

Oracle® Value Chain Collaboration

Operations Guide

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Preface

This Operations Guide serves as a Value Chain Collaboration (VCC) reference to explain the processes. The guide is designed so that you can view and understand key system administered functions, including batch processing, the flow of data into and out of the application, and the application's behind-the-scenes processing of data.

The Oracle Retail Value Chain Collaboration (VCC) Operations Guide provides a detailed insight on the VCC Backend System Configuration and Administration with Database guidelines and Batch Processing. It contains the procedures listed below:

- To configure the VCC Integrator
- To configure Loader Control Files
- Insight on the VCC Log Files
- VCC Schema Considerations
- VCC Database Maintenance
- VCC Technical Architecture
- VCC Integrator Loads and Extracts
- Batch Processing
- Integrator Data Loader and Extractor
- Troubleshooting the VCC Integrator Data Loading

Audience

Anyone with an interest in developing a deeper understanding of the underlying processes and architecture supporting Oracle Retail Value Chain Collaboration (VCC) functionality will find valuable information in this guide. There are three audiences in general for whom this guide is written:

- Business analysts looking for information about processes and interfaces to validate the support for business scenarios within VCC and other systems across the enterprise.
- System analysts and system operations personnel
 - Who are looking for information about VCC's processes internally or in relation to the systems across the enterprise.
 - Who operates on VCC regularly.

- Integrators and implementation staff with overall responsibility for implementing VCC.

Related Documents

You can find more information about this product in the following resources from the Value Chain Collaboration suite 12.1:

- Oracle Retail VCC Release Notes
- Oracle Retail VCC Installation Guide
- Oracle Retail Online Help
- Oracle Retail VCC User Guide

Customer Support

- <https://metalink.oracle.com>

When contacting Customer Support, please provide:

- Product version and program/module name.
- Functional and technical description of the problem (include business impact).
- Detailed step-by-step instructions to recreate.
- Exact error message received.
- Screen shots of each step you take.

Introduction to Value Chain Collaboration

What is Value Chain Collaboration?

Oracle Retail Value Chain Collaboration combines supply chain data visibility with the flexible exception identification and collaboration features needed for collaborative forecasting and replenishment. It is a highly flexible, web-based planning engine that allows manufacturers and retailers to collaborate on turning demand forecasts into order and shipment plans.

Benefits of VCC

Oracle Retail Value Chain Collaboration supports collaborative inventory management by giving visibility and planning responsibility to the buyer, the seller, or both. By collaborating, retailers and manufacturers can maximize their trading relationships for increased efficiency and mutual success.

- VCC automatically maps sales history, forecasts, inventory, orders and other supply and demand information into each organization's product and location hierarchies. Each company can work using its own product identifiers, calendars, and units of measure.
- The application's project orders beyond the next delivery cycle lead to dramatically lower inventory requirements to meet the given customer service level, as compared to reorder-point-driven replenishment systems.
- The system creates exception rules through a point-and-click interface to highlight business issues such as out-of-stock conditions, excessive forecast error, or deviations in retailer/supplier plans.
- Guides users through an analysis and resolution of each exception or resolving it automatically if desired.
- Flexible disaggregation (allocation) features support changes to plans at any level, which are reflected in trading partners' views and exported to enterprise systems.
- The system measures the progress through built-in metrics calculations and reporting features.

An optional integrated online analytical processing (OLAP) module allows users to perform multi-dimensional analysis of demand and supply data, providing robust business intelligence for retailers and manufacturers to support demand planning, point-of-sale analysis, promotion analysis, scorecarding, benchmarking, return on investment (ROI) analysis, and other analytical tasks.

Backend System Configuration and Administration

This chapter describes how to configure the Value Chain Collaboration (VCC) Integrator and the VCC Log Files.

Integrator and Configuration

This section comprises a detailed description on the following topics:

- [Configuring the VCC Integrator](#)
- [Configuring the Loader Control Files and Extractor Control Files](#)

Configuring the VCC Integrator

Prior to configuring and running the Integrator, ensure that your database schema has been built.

When you configure the VCC Integrator, it supplies the Integrator with basic information about your VCC Server, which is filled in by default if you have configured your server.

- General settings that allow you to create collaboration items. This is “off” by default and is provided only for the Leaf Stream Loader.
- Basic information about your database including your database user name and password. This information is filled in automatically if you have configured your database
- Integrator specific settings include the following:
 - The user name and password the Integrator uses to log in to the VCC Server.
 - The integrator log file.
 - The Integrator archive file, which is used to store the summary.xml log file
 - Checking the data stream creation date before loading (if you intend to load multi generational data streams in a single file, the data streams must have different creation dates).

The information is stored in the adaptor.properties file located in:

[SYNCRA_HOME]\integrator\adaptor.properties

If the VCC Integrator fails to run because there are database settings missing, you will get a message similar to the following in the Integrator log file:

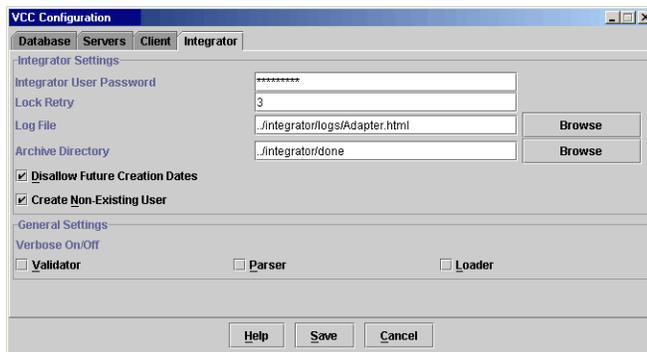
```

-----
----java.library.path=.lib
(Logger/setLogFileName)Setting log file to output/Adapter.html
(Logger/setLogFileName)Log file is HTML file.
8/31/01 12:56 PM:(Adapter)(parseArgs) logfile, output/Adapter.html, <p>
8/31/01 12:56 PM:Synkra Integration Adapter Copyright (c) 1999-2001 Synkra Systems, Inc. All Rights Reserved.
<p>
8/31/01 12:56 PM:(Adapter)(Constructor) User(mbelluscj).JdbcDriver(oracle.jdbc.driver.OracleDriver).JdbcUrl(jdbc:oracle:thin:@ccc:1521:synkra).Server(ccc)<p>
8/31/01 12:56 PM:errorcode=0-10-184-328 message: Error initializing Database StatementManager details: Exception initializing StatementManager (to exception: The Netw

```

To specify an Integrator’s user and configuration settings, follow the steps described below:

1. Select VCC - VCC Configurations - VCC Configurations from the VCC program group. The VCC Configurations screen appears.



2. Click the Integrator tab.
 - In the Integrator User Password field the default password is “pinkrhino”.
 - In the Lock Retry field, enter the number of execution attempts before quitting if the task is blocked by an active conflicting lock. Five seconds elapse between re-trying. While the attempts to execute continue, the job status shows “Waiting on lock.” If lock remains in place after attempts to execute reaches the number entered in the Lock Retry field, the job status shows “Could not obtain lock.” Entering a negative number results in an unlimited number of re-trying.
 - In the Integrator Log File field, enter the pathname for the log file.
 - In the Integrator Archive Directory field, enter the path of the directory where archived summary.xml log files are stored.
 - Check the Disallow Future Creation Dates checkbox if you do not want to load data streams that contain future creation dates.
 - The Create Non-Existing User checkbox provides you with a way to specify whether or not previously non-existing users should be created during data loading. If the data file you are loading contains usernames that do not currently exist, these names (eventually data file) would otherwise be rejected if “Create Non-Existing User” is not checked. If you check this box, any names that were not previously loaded or created will be added to the database.

In the “General Settings” portion of the Integrator pane, check Verbose On/Off for the Validator, Parser and Loader depending on your requirements. Checking the checkbox turns verbose mode on.

Click Save. The values are saved in the Adapter.properties file.

Note: Visual Adaptor doesn't report Master Data cache details like product cache, location cache, etc.

Configuring the Loader Control Files and Extractor Control Files

This section has the following sections:

About Integrator Control Files

The VCC Integrator allows you to load data into VCC from ASCII files and extract data from the VCC database. Before you can load data or extract data you must define a control file for load procedure or data extract procedure that describes to the Integrator the format of the file such as the delimiter used to separate the items in the file and the columns (or non columns) in which the data items appear.

You must select a template file and build a control file or files for Loaders. With the exception of the Stream Extractor, all other Extractors automatically select the appropriate format file. You do not have to create one from a template file. For stream extraction, you will need to create the control file from a template file.

There are many different types of data you can load into VCC or extract from the database. Each type has different fields. You must create a control file from a control file template for each type of load or extract describing the fields you are using and the order in which the fields appear in your data stream (for loading) or the order in which you want the fields to appear in the file for a data extract. The control file templates for data loading are listed in "Integrator Loader Control File Templates". The control file templates for data extraction are listed in "Integrator Extractor".

Integrator Loader Control File Templates

The types of data you can load and their template file names include the following:

- Supply Blocked Dates — SupplyBlockedDates.template
- Collaboration Items — collabItems.template
- Scheduler Tasks — SchedTasks.template
- Leaf Streams — LeafStreams.template
- Demand Policy — DemandPolicy.template
- Aggregate Stream — AggregateStream.template
- Events Data — Event.template
- Exception Criteria — ExceptionCriteria.template
- Exceptions — Exception.template
- Master Data Loader — Masterdata.template
- Price Profiles — PriceProfile.template
- Supply Policy — SupplyPolicy.properites
- Metrics — Metrics.template
- Aggregate Definitions — AggregateDefinition.template
- Event Stream Set — EventStreamSet.template
- UOM conversion factors — UOM.template
- Disaggregation Profile — DisaggProfiles.template

Integrator Extractor

Using the VCC Integrator, you can extract the following types of data. With the exception of the Data Stream Extractor, you do not have to select a template file and build a control file for the Extractor. A format file is automatically loaded when you select an Extractor type.

The template file for Data Stream Extractor is `extractDataStream.template`.

- Supply Blocked Dates
- Collaboration Items
- User Extract
- Data Stream Extract
- Demand Policy
- Exception Criteria
- Exceptions
- Master Data
- Price Profiles
- Promotions
- Supply Policy
- Send Stream Data
- Collaboration Product Hierarchy
- UOM Conversion Factors
- Metric Definitions
- Disaggregation Profiles
- Disaggregation Factors

About Integrator Control File Definitions

Before you can load any data into VCC, you must use the Integrator to define the format of the data stream. The file that describes your file format is called a control file. VCC supplies default template control files for all the types of data you can load or extract. The Integrator allows you to modify these format file templates for your specific requirements.

If there is an error when you create a control file, for example, if the control file cannot be updated for any reason, the error is reported in `Syncra_loader_extractor_configuration_launch.log`.

Note: If a control file contains Kanji characters and you want to FTP the file to another system, you must FTP the file as ASCII only.

For each control file you create, there are several screens that you must configure for each control file. They are the following:

- Common definitions — allows you to configure a file group, specify the location of completed files, and specify the specific character set you are using. For details, see [“Configuring Common Definitions”](#).
- Delimited definitions

The delimited definitions include the following:

- Delimiter definition — allows you to specify the delimiter (such as a comma, a tab or some other delimiter) you use in your data stream files that separates the data stream elements in the file.
- Column definitions — allows you to specify the column in which specific data elements appear in your data file or whether you want to define a specific data element as a global value. For the specific columns required for a particular data load, see the appropriate data load section of Integrator Data Loader and Data Extractor Field Definitions.
- Global column definitions — allows you to define a global value for any element in your data stream. For example, your company ID may not occur in your actual data file, but you can include it in the control file by specifying it as a global value. The global value is loaded as if it were included in the data file. Defining a value as global simply allows you to avoid repeating it in the data file
- Do not define all parameters as Global. At least one parameter must be column-based.

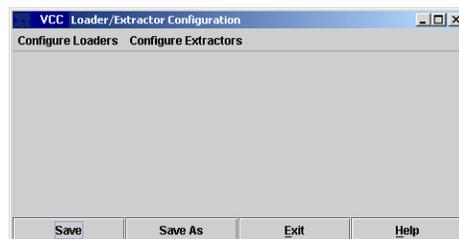
Note: Do not open multiple loader or extractor files simultaneously. Open only one file at a time, configure or edit the file, save it and exit from the Utility. Run the utility and open another file to configure another loader or extractor file.

Configuring Common Definitions

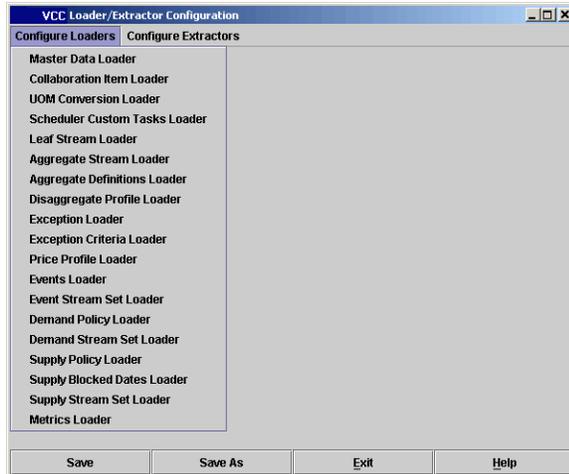
To configure the Common definitions for a loader or extractor, you must specify a file group (if applicable), the location of completed files to move, and the specific character set you are using. The Common definitions vary slightly among the various loaders and extractors, so some have additional fields to define depending on the type of load or extract.

To configure the Common definitions, follow the below steps:

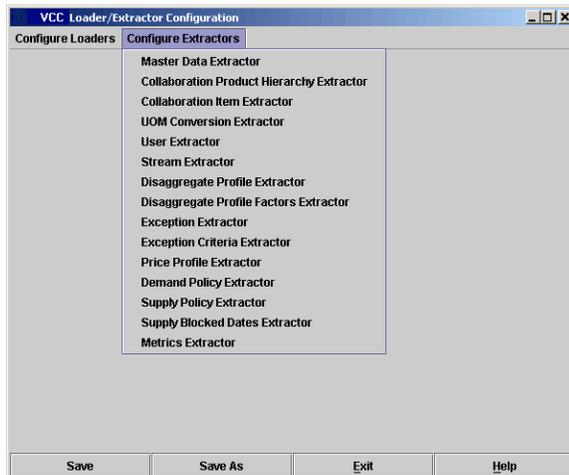
1. Select VCC - VCC Configurations - VCC Loader Extractor Configurations from the VCC program group. The Control File Configurations screen appears.



2. For loaders, click Configure Loaders. The drop-down menu of available loaders appears.



For extractors, click the Configure Extractors tab. The drop-down menu of available extractors appears.

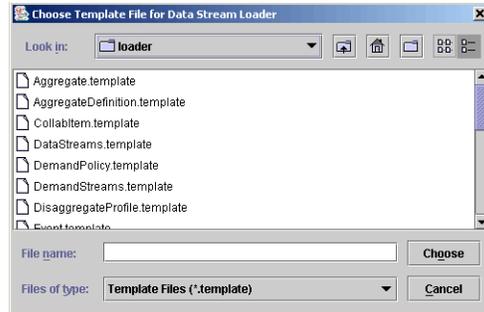


3. For the VCC Leaf Stream Loader, select the appropriate control file or template file from the drop-down list. See [“Integrator Loader Control File Templates”](#) for a list of corresponding control and template files.

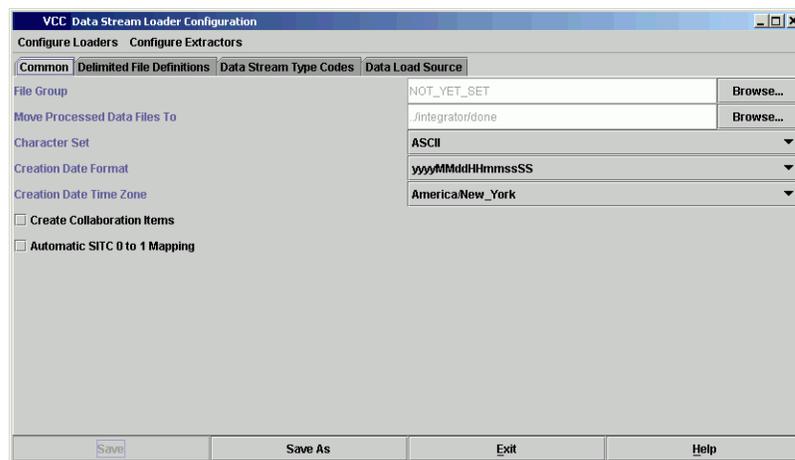
For the Stream Extractor only, select the appropriate control file or template file from the drop-down list. The other Extractors do not require a template file.

4. In the Choose Template Files pane, select your loader template file. If this is the first time you are creating a control file, select the template file in the VCC Integrator\template\loader directory and create your control file from it.

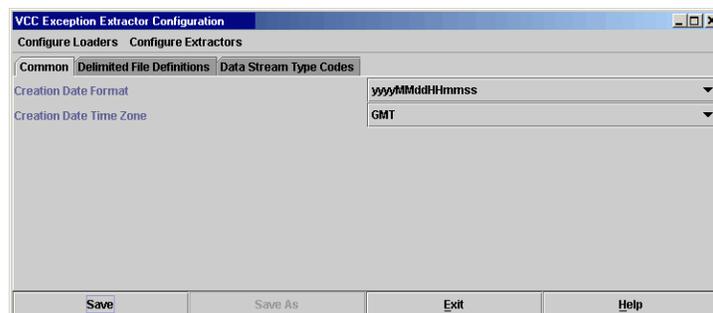
You do not have to select a template file for Extractors.



- Once you have selected the appropriate template file, click Choose. The Control File Configuration pane for collaboration items appears. Click the Common tab. The Common screen can differ slightly depending on the loader you are using.



For Extractors, the basic Common screen is shown below.



The Stream Extractor contains an additional Set Precision checkbox in the Common tab, which allows you to set the precision of the “Quantity” column value.

If “Set Precision” is checked, all Quantity values extracted will be rounded to the Number of Decimal Places you specify in the text box. Positive integers and zero are acceptable values for “Number of decimal places”.

The Leaf Stream Loader has additional fields listed below:

- Create Collaboration Items
- Automatic SITC (stream item type code) 0 to 1 Mapping

The Aggregate Stream Loader has an additional field:

- Automatic SITC (stream item type code) 0 to 1 Mapping

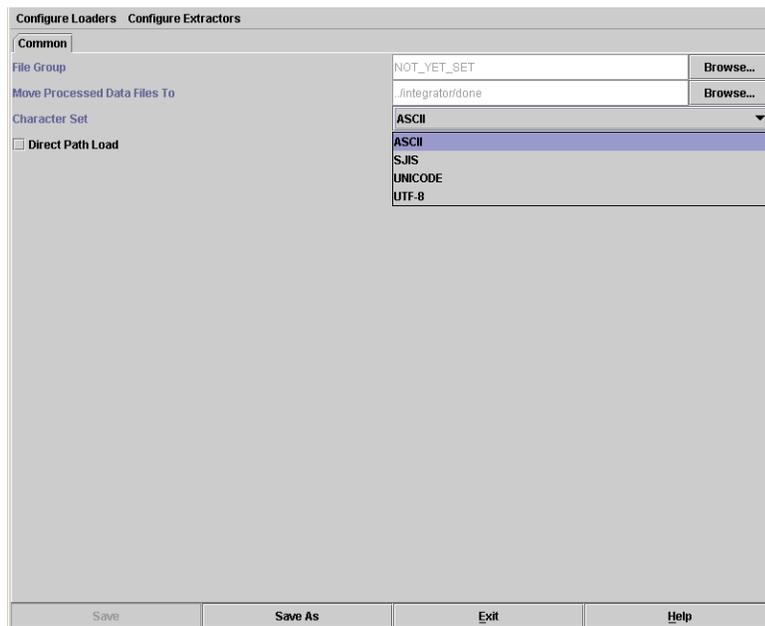
In the Creation Date Format field (if applicable), select the creation date format from the drop-down menu. In the Creation Data Time Zone field (if applicable), select your location time zone from the drop-down menu.

For the Leaf Stream Loader only: Create Collaboration Items allows you to automatically accept collaboration item requests (local and/or partner) based on the Auto Create flag of the company in the client.

If you check SITC 0 to 1 Mapping, any stream item type code that is a zero (0) is automatically mapped to one (1) for the base item stream type.

The Master Data Loader Common screen has an extra checkbox called Direct Path Load. The Direct Path Load checkbox to adds data directly to the database. The VCC Master Data Loader allows you to add (or update) information directly to your database using the Direct Load feature. The Direct Load feature bypasses the VCC server and adds data directly to your database. The performance increase is dramatic. Currently, you can only use the Direct Load tool when adding product data. In most instances, you would want to use it when initially populating your database with product data. Although direct load bypasses the VCC Server, the VCC Server must be running while doing a direct load. If it is unchecked, data is loaded through the conventional method. If checked, it is loaded with the Direct Path method. This feature is currently limited to the product hierarchy. Master data cannot be removed using this feature.

Note: The Direct Path Loading method will reject duplicate relationship records, while the conventional method does not reject duplicate relationship records.



6. In the File Group field browse to the file group for this loader if you are using file groups. File groups are not applicable for data extracts.

A file group is a collection of data files with similar names or file extensions that you can load easily. VCC automatically loads all files in a specified directory or all files beginning with the file name characters you specify. It behaves similarly to a wildcard function.

Here are some file group examples:

Example 1:

c:\data\load

In this case, the Integrator will load all files in the load directory

Example 2:

c:\data\load\forecasts_

In this case, the Integrator will load all files in the load directory that begin with forecasts_

This is the equivalent of the wildcard forecasts_*.*

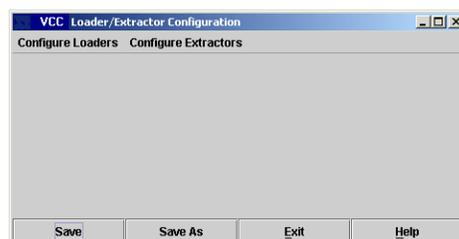
7. For Loaders, in the Move Processed Data Files To field, browse to the directory in which you want to store your completed, rejected, and loader log files.

For Extractors, in the Save Extracted Data Files To field, browse to the directory in which you want to store your extracted files. This field appears only for extractor types that cannot be retrieved through the Client's Extract module.
8. In the Character Set field, the default is UTF-8. You may also select one of the other valid available Java encoding values (ASCII, SJIS, or UNICODE). Select the character set based on your data file. If the data file type is ANSI, then select ASCII.
9. In the Creation Date Format field (if applicable), select the creation date format from the drop-down menu.
10. In the Creation Date Time Zone field (if applicable), select your location time zone from the drop-down menu.

