code>app_server_instance/config/init.conf</code>, add the following lines as two lines, each starting with <code>Init</code>:</p> <pre> Init fn="load-modules" shlib="/app_server_install/lib/libpassthrough.so" funcs="init-passthrough,auth-passthrough,check-passthrough, service-passthrough"shlib_flags="(global now)" Init fn="init-passthrough" </pre> <p>9. In <code>/domain/server_instance/config/server_instance-obj.conf</code>, enter the following lines:</p> <pre> <Object name="default"> AuthTrans fn="match-browser" browser="*MSIE*" ssl-unclean-shutdown="true" AuthTrans fn="auth-passthrough" </Object> </pre>

ID	Summary
4986222	<p data-bbox="318 244 718 265">Clarify documentation relating to JMS.</p> <p data-bbox="318 284 1268 305">The documentation refers to an incorrect version of the Sun ONE Message Queue documentation.</p> <p data-bbox="318 324 1300 401">The description of the <code>server.xml jms-service</code> property <code>instance-name</code> is incorrect in the <i>Administrator's Configuration File Reference</i> and in the <i>Developer's Guide to J2EE Features and Services</i> is incorrect.</p> <p data-bbox="318 420 406 440">Solution</p> <p data-bbox="318 460 1092 512">For the correct version of the Sun ONE Message Queue documentation, refer to http://docs.sun.com/app/docs/prod/sl.s1msggu</p> <p data-bbox="318 531 1275 607">The documentation for the <code>jms-service</code> property <code>instance-name</code> says that the Sun ONE Message Queue broker instance name is always the concatenation of the domain and server instance name. That is not true. You can use any name.</p>
5003309	<p data-bbox="318 626 1306 647">Administrator's Guide: the section titled "Deploying Static Content" contains an incorrect URL.</p> <p data-bbox="318 666 406 687">Solution</p> <p data-bbox="318 706 412 727">The URL:</p> <p data-bbox="318 746 823 767"><code>http://server:port/NASApp/&ltcontext_root/index.html</code></p> <p data-bbox="318 786 422 807">Should be:</p> <p data-bbox="318 826 715 847"><code>http://server:port/tcontext_root/index.html</code></p>
N/A	<p data-bbox="318 873 958 894">J2EE CA SPI Administrator's Guide refers to wrong book title.</p> <p data-bbox="318 913 1260 965">The <i>Sun ONE Application Server J2EE CA SPI Administrator's Guide</i> refers to <i>Sun ONE Application Server J2EE CA SPI Developer's Guide</i>. This title is incorrect.</p> <p data-bbox="318 984 406 1005">Solution</p> <p data-bbox="318 1024 1098 1045">These references should be to the <i>Sun ONE Application Server Developer's Guide</i>.</p>
N/A	<p data-bbox="318 1064 1300 1116">Sun ONE Application Server Administrator's Guide doesn't document using escape characters for the <code>asadmin</code> utility properly for Linux.</p> <p data-bbox="318 1135 406 1156">Solution</p> <p data-bbox="318 1175 1300 1307">When using the <code>asadmin</code> command in multimode on Linux, use a single backslash character to escape reserved characters such as colons. For example: <code>create-jdbc-connection-pool</code> <code>--datasourceclassname oracle.jdbc.pool.OracleDataSource --property</code> <code>url=jdbc\:oracle\:thin\:@lasperf\:1521\:ntdb01":user=testprod:password=testprod</code> <code>rekla-pool</code></p> <p data-bbox="318 1326 1296 1347">The value of the URL property will then be stored with the proper syntax for a JDBC connection string</p>

ID	Summary
5015994	<p data-bbox="232 236 1243 270">Additional recommended configurations to improve performance.</p> <p data-bbox="232 279 1243 314">Solution</p> <p data-bbox="232 322 1243 409">If you change the default Sun ONE Application Server configuration by using the settings described below, you may see improved performance. These settings are found in your server instance's <code>server.xml</code> file.</p> <p data-bbox="232 418 1243 453">Add or change the following settings:</p> <pre data-bbox="232 461 1243 817"><jvm-options>-server -Xss128k</jvm-options> <jvm-options>-Xms256m -Xmx256m</jvm-options> <jvm-options>-XX:+AggressiveHeap</jvm-options> <jvm-options>-XX:+DisableExplicitGC</jvm-options> <jvm-options>-Djavax.rmi.CORBA.UtilClass=com.ipplanet.ias.util.orbutil.IasUtilDelegate </jvm-options> <orb message-fragment-size="1024" steady-thread-pool-size="40" max-thread-pool-size="70" idle-thread-timeout-in-seconds="300" max-connections="1024" monitoring-enabled="false"/> <mdb-container steady-pool-size="32" pool-resize-quantity="16" max-pool-size="1024" idle-timeout-in-seconds="600" monitoring-enabled="false"></pre> <p data-bbox="232 826 1243 861">Remove the following setting:</p> <pre data-bbox="232 869 1243 895"><jvm-options>-Dsun.rmi.dgc.server.gcInterval=3600000</jvm-options></pre> <p data-bbox="232 904 1243 970">In addition, if the machine has enough memory, you should increase the initial heap size to 1024M (3500M on Solaris systems).</p>