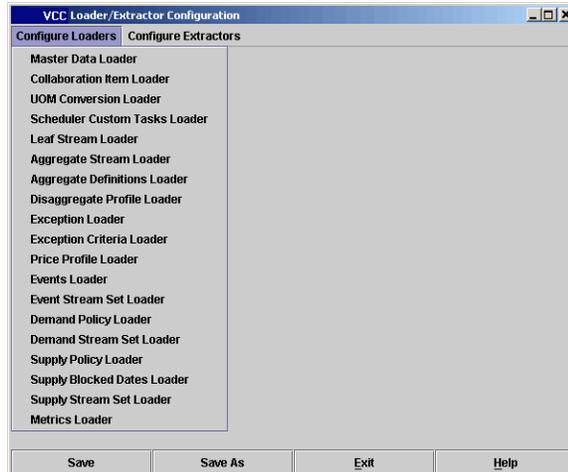
Configuring a Delimiter

A delimiter is simply the character used to separate the items in your file. It is usually a comma or a tab. For each control file you configure, you must specify the delimiter used to separate the elements in the data file. To specify a file delimiter.

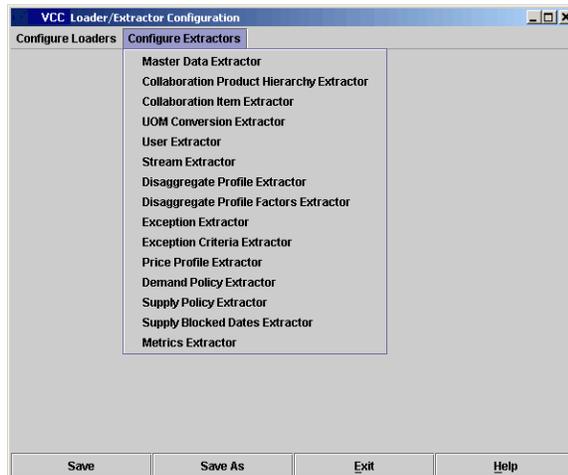
1. Select **VCC - VCC Configurations - VCC Loader Extractor Configurations** from the VCC program group. The **Control File Configurations** screen appears.



2. For loaders, click Configure Loaders. The drop-down menu of available loaders appears.

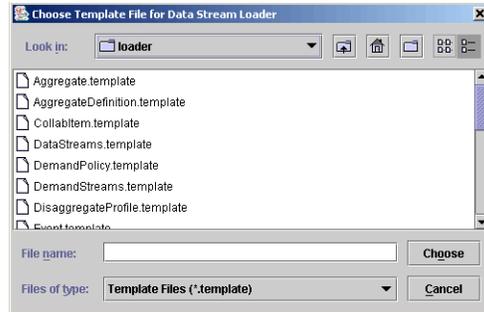


For extractors, click the Configure Extractors tab. The drop-down menu of available extractors appears.

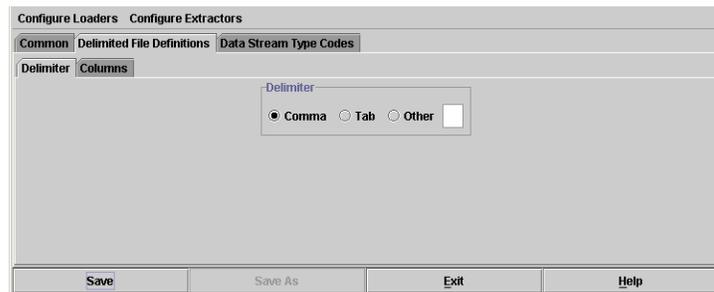


3. Select the control file or template file from the drop-down menu.
4. For the Loader only, In the **Choose Template Files** pane, select your loader template file or control file. If this is the first time you are creating a control file, select the template file in the VCC **Integrator/template/loader** directory and create your control file from it. Refer to the sections below for the appropriate name of each specific template file.

For the Stream Extractor, select the template file from:
Integrator/template/extractor.



5. Click the **Delimited Definitions** tab. The **Delimited Definitions** pane appears. Click the **Delimiter Definition** tab.



6. Select the delimiter used in the data file you want to load or the delimiter you want to use to separate the data in the extracted file. You can select **Comma**, **Tab**, or **Other**. If you select **Other**, enter the delimiter of your choice in the field provided. (The delimiter can be only a single character). Do not use a delimiter that may be used as a variable in an actual record.

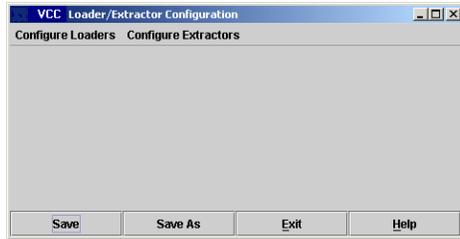
Configuring Column Definitions and Global Column Definitions

The column definitions for your data load or data extraction specify the particular fields that occur in your load file and the position of each field in the row; or the position in which you want the data to appear in the extracted file. The control file for each specific type of data load or data extract has its own unique fields that you must define. For a description of the fields for each data load type, refer to the appropriate data loader section; For a description of the fields for each data extraction type, refer to the appropriate extractor section.

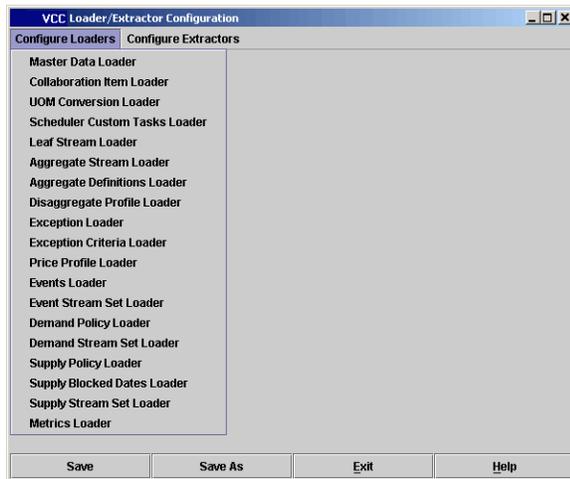
When you are defining columns, you can designate columns that occur repeatedly and in the same column position as global values. Defining a global value allows you to omit it from the actual data load file; or, for a data extract, it allows you to add an entry to the file that does not appear in the extracted data. The global value specified is loaded as specified in its global definition.

To define the column values and global values for a data load or data extract, follow the steps given below:

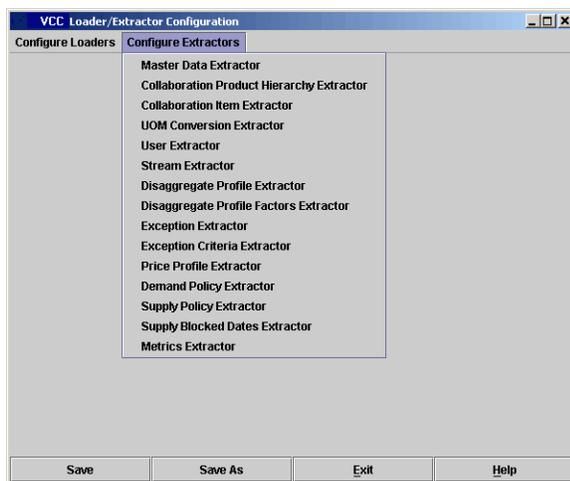
1. Select **VCC - VCC Configurations - VCC Loader Extractor Configurations** from the VCC program group. The **Control File Configurations** screen appears.



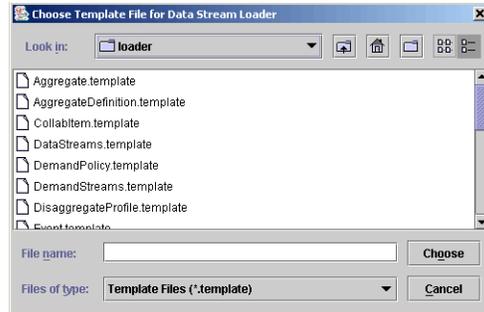
- For loaders, click **Configure Loaders**. The drop-down menu of available loaders appears.



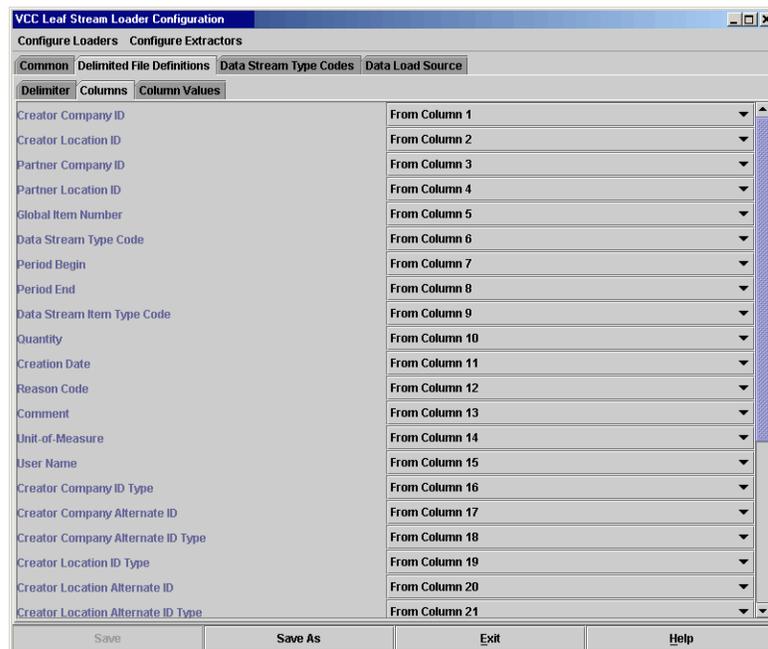
For extractors, click the **Configure Extractors** tab. The drop-down menu of available extractors appears.



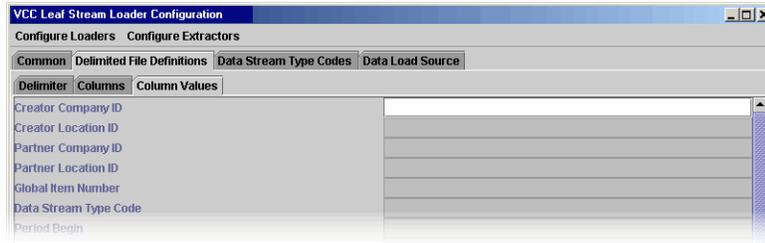
- Select the Loader, select the appropriate control file or template file from the drop-down menu.
- In the **Choose Template Files** pane, select your loader template file or control file. If this is the first time you are creating a control file, select the template file in the **VCC Integrator** directory and create your control file from it.



5. Click the Delimited Definitions tab.
6. Click the Define Columns tab. This allows you to specify the column position for each of the fields that appear in the file you intend to load or extract. In the example pane below, a collaboration item loader file contains five columns: Creator Company ID, Creator Location ID, Partner Company ID, Partner Location ID, and Product. If you intend to define a field with a global value, you must select "Not From Column." You then can set a global value for the field using the Define Column Values tab.
7. In the sample screen below, columns are designated as column-based; that is, their values are derived from the data file.



8. If you are defining global values for specific fields in your data file, such as the Creator Company ID, select "Not From Column" from the Creator Company ID drop-down. Once this is selected, an editable field will appear in the Column Values tab for Creator Company ID. A global value can now be entered for the selected field.



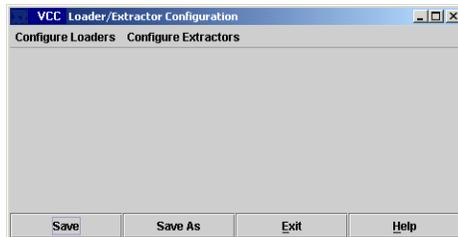
If you are not defining any global values, no editable fields will appear in the Column Values tab.

Configuring the Default Data Stream Type Codes for a Data Load

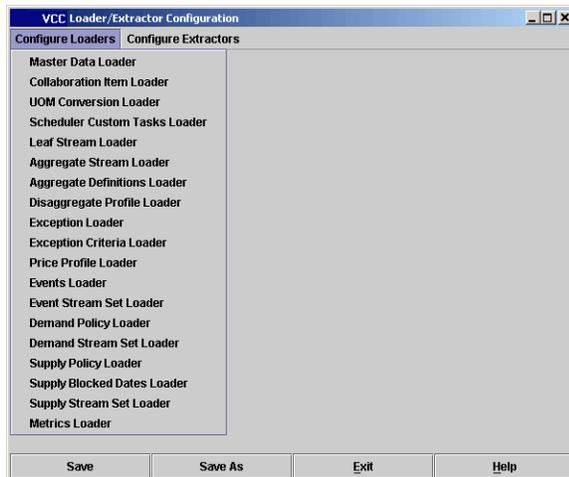
Some control files require you to change the default data stream name mappings and data stream item type name (substream) mappings to match those used in your specific data files or your partner’s data files.

To map your data stream names, follow the steps given below:

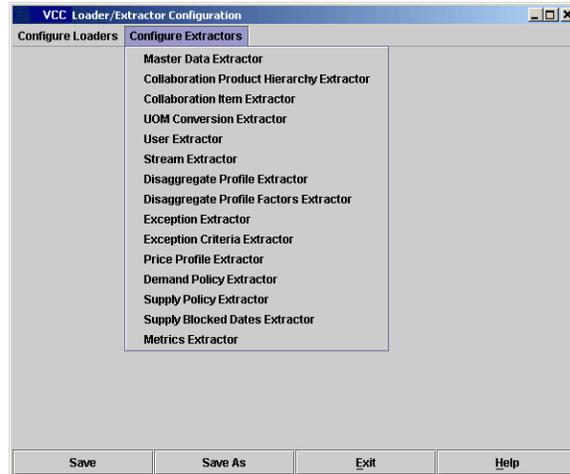
1. Select **VCC - VCC Configurations - VCC Loader Extractor Configurations** from the VCC program group. The **Control File Configurations** screen appears.



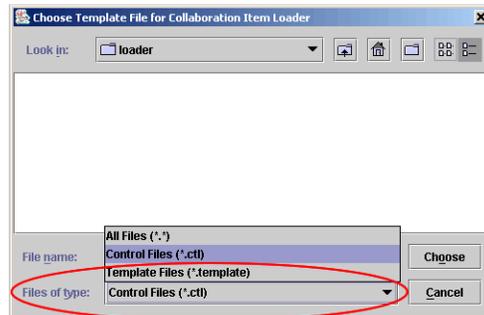
2. For loaders, click **Configure Loaders**. The drop-down menu of available loaders appears.



For extractors, click the **Configure Extractors** tab. The drop-down menu of available extractors appears.

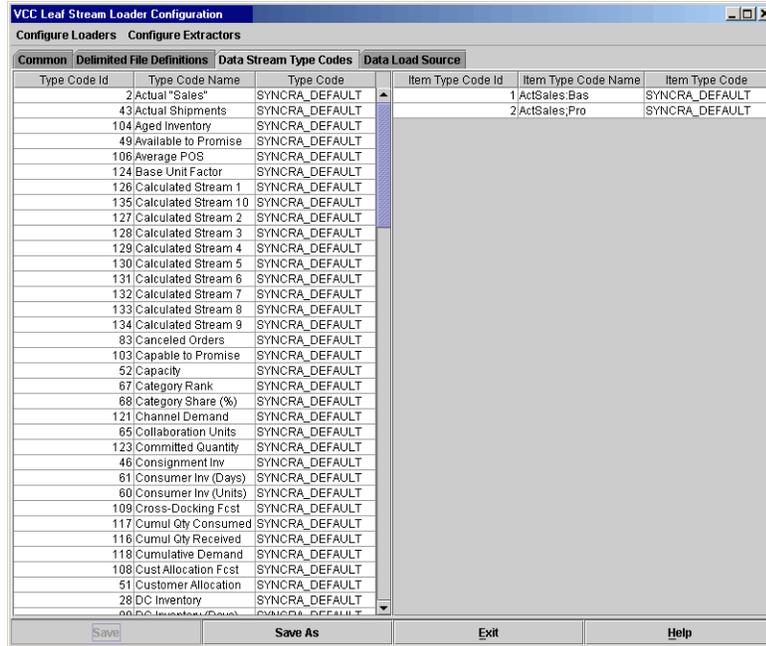


- Select “Control Files (*.ctl)” from the **Files of Type** drop-down and select the control file you would like to load.



- In the Choose Template Files pane, select your loader template file or control file. If this is the first time you are creating a control file, select the template file in the VCC Integrator directory and create your control file from it.
3. Click the **Data Stream Type Codes** tab. For example, if you are using the POS (Units) data stream that contains three substreams (Base, Seasonal, and Promo) and you want to change the data stream Type Code ID or any of the substream Item Type Code IDs, you can do it in the **Data Stream Type Codes** pane. Once you change a Type Code ID or a Item Type Code ID, they will appear in the control file. If you do not change a Type Code ID or an Item Type Code ID and accept the SYNCRA_DEFAULT, they do not appear in the control file.

Note: Do not use apostrophes (') in type code names or item type code names.



- Click on a data stream. Its substreams appear in the right-hand portion of the screen. To change a Type Code ID, double-click in the Type Code column and enter the new Type Code ID; to change an Item Type Code ID, double-click in the Item Type Code column and enter the new Item Type Code ID. The type Code ID and Item Type Code ID can be numeric or alphanumeric.

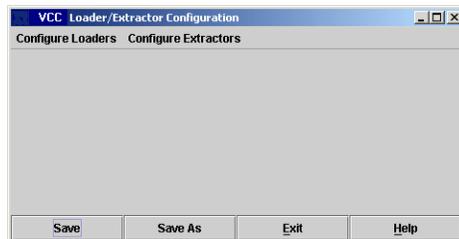
Note: The columns in the Data Streams Type Code tab are sortable by clicking on the grey column headers. Columns can be sorted in either ascending or descending order.

- If you do not want to map type code or item type codes, you can accept the VCC default type codes or item type codes.

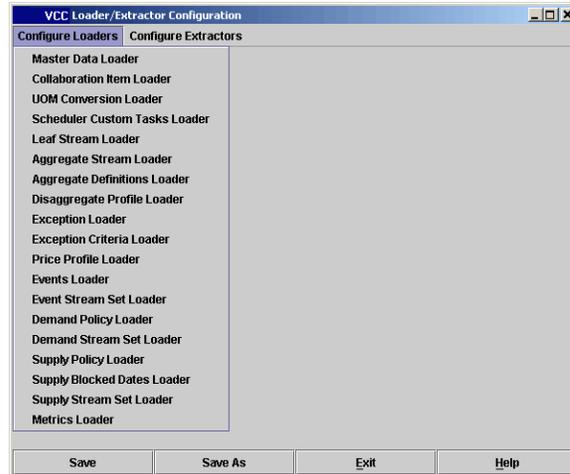
Configuring the Data Load Control File for Leaf Stream Loading

Data load source configuration applies to loading data streams only. To specify the data load source for data stream load control file, follow the steps described below:

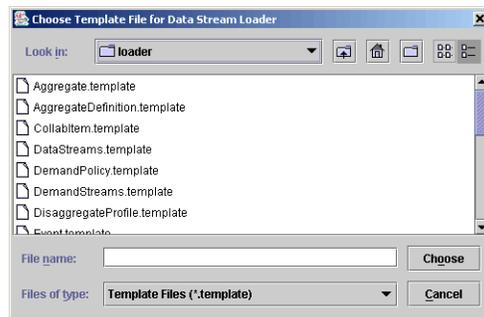
- Select **VCC - VCC Configurations - VCC Loader Extractor Configurations** from the VCC program group. The **Control File Configurations** screen appears.



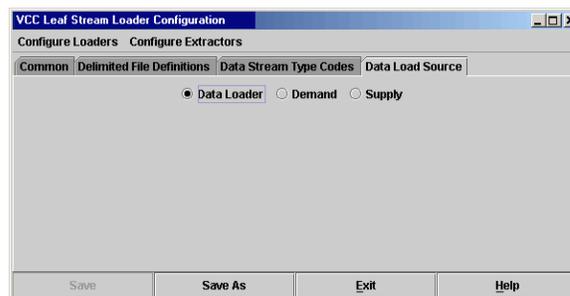
- For loaders, click **Configure Loaders**. The drop-down menu of available loaders appears.



3. Select "Leaf Stream Loader."
4. For the Leaf Stream Loader, in the **Choose Template Files** pane, select the **LeafStreams.template** template file or control file



5. Click the **Data Load Source** tab.



6. In the Data Load Source screen, select "Data Loader," "Demand," or "Supply."

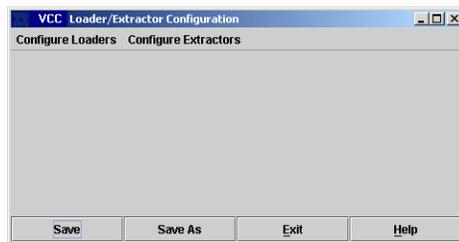


7. Save the control file. The control file is saved to the path specified.

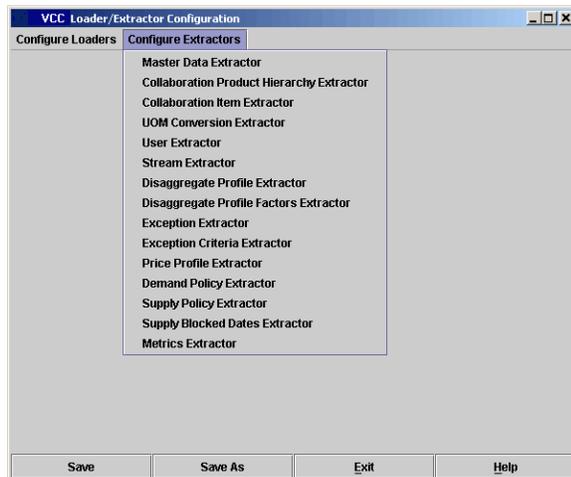
Configuring the Control File for the Stream Extractor

The Stream Extractor uses the ExtractDataStream.template file. Data source extract configuration applies to extracting data streams only. To specify the data extract source for the data extract control file, follow the steps explained below:

1. Select **VCC - VCC Configurations - VCC Loader Extractor Configurations** from the VCC program group. The **Control File Configurations** screen appears.



2. For extractors, click **Configure Extractors**. The drop-down menu of available extractors appears.



3. Select “Stream Extractor” from the drop-down list. You will be prompted to choose the template file for Stream Extractor.



4. Load the ExtractDataStream.template. The Common tab for Stream Extractor appears.

VCC Stream Extractor Configuration

Configure Loaders Configure Extractors

Common Delimited File Definitions Data Stream Type Codes

Save Extracted Data Files To:

Character Set: ASCII

Creation Date Format: yyyyMMddHHmmss

Creation Date Time Zone: GMT

Extract Type: Current Changes

Date Range: Fixed (yyyyMMdd) Rolling (Current Period = 0)

Start Date:

End Date:

Aggregate On: Local Partner Product

Number of Decimal Places: Set Precision

Companies to Extract

| Company Name | Company ID | UOM | Output File Format | File Size (KB) | Split by Partner | |
|--------------|------------|-----|--------------------|----------------|------------------|---|
| | | | | | | <input type="button" value="Add Company"/> |
| | | | | | | <input type="button" value="Remove Company"/> |

5. Extract Types include the following:
 - Current Changes: Extracts the current version of all data streams, regardless of creation date.
 - Manual Changes: Extracts the latest version of all changes entered in the UI since the last manual changes extract per company.
 - All Changes: Extracts the latest version of all changes since the last “all changes” extract per company, including UI, system generated or data loaded.
6. Configure common settings, and select Companies to Extract by clicking the Add Company button.

For Aggregate data extraction from the aggregate table, select “Aggregate On” check boxes based on your requirement. Only current data will be extracted at aggregate level.

Example:

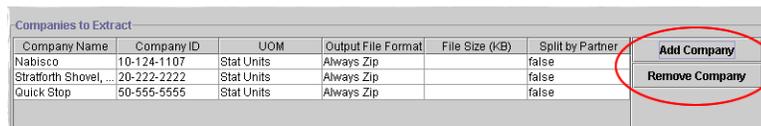
If product checkbox is selected, then leaf on local, leaf on partner, and aggregate on product data will be extracted (not at and below data).

- The Add Company dialog window appears. Choose a company from the Company Name drop-down, and click Add.

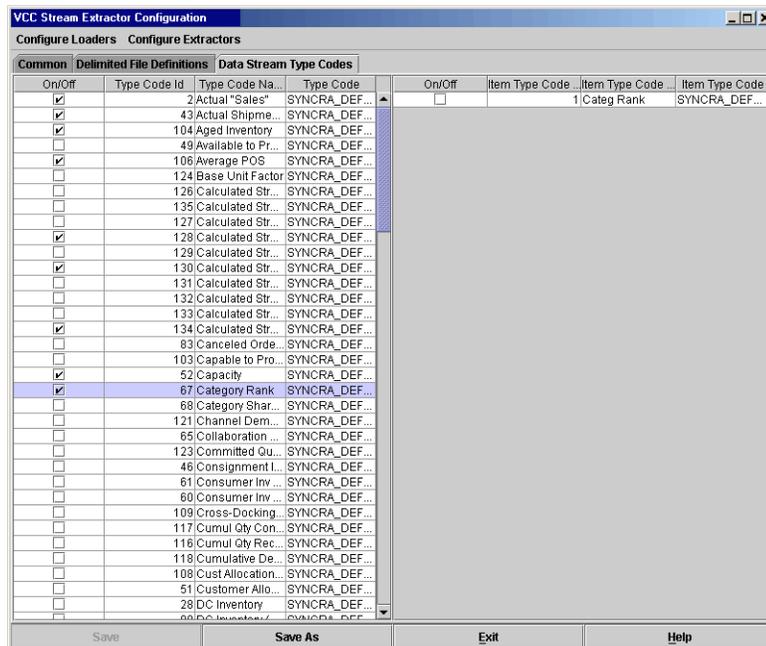


If you would like to have data in a separate file for your trading partners, then choose the Split By Partner option.

- Repeat steps 5 and 6 until the desired companies have been selected. To remove companies from the Extract list, select the company you wish to remove and click Remove Company.



- Click the Data Stream Type Codes tab to configure type codes to extract. Select the Type Code in the left pane to view associated Item Type Codes in the right pane. Checking the On/Off check boxes will determine which Type Codes are included in the extract. For more information on type codes and how to configure them, see Step 3 through 5 in “Configuring the Default Data Stream Type Codes for a Data Load”.



You must select at least one Item Type Code if you have checked the On/Off checkbox for an associated Type Code. If no Item Type Codes are selected for a given Type Code, that Type Code will not be included in the extract file.

10. Click Save As to save the new control file (.ctl) that you have configured.

Value Chain Collaboration Log Files

This section deals with the VCC log files description.

VCC Log File Overview

Most VCC components maintain one or several related log files that contain information about the specific component area.

VCC Log File Overview Table

| Log Name | Description | Log Location |
|----------------------------------|---|---|
| Integrator | | |
| Adaptor.log | Always generated when Integrator is running. Reports any errors that are not database or data file related, which includes all errors codes in the range 0-10-106-100, 0-10-106-102 to 0-10-106-112. | Go to the designated drive on the machine where the Integrator is installed. Go to Syncra\integrator\logs\Adaptor.log |
| Adaptor_Launch.log | This file is generated when the Adapter.exe is executed. | Go to the designated drive on the machine where the Integrator is installed. Go to Syncra\integrator\Adaptor_Launch.log |
| Syncra_Configurations_Launch.log | This file is generated when Syncra_Configuration.exe is executed. | Go to the designated drive on the machine where the Integrator is installed. Go to Syncra\Configuration\ Syncra_Configurations_Launch.log |
| Retrieve_Properties_Launch.log | This file is generated when Retrieve_Properties.exe is run | Go to the designated drive on the machine where the Integrator is installed. Go to Syncra\configuration\Retrieve_Properties_Launch.log |
| File_Configuration_Launch.log | This file is generated when File_Configuration.exe is run. | Go to the designated drive on the machine where the Integrator is installed. Go to Syncra\configuration\File_Configuration_Launch.log |

| Log Name | Description | Log Location |
|--|--|---|
| Syncra_Configuration_Launch.log | This file is generated when Syncra_Configuration.exe is run. | Go to the designated drive on the machine where the Integrator is installed. Go to Syncra\configuration\Syncra_Configuration_Launch.log |
| Syncra_Loader_Extractor-Configuration_Launch.log | This file is generated when the Syncra_Loader-Extractor_Config.exe is executed. It reports any problems during configuration. | Syncra\integrator\Syncra_Loader_Extractor_Configuration_Launch.log |
| Syncra_Integrator_Launch.log | This file is generated when the Syncra_Integrator.exe is executed. It reports any problems not addressed in other Integrator logs. | Go to the designated drive on the machine where the Integrator is installed. Go to Syncra\integrator\ Syncra_Integrator_Launch.log. |
| data_retrieval.log | Generated when Process Retrieval request is executed. It reports the progress and failure during execution. | Can be located at Syncra\integrator\logs\data_retrieval.log where the integrator is installed |
| extractors.log | Generated when an individual extraction is executed (UOM, Stream Extract, Users etc.). Reports the failure and progress during execution. | Can be located at machine where integrator is installed and in Syncra\integrator\logs\extractors.log. |
| Send.log | Generated when Extract Non-Published data Stream is executed. It reports the failure and progress during execution. | Can be located on the machine where Integrator is installed and in Syncra\integrator\Logs\send.log. |
| Import.log | Contains information about loading timings and fatal exceptions, if any occur during the loading process. Once this file is deleted, it will not be recreated. | Go to the designated drive on the machine where the Integrator is installed. Go to Syncra\integrator\logs\Import.log |

Oracle

| | | |
|-------------------------------|---|---|
| dberror.log | Logs all Oracle exceptions | Syncra archive directory. |
| [Executable Filename].log | All executables contained in the Syncra\Bin directory will generate a log file when run. Log file format: [Executable Filename].log | Go to the designated drive on the machine where the Scheduler is installed. Go to Syncra\bin\[filename].log |
| Load_Test_Language_Launch.log | This file is generated when Load_Test_Language.exe is run. | Go to the designated drive on the machine where the Scheduler is installed. Go to Syncra\db\Oracle\scripts\Load_Test_Laanguage_Launch.log |

Server

| Log Name | Description | Log Location |
|------------------|--|---|
| Server.log | This log is created and written to by WebLogic Server. | Go to the designated drive on the machine where the Server is installed. Go to Syncra\Server\Server.log |
| SyncraDomain.log | This log is created and written to by WebLogic Server. | Go to the designated drive on the machine where the Server is installed. Go to Syncra\Server\SyncraDomain.log |
| access.log | This log is created and written to by WebLogic Server. | Go to the designated drive on the machine where the Server is installed. Go to Syncra\server\access.log |
| SyncraClient.log | This log is created and written to by Syncra Client to report any possible unhandled exceptions. | Go to the designated drive on the machine where the Server is installed. Go to Syncra\server\SyncraClient.log |

Database Guidelines

This chapter contains the following topics:

- [VCC Schema Considerations](#)
- [VCC Database Maintenance](#)

VCC Schema Considerations

This section contains the following topics:

- [System Requirements](#)
- [Recommended VCC Schema Instance Configuration](#)
- [Initialization Parameters](#)
- [VCC Schema Creation Overview](#)
- [Creating a New Schema Owner](#)
- [Creating Configuration Tables](#)
- [Customizing the Database Configuration](#)
- [Migrating the Syncra V6.3 Schema to the VCC 12.0 Schema](#)

System Requirements

VCC database requirements are:

- Oracle Version: Oracle 9i Enterprise Edition Release 9.2.0.3.0 with the Partitioning Option.
To install Oracle 9i Release 2 (9.2.0.3.0) follow the steps listed below
 - Install Oracle9i Enterprise Edition Release 2 (9.2.0.3.0)
 - Install the Oracle9i Release 2 patch set 2761332 into the 9.2.0.3.0 Oracle Home using the Oracle Universal Installer
- Database character set must be UTF8

Recommended VCC Schema Instance Configuration

It is recommended that you modify the following for the VCC schema instance:

- Tablespaces
- Rollback Segments
- Online Redo Log File

- Database Model
- Initialization Parameters

Tablespaces

It is recommended that you create tablespaces that are locally managed with the extent management clause in Table 1, “Tablespace Recommendations for the Extent Management Clause”.

Details on how to create locally managed tablespaces can be obtained from copying the following link and pasting it into your browser window:

http://metalink.oracle.com/metalink/plsql/ml2_documents.showDocument?p_id=93771.1&p_database

Also, distributing the I/O for file access can improve database performance dramatically. It is recommended that you place all tablespaces on a separate disks.

The tablespace names in Table 1, “Tablespace Recommendations for the Extent Management Clause” are variable. Your tablespace names may be different. For details on customizing tablespaces, see “[Customizing Tablespaces](#)”.

Table 3–1 Tablespace Recommendations for the Extent Management Clause

| Tablespace Name | Extent Management Clause |
|-------------------|--------------------------|
| SYNCRA_DATA_MED | LOCAL AUTOALLOCATE |
| SYNCRA_IDX_MED | LOCAL AUTOALLOCATE |
| SYNCRA_DATA_SMALL | LOCAL AUTOALLOCATE |
| SYNCRA_IDX_SMALL | LOCAL AUTOALLOCATE |
| SYNCRA_TEMP | LOCAL UNIFORM |
| SYNCRA_IDX_TEMP | LOCAL UNIFORM |
| TEMPORARY | LOCAL UNIFORM |

Rollback Segments

It is recommended that the database have Automatic Undo Management (AUM). A database running in automatic undo management mode transparently creates and manages undo segments. Oracle Corporation strongly recommends using automatic undo management, because it significantly simplifies database management and removes the need for any manual tuning of undo (rollback) segments.

For details on how to use Automatic Undo Management can be obtained from the following link:

http://metalink.oracle.com/metalink/plsql/ml2_documents.showDocument?p_database_id=NOT&p_id=135090.1

Online Redo Log File

To minimize the frequent switching of log files during batch operations, redo log files should be appropriately sized. It is recommended that you have at least eight log files of at least 100 MB.

Database Model

It is recommended that the database run in Non-Archive log Mode.

Initialization Parameters

It is recommended that you set the initialization parameters in Table 2, “Initialization Parameter Recommendations” to the recommended value in the init.ora file.

Table 3–2 Initialization Parameter Recommendations

| Parameter Name | Recommended Value |
|-------------------------------|--|
| pga_aggregate_target | PGA_AGGREGATE_TARGET = (<total_mem> * 80%) * 50% where <total_mem> is the total amount of physical memory available on the system. More details on how to tune this parameter can be obtained from the following link: http://otn.oracle.com/docs/products/oracle9i/doc_library/release2/server.920/a96533/memory.htm#49321 |
| HASH_JOIN_ENABLED | true |
| OPEN_CURSORS | 800 |
| OPTIMIZER_MODE | choose |
| Db_file_multiblock_read_count | 32 |
| Db_block_size | 8192 |
| compatible | 9.2.0.3.0 |
| Undo_tablespace | auto (undo - ts) |
| _job_queue_interval | 1 |
| job_queue_processes | cannot be set to 0 |

VCC Schema Creation Overview

The steps to build a new VCC schema include:

1. Checking the system requirements.
2. Creating a New Schema Owner.
3. Creating Configuration Tables.
4. Customizing the Database Configuration.
5. Creating Different Partitions in Different Tables.
6. Building the VCC Schema

Creating a New Schema Owner

To create a new schema owner, follow the steps below:

1. Log into SQL* Plus as
sys
2. Go to
[SYNCRA_HOME]/db/Oracle/spool
3. Run
@../setup/setup
to create a schema owner and grant him the necessary privileges.

The schema owner name must not exceed 25 characters and must be in uppercase.

Note: The tablespace configured for the SYNCRA_TEMP tablespace should be used as the Schema Owner's default tablespace. Any other VCC schema tablespace should not be made the default tablespace of the schema owner because it could create tablespace fragmentation.

Creating Configuration Tables

Log in to SQL*Plus as the schema owner.

1. Change your working directory to [SYNCRA-HOME]/db/Oracle/spool
2. Run the following script file: @./lib/create_config.sql

Customizing the Database Configuration

Customizing the database configuration includes:

- Customize your database configuration
- Customize Tablespaces
- Specify Tablespaces For Non-Partitioned Tables
- Specify Tablespaces For Partitioned Tables
- Create Different Partitions in Different Tablespaces

Customizing Tablespaces

To modify the tablespace to be used by VCC objects are:

1. Edit the tablespace_value column in SYNCRA_TABLESPACES table to specify tablespaces for non-partitioned objects
2. Edit the following tables to specify tablespace values for partitioned objects:
SYNCRA_TYPECODE_PARTITIONS
SYNCRA_COMPANY_PARTITIONS

Specifying Tablespaces For Non-Partitioned Tables

VCC objects will be created in the tablespace values as specified in the SYNCRA_TABLESPACES table.

The structure of VCC tablespaces is given below:

- TABLESPACE_PARAMETER
- TABLESPACE_VALUE

Small tables will be created in the tablespace specified for the v_Syncra_data_small parameter and their indexes will be created in the tablespace specified for v_Syncra_idx_small.

Medium sized tables will be created in the tablespace specified for v_Syncra_med parameter and their indexes will be created in the tablespace specified for v_Syncra_idx_med.

Objects that are transient will be created in the tablespace specified for v_Syncra_temp and their indexes will be created in v_Syncra_idx_temp. Objects created in this tablespace are permanent objects, but they will be frequently dropped and truncated.

Temporary objects will be created in temporary tablespace specified for v_temporary.

Note: The tablespace specified for v_temporary parameter should be a temporary tablespace.

Specifying Tablespaces For Partitioned Tables Partitioned Tables and Indexes

The STREAM TYPE CODE/COMPANY_ID is used as the partition key for partitioned tables. The tables partitioned by STREAM TYPE CODE are:

- STREAM
- STREAM_ITEM
- CURRENT_STREAM
- AGGREGATES

The tables partitioned by COMPANY ID are:

- COLLABORATION
- COLLABORATION_ITEM
- Lookup Tables

Creating Different Partitions in Different Tablespaces Typecode partitions

When typecode partitions are created, physical storage attributes, data, and index tablespace information for that partition will be retrieved from SYNCRA_TYPECODE_PARTITIONS.

Table 3–3 Description of Columns in SYNCRA_TYPECODE_PARTITIONS

| Column | Description |
|----------------------|--|
| TYPECODE | Stream Type Code |
| STREAM_DATA | Data tablespace value for the stream partition |
| STREAM_INDEX | IDX tablespace value for the stream partition |
| STREAM_ITEM_DATA | Data tablespace value for stream_item partition |
| STREAM_ITEM_INDEX | IDX tablespace value for the stream_item partition |
| CURRENT_STREAM_DATA | Data tablespace value for current_stream partition |
| CURRENT_STREAM_INDEX | IDX tablespace value for current_stream partition |
| AGGREGATES_DATA | Data tablespace value for aggregates |
| AGGREGATES_INDEX | IDX tablespace value for aggregates |

To spread partitions across different tablespaces change the data and index tablespace values appropriately.

Modifying SYNCRA_COMPANY_PARTITIONS

When company partitions are created for Collaboration and Collaboration Item tables, physical storage attributes, and data and index tablespace information for that partition will be retrieved from SYNCRA_COMPANY_PARTITIONS. Tablespace values for data and index segments of Lookup Tables are obtained from tablespace values configured in v_Syncra_med and v_Syncra_idx_med parameters.

Table 3–4 Description of Columns in SYNCRA_COMPANY_PARTITIONS

| Column | Description |
|--------------------------|---|
| COMPANY_ID | Company_id |
| COLLABORATION_DATA | Data tablespace for collaboration partition |
| COLLABORATION_INDEX | IDX tablespace for collaboration partition |
| COLLABORATION_ITEM_DATA | Data tablespace for the ci partition |
| COLLABORATION_ITEM_INDEX | IDX tablespace for the ci partition |

To spread partitions across different tablespaces change the data and index tablespace values appropriately.

Building the VCC Schema

To build the VCC schema, first ensure that the NLS_LANG environment variable is NOT set, then follow these steps:

1. Log in to SQL*Plus as the schema owner.
2. Go to [SYNCRA_HOME]/db/Oracle/spool

Note: it is important that you run the syncra_build.sql command from the spool directory.

To build a new VCC Schema for a database that does not contain any prior VCC data, enter the following command:

```
@../lib/syncra_build.sql
```

Migrating the Syncra V6.3 Schema to the VCC 12.0 Schema

All leaf-level processing and aggregate-level processing must be completed before migrating a Syncra version 6.2 schema to Syncra version 6.3.

To migrate the Syncra V6.2 schema to V6.3 you must:

1. Check System Requirements.
2. Ensure that all Syncra processes and servers are halted.
3. Please copy the R12_VCC_DB_patch.sql in <VCC_12.0_HOME>/db/Oracle/lib and then run SQL> @..\lib\R12_VCC_DB_patch.sql.
4. Check for errors in the log files migrage'DBUSER'.log contained in the spool directory.
5. For optimal performance, analyze the schema after migration using the following command:

```
exec dbms_utility.analyze_schema('<SCHEMA>','ESTIMATE',NULL,5);
```

6. Restart the EJB Server, JSP Engine, and Web Server.

VCC Database Maintenance

This section contains the following topics:

- [Database Table Maintenance](#)

- [Importing and Exporting a Database for Unix and NT](#)
- [Analyzing the Schema](#)

Database Table Maintenance

Table 5, “Database Tables,” lists the database tables you should maintain. Additional indexes should not be created on tables in VCC schema.

Table 3–5 Database Table Maintenance

| Streams | Nature | Table Space | Process | Effecting Factors | Size (Bytes) |
|------------------------------------|-----------|--|---------------------|---|--|
| Stream_item | Permanent | Check Syncra_typecode_partitions table for tablespace info. | Dataload | Load Size and Revision history attribute of the typecode. | (Distinct context items) * (Number of loaded data periods) * 30 where 30 is the average row length |
| Current_stream | Permanent | Check Syncra_typecode_partitions table for information. | Dataload | Load Size and Revision History attribute of the typecode. | (Distinct context items) * (number of new periods with data) * 70 where 70 is the average row length |
| DI_staging_tbl | Permanent | V_Syncra_data_med | Dataload | | 50 |
| Temp_cs | Permanent | V_Syncra_data_med | Dataload | | |
| COLLABORATION & COLLABORATION ITEM | Permanent | Check Syncra_company_partitions table for tablespace information. | N/A | Number of collaborations. These tables are partitioned by company_id. Each time a company is added a new partition is added to these tables | Collaboration: (number of collaborations) * 23 Collaboration Item: (number of collaboration items) * 36 |
| AGGREGATES | Permanent | Check Syncra_typecode_partitions table for tablespace information. | N/A | Number of aggregates | (number of aggregates)* |
| Imp_agg_lookup | Permanent | V_Syncra_data_med | Updating aggregates | Number of aggregates affected by the data load, and the level at which the aggregates are defined. | |

Table 3–5 (Cont.) Database Table Maintenance

| Streams | Nature | Table Space | Process | Effecting Factors | Size (Bytes) |
|-------------------|-----------|-------------|----------------------|--|--------------|
| Tmp_leaf_excpt | Temporary | V_temporary | Exception Processing | Grows very large when many leaf criteria are defined at high aggregate levels (for example, All Products). | |
| Tmp_excpt_periods | Temporary | V_temporary | Exception Processing | Grows when leaf criteria are created over a large grouping of periods (for example, All Periods). | |
| tmp_staging_tbl | Temporary | V_temporary | Loading Profiles | Grows when individual price profiles are created at a very high level on the hierarchy. | |

Tasks That Use the VCC Temp Tablespace

The following table shows the tasks and parameters affecting the size of VCC space.