ID	Summary												
5031531	<p>The Performance Tuning Guide does not include information on maximum heap space.</p> <p>Solution</p> <p>The maximum heap space depends of various factors:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Maximum address space for a process (<code>maxPAS</code>) • Space that the process needs for stack space (<code>stack</code>) • Space that the process needs for libraries (<code>libs</code>) <p>The following equation shows the value for the maximum heap space:</p> $\text{MaxHeapSpace} = \text{maxPAS} - \text{stack} - \text{libs}$ <p>The maximum address space per process varies by platform:</p> <table> <tr> <td>x86 / Redhat Linux 32 bit</td><td>2 GB</td></tr> <tr> <td>x86 / Redhat Linux 64 bit</td><td>3 GB</td></tr> <tr> <td>x86 / Win98/2000/NT/Me/XP</td><td>2 GB</td></tr> <tr> <td>x86 / Solaris x86 (32 bit)</td><td>4 GB</td></tr> <tr> <td>Sparc / Solaris 32 bit</td><td>4 GB</td></tr> <tr> <td>Sparc / Solaris 64 bit</td><td>terabytes</td></tr> </table> <p>Stack space and library space vary by individual application.</p>	x86 / Redhat Linux 32 bit	2 GB	x86 / Redhat Linux 64 bit	3 GB	x86 / Win98/2000/NT/Me/XP	2 GB	x86 / Solaris x86 (32 bit)	4 GB	Sparc / Solaris 32 bit	4 GB	Sparc / Solaris 64 bit	terabytes
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x86 / Solaris x86 (32 bit)	4 GB												
Sparc / Solaris 32 bit	4 GB												
Sparc / Solaris 64 bit	terabytes												
6156869	<p>No documentation on migrating from Sun ONE Message Queue 3.0.1 to Sun ONE Message Queue 3.5</p> <p>Sun ONE Application Server 7 is shipped with Sun ONE Message Queue 3.01. However, Sun ONE Message Queue 3.5 is also supported. To migrate from Sun ONE Message Queue 3.01 to Sun ONE Message Queue 3.5, follow the instructions in the <i>Sun ONE Message Queue Installation Guide</i> on the docs.sun.com web site. See:</p> <p>http://docs.sun.com/source/817-3725/intro.html#wp23155</p>												
N/A	<p>Version of Xerces not documented.</p> <p>Sun ONE Application Server 7 supports LibXerces version 1.2 and Xerces2 Java Parser 2.6.2.</p>												

Redistributable Files

Sun ONE Application Server 7 Update 9 does not contain any files which you can redistribute.

How to Report Problems and Provide Feedback

If you have problems with Sun ONE Application Server, contact Sun customer support using one of the following mechanisms:

- Sun Software Support services online at
<http://www.sun.com/service/sunone/software>

This site has links to the Knowledge Base, Online Support Center, and ProductTracker, as well as to maintenance programs and support contact numbers.

- The telephone dispatch number associated with your maintenance contract

So that we can best assist you in resolving problems, please have the following information available when you contact support:

- Description of the problem, including the situation where the problem occurs and its impact on your operation
- Machine type, operating system version, and product version, including any patches and other software that might be affecting the problem
- Detailed steps on the methods you have used to reproduce the problem
- Any error logs or core dumps

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Please provide the full document title and part number in the appropriate fields. The part number is a seven-digit or nine-digit number that can be found on the title page of the book or at the top of the document. For example, the part number of this Release Notes document is Part Number 819-6545.

Additional Sun Resources

Useful Sun ONE information can be found at the following Internet locations:

- **Sun ONE Application Server product documentation:**
<http://docs.sun.com/app/docs/prod/sjs.asse#hic>
- **Sun ONE Documentation**
<http://docs.sun.com/prod/sunone>
- **Sun ONE Professional Services**
<http://www.sun.com/service/sunps/sunone>
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