Table 3–6 VCC Temp Tablespace

| Sl# | Scheduled Tasks | Parameters Affecting the Size of VCC Temp |
|-----|--------------------------------------|---|
| 1. | Complete Exception Criteria Creation | Number of Aggregate Criteria with a status of pending, Number of aggregates to be created for each pending criteria |
| 2. | Extract Supply Blocked Dates | |
| 3. | Extract UOMs | |
| 4. | Extract Users | |
| 5. | Process Aggregate Actions | Number of aggregate exceptions qualifying for In-Process and Resolution Actions. Number of collaboration items under each aggregate exception with an adjust stream action. |
| 6. | Process Aggregate Exceptions | Number of Aggregate Criteria. Number of Aggregate Criteria with a status of "Stale" due to hierarchy changes, Rolling Periods, Rolling Period Overlays etc. Number of aggregates that need to be processed to evaluate the criteria. Amount of data change since the last processing run. Number of aggregate exceptions qualifying for Initial actions. Number of collaboration items under each aggregate exception with an adjust stream action. Number of group exception criteria. Number of individual criteria that form the groups. |
| 7. | Process Exception Alerts | Number of criteria with E-mail actions specified. Number of exceptions to be sent. |

Table 3–6 (Cont.) VCC Temp Tablespace

| SI# | Scheduled Tasks | Parameters Affecting the Size of VCC Temp |
|------------|---|--|
| 8. | Process Extract Requests | Type of extract. The number of collaborations that exist at the level in the hierarchy. |
| 9. | Process Leaf Actions | Number of leaf exceptions qualifying for In-Process and Resolution Actions. |
| 10. | Process Leaf Exceptions | Number of Leaf Criteria. Number of Leaf Criteria with a status of "Stale" due to hierarchy changes, Rolling Periods, Rolling Period Overlays etc. Number of collaborations under each criteria. Amount of data change since the last processing run. Number of stream type codes used in the criteria. Number of leaf exceptions qualifying for Initial actions. Number exceptions with an adjust stream action. Number of group exception criteria. Number of individual criteria that form the groups. |
| 11. | Purge Jobs Monitor | Size of Job Monitor Items table |
| 12. | Purge User Activity | |
| 13. | Recalculate Aggregates | Number of aggregates to be recalculated. Amount of data change since the last time aggregates were recalculated. Changes to hierarchy. Aggregates gone dirty because of Rolling Period Overlays, Stat Factor Changes, Truck Load Changes. Number of distinct stream type codes, number of UOMs. Number of collaboration items under each aggregate to be re-calculated. Number of aggregates that have either no-data or no valid collaborations under them any more. |
| 14. | Recalculate Disaggregation Factors | Number of Disaggregation Profiles to be recomputed. The Number of Collaboration Items under each Profile to be computed. The range of History Periods included in each profile. |
| 15. | Recalculate Metrics | Type of Metric. Number of collaborations under each context being evaluated. |
| 16. | Report Usage | Number of companies, Number of collaborations, Number of aggregates for every allocated stream. |
| 17. | Roll Criteria | |
| 18. | Run And Send Reports | Type of Report, Number of Contexts to be Reported, Number of collaboration items under each context. |
| 19. | Run Demand & Lift Factor Batch Requests | Number of Policies, Number of Leaf Policies, Number of Policies with Period Overlay, Range of periods included in every Policy. Number of Aggregate Policies to be disaggregated. Number of collaboration items under each policy. Number of policies with local lift factor stream. Number of eligible lift factor policies at aggregate/leaf level. |
| 20. | Run Demand Batch Requests | Number of Policies, Number of Leaf Policies, Number of Policies with Period Overlay, Range of periods included in every Policy. Number of Aggregate Policies to be disaggregated. Number of collaboration items under each policy. |
| 21. | Run Lift Factor Batch Requests | Number of policies with local lift factor stream. Number of eligible lift factor policies at aggregate/leaf level. |

Table 3–6 (Cont.) VCC Temp Tablespace

| SI# | Scheduled Tasks | Parameters Affecting the Size of VCC Temp |
|-----|--|--|
| 22. | Run Reports | Type of Report, Number of Contexts to be Reported, Number of collaboration items under each context. |
| 23. | Run Safety Stock Batch Requests | Number of Supply Policies. Type of Safety Stock. Plan Horizon in each Policy. |
| 24. | Run Supply & Safety Stock Batch Requests | Number of Supply Policies. Plan Horizon in each Policy. Number of output Stream Type Codes. Type or method used to calculate Safety Stock. |
| 25. | Run Supply Batch Requests | Number of Supply Policies. Plan Horizon in each Policy. Number of output Stream Type Codes. Type or method used to calculate Safety Stock. |
| 26. | Send Promotion Alerts | |
| 27. | Send Reports | |
| 28. | Update Promotions | Number of Promotions to be updated. |
| 29. | Process Events Totals | |

Importing and Exporting a Database for Unix and NT

To import or export a database:

Set NLS_LANG to be UTF8 by doing the following

First set NLS_LANG=_.UTF8 and follow the steps described below:

Note: No spaces are allowed in the above command.

1. Import the file with the imp command or export the database with the exp command.
2. Log into SQL Plus as the schema owner.
3. Change the directory to
[SYNCRA_HOME]/db/Oracle/spool
4. Run the following procedure from SQLPlus as the schema owner
exec sequence_reset

Analyzing the Schema

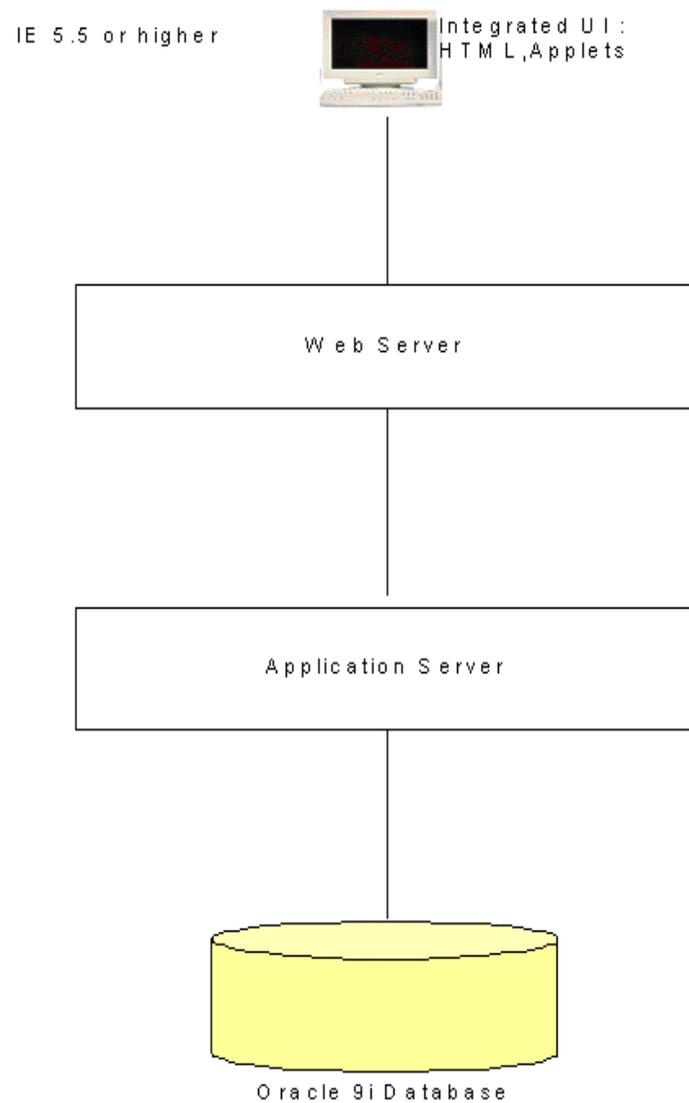
After every dataload, analyze the schema using the following command for optimal performance:

```
exec
```

```
dbms_utility.analyze_schema('<SCHEMAOWNER>','ESTIMATE',NULL,35);
```

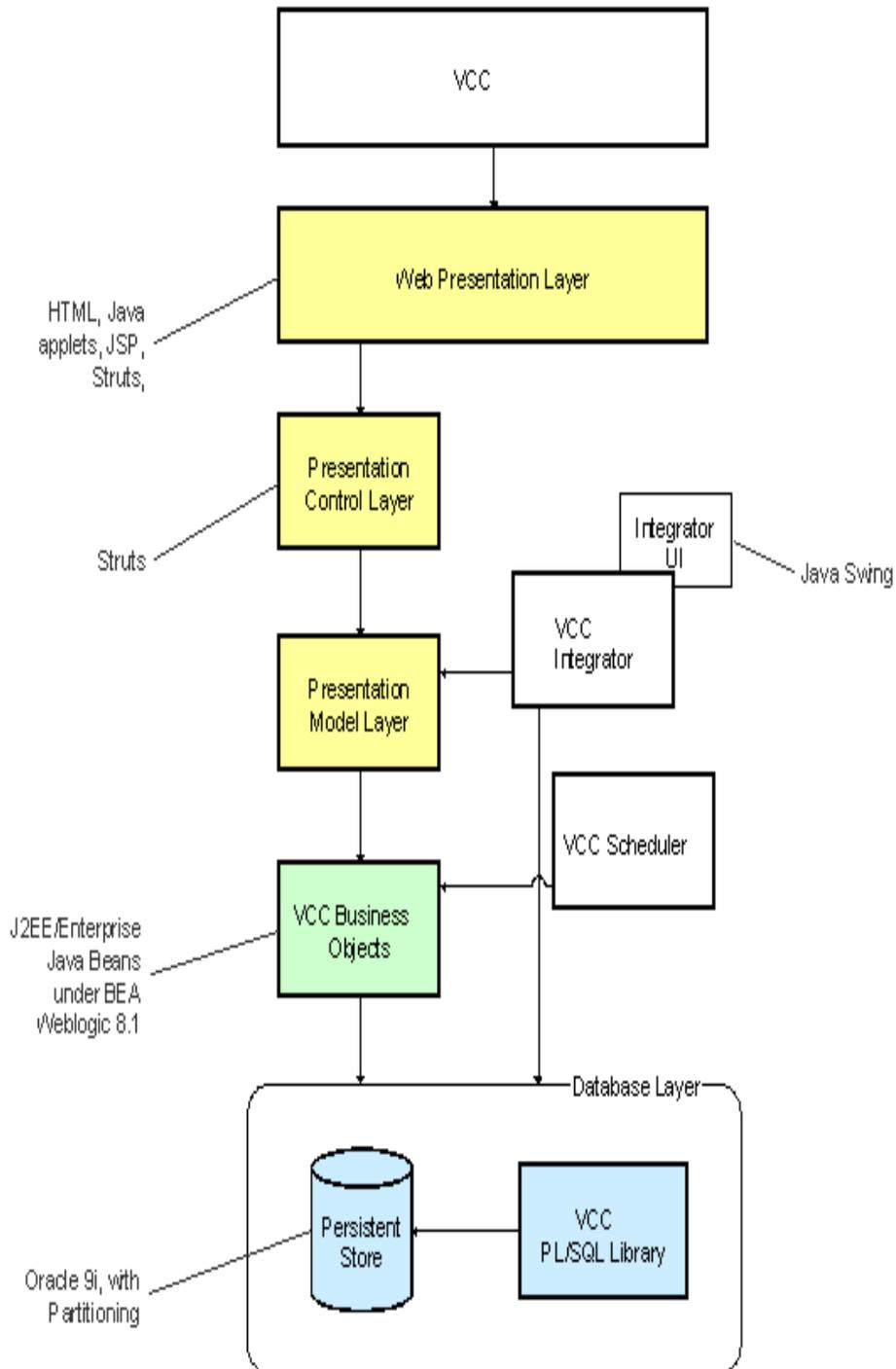
Technical Architecture

The technical architecture deploys an n tiered architecture with a purely web based User Interface.



VCC Architecture Overview

The VCC Collaboration Platform is designed and engineered as a multi-tiered or n-tier architecture, combining proven persistent storage technologies with industry-standard distributed business object and unified presentation methodologies.



Batch Processes and Integrator Load/Extracts

This chapter describes the following topics:

- [Integrator Loads and Extracts](#)
- [Batch Processes](#)

Integrator Loads and Extracts

This section contains the following topics:

- [Introduction to the VCC Integrator](#)
- [Master Data Loading and Extraction](#)
- [Running the VCC Integrator](#)

Introduction to the VCC Integrator

This section contains the following topics:

- [About the VCC Integrator](#)
- [About Data Stream Loading](#)
- [Delimited Parser](#)
- [Unit of measure \(UOM\) Converter](#)
- [Integrator Processing](#)
- [Loading](#)
- [Validation](#)
- [Load/Reject](#)
- [Getting Started with the Integrator](#)

About the VCC Integrator

The VCC Integrator consists of a series of parsers that allow you to load data into your VCC database or extract data from the VCC database.

Before you can load any data into VCC or extract data from the database, you must use the Integrator to define the format of the data stream or the format for the output file in the case of data extraction. The file that describes your file format is called a control file. VCC supplies default template control files for all the types of data you can load. The Integrator allows you to modify these templates for your specific

requirements. Only the Stream Extractor uses a template file; no other template files are currently in use. The appropriate control file is automatically loaded when you configure an Extractor.

Note: If a control file contains Kanji characters and you want to FTP the file to another system, you must FTP the file as ASCII only.

For each control file you create for each specific type of data load or data extract there are several screens that you must configure for each control file. They are:

- Common definitions — allows you to configure a file group, specify the location of completed files, and specify the specific character set you are using.
- Delimited definitions.

The delimited definitions include the following:

- Delimiter definition — allows you to specify the delimiter (such as a comma, a tab or some other delimiter) you use in your data stream files that separates the data stream elements in the file.
- Column definitions — allows you to specify the column in which specific data elements appears in your data stream or whether you want to define a specific data element as a global value.
- Global column definitions — allows you to define a global value for any element in your data stream. For example, your company ID may not occur in your actual data stream, but you can include it in the control file by specifying it as a global value. The global value is loaded as if it were included in the data file. At least one parameter must be column based.

VCC allows you to load the following types of data:

- Collaboration items, which are the items on which you intend to collaborate with a trading partner.
- Data streams, which is the data you intend to load into VCC.
- Aggregate Data are the disaggregation values you intend to apply to your data if required. In the case of measure streams, no disaggregation profile applies; otherwise, a disaggregation profile applies to movement and balance streams. For details about disaggregation, see the Oracle Retail VCC User Guide.
- Event Promotions, which are special promotions that are in effect for a limited time period. You also can enter event promotions using the VCC Client; however, if you have a large quantity of event promotions, it is more efficient to load them using the Integrator.
- Exception criteria, which are the rules you apply to your data to generate exceptions. You also can enter exception criteria using the VCC Client; however, if you have a large quantity of exception criteria, it is more efficient to load them using the Integrator.
- Exceptions, which are alerts generated by your exception criteria.
- Product profiles, which are your product's base price information.
- Metrics, which provides a way to configure and calculate business metrics such as inventory turns, variability, forecast error, etc.

- UOM conversion, which is a unit-of-measure conversion factor that allows you to standardize the units of measure in the data stream you intend to load into VCC using the UOM parser.
- Scheduler tasks, which allow you to schedule commands to be executed.
- Master data, which are the hierarchies (categories) and leaf folders you intend to use for your periods, products, partners, and locations. Use the Master Data Loader to load master data.
- Aggregate Definition Loader, which allows loading of Aggregate Definitions.

The VCC Integrator allows you to extract the following data from the VCC database:

- Blocked dates for the shipping calendar
- Collaboration items
- Collaboration Product Hierarchy
- Stream (leaf and aggregate)
- User
- Demand policy
- Exception Criteria
- Master data
- Price profiles
- Promotions
- Supply
- UOM conversion factors
- Metric Definitions
- Disaggregate Profiles
- Disaggregation Factors

About Data Stream Loading

A data stream goes through several stages before it is added to the VCC database. These stages include the following:

- Delimited parser, which allows you to define the data stream file format (see “Leaf Stream Loader”).
- UOM Converter, which allows you to convert units of measure to standard units of measure, if required (see “Stream Extractor”).
- Integrator processing (see “Running the VCC Integrator,”), including:
 - Integrator Loading
 - Integrator validation
 - Integrator load/reject

Delimited Parser

The Delimited parser performs the job of reading the input file from the Integrator data objects, which are then passed along to the UOM converter.

Several things can go wrong at this stage, including the following:

- If there is enough data to create a data object, the object is created but may be rejected if a record contains an invalid number or symbol in the quantity field.
- If there is not enough data to create an object, the error is logged to the file's associated log file (in the archive directory) and the parse continues. For example, this can occur if the "Data Stream Typecode" is invalid or missing.

Unit of measure (UOM) Converter

The UOM converter allows you to convert data values you are loading to match the UOM for the product stored in the database.

After the UOM converter finishes, it hands the object along to the temporary file creation stage.

The following errors can occur during UOM conversion:

- If the incoming data is invalid because neither the creator company nor the partner company are local, the object is rejected.
- If the product exists in the system, and the UOM specified in the input file is not valid for this product, the object is rejected.
- If a UOM is specified in the input file and the product exists in the system, but does not have an associated UOM, the object is rejected. A product cannot be created without a unit of measure.

Integrator Processing

Loading

During loading the loader takes the file created in the previous stage, and loads it to the database's staging table.

If the load fails for any reason, the debug files generated by sqlldr are moved to the archive directory and the output from sqlldr is placed in adaptor.log. This is usually caused by duplicate rows appearing in the input file.

Note: If the data files you are loading contain duplicate records, only the duplicate records across all files get rejected.

It is not possible to load the stream data in base units and in other UOM units from the same load if the context, stc, sitc, period and creation date are the same. Duplicate rows will trigger an error message and the duplicate rows will be rejected.

Validation

Validation calls a stored procedure in the database to validate all master data involved in this iteration of the load. If any of the master data does not exist, the missing elements will be placed in "not found" tables. The Integrator then queries the "not found" tables.

There should not be any rejects in this stage.

Load/Reject

The Integrator calls a stored procedure and all valid data streams are loaded. Data streams that cannot be loaded are placed in a reject table. The Integrator then queries the reject table, and from that data, generates the rest of the rejects.

Some of the main reasons for rejection are:

- Company not found
- Location not found
- Product not found and could not be reached
- Period not found
- Collaboration Item not found and could not be reached
- Invalid stream type code
- Invalid stream item type code

Getting Started with the Integrator

Before you begin to use the Integrator to import or export data, there are a few procedures you must perform

1. Configure the VCC Integrator selecting “VCC Configurations” from the VCC program group.
2. Configure the appropriate loader control file or extractor control file for the function you want to perform. Subsequent chapters describe how to configure the control files for each type of data.
3. Run the Integrator from the VCC program group to specify the control files you want to process.

Master Data Loading and Extraction

This section contains the following topics:

- [Introduction to Master Data](#)
- [File Format for Adding Master Data](#)
- [Delimiter Information](#)
- [Block Header Information](#)
- [Block Body Information](#)
- [Comments](#)
- [Adding Master Data](#)
- [Removing Location Folder Nodes](#)
- [Removing Location Leaf Nodes](#)
- [Renaming Master Data](#)
- [Updating Master Data](#)
- [Moving a Node Without the Move Command](#)
- [Configuring Master Data Hierarchy Extraction](#)
- [Synchronizing Hierarchies](#)
- [Configuring the Master Data Loader](#)

Introduction to Master Data

VCC allows you to create and manage your (local) master data by defining it in a flat file and processing the file in batch mode. You cannot create hierarchies for non-local companies.

There are four primary master data hierarchies:

- product hierarchies
- partner hierarchies
- location hierarchies
- period hierarchies

In addition, you can add users or copy users, add relationships among folders, remove folders, rename folders, move folders, and update leaf nodes

Each hierarchy, of course, contains leaf-node information. You have the option of creating and managing your master data hierarchies and the leaf nodes in each hierarchy using a flat file.

Most often master data is exported from an existing legacy system using a third-party tool that extracts the data from the legacy system and formats it in the required master data flat-file format for loading.

If you have an existing hierarchy, and want to update it with a newer hierarchy, you can use the **Sync_Hierarchy** tool to compare an old hierarchy with a new one. The **Sync_Hierarchy** tool produces a file containing only new items that you can load into the database. For details, see Synchronizing Hierarchies.

To run the hierarchy loader, create a control file using **VCC - VCC Configurations - VCC Configurations** ; load the control file using **VCC - Integrator**.

Note: To run the Master Data Loader, you must be the user called "integratoruser". The default password is "pinkrhino."

For details on running the VCC Integrator, see Running the VCC Integrator.

About Product Hierarchies

A product hierarchy contains product master data, which includes

- Product Name
- Global Item Number (GIN)
- Local Item Number (LIN)
- Unit of measure (UOM)
- common unit-of-measure (UOM) factor -- Consolidates many different units of measure (UOM) into a common, single unit of measure. Must be "0" if a common unit-of-measure factor is not provided. This unit-of-measure conversion factor is usually used to reduce a larger number to a smaller one; for example, to reduce cases to individual units (each). If a case has 12 units, the UOM conversion factor would be 12, and the forecast number is multiplied by 12.
- URL -- the URL to any link (optional). For example, it can be a URL to a product image or product information. Leave this field blank if you do not wish to specify a URL. For details on adding product leaf nodes, see Adding Product Leaf Nodes.

About Collaboration Product Hierarchies

All leaf collaboration products below the selected (extract) context can be extracted from a Collaboration Product Hierarchy.

About Partner Hierarchies and Location Hierarchies

A partner hierarchy and a location hierarchy contain partner and location master data, which includes:

- Partner name or location name
- Identifier (this is typically a DUNS + 4 number)
- Company ID (this is typically a DUNS number). About Partner Hierarchies and Location Hierarchies
- URL -- the URL to any link. For example, it can be a URL to a partner image or partner information. Leave this field blank if you do not wish to specify a URL.

About Period Hierarchies

A period hierarchy contains period master data, which includes:

- Period Name
- Begin Date
- End Date

For details on creating leaf period relationships to the folder, Adding a Period Relationship.

File Format for Adding Master Data

A master data flat file contains the following:

- A **delimiter definition**. This is the ASCII delimiter you intend to use to separate the items in the file. You can specify only one delimiter in a master data file.
- A **block** (or blocks), which contains a block header and the block body. If you are loading product hierarchy by the direct path method, only one header line is allowed per file. If you want to load master data for multiple companies, each company must have company data in a separate file.

The master data flat file can contain multiple blocks.

The format for a master data flat file is shown in the table below:

Table 5–1 Flat File Format

| Line Number | Contains |
|----------------------------|---|
| Line 1 - Delimiter | The delimiter is the character you use to separate the items in the flat file. This is most usually a comma and it must be the first line in the file. You cannot specify two different delimiters for the same file. Note that no leading spaces or trailing spaces are allowed in the delimiter line. |
| Line 2 - Block 1 Header | The header line, which must begin with an "H" to designate it as the header line, defines the function you intend to perform; the company ID; and the master data type (product, partner, location, or period). |
| Line 3 to n - Block 1 Body | Node designation (leaf or folder), or relationship designation. Specify the type of node you intend to create by entering an "L" for leaf-node "F" for a folder node "R" for relationship Specify additional data on the line as required for the type of master data you are creating as defined in the header line. |

Table 5–1 (Cont.) Flat File Format

| Line Number | Contains |
|-------------|---------------------------------------|
| Line $n+1$ | New block header. Block body follows. |

You can specify as many blocks in a single file as you need so you can perform multiple actions on your master data in one file. Remember, however, that a file can contain only one delimiter in the first line of the file.

All lines in the file can be terminated by either a linefeed (0x0A), or a carriage return linefeed combination (0x0D0A).

Example

In the example below, a new product category called "Cookies" is created.

```

/
H,A,MY_COMPANY_ID,PRO
F,COOKIES,COOKIES_X

```

Delimiter Information

The delimiter is the first line in the flat file, and you cannot specify any other characters in the delimiter line. You use the delimiter to separate the items in your flat file. You can specify only one delimiter per flat file.

Note: No leading spaces or trailing spaces are allowed in the delimiter area.

Block Header Information

Think of the header line as the command line in the file. It is where you specify the type of function you want to perform, the company on which the function is performed, and the master data type (product, location, partner, period, and users) to which the function applies. If you want to load master data for multiple companies, each company must have company data in a separate file.

Format your header line as specified in See Header Line Format. Separate each field using the delimiter you specified in the first line of the flat file. If an error is found in the header line, an error similar to the following is generated:

```

:<MDL> error: MDLException at
D:\IntegratorLoadTests\DataFiles\MDLdata\lenny\lenny_prod.txt(3):<MDL> :
errorcode=6016 Class "com.syncra.ct.integration.mdl.interpreter.verbs.

```

Table 5–2 Header Line Format

| Column | Description |
|--------------------|---|
| Header Designation | H - designates that this line is the header line. |

Table 5-2 (Cont.) Header Line Format

| Column | Description |
|------------------|---|
| Function | <p>One of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • A - The block body pertaining to this header contains nodes or parent/child relationships to add.. • R - The block body pertaining to this header contains nodes or parent/child relationships to remove. • RC - The block body pertaining to this header contains parent and child nodes to remove (delete cascade). • RN - The block body pertaining to this header contains nodes to rename. You also can use the Update function to rename a node. • U - Update all attributes of a leaf node except the hierarchy ID or GIN. You can use the update function to rename a node but the Rename function is more appropriate. • MOVE - Move a folder node or leaf node. |
| Company ID | The company ID or "ALL_COMPANIES." "ALL COMPANIES " lets you remove leaf products from all companies in the hierarchy. Company ID can be a name or a number. |
| Master Data Type | <p>One of the following:</p> <p>PRO- The file contains product data.</p> <p>LOC - The file contains location data.</p> <p>PAR - The file contains partner data.</p> <p>PER - The file contains period data.</p> <p>USER - The file contains new users.</p> |

To move a node or relationship, see "Moving a Node Without the Move Command".

Example:

The following is an example of a header to add a folder of prmpleproducts called "Snacks" (SNACKS_X is the unique identifier for the folder) to ACME's product hierarchy.

```

/
H,A,ACME01,PRO
F,SNACKS,SNACKS_X

```

Block Body Information

The block body contains the detail information required to execute the function you specify in the header. The first character of a block body line defines the type of master data you want to manage: a leaf node, a folder node, or a relationship between nodes.

The first character in a block body line can contain

- F -- indicates a folder node is to be created
- L -- indicates a leaf node is to be created
- R -- indicates a relationship is to be created

Comments

Include a comment in a master data hierarchy file by entering the pound (#) sign as the first character in the line.

Adding Master Data

This section describes how to add master data. It contains:

- [Adding Product Folder Nodes](#)
- [Adding Product Leaf Nodes](#)
- [Adding a Product Parent/Child Relationship](#)
- [Adding a Period Folder Node](#)
- [Adding a Period Relationship](#)
- [Adding a Partner Folder Node](#)
- [Adding a Partner Leaf Node](#)
- [Adding a Partner Relationship](#)
- [Adding a Location Folder Node](#)
- [Adding a Location Leaf Node](#)
- [Adding a Location Relationship](#)
- [Copying a User](#)

Adding Product Folder Nodes

A folder node is a category name that you use to contain leaf-level names. To add a folder node, specify the following after the header line:

Table 5–3 Adding Product Folder Nodes

| Column | Description |
|---------------------|---|
| F | Indicates this line represents a folder node. |
| Textual Description | The name of this folder node. |
| Identifier | A unique identifier for this folder node. |

The following example adds the folder “COOKIES” to your hierarchy.

```

/
H,A,MY_COMPANY_ID,PRO
F,COOKIES,COOKIES_X

```

Adding Product Leaf Nodes

If you are loading a leaf node (product, partner, or period) using the master data loader without a parent-child relationship, the node is added to the root of the tree (see Example 2).

If you load leaf nodes without relationships, new leaves are added to the root node. If the leaf already exists in the system, no action is taken and it will not be linked to the root node.

If leaves are loaded with an explicit relationship with the root node as the parent, all nodes are added (or linked) to the root node. If any leaves previously existed in the system, a link to that leaf would be added to the root node.

Note: If you attempt to add leaves to a non-existent folder, the leaves are added to the recycle bin

The line for adding a leaf product node must contain:

Table 5–4 Adding Product Leaf Nodes

| Column | Description |
|-------------------------------|--|
| L | Denotes this line as representing a leaf node. |
| Textual Description | The name of this leaf node. |
| GIN | The GIN for this product. This is used as the identifier for this product. |
| Local Item Number | A proprietary unique identifier for this product. |
| Unit-of-Measure | How this product is to be measured. The value can be any character string agreed upon by the trading partners. |
| Common unit-of-measure factor | Common unit-of-measure (UOM) factor — Consolidates many different units of measure (UOM) into a common, single unit of measure. Must be “0” if a common unit of measure factor is not provided. |
| URL | URL — the URL to any link. For example, it can be a URL to a product image or product information. Leave this field blank if you do not wish to specify a URL as shown in example 3. |
| Load factor | A “rough-cut” transportation capacity estimate for this product. This is the number of units expected to be shipped per load for this product. You can leave the load factor field empty if there is no load factor. |
| GIN Type | Global Item Number Type. Leave this field blank if you do not wish to specify a value, and a default value will be loaded. For more information on defaults. |
| LIN Type | Local Item Number Type. Leave this field blank if you do not wish to specify a value, and a default value will be loaded. For more information on defaults. |
| Weight | Weight per unit (for Supply). Leave this field blank if you do not wish to specify a value, and a default value will be loaded. For more information on defaults. |
| Volume | Volume per unit (for Supply). Leave this field blank if you do not wish to specify a value, and a default value will be loaded. For more information on defaults. |

Example 1:

This example adds the product “Chips” and then adds chips to the product category “Snacks.” For details on the format for creating a parent/child relationship such as Chips and Snacks, see Adding a Product Parent/Child Relationship.

,
H,A,11111111,PRO

L,Chips,011789037495,011789037495,EA,0,http://myco.com/chips.html,0.9
 R,SNACKS_X,L,011789037495

Example 2:

This example adds the new product “Chips” under the root node and not to any specific category. Note that the relationship to the root node is not necessary.

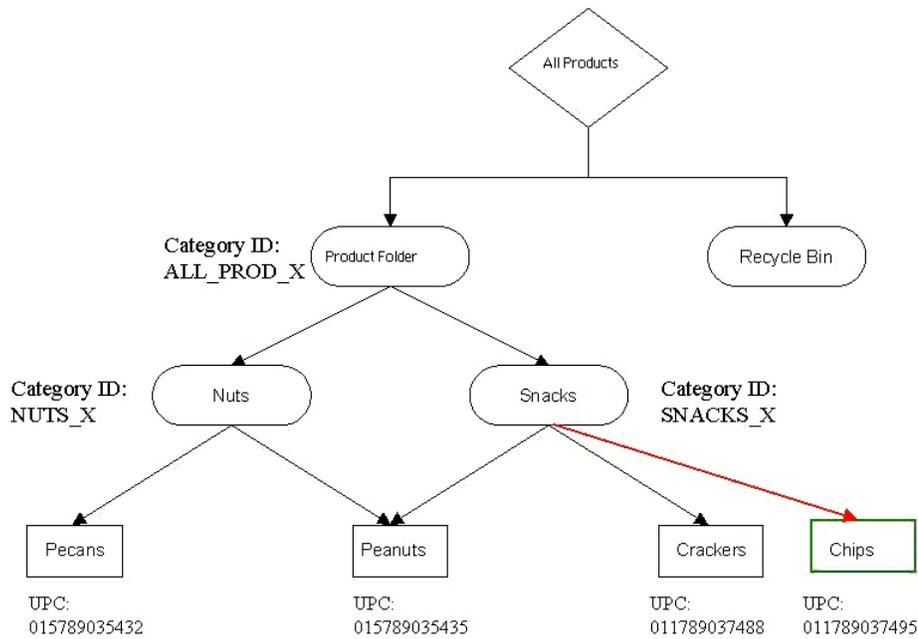
,
 H,A,11111111,PRO
 L,Chips,011789037495,011789037495,EA,0,http://myco.com/chips.html,0.9

Example 3:

This example does not include a URL, and the field is left blank.

,
 H,A,11111111,PRO
 L,Chips,011789037495,011789037495,EA,0,,0.9

Adding a Node to a parent



Example:

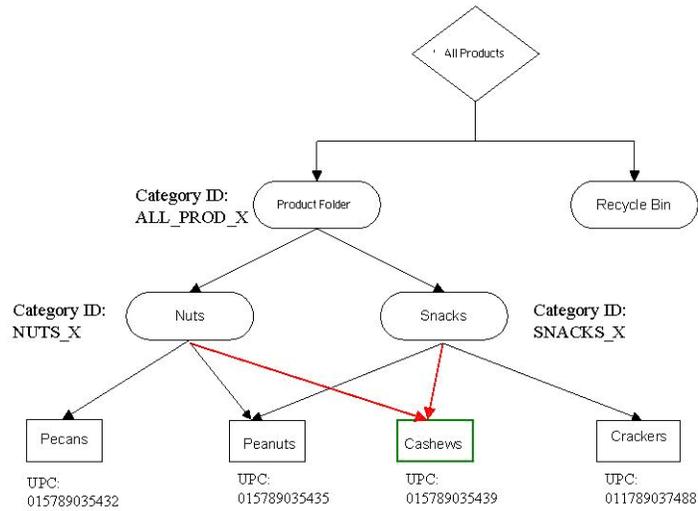
This example illustrates how to add a product node to two parent nodes. It adds the product Cashews with the GIN 015789035439 to two parent nodes: “Nuts” and “Snacks.”

,
 H,A,11111111,PRO
 L,Cashews,015789035439 ,015789035439 ,EA,0.26,,0.9

R,SNACKS_X,L,015789035439

R,NUTS_X,L,015789035439

Add a Node to Multiple Parents



Example:

This example adds a node and its contents. In this example, the following is accomplished:

- Beverages is created
- Milkshake is created
- OJ is created
- Beverages is added to All Products
- Milkshake is added to Beverages
- Milkshake is added to Snacks
- OJ is added to Beverages

,

H,A,11111111,PRO

F,BEVERAGES,BEVERAGES_X

L,Milkshake,011789037440,011789037440,EA,0.25,,0.9

L,OJ,011789037441,011789037441,EA,0.6,http://myco.com/oj.html,0.9

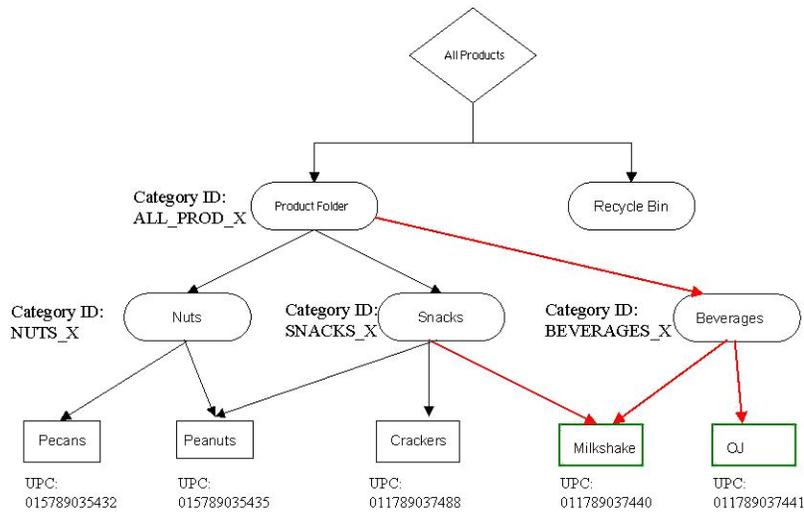
R,ALL_PROD_X,F,BEVERAGES_X

R,BEVERAGES_X,L,011789037440

R,SNACKS_X,L,011789037440

R,BEVERAGES_X,L,011789037441

Add a Folder Node and Contents



Adding a Product Parent/Child Relationship

The line for adding a parent/child relationship must contain:

Table 5–5 Adding a Product Parent/Child Relationship

| Column | Description |
|-----------|---|
| R | Identifies this line as a parent/child relationship. |
| Parent Id | The unique identifier for the parent node. This must be a non-leaf node that already exists or is created earlier in this file. |
| L or F | L specifies that the child is a leaf node. F specifies that the child is a folder node. |
| Child Id | The unique identifier for the child node. This must be a node that already exists or is created earlier in this file. |

Example 1:

This example illustrates how to create a parent/child relationship. In this example, Pecans with the GIN 015789035432 is added to Snacks at company ID 111111111.

```

/
H,A,111111111,PRO
R,SNACKS_X,L,015789035432
    
```

Example 2:

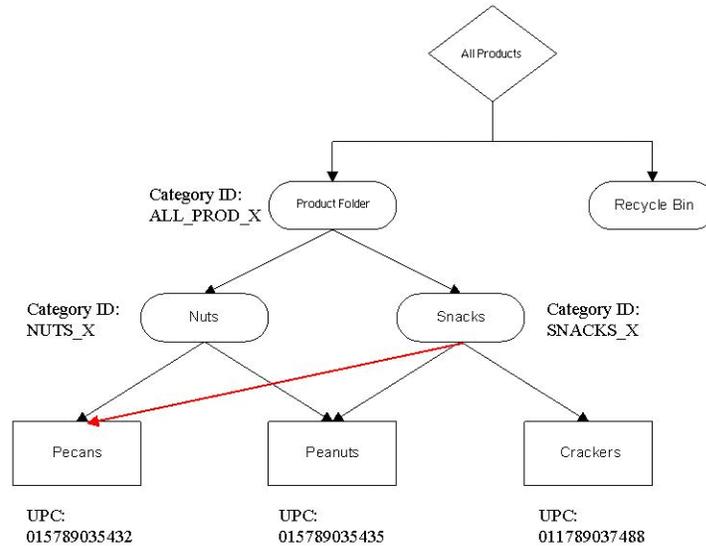
This example illustrates how to create a parent/child relationship with an existing product to a root node. In this example, the existing product Pecans with the GIN

015789035432 is added to the root node at company ID 11111111. Note that no category is specified.

H,A,11111111,PRO

R,,L,015789035432

Add a Parent/Child Relationship



Adding a Period Folder Node

If you are loading a leaf node (product, partner or location) using the master data loader without a parent-child relationship, the node is added to the root of the tree.

If you load leaf nodes without relationships, new leaves are added to the root node. If the leaf already exists in the system, no action is taken, and it will not be linked to the root node.

If leaves are loaded with an explicit relationship with the root node as the parent, all nodes are added (or linked) to the root node. If any leaves previously existed in the system, a link to that leaf would be added to the root node.

The line for adding a period folder node must contain the following:

Table 5–6 Adding a Period Folder Node

| Column | Description |
|------------|--|
| F | Denotes this line as representing a leaf node. |
| Name | The period folder name. |
| Identifier | The period identifier. |

Note that the unique identifier for a period node is the end date appended to the begin date, separated by a hyphen. It will be of the form *yyyy-mm-dd-yyyy-mm-dd*. The identifier is used for removing periods, and creating or removing parent/child relationships.

Adding a Period Relationship

The line for adding a parent/child period relationship must contain:

Table 5–7 Adding a Period Relationship

| Column | Description |
|-----------|---|
| R | Identifies this line as a parent/child relationship. |
| Parent Id | The unique identifier for the parent node. This must be a non-leaf node that already exists or is created earlier in this file. |
| L or F | L specifies that the child is a leaf node. F specifies that the child is a folder node. |
| Child Id | The unique identifier for the child node. This must be a node that already exists or is created earlier in this file. |

Example:

In this example, the folder is created, and the leaf relationship is added to the folder.

```

/
H,A,40-444-4444,PER
F,sample folder name, folder_id
R, folder_id, L, 2001-01-01-2001-01-07

```

Adding a Partner Folder Node

A folder node is a category name that you use to contain leaf-level names. To add a folder node, specify the following after the header line:

Table 5–8 Adding a Partner Folder Node

| Column | Description |
|---------------------|---|
| F | Indicates this line represents a folder node. |
| Textual Description | The name of this folder node. |
| Identifier | A unique identifier for this folder node. |

Adding a Partner Leaf Node

If you are loading a leaf node (product, partner, or period) using the master data loader without a parent-child relationship, the node is added to the root of the tree (see Example 2).

If you load leaf nodes without relationships, new leaves are added to the root node. If the leaf already exists in the system, no action is taken and it will not be linked to the root node.

If leaves are loaded with an explicit relationship with the root node as the parent, all nodes are added (or linked) to the root node. If any leaves previously existed in the system, a link to that leaf would be added to the root node.

The line for adding a leaf partner node must contain:

Table 5–9 Adding a Partner Leaf Node

| Column | Description |
|----------------------------|--|
| L | Denotes this line as representing a leaf node. |
| Name | The name of this leaf node. |
| Identifier | The identifier for this partner. This is used as the identifier for this partner. |
| Company ID | A proprietary unique identifier for this partner. |
| URL | URL — the URL to any link. Leave this field blank if you do not wish to specify a URL. |
| Global Location ID Type | If you leave this field empty, the default type value will be loaded. |
| Alternate Location ID | If you leave this field empty, the Global Location ID value will be loaded. |
| Alternate Location ID Type | If you leave this field empty, the Global Location ID Type value will be loaded. |

Adding a Partner Relationship

The line for adding a parent/child relationship for a partner must contain:

Table 5–10 Adding a Partner Relationship

| Column | Description |
|-----------|---|
| R | Identifies this line as a parent/child relationship. |
| Parent Id | The unique identifier for the parent node. This must be a non-leaf node that already exists or is created earlier in this file. |
| L or F | L specifies that the child is a leaf node. F specifies that the child is a folder node. |
| Child Id | The unique identifier for the child node. This must be a node that already exists or is created earlier in this file. |

Adding a Location Folder Node

A location folder node is a category name that you use to contain leaf-level location names. To add a folder node, specify the following after the header line:

Table 5–11 Adding a Location Folder Node

| Column | Description |
|---------------------|---|
| F | Indicates this line represents a folder node. |
| Textual Description | The name of this folder node. |
| Identifier | A unique identifier for this folder node. |

The following example adds the folder “**newlocationfolder1**” to your hierarchy.

```

,
H,A,11111,LOC
F,newlocation folder1,newlocationfodler1

```

Adding a Location Leaf Node

To add a location you must first create a location folder if it does not already exist, and then associate the new location to the folder in which you want it to belong.

The line for adding a location node must contain:

Table 5–12 Adding a Location Leaf Node

| Column | Description |
|----------------------------|--|
| L | Denotes this line as representing a leaf node. |
| Location Name | The name of the location node. |
| Location Identifier | The identifier for this location. |
| Company ID | A proprietary unique identifier for this company. |
| URL | URL — the URL to any link. (Optional). Leave this field blank if you do not wish to specify a URL. |
| Global Location ID Type | If you leave this field empty, the default type value will be loaded. |
| Alternate Location ID | If you leave this field empty, the Global Location ID value will be loaded. |
| Alternate Location ID Type | If you leave this field empty, the Global Location ID Type value will be loaded. |

Example:

```
'
H,A,11111,Loc
F, newloc folder1,newloc_fldr1
L, new location at 1,11111-0001,11111,http://net.com
L, new location at 2,11111-0002,11111,,
L, new location at 3,11111-0003,11111,,
L, new location at 4,11111-0004,11111,,
L, new location at 5,11111-0005,11111,,
R,newloc_fldr1,L,11111-0001
R,newloc_fldr1,L,11111-0002
R,newloc_fldr1,L,11111-0003
R,newloc_fldr1,L,11111-0004
R,newloc_fldr1,L,11111-0005
```

Adding a Location Relationship

The line for adding a parent/child relationship for a location is the same as adding a partner relationship. It must contain:

Table 5–13 Adding a Location Relationship

| Column | Description |
|--------|--|
| R | Identifies this line as a parent/child relationship. |

Table 5–13 (Cont.) Adding a Location Relationship

| Column | Description |
|-----------|---|
| Parent Id | The unique identifier for the parent node. This must be a non-leaf node that already exists or is created earlier in this file. |
| L or F | L specifies that the child is a leaf node. F specifies that the child is a folder node. |
| Child Id | The unique identifier for the child node. This must be a node that already exists or is created earlier in this file. |

Adding a User

The line for adding a user must contain:

Table 5–14 Adding a User

| Column | Description |
|------------------|--|
| L | Designates a node to add. "L" designates a leaf node. |
| User Name | The new user name. |
| Password | The new user password. |
| Role | superadmin, serveradmin, limitedadmin, admin, manager, supervisor, planner, reviewer |
| Login Allowed | 1 = allowed; 0 = not allowed |
| e-mail | The user e-mail address (Optional). |
| en_US | language preferences (Optional) |
| user_type | regular user = 0; system user = 1 |
| Real Name | Up to 40 characters. |
| Telephone Number | Up to 40 characters. |
| Fax Number | Up to 40 characters. |

Examples

The following example adds a user, Smith, to the admin role for company 111111.

```
,
H,A,111111,USER
L,Smith,demo,admin,1,smith@acme.com,en_US,1,,
```

For loading a server admin role user, do not use a Company ID. The header record must be "All_Companies", as seen in the example below:

```
,
H,A,All_Companies,USER
L,satserveradmin1,demo,-8,1,email,en_us,0,,,
L,satserveradmin2,demo,server_admin,1,email,en_us,0,,,
```

Copying a User

The create user feature allows you to create a new user and assign the user to a specific role for the company specified in the file block header. If the user already exists, you will get the error message.

00-05-03-00 Duplicate user name for role in company. Please enter another user name.

To add a user, the block line must contain:

Table 5–15 Copying a User

| Column | Description |
|----------------|---|
| L | Designates a node to add. "L" designates a leaf node. |
| Old User Name | The old user name. |
| New User Name | The new user name. |
| New password | The new user password. |
| E-Mail Address | Up to 40 characters. |

To copy a user

,

H,CP,10-124-1017,USER

L,OldUserName,NewUserName,NewPassword,NewEmail

Removing Location Folder Nodes

The line for removing a location folder node must contain:

| Column | Description |
|------------|--|
| F | Designates a folder node to remove. |
| Identifier | This is the unique identifier for this node. |

Removing Location Leaf Nodes

The format for removing a partner leaf node or location leaf node must contain the following:

| Column | Description |
|---------------------|--|
| L | Designates this as a leaf node to remove. |
| Location Identifier | This is the unique identifier used for this location. |
| Company Identifier | This is the unique identifier for the company that owns this location. |

Example:

,

H,R,11111,Loc

L, new location at 1,11111-0001,11111

Renaming Master Data

You can rename product folder nodes and product leaf nodes, period folders, partner folder nodes and partner leaf nodes.

This section contains the following topics:

- [Renaming Product Folder Nodes and Product Leaf Nodes](#)
- [Renaming Period Folders](#)

- [Renaming Partner Folder Nodes and Partner Leaf Nodes](#)
- [Renaming Location Folder Nodes and Location Leaf Nodes](#)

Renaming Product Folder Nodes and Product Leaf Nodes

The line for renaming a node must contain the following:

| Column | Description |
|------------|--|
| F or L | Designates a node to rename. "F" designates a folder node; "L" designates a leaf node. |
| New Name | This is the new name. |
| Identifier | This is the node identifier. |

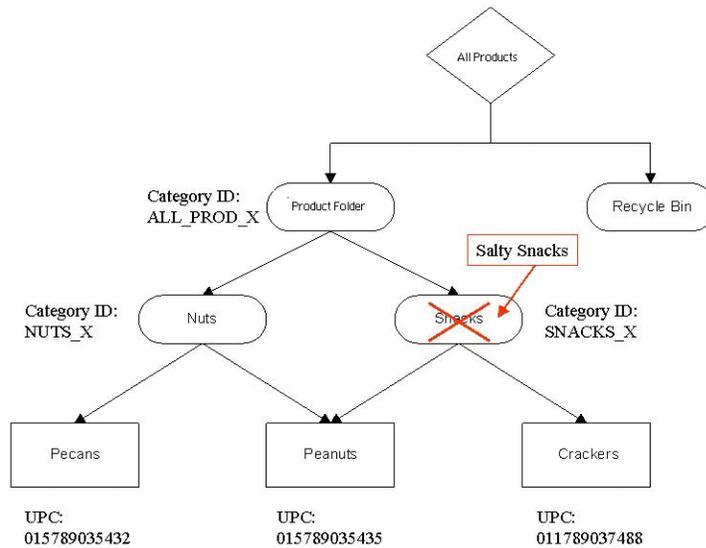
Note: You cannot rename leaf periods.

Example

This example renames a node. In this example, "Snacks" is renamed to "Salty Snacks."

,
 H,RN,11111111,PRO
 F,Salty Snacks,SNACKS_X

Renaming a Node



Renaming Period Folders

The line for renaming a node must contain the following:

| Column | Description |
|------------|--|
| F or L | Designates a node to rename. "F" designates a folder node; "L" designates a leaf node. |
| New Name | This is the new name. |
| Identifier | This is the node identifier. |

Note: You cannot rename leaf nodes.

Renaming Partner Folder Nodes and Partner Leaf Nodes

The line for renaming a node must contain the following:

| Column | Description |
|------------|--|
| F or L | Designates a node to rename. "F" designates a folder node; "L" designates a leaf node. |
| New Name | This is the new name. |
| Identifier | This is the node identifier. |

H,RN,11111111,PAR

L,BIG_MART_BOSTON,BIG_MART_BOSTON_X

Renaming Location Folder Nodes and Location Leaf Nodes

The line for renaming a location node must contain the following:

| Column | Description |
|------------|--|
| F or L | Designates a node to rename. "F" designates a folder node; "L" designates a leaf node. |
| New Name | This is the new name. |
| Identifier | This is the node identifier. |

Updating Master Data

This section contains the following topics:

- [Updating Product Leaf Node](#)
- [Updating a Partner Leaf Node](#)

Updating Product Leaf Node

You can update all attributes of a leaf node except the GIN, which is the key for the leaf.

The line to update a product leaf node may contain:

| Column | Description |
|--------|--|
| L | Denotes this line as representing a leaf node. |
| Name | The name of this leaf node. |

| Column | Description |
|------------------------------------|--|
| GIN | The GIN for this product. This is used as the identifier for this product. |
| Local Item Number | A proprietary unique identifier for this product. |
| Unit-of-Measure | How this product is to be measured. The value can be any character string agreed upon by the trading partners. |
| Common unit-of-measure stat factor | Common unit-of-measure (UOM) stat factor — Consolidates many different units of measure (UOM) into a common, single unit of measure. Must be "0" if a common unit of measure factor is not provided. |
| URL | URL — the URL to any link. For example, it can be a URL to a product image or product information. |
| Load factor | A "rough-cut" transportation capacity estimate for this product. This is the number of units expected to be shipped per load for this product. You can leave the load factor field empty if there is no load factor. This must be the last function specified. |
| GIN Type | Global Item Number. Leave this field blank if you do not wish to specify a value, and a default value will be loaded. |
| LIN Type | Local Item Number Type. Leave this field blank if you do not wish to specify a value, and a default value will be loaded. |
| Weight | Weight per unit (for Supply). Leave this field blank if you do not wish to specify a value, and a default value will be loaded. |
| Volume | Volume per unit (for Supply). Leave this field blank if you do not wish to specify a value, and a default value will be loaded. |

Example:

The following example provides an update for a product with the GIN 102003000. The GIN is a key and cannot be updated.

,

H,U,10-127-1024,PRO

L,Product1,102003000,NAB102003000,EA,0.5,,

Updating a Partner Leaf Node

The line to update a partner leaf node may contain:

| Column | Description |
|------------------------|--|
| L | Denotes this line as representing a leaf node. |
| Name | The name of this leaf node. |
| Identifier | The partner company identifier. |
| Local Item Number | A proprietary unique identifier for this product. |
| Company ID | The partner company ID. |
| URL | URL — the URL to any link. For example, it can be a URL to a product image or product information. |
| Global Company ID Type | If you leave this field empty, the default type value will be loaded. |
| Alternate Company ID | If you leave this field empty, the default value will be loaded. |

| Column | Description |
|---------------------------|---|
| Alternate Company ID Type | If you leave this field empty, the default type value will be loaded. |

Moving a Node Without the Move Command

To move a node you have to create a file with two headers. One header and its associated lines adds the relationship to the appropriate location, the second header and its associated lines removes the old relationship. Note that you must add the new node before you remove the old one.

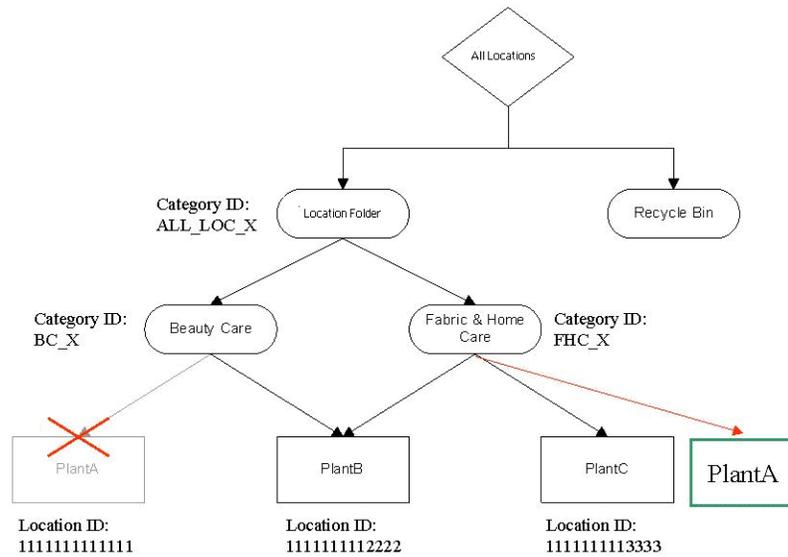
Example:

This example moves a location from one category to another. In this example, "Plant" is removed from "Beauty Care" and moved (added) to "Fabric and Home Care."

```

/
H,A,11111111,LOC
R,FHC_X,L,111111111111
H,R,11111111,LOC
R,BC_X,L,111111111111
    
```

Moving a Node



Moving a Folder or Leaf with the Move Command

The line to move a leaf node must contain:

| Column | Description |
|------------------------------------|---|
| L, PRO, LOC, PAR, PER | Denotes this line as representing a leaf (L), product (PRO), location (LOC), partner (PAR), or period (PER) node. |
| Source Folder ID | The local ID of the folder from which the leaf is to be moved. Entering “,” indicates the root node. |
| Destination Folder ID | The local ID of the folder to which the leaf is to be moved. |
| GIN, DUNS+4, Begin-Date - End Date | A proprietary unique identifier for this item. GIN for product, DUNS+4 for location or partner, or begin date - end date for periods. |

The line to move a folder node must contain:

| Column | Description |
|-----------------------|---|
| F | Denotes this line as representing a folder node. |
| Source Folder ID | The local ID of the folder from which the folder is to be moved. Entering “,” indicates the root node |
| Destination Folder ID | The local ID of the folder to which the folder is to be moved. |
| childlocal folderID | A local folder ID that is to be moved. |

Sample Leaf Move

In this example, the period leaf node moved from the root node to the period folder.

```

/
H,MOVE,10-124-1107,PER
L,,period_fldr1,2001-12-31-2001-12-31
L,,period_fldr1,2002-01-01-2002-01-01
L,,period_fldr2,2002-01-02-2002-01-02
L,,period_fldr2,2002-01-03-2002-01-03
L,,period_fldr2,2002-01-04-2002-01-04
L,,period_fldr2,2002-01-05-2002-01-05
L,,period_fldr2,2002-01-06-2002-01-06

```

Sample Folder Move

In this example, the folder local ID “Fldr12” is moved to the root node of the period hierarchy.

```

/
H,MOVE,9999,PER
F,-89,,Fldr12

```

Sample Leaf Period Move to Folders

In the following example, a folder for the year 2002 is added along with folders called Half1, Qtr1, and Jan 2002. Relationships for Half1, Qtr1, and Jan 2002 are established with the folder 2002. Leaf nodes are then moved from the root node into the Jan 2002 folder.

```

,
# Header Designation, Function, Company ID, MD Type
H, A,111,PER
# Folder, Year Folder Name, Folder ID
F, FY 2002, FY_2002
F, Half1 2002, Half1_2002
F, Qtr1 2002, Qtr1_2002
F, Jan 2002, Jan_2002
# Relate, Parent ID, F or L, Child ID
R,FY_2002,F,Half1_2002
R, Half1_2002, F, Qtr1_2002
R, Qtr1_2002, F, Jan_2002
# MOVING LEAF PERIOD FROM ROOT NODE TO Jan_2002 FOLDER
H,MOVE,111,PER
L,,Jan_2002, 2001-12-31-2002-01-06
L,,Jan_2002, 2002-01-07-2002-01-13
L,,Jan_2002, 2002-01-14-2002-01-20
L,,Jan_2002, 2002-01-21-2002-01-27

```

Sample Move for Leaves and folders

```

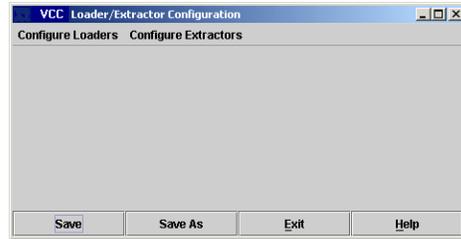
H,MOVE,111,PRO
#F,srcLocalFolderID,dstLocalFolderID,childLocalFolderID
L,prod_fldr2,prod_fldr1,0003
F,-2,,prod_fldr2
H,MOVE,111,LOC
L,loc_fldr2,loc_fldr1,111-003
F,-2,,loc_fldr2
H,MOVE,111,PAR
F,-2,,partloc_fldr2
L,partloc_fldr2,partloc_fldr1,222-003
H,MOVE,111,PER
L,Dec_2002,Nov_2002,2002-11-25-2002-12-01

```

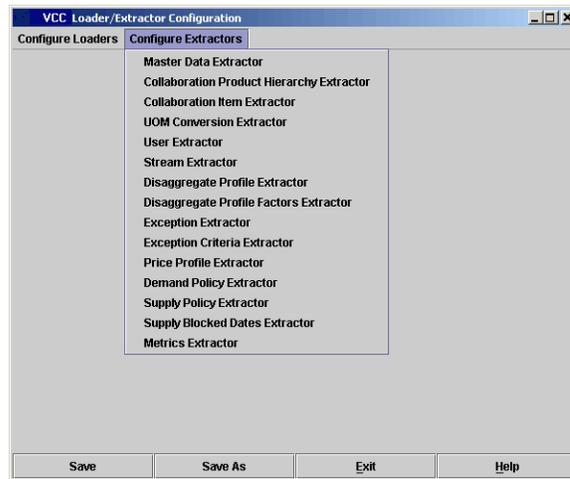
Configuring Master Data Hierarchy Extraction

To extract hierarchy data from your database

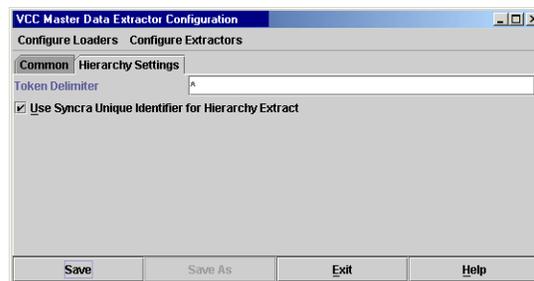
1. Select VCC - VCC Configurations - VCC Loader Extractor Configuration from the VCC program group. The Control File Configurations screen appears.



2. Click **Configure Extractors**. The drop-down menu of available data extractors appears.



3. Click **Master Data Extractor**. The **Hierarchy Setting** tab view appears.
4. In the Hierarchy Settings pane, enter the token delimiter you want to use to separate the data in the file once it is extracted in the **Token Delimiter** field.



5. Folders in a master data hierarchy have unique identifiers. Ordinarily, these unique identifiers are of no concern to the user. However, if you load a master data hierarchy that has been extracted from another system (legacy system or a VCC System), the folders are assigned two identifiers: the original identifier which was loaded through the hierarchy loader and a unique identifier that is assigned by VCC. If you make changes to the loaded master data hierarchy, you will not be able to extract the master data unless you extract it using the VCC unique identifiers. To extract a hierarchy using VCC unique identifiers, check the **use VCC Unique Identifiers for Hierarchy Extract** check box. Do not check this check box if you want to extract hierarchy data with Local IDs.
6. Click **Save**.

To extract a master data hierarchy:

1. Ensure that you configured Extract Directory path during VCC configuration. For details see the Oracle Retail VCC Installation Guide.
2. Schedule the Hierarchy Extract event using the VCC Scheduler. At the time you specify, the master data hierarchy in your VCC database is extracted to the data retrieval directory.

Synchronizing Hierarchies

The **Sync_Hierarchy** tool allows you to update an existing hierarchy with a new one by comparing the two hierarchies and generating a file containing only new hierarchy items that you can use as input to the master data loader to update the existing tree.

- Any new input files must use the same delimiter as the old file. This must match the delimiter used in the *SyncHierarchy.properties* file.

To use the **Sync_Hierarchy** tool:

1. Edit the **SyncHierarchy.properties** file located in [SYNCRA_HOME]\Integrator

For details, see Editing a Hierarchy Synchronization Configuration File.

1. Run **Sync_Hierarchy**, which produces a files called **hierarchyDiff.txt**.
2. Load **hierarchyDiff.txt**.

After running, for any errors check the **Sync_Hierarchy_Launch_Log** file.

Editing a Hierarchy Synchronization Configuration File

The **SyncHierarchy.properties** configuration file for the **Sync_Hierarchy** tool must contain the following fields. Be sure to edit the **oldhierarchyfile** statement and the **newhierarchyfile** statement and the delimiter as per input files. The **oldhierarchyfile** is the existing master data file, and the **newhierarchyfile** is the modified master data file. These files must be located in the same directory as the **Sync_Hierarchy** tool. Do not include the full pathname for these files. Enter the file name only.

The fields configured in the **SyncHierarchy.properties** configuration file are shown below. The database parameters are set by the VCC configuration program.

oldhierarchyfile = **old_hierarchy_file_name**

newhierarchyfile = **new_hierarchy_file_name**

delimiter= **file_delimiter**

Example:

oldhierarchyfile = HIER_STAGING_OLD.txt

newhierarchyfile = HIER_STAGING_NEW.txt

delimiter = ,

Running the Sync_Hierarchy Tool

To run the **Sync_Hierarchy** tool, execute

[SYNCRA_HOME]\bin\Sync_Hierarchy.exe

After running, for any errors check the **Sync_Hierarchy_Launch.log** file.

For Unix:

[SYNCRA_HOME]/bin/Sync_Hierarchy

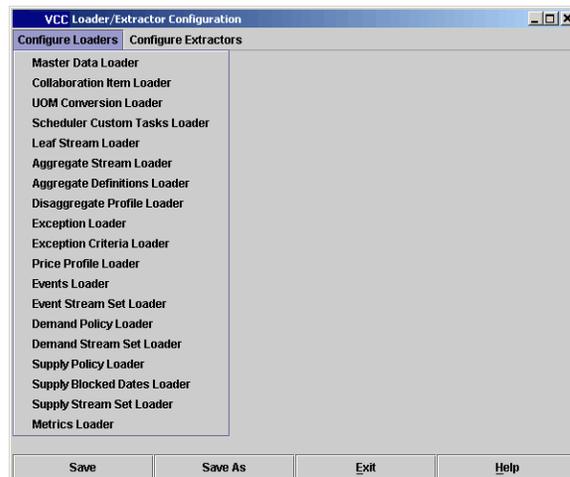
For any SQL Loader Error messages, please refer to the Oracle documentation. Copy and paste the URL below into your browser window:

http://download-west.oracle.com/docs/cd/B10501_01/server.920/a96525/ulus.htm#127525

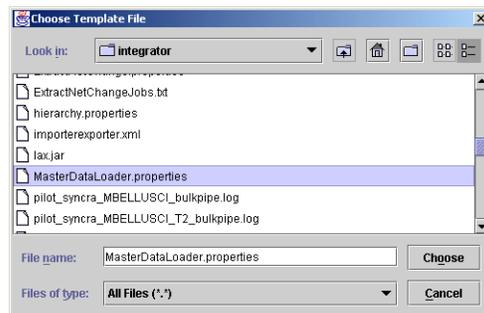
Configuring the Master Data Loader

To configure the Master Data Loader:

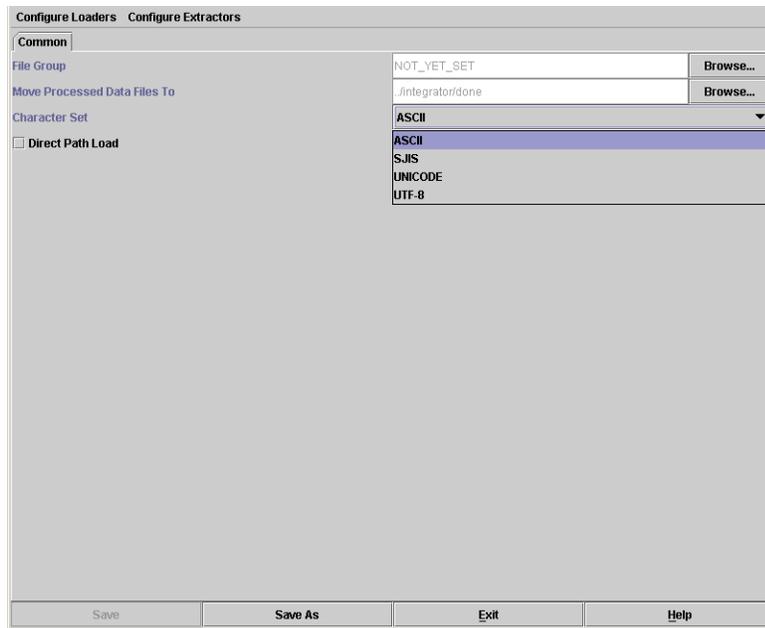
1. Select **VCC - VCC Configurations - VCC Loader Extractor Configurations** from the VCC program group.
2. Click the **Configure Loaders** tab and select **Master Data Loader**.



3. From the **Choose Template File** screen, select **MasterDataLoader.template** file.



4. The **VCC Loader/Extractor Configuration** file screen for the Master Data Loader appears.



5. In the **File Group** field browse to the file group for collaboration items.

A file group is a collection of data files with similar names or file extensions that you can load easily. VCC automatically loads all files in a specified directory or all files beginning with the file name characters you specify. It behaves similarly to a wildcard function.

Here are some File Group examples:

Example 1:

c:\data\load

In this case, the Integrator will load all files in the **load** directory

Example 2:

c:\data\load\forecasts_

In this case, the Integrator will load all files in the **load** directory that begin with **forecasts_**

This is the equivalent of the wildcard **forecasts_*.***

6. In the **Move Processed Data Files To** field, browse to the directory in which you want to store your completed files and loader log files.
7. Check the **Direct Path Load** check box to add data directly to the database. The VCC Master Data Loader allows you to add (or update) information directly to your database using the Direct Load feature. The Direct Load feature bypasses the VCC server and adds data directly to your database. The performance increase is dramatic. Currently, you can only use the Direct Load tool when adding data. In most instances, you would want to use it when initially populating your database with product data. Although direct load bypasses the VCC Server, the VCC Server must be running while doing a direct load.

This feature is currently limited to the product hierarchy. Master data cannot be removed using this feature.

It is not necessary that the VCC Master Data Loader run on the same machine as the database or the same server.

Once a direct load is performed, in order to see the loaded trees in the Client, you must stop and restart the VCC Server.

8. Click **Save** to save the file or click **Save As** to give the file a name other than **MasterDataLoader.template**.

If you open the saved properties file, it resembles the following:

```
#Mon Sep 10 11:40:37 EDT 2001
```

```
integration.archive.directory=../integrator/done
```

```
integration.masterdata.directpathloadonly=true
```

```
integration.parser.creationdateformat=yyyyMMddHHmmss
```

```
integration.parser.filegroup=C:\\Program Files\\Syncra\\integrator\\direct_
load.txt
```

```
integration.parserclassname=com.syncra.ct.integration.parser.mdl.MasterDataLoader
```

Note that the second line in the property file indicates that the load is to be a direct load.

Running the VCC Integrator

This section contains the following topics:

- [VCC Integrator Prerequisites](#)
- [Running the VCC Integrator](#)
- [Restarting the Integrator](#)

VCC Integrator Prerequisites

Before running the VCC Integrator, ensure that Oracle is installed on the machine running the Integrator:

If, for some reason, you stop the Integrator process before it completes, check to see if the SQL process spawned by the Integrator exists. If so, stop it.

Also, ensure that you have configured a specified user name and password for the VCC Integrator. The user must have previously been created with admin privileges.

Note: To run the Master Data Loader, you must be the user called "integratoruser". The default password is "pinkrhino."

If the VCC Integrator fails to run because there are database settings missing, you will get an error message similar to the following in the Integrator log file:

```

-----
----java.library.path=.lib
(Logger)(setLogFileName)Setting log file to output/Adapter.html
(Logger)(setLogFileName)Log file is HTML file.
8/31/01 12:56 PM:(Adapter)(parseArgs) logfile, output/Adapter.html, <p>
8/31/01 12:56 PM:Synkra Integration Adapter Copyright (c) 1999-2001 Synkra Systems, Inc. All Rights Reserved.
<p>
8/31/01 12:56 PM:(Adapter)(Constructor) User(mbelluscj).JdbcDriver(oracle.jdbc.driver.OracleDriver).JdbcUrl(jdbc:oracle:thin:@ccc:1521:syncra).Server(ccc)<p>
8/31/01 12:56 PM:errorCode=0-10-184-328 message: Error initializing Database StatementManager details: Exception initializing StatementManager (o exception: The Netw

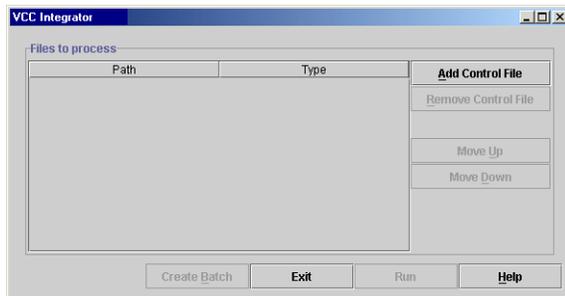
```

Running the VCC Integrator

Note that if there is a syntax problem at any line in the data file, the file is rejected from that line onward.

To run the VCC Integrator:

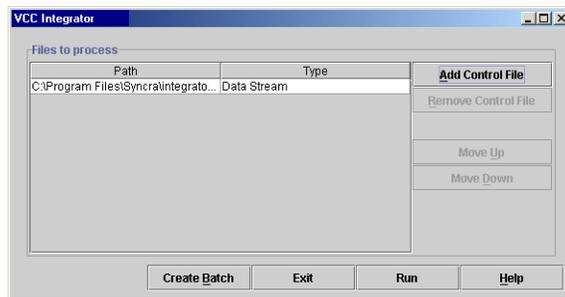
1. Select VCC Integrator from the VCC program group.



Click Add Control File. The Add Control File screen appears.



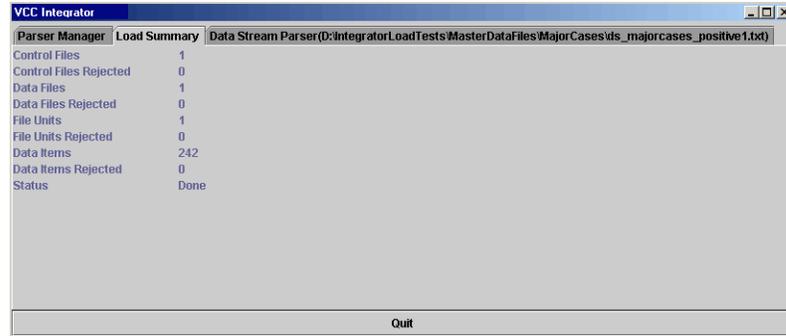
2. Browse to the appropriate control file. Click Add. You can add multiple control files by adding each singly to the list.



3. To save this configuration as a batch file, click Create Batch. This allows you to create a batch file (.bat) that you can execute at any time. If you do not want to create a batch file, proceed to step 5. When naming a batch file, do not use non-alphanumeric (special characters) in the file name.

- Click Run to execute your selections if you did not create a batch file. The **Integrator Monitorpanel** appears detailing the progress and results of the Integrator.

You know the Integrator has finished processing when the **Quit** button becomes enabled. To check the status of the load, log in to VCC, navigate to Monitor - Jobs (all VCC jobs are listed). If your loader job contained only one control file or multiple control files for the same loader type, see a listing for your loader type (for example, "In - Load Stream Data"). If your loader job contained several control files for various loader types, see the listing "In - Multiple Load." For details, See Troubleshooting Integrator Data Loading.



Restarting the Integrator

If, for some reason, the Integrator is stopped or hangs while processing, perform the following steps and restart it.

- As superuser, log in to VCC client.
- Clear the server locks by selecting Monitor from the Left menu and select the Server Locks tab
- Clear any outstanding load locks.

Integrator Validation Rules

This section contains the validation rules used to validate Integrator parsers.

Validation Rules

| Data Type | Creator Company | Creator Location | Partner Company | Partner Location | Product | Period |
|--------------------|-----------------|------------------|-----------------|------------------|---------|--------|
| Event | + | ++ | + | ++ | ++ | + |
| Data Stream | + | ++ | + | ++ | ++ | + |
| Product Profile | + | ++ | + | ++ | ++ | + |
| Exception | + | + | + | + | + | + |
| Exception Criteria | + | + | + | + | + | + |
| Scorecard | + | + | + | + | + | + |
| (Dis)Aggregates | + | + | + | + | + | + |

Note that all parsers that require the planner role validate for that role.

Legend:

+ = Value is evaluated as part of an existing Collaboration item.

++ = Value is evaluated to see if it already exists.

Transactional Data Validation Rules

| Data Type | Local Location | Partner Location | Product | Period |
|--------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------|----------------|---------------|
| Event | L | L | L | L/A |
| Data Stream | L | L | L | L |
| Product Profile | L | L | L | L/A |
| Exception | L/A | L/A | L/A | L/A |
| Exception Criteria | L/A | L/A | L/A | L/A |
| Scorecard | L | L | L | L |
| (Dis)Aggregates | L/A* | L/A* | L/A* | L/A* |

Legend:

L=Leaf

A=Aggregate

*=One dimension must be an aggregate

Integrator Loader Locks

This section contains the following topics:

- [About Locks and Jobs](#)
- [Loader Jobs](#)
- [Extractor Jobs](#)

About Locks and Jobs

Jobs and Locks are divided into categories that are integral to understanding the tables that follow.

Job Types

Each job falls into one or more of the following categories:

1. Reads hierarchy -- takes a snapshot of current hierarchy before continuing processing
2. Reads data stream -- reads information included as of the time processing begins
3. Updates data stream -- configures # of retries
4. Updates hierarchy -- updates the hierarchy
5. Extracts data -- extracts data from VCC database
6. Other -- may read or write to other tables

Lock Types

Each job can activate one or more of the 3 types of lock:

- Company-Self Lock (CSL) -- User and Scheduler jobs. This will block the same job for the same company. Example:

While Scheduler event processing 'Company - Recalled Metrics' is active, another attempt to run same task for the same company is blocked.

- Integrator-Self Lock (ISL) -- Integrator Load jobs. This will block the same job for the same Loader type.
- Database STC Lock (DSL) -- Database Stream Type Code Locks operate based on load volume.

About Load Volume

Load size is determined by the number of rows you are loading.

A load is considered low volume if the number of rows loaded is less than or equal to 50,000.

A load is considered high volume if the number of rows loaded for a stream type code is greater than 2 million, or if the load job is attempting to update more than 20% of the existing rows.

If the attempted load falls between the high and low mark, it is considered a medium load, which is treated the same as a low volume load.

Examples:

For low and medium volume loads

While a "Company - LocationA" updates STC17-SITC-1, "CompanyA - LocationsA" is blocked from updating STC17-1.

For high volume loads

While a "CompanyA - LocationA" updates STC17-SITC-1, all companies are blocked from updating STC17-123.

Loader Jobs

Table 5-16 Loader Jobs Table

| Job Screen Display | Job Type | Lock Type | Job/Lock Trigger Click "Run" button on Integrator Loader for selecting control file for. |
|----------------------------------|----------|------------------------|---|
| Int - Load Aggregate Definitions | 1, 2 | Create Aggregates Lock | Aggregate Definitions |
| Int - Load Aggregate Stream | 3 | ISL, DSL | Aggregate Stream Data |
| Int - Load Collaboration Item | 6 | ISL | Collaboration Item |
| Int - Load Demand Policy | 1 | ISL | Demand Policy |
| Int - Load Demand Stream Set | 1 | ISL | Demand Stream Set |

Table 5–16 (Cont.) Loader Jobs Table

| Job Screen Display | Job Type | Lock Type | Job/Lock Trigger Click "Run" button on Integrator Loader for selecting control file for. |
|---------------------------------|-----------------|------------------------|---|
| Int - Load Disagg. Profile | 1 | Create Aggregates lock | Disagg. Profile |
| Int - Load Events | 3 | ISL | Events |
| Int - Load Event Stream Set | 6 | None | Event Stream Set |
| Int - Load Exception Criteria | 6 | ISL | Exception Criteria |
| Int - Load Exceptions | 6 | ISL | Exception |
| Int - Load Leaf Stream | 3 | ISL, DSL | Leaf Stream Data |
| Int - Load Master Data | 6 | ISL | The desired Master Data files: Location Partners, Products, Periods, User's |
| Int - Load Metrics | 1, 2, 3 | ISL | Metrics |
| Int - Load Multiple | 6 | ISL | (When multiple control files for different loaders are included in the 'run'.) |
| Int - Load Price Profile | 1, 3 | ISL, DSL | (Price) Profile Stream Data |
| Int - Load Supply Blocked Dates | 6 | ISL | Supply Blocked Dates |
| Int - Load Supply Policy | 6 | ISL | Supply Policy |
| Int - Load Supply Stream Set | 6 | None | Supply Stream Set |
| Int - Load UOMs | 6 | None | UOM |
| Int - Local Custom Tasks | 6 | None | Custom Tasks |

Extractor Jobs

Table 5–17 Extractor Jobs Table

| Job Screen Display | Job Type | Lock Type | Job/Lock Trigger: Click "Run" button on Integrator - Extractor after selecting control file for... |
|--|-----------------|------------------|---|
| Int - Extract All Stream Changes | 5 | 5 | All Stream Changes |
| Int - Extract Current Aggregate Stream | 5 | 5 | Current Aggregate Stream |

Table 5-17 (Cont.) Extractor Jobs Table

| Job Screen Display | Job Type | Lock Type | Job/Lock Trigger: Click "Run" button on Integrator - Extractor after selecting control file for... |
|-------------------------------------|----------|-----------|--|
| Int - Extract Current Leaf Stream | 5 | 5 | Current Leaf Stream |
| Int - Extract Manual Stream Changes | 5 | 5 | Manual Stream Changes |

Batch Processes

See the section on "Working with Scheduler" of the User Guide

Working with Tasks

The VCC Scheduler is preloaded with the tasks (commands) required to facilitate basic VCC processing needs. Ordinarily, you do not have to add new tasks for any VCC processing requirements. You can, however, add any other system task (command) and schedule it for processing using the scheduler.

Note: Superadmin will see list of Tasks associated with company-assigned Modules; Superuser and ServerAdmin will see a list of Tasks associated with Modules licensed to the Hub.

See Scheduler Task Descriptions table, it gives a brief description of each preloaded Task.

Table 5-18 Scheduler Task Descriptions

| Scheduler Tasks | Descriptions |
|---|--|
| 1. Complete Exception Criteria Creation | - Creates a new aggregate stream, or links to an existing aggregate stream. - Changes the aggregate exception criteria 'Status' from "Pending" to "Active". |
| 2. Extract Supply Blocked Dates | - Extracts Supply Blocked Dates from the VCC Database. - Extracts data to: Syncra\Integrator\Exports\Extraction (Scheduler machine). |
| 3. Extract UOMs | - Extracts the current Unit-of-Measure (UOM) options from the VCC database. - Extracts data to: Syncra\Integrator\Exports\Extraction (Scheduler machine). - (Or, to directory path configured in the VCC Integrator UI). |
| 4. Extract Users | - Extracts the current Users from the VCC database. - Extracts data to: Syncra\Integrator\Exports\Extraction (Scheduler machine). - (Or, to directory path configured in the VCC Integrator UI). |
| 5. Process Aggregate Actions | - Processes "In-Process" and "Resolution" actions for all leaf and aggregate exceptions. |

Table 5–18 (Cont.) Scheduler Task Descriptions

| | Scheduler Tasks | Descriptions |
|-----|------------------------------|---|
| 6. | Process Aggregate Exceptions | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Identifies aggregate data revisions. - Identifies and re-synchs aggregate criteria with "any" folders marked 'dirty' by hierarchy changes. - Obsoletes any exceptions triggered by items no longer included in folder marked 'dirty' by hierarchy changes. - Identifies any exceptions resulting from the aggregate stream revisions. - Identifies any group exceptions. - Processes "Initial" actions for all new Aggregate exceptions triggered. |
| 7. | Process Exception Alerts | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Sends e-mails to supplied e-mail addresses in Exceptions' "Send Alert Requests" list. - Run this task after processing exceptions through these tasks: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Process Leaf Exceptions • Process Aggregate Exceptions • Process Leaf Actions; Process Aggregate Actions |
| 8. | Process Extract Requests | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - When an extract request has been created in the Extract UI for any/all of the options: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Extracts requested data from the Syncra Database. • Extracts data to: Syncra\Integrator\Exports\Retrieval (Scheduler machine). • (Or, to the 'File Path' / 'File URL' as configured in Syncra Configuration-Client screen.) - If the data_retrieval.log file (generated in Syncra_Home/integrator/logs directory) contains errors like "FileNotFound" or "NoSuchFileOrDirectory", it could mean the following: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Either the user who is processing the Extract request does not have permission to the Directroy path where the system (integrator) is trying to save the extracted file. 2. The Directory Path where the system is trying to save the extracted file does not exist. |
| 9. | Process Leaf Actions | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Processes "In-Process" and "Resolution" actions for all leaf exceptions. |
| 10. | Process Leaf Exceptions | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Identifies leaf stream data revisions. - Identifies and re-synchs the "any" folders marked 'dirty' by hierarchy changes. - Obsoletes any exceptions triggered by items no longer included in folder marked 'dirty' by hierarchy changes. - Identifies any exceptions resulting from the leaf stream revisions. - Tags any aggregates affected by the leaf stream revisions. - Identifies any group exceptions. - Processes "Initial" actions for all new Leaf exceptions triggered. |
| 11. | Purge Jobs Monitor | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Purges all Job Monitor items (included in purge requests for the hub) in the Purge Request screen at the time this task event is executed. - Purges these items up to the "Retain 'N" number" (initial default = 50k) specified in the edit screen for the Purge Jobs Monitor option in the Purge Data screen. |

Table 5–18 (Cont.) Scheduler Task Descriptions

| Scheduler Tasks | | Descriptions |
|-----------------|---|--|
| 12. | Purge User Activity | - Purges all current connections (included in purge requests) in the Purge Request screen at the time this task is executed. |
| 13. | Recalculate Aggregates | - Identifies leaf stream data revisions. - Identifies and recalculates aggregates created on folders that were affected by a hierarchy change. - Tags any aggregates affected by the leaf stream revisions. - Updates the tagged aggregates. Identifies any group exceptions. |
| 14. | Recalculate Disaggregation Factors | - Recalculates the Profile factors set in Disagg. Profiles. - Computes the proportion to distribute aggregate values among the aggregates' leaves. |
| 15. | Recalculate Metrics | -Recalculates all Metrics that are check marked in the Run Override column in the Metrics UI at the time this task event is executed. - Also recalculates whenever the Repeat Frequency time has been reached. |
| 16. | Report Usage | Whenever this event is executed: - Computes the current collaboration usage status and sends it to Monitor-Usage. - Sends copy of usage status to any E-mail addresses supplied in the Configuration-Billing screen when its "Send E-mail" check box is checked. |
| 17. | Roll Criteria | -Roll the "Start Date" forward, and "obsolete" the exception (triggered by the first period) for criteria defined with rolling dates. -Roll Criteria defined using Rolling Period Overlays. -Roll Criteria defined using fixed Period Overlays with Rolling Dates. |
| 18. | Run And Send Reports | - Processes 'flagged' reports (in each format type defined) as created in the Reports UI. (See 'Run Reports' description on this page.) - For each report where Destination = E-mail, Sends report (in defined formats) to respective E-mail address supplied. - For each report where Destination = FTP, Sends report to the IPAddress/name with Username/Password. (While processing reports, if "java.lang.OutOfMemoryError" occurs, the <code>java.runtime.params</code> parameter in the <code>ServerCommon.properties</code> file should be modified to increase the JVM size. This file is found in <code>Syncra_Home/lib</code> directory on the server machine.) |
| 19. | Run Demand & Lift Factor Batch Requests | - Creates a Demand forecast for each Demand Request created since last time this task event was executed. - Calculates Lift Factors for each Lift Factor request created since last time this task event was executed. |
| 20. | Run Demand Batch Requests | - Creates a Demand forecast for each Demand Request created since last time this task event was executed. |
| 21. | Run Lift Factor Batch Requests | - Calculates Lift Factors for each Lift Factor request created since last time this task event was executed. |

Table 5–18 (Cont.) Scheduler Task Descriptions

| | Scheduler Tasks | Descriptions |
|-----|--|--|
| 22. | Run Reports | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Processes all reports that had been 'flagged' at the time this task event is executed. - Reports will be flagged in one of two ways: - The 'Run' schedule defined in the Report UI has been reached. - The "Override Run Schedule check box for a Report has been checked in the Report-List screen. |
| 23. | Run Safety Stock Batch Requests | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Calculates Safety Stock for each Safety Stock Calc Request created since last time this task event was executed. |
| 24. | Run Supply & Safety Stock Batch Requests | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Creates a Supply Plan for each Supply Request created since last time this task event was executed. - Calculates Safety Stock for each Safety Stock Calc Request created since last time this task event was executed. - Also runs if Run Override is performed on a batch job, or if the Repeat Frequency time has been reached. |
| 25. | Run Supply Batch Requests | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Creates a Supply Plan for each Supply Request created since last time this task event was executed. - Also runs if Run Override is performed on a batch job, or if the Repeat Frequency time has been reached. |
| 26. | Send Promotion Alerts | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> For any E-mail addresses/notification offsets supplied within any Promotion: - Sends E-mail notification about Status changes to Promotion. - Sends E-mail notification about Milestone Due Date changes to Promotion. |
| 27. | Send Reports | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> For each report where the Report's Destination = E-mail - Sends report (in defined formats) to respective E-mail address supplied. - For each report where Destination = Extract - Extracts data to: Syncra\Integrator\Exports\Retrieval (Scheduler machine). - (Or, to directory path configured in the Report UI.) |
| 28. | Update Promotions | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Performs system updates to Promotion Status. - Updates Condition based on Milestone Due Dates. |
| 29. | Process Events Totals | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Process the computation of Totals for Events and Promotions. |

Integrator Data Loader and Data Extractor Field Definitions

This Appendix contains the following topics:

- About Loaders and Extractors
- Collaboration Item Loader
- Collaboration Item Extractor
- UOM Conversion Loader/Extractor
- Scheduler Custom Tasks Loader
- User Extractor
- Leaf Stream Loader
- Stream Extractor
- Aggregate Stream Loader
- Context Comments Loader/Extractor
- Exception Loader/Extractor
- Exception Criteria Loader/Extractor
- Price Profiles Loader/Extractor
- Events Loaders
- Metrics Loader/Extractor
- Aggregate Definitions Loader
- Collaboration Product Hierarchy Extractor
- Demand Policy Loader/Extractor
- Demand Stream Set Loader
- Supply Policy Loader/Extractor
- Supply Blocked Dates Loader/Extractor
- Supply Stream Set Loader
- Disaggregate Profile Loader/Extractor
- Disaggregate Profile Factors Extract

About Loaders and Extractors

Constant Values

When deciding whether or not to use a numeric or a string value for a particular field, be aware that the “Value” column in the following tables uses quotes to indicate when a string is accepted. In the Metrics and Exceptions Loaders/Extractors, string constants are contained in quotation marks, since either a numeric or a text value can be given. For instance,

0 = “False”

1 = “True”

This indicates that “True” and “False” as well as 0 or 1 are viable options.

In all other instances, where only numeric constants are accepted, numeric values and their definitions will appear as below.

0 = False

1 = True

Note: When naming data files or control files, use of the ampersand (&) character is not allowed.

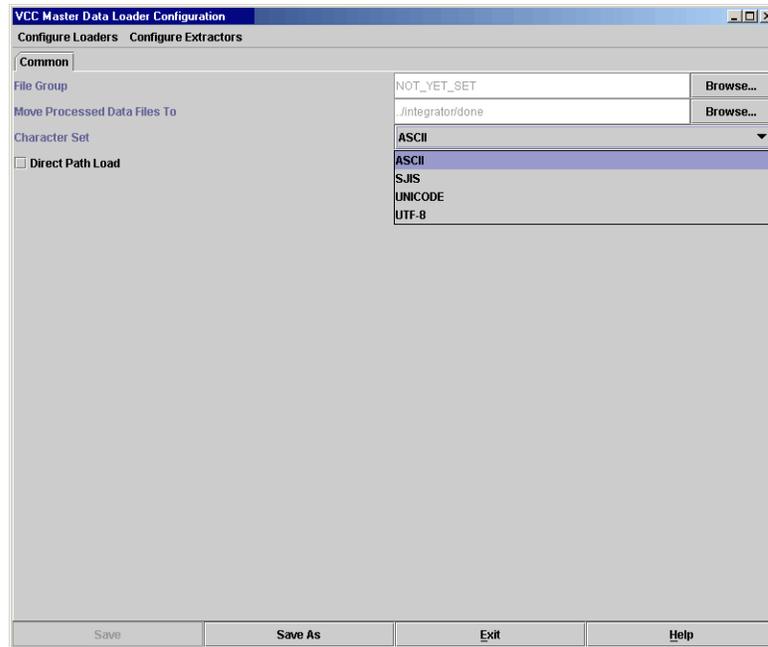
The data file must have at least one record. You cannot specify all parameters as global values.

The template file name for the Master Data loader is MasterDataLoader.template.

The Master Data Loader has a Common tab only. You must specify the File Group, the location of the processed data files, the character set, and whether to use the Direct Path Load feature or not.

On the Common tab, the following Extractors do not have the character set field:

- Master Data Extractor
- Collaboration Product Hierarchy Extractor
- Collaboration Items Extractor
- Disaggregate Profile Extractor
- Price Profile Extractor
- Exceptions Extractor
- Exception Criteria Extractor
- Demand Policy Extractor
- Supply Policy Extractor
- Metrics Extractor



Check the Direct Path Load checkbox to add data directly to the database. The VCC Master Data Loader allows you to add (or update) information directly to your database using the Direct Load feature. The Direct Load feature bypasses the VCC server and adds data directly to your database. The performance increase is dramatic. Currently, you can only use the Direct Load tool when adding data. In most instances, you would want to use it when initially populating your database with product data. Although direct load bypasses the VCC Server, the VCC Server must be running while doing a direct load.

This feature is currently limited to the product hierarchy. Master Data cannot be removed using this feature.

Note: It is not necessary that the VCC Master Data Loader run on the same machine as the database or the same server.

Once a direct load is performed, in order to see the loaded trees in the Client, you must stop and restart the VCC Server.

Master Data Loader Rules

The following rules should be kept in mind when loading Master Data:

- If the LIN value is empty in the file, the GIN value will be copied for LIN
- If the LIN Type value is empty in the file, and LIN has a value, then the default value (Seller_Assigned - 3) will be loaded.
- If the GIN Type value is empty in the file, the default value (upc - 2) will be loaded.
- If both LIN and LIN Type are empty, the GIN and GIN Type values will be loaded for LIN and LIN Type respectively.
- If the Alternate Location ID is empty in the file, the Global Location ID will be loaded as an Alternate ID.

- If the Alternate Location ID Type is empty in the file, the default value of 5 (duns_plus_four) will be loaded as Alternate ID Type.
- Master Data Loader files are case sensitive.

Note: The Direct Path Loading method will reject duplicate relationship records, while the conventional method does not reject duplicate relationship records.

Collaboration Item Loader

The template file name for the Collaboration Item loader is **CollabItem.template**.

The VCC Collaboration Item loader allows you to load a file containing collaborations you want to include in your VCC database or extract collaborations from your VCC database. A collaboration consists of two companies in a trading partner relationship and the products on which they intend to collaborate. The actual collaboration file can contain the fields shown in Table 1, “Collaboration Item Loader Field Descriptions”.

Note: When a creator company loads collaborations through the Collaboration Item Loader, VCC will check for matching partner collaborations. If the partner collaboration does not exist, it will be created.

Table A–1 Collaboration Item Loader Field Descriptions

| Column Name | Description | Value |
|---------------------|---|--|
| Company ID | The ID of the company that created the data for the stream. | DUNS |
| Location ID | The location ID of the company. Location ID can be specified at the leaf-level only. | Duns+4 |
| Partner Company ID | The ID of the partner company. | DUNS |
| Partner Location ID | The Partner Location ID. Partner Location ID can be specified at the leaf level only. | Duns+4 |
| Global Item Number | The product’s ID | Up to 40 character alphanumeric product ID |

Sample Collaboration Item Datafile

In the sample file below, the comma-delimited fields represent the creator company ID, the creator location ID, the partner company ID, the partner location ID, and the Global Item Number, respectively.

```
10-124-1107,10-124-1107-0001,30-333-3333,30-333-3333-0001,0125468712
10-124-1107,10-124-1107-0001,30-333-3333,30-333-3333-0001,0168846122
10-124-1107,10-124-1107-0001,30-333-3333,30-333-3333-0001,0684322712
```

Collaboration Item Extractor

The fields you can define for the Collaboration Item Extractor are:

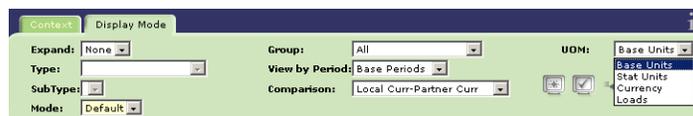
Table A-2

| Column Name | Description | Value |
|---------------------|--|---------------------|
| Creator Company ID | The ID of the company that created the data for the stream. | DUNS |
| Creator Location ID | The location ID of the company. Location ID can be specified at the Leaf-level only. | Duns+4 |
| Partner Company ID | The ID of the partner company. | DUNS |
| Partner Location ID | Partner Location ID can be specified at the Leaf-level only. | Duns+4 |
| Global Item Number | The product's ID. | Up to 40 characters |

UOM Conversion Loader/Extractor

Unit-of-measure (UOM) conversion allows you to standardize the units of measure in the data streams you intend to load into VCC using a conversion factor. Usually, the conversion factor is used to convert a product UOM that includes individual units such as "EA" (each) into a base unit UOM such as "CASE." By default, all values for a database stream must be in individual units so you are converting individual units to whatever aggregate value you require such as SIXPACKS or CASES. Once you create the UOM conversion factor for a product, each time it is loaded the conversion factor is applied to it.

Also, you can apply a conversion factor using the VCC Client. When you load a conversion factor, the factor appears in the Client in the data stream's Display Mode tab on the context chooser. You then can use the factor to display the data stream in the specified UOM.



For example, if a supplier sends you a forecast that uses individual units as the unit of measure for soda, and you, as the retailer want to display the product in cases (12 units per case), you could specify a conversion factor of 12.

Note: All partner data streams are converted using the local company's conversion factor.

Products also have universal product codes (GINs) to identify them (called the Global Item Number). The GIN for a "case" of soda is different than the GIN for a single bottle of soda. When you use UOM conversion, you must specify the new Global Item Number of the converted unit.

To convert units of measure for products in your database, you would typically have to follow the steps given below:

1. Create a unit-of-measure conversion file that would contain the GINs for products in your database whose UOMs you want to convert.
2. Create a control file that describes the layout of the unit-of-measure conversion file, the GINs, and the unit-of-measure conversion factor.
3. Load the control file using the VCC Integrator.

When you load the unit-of-measure conversion file using the VCC Integrator, it creates a UOM conversion table. Each time you perform a data load, the table is queried to determine if a product's GIN is specified in the table. If it is, the conversion factor is applied.

When the product unit of measure is displayed in the VCC Client, it is always displayed in terms of the local company's base-to-case price. For example, if your company and your trading partner's company each set a base price for Planters Cashews, and you log in and choose the price view, you see all data in terms of your price including your partner's forecast/results data. If you log in as your trading partner and choose the price view, you see all data in terms of your trading partner's price.

The unit-of-measure loader allows you to enter a unit-of-measure for a product. The field you can define for the unit-of-measure loader are described in Table 3, "UOM Conversion Loader/Extractor Field Definitions".

Table A-3 UOM Conversion Loader/Extractor Field Definitions

| Column Name | Description | Value | Optional |
|--------------------------|--|--|----------|
| Creator Company ID | The ID of the company to which this product belongs for whom you are loading the UOM conversion. Example: 30-333-3333. | Global_companyID | No |
| Global Item Number | The product's ID (GIN code). Example: 0168846122. | Up to 40 character alphanumeric | No |
| Product UOM. | The unit-of-measure for the product. | Example: "EA" (each). Up to 40 character alphanumeric. | No |
| Other Global Item Number | This is the new Global Item Number for the converted product. | Up to 40 character alphanumeric. | No |
| Other UOM | This is the name of the new unit-of-measure into which you are converting the product. It is the name that will appear in the data stream Display Mode tab under UOM. For example, if you are converting from "each" to "case", this new UOM can be named: "CASE". | Up to 40 character alphanumeric. | No |
| Multiplier | The conversion factor used to convert the number of individual units into the required unit-of-measure. Example: to convert individual units into SIXPACKS, the multiplier would be "6." | Numeric | No |

The validation rules for this parser are described in "Integrator Validation Rules".

Sample UOM Conversion Datafile

In the following sample line from a UOM conversion file, a UOM conversion factor is created for the Global Item Number 0168846122 that converts the product from "EA" (each) to "CASE" by multiplying it by the conversion factor of "26" which is the number of units in a case. The UOM "CASE" is added to the list of UOMs displayed in the Client. When this product is loaded, the conversion factor of "26" is applied to it and a new Global Item Number is created called 0168846122CASE.

Example:

```
30-333-3333,0168846122,EA,0168846122CASE,CASE,26
```

In the following sample line from a UOM conversion file, a UOM conversion factor is created for the Global Item Number 0684322712 that converts the product from “EA” (each) to “EIGHTPACK” by multiplying it by the conversion factor of “8.” The UOM “EIGHTPACK ” is added to the list of UOMs displayed in the Client. When this product is loaded, the conversion factor of “8” is applied to it and a new Global Item Number is created called 0684322712EIGHTPACK.

Example:

```
30-333-3333,0684322712,EA,0684322712eightPACK,EIGHTPACK,8
```

Scheduler Custom Tasks Loader

The control file template for the Task Loader is SchedTasks.template.

You can only load tasks; you cannot extract them. Do not use double quotes in the task fields.

The fields you can define for the Tasks loader are described in Table 4, “Scheduler Custom Task Loader Field Definitions”.

Table A–4 Scheduler Custom Task Loader Field Definitions

| Column Name | Description | Value |
|-------------|-------------------|------------------------------------|
| Name | The task name. | Up to 40 character alphanumeric. |
| Command | The task command. | Up to 1000 character alphanumeric. |

Note: Any Extract Through Scheduler errors are now reported in the <Syncra_Home>\integrator\logs directory.

User Extractor

The User extractor does not have an user-defined fields. It contains only two tabs: **Common** and **User Settings**. The Common tab allows you to specify the output location of the extracted file and the character set used; the **User Settings** tab allows you to specify a delimiter for the extracted user file.

The following table shows the extract format.

Table A–5 Extract Format

| Term | Description |
|---------------|---|
| L | “L” designates a leaf node. |
| User Name | The new user name. |
| Password | The new user password. |
| Role | superadmin, limitedadmin, admin, manager, supervisor, planner, reviewer |
| Login Allowed | 1 = allowed; 0 = not allowed |
| e-mail | The user e-mail address. |
| en_US | The language preferences. |
| USER_TYPE | 0 = Regular User; 1 = System User |
| Real Name | Real name of user |

Table A-5 (Cont.) Extract Format

| Term | Description |
|------------------|-----------------------|
| Telephone Number | User telephone number |
| Fax Number | User FAX number |

Example

The following example shows the extractor format for users.

```
'
H,A,111111,USER
L,Smith,demo,admin,1,smith@acme.com,en_US
```

Leaf Stream Loader

LeafStreams.template file

The Leaf Stream loader (formerly Data Stream Loader) allows you to describe the format for the data stream file you intend to bulk load or extract. For example, not all companies use all the fields allowed or specify them in the same column position. The Integrator lets you specify which fields you are using and the column position of each field. Basically, you are describing how your ASCII-delimited data stream files are structured - the fields contained in your data streams and the columns in which the fields appear. The validation rules for this parser are described in "Integrator Data Loader and Data Extractor Field Definitions."

Note: If the same record exists in two different data files in the same load, it is treated as a duplicate record.

Once you devise an adequate format, you should not have to change or modify this file for subsequent data loads sent to you by the trading partner as long as subsequent data streams adhere to the agreed-upon format.

Any or all of the following fields are allowed described in Table 5, "Leaf Stream Loader Fields".

Note: The streams for which you wish to load data must be assigned to the company before you attempt the data load.

Note: If you are loading leaf stream data for balance streams on a daily database with consecutive periods and the "fill bucket" option turned on, it may result in multiple records for that stream type code. If this occurs, the record will be rejected with a "duplicate rows" error.

When the Integrator has completed the loading process, it will move the last data file from the file group to the archive directory.

Note: When the creator company loads data, Xt will check for pre-existing collaborations. If collaborations exist, partner collaborations will not be created.

After loading, file(s) will be created that contain a list of any missing products, locations and periods for the Leaf Stream and Aggregate Stream Loaders. A sample list would resemble the following:

```
//Products not found
[file_name].502.missing
//Creator locations not found
[file_name].503.missing
//Partner locations not found
[file_name].504.missing
//Periods not found
[file_name].505.missing
```

If you want to overwrite Comments (that have already been loaded) with spaces, comments value should be " ". i.e., Null during loading.

Table A-6 Leaf Stream Loader Fields

| Column | Description | Value | Optional |
|----------------------------|--|---------------------|----------|
| Creator Company ID | The Global Company ID of the company that created the data for the stream. | Up to 40 characters | Yes* |
| Creator Location ID | The location ID of the company. | Up to 40 characters | Yes* |
| Partner Company ID | Your trading partner's company ID. | Up to 40 characters | Yes* |
| Partner Location ID | Your trading partner's location ID. | Up to 40 characters | Yes* |
| Global Item Number | The product's ID. | Up to 40 characters | Yes* |
| Data Stream Type Code | The type code you configured for the data stream. | Type Code | No |
| Period Begin | The data stream's beginning time period. | YYYYMMDD | No |
| Period End | The data stream's ending time period. | YYYYMMDD | No |
| Data Stream Item Type Code | The item type code you configured for the data stream item. | Item Type Code | No |
| Quantity | The data amount. | Numeric | No |

Table A-6 (Cont.) Leaf Stream Loader Fields

| Column | Description | Value | Optional |
|---------------|--|---|-----------------|
| Creation date | The creation date of the stream. You cannot load a stream into the current stream table that has a creation date less than or equal to the <code>prev_creation_date</code> . For example, if you loaded a stream with a creation date of 10/30/2001, and the previous date is 10/29/2001, you cannot load a new stream with a date equal to or prior to 10/29/2001. Also note that the creation date is translated into GMT in the database according to the time zone selected. | Format: YYYYMMdd or YYYYMMdd HHmmSS or YYYYMMdd HHmmssSS | No |

Table A-6 (Cont.) Leaf Stream Loader Fields

| Column | Description | Value | Optional |
|---------------|--|--|-----------------|
| Reason Code | The reason for the change to the data stream. | The comment reason codes are as follows: 0 = none specified 1 = New promotion 2 = Expanded promotion 3 = Revised promotion 4 = Reduced promotion 5 = Cancelled promotion 6 = Weather-related event 7 = Miscellaneous event 8 = Production issue 9 = Distribution issue 10 = Transportation issue 11 = Overstock condition 12 = Inventory policy change 13 = Order policy change 14 = Forward buy 15 = Price change 16 = Revised plan (re-plan) 17 = Product changeover 18 = New product 19 = Discontinued product 20 = New location 21 = Store closure | Yes |
| Comment | A comment that is associated with the product data stream. | Up to 1000 characters | Yes |

Table A-6 (Cont.) Leaf Stream Loader Fields

| Column | Description | Value | Optional |
|------------------------------------|---|---------------------|-----------------|
| Unit of Measure | Unit of measure used for products in the data stream. The default base units UOM is "EA", which is the default if left blank. UOM field could be blank or Base UOM if the quantity you are loading is in Base Units. Use custom UOM if the quantity you are loading is in converted units. If you are using a UOM other than the default, for example CASES, the UOM you are using must be available in the UOM table. It must match the UOM specified in the "Other UOM" field for this company and other Global Item Number. | | Yes |
| User name | The name of the user responsible for the data load. | Up to 40 characters | No |
| Creator Company ID Type | The ID Type of the company that created data for the stream. | Numeric | Yes |
| Creator Company Alternate ID | The Alternate ID of the Creator Company | Up to 40 characters | Yes* |
| Creator Company Alternate ID Type | The Alternate ID Type of the Creator Company | Numeric. | Yes |
| Creator Location ID Type | The ID Type of the Creator Location | Numeric. | Yes |
| Creator Location Alternate ID | The Alternate ID of the Creator Location | Up to 40 characters | Yes* |
| Creator Location Alternate ID Type | The Alternate ID Type of the Creator Location | Numeric | Yes |
| Partner Company ID Type | The ID Type of the Partner Company | Numeric | Yes |
| Partner Company Alternate ID | The Alternate ID of the Partner Company | Up to 40 characters | Yes* |
| Partner Company Alternate ID Type | The Alternate ID Type of the Partner Company | Numeric | Yes |
| Partner Location ID Type | The ID Type of the Partner Location | Numeric. | Yes |
| Partner Location Alternate ID | The Alternate ID of the Partner Location | Up to 40 characters | Yes* |

Table A-6 (Cont.) Leaf Stream Loader Fields

| Column | Description | Value | Optional |
|------------------------------------|--|---------------------|----------|
| Partner Location Alternate ID Type | The Alternate ID Type of the Partner Location. | Numeric | Yes |
| Global Item Number Type | The product's Type of Global Item Number. | Numeric. | Yes |
| Local Item Number | A proprietary unique identifier for this product. | Up to 40 characters | Yes* |
| Local Item Number Type | The Type of Local Item Number | Numeric. | Yes |
| Revision Status | Revision Status Codes: "0" or nothing specified = none 1 = new 2 = acknowledged 3 = accepted 4 = rejected 5 = superseded | Numeric | Yes |

Conditionally Optional Fields

*Although marked "Yes" in the Optional column, these fields are conditionally optional, based on whether or not other information has been provided. The introduction of "Alternate" IDs in version 6.1 means that not only are the Alternate fields optional, but the Global fields become optional if a matching Alternate field is provided. VCC requires that some ID be given, whether it is global, alternate, or both for Location, Partner Location, Company, and Product.

For example, if you supply the "Creator Company Alternate ID", you have the option of providing the global "Creator Company ID", and vice versa. One or the other must be provided and you may supply both if desired.

Table A-7 Type Constants for Product

| Column | Description |
|-----------------|-------------|
| GTIN | 1 |
| UPC | 2 |
| SELLER_ASSIGNED | 3 |
| BUYER_ASSIGNED | 4 |

Table A-8 Type Constants for Company and Location

| Column | Description |
|-----------------|-------------|
| GLN | 1 |
| DUNS | 2 |
| SELLER_ASSIGNED | 3 |
| BUYER_ASSIGNED | 4 |
| DUNS_PLUS_FOUR | 5 |

Table A-8 Type Constants for Company and Location

| Column | Description |
|------------------|-------------|
| SCAC | 6 |
| UN_LOCATION_CODE | 7 |

If the creator company is a buyer company, it cannot load the leaf stream and aggregate data for seller-only editable streams. If the creator company is a seller company, it cannot load the leaf stream and aggregate data for buyer-only editable streams.

Note that in the Creation Date field, if the hour, minute, or seconds is more than 24, 60 and 60 respectively, the date is moved forward. For example: 20020210340101 (YYYYMMddHHmmss - GMT)

becomes 20020211100101.

Sample Leaf Stream Loader Datafile

The following sample files use the pipe (|) character as the file delimiter.

```
20011018203631 |Dave Wilson |10-124-1107 |10-124-1107-0001 |30-333-3333
|30-333-3333-0001 |0168846122 |20020107 |20020113 |21 |17 |1 |Comment |0
```

Revision Status Codes for Leaf Stream Loader

Blank or "0" ---> None

1 ---> New

2 ---> Acknowledged

3 ---> Accepted

4 ---> Rejected

5 ---> Superseded

Creator Role Constants for Extractor

Buyer ----->2

Seller ----->1

Stream Extractor

The template file for the Stream Extractor is ExtractDataStream.template.

The Stream Extractor uses the following rule when extracting data:

- If you are extracting data using multiple control files in one batch job, the Stream Extractor will create one Monitor - Job entry for each control file

You can extract data stream data in any of the following four units of measure.

- **Base Units** — the unit of measure in which the data stream was originally created.
- **Stat Units** — the statistical factor conversion number. Stat factor multiplies the data stream quantity by the statistical value setup for the product (by the VCC administrator) for the company of the user doing the retrieval. For example, assume you are doing an extract on a product and select "Stat Units". The statistical factor for the product is 2.7. All data stream quantities are multiplied by 2.7 and extracted.

- **Load** — value used as the denominator in a division of the quantity as numerator. Load is stated as the number of units per load, rather than the loads per unit. The result is the number of loads required for that period between the ship-from/ship-to locations.
- **Currency** — multiplies the data stream quantity by the current price data stream. (You can view the current price data stream in the promotional plan section of VCC, which is located in the Local Current Price row). The Local Current Price value is equal to the Base Price by default; the value will change to reflect the last entered promotion event. Using the same example as above, if Nabisco has a price data stream for all periods of \$3.14, all data streams created by Nabisco will be multiplied by \$3.14. If you are extracting your partner's data, that will also be multiplied by \$3.14.

Note: If your data stream does price conversion for products, only those time periods that include a price are extracted. For example, if you have a data stream with 52 time periods and only 30 time periods contain a price, the 30 periods with the price are extracted and the remaining periods without a price are dropped and not extracted.

The output file configuration can be modified in such ways as file format, column definitions, etc.

All data file values are understandable to the user in the Data Stream Extractors except "Source_Code" values. This field uses VCC-Standard values and is interpreted as follows:

Table A-9 Source Code Value and Description

| Description | Source Code Value (Constant Number) |
|---|--|
| Data Stream Load | 0 |
| Manually Entered Data | 1 |
| Affected By Events Promotions | 2 |
| Affected By Price Profile | 3 |
| Affected By Disagg Profile | 4 |
| Affected By Loading Events Promotions | 5 |
| Affected By Loading Price Profile | 6 |
| Affected By Loading Disagg Profile | 7 |
| Affected By Creating Lift Factors | 8 |
| Affected By Safety Stock Calculation | 9 |
| Affected By Supply | 10 |
| Affected By Loading Action (Exceptions) | 11 |
| Affected By Supply Policy Recalculation | 12 |
| Affected By Loading Demand Policy | 21 (migrated from VCC Demand which is the Data Load) |

The fields you can define for the Stream Extractor are described below:

Table A–10 Stream Extractor Field Definitions

| Column | Description | Value |
|----------------------------|---|--|
| Creation Date | The creation date of the stream. | The creation date of the stream data extracted. |
| Creator Company ID | The ID of the company that created the data for the stream. | Global_company_id |
| Creator Location ID | The location ID of the creator company. | DUNS_PLUS_FOUR, if location is leaf; LOCAL_ID, if location is at aggregate level. |
| Partner Company ID | Trading partner's company ID. | Global_company_id |
| Partner Location ID | Trading partner's location ID. | Trading Partner Location ID. |
| Global Item Number | The product's ID. | Format: Numeric or alphanumeric. The default or mapped value of the Product ID. |
| Local Item Number | The product's Local Item Number. | Format: Numeric or alphanumeric. The value of the Local Item Number. |
| Unit of Measure | The unit of measure used for products in the data stream. | Unit of Measure of the product can be one of the numeric constants below, or Base Units, as defined for the product. 2 = Stat Units 3 = Currency 4 = Loads |
| Period Begin | The data stream's start date of beginning time period. | Format: YYYYMMDD |
| Period End | The data stream's end date of the ending time period. | Format: YYYYMMDD |
| Quantity | The data stream value. | Numeric value |
| Data Stream Type Code | The type code or name of the Data Stream Type | Format: numeric or alphanumeric. Default or mapped value of the Data Stream Type Code. For specifying the data stream type name, user has to configure the stream type name through Data Stream mapping utility through configuration. |
| Data Stream Item Type Code | The Item type code or name of the Data Stream Item Type | Format: numeric or alphanumeric. Default or mapped value of the Data Stream Item Type Code. For specifying the data stream Item type name, user has to configure the stream item type name through Data Stream mapping utility through configuration. |
| Reason Code | Reason associated with the Data Stream comment | Format: numeric |
| Comment | Comment associated with the data stream record | Format: numeric/alphanumeric comment value. |

Table A-10 (Cont.) Stream Extractor Field Definitions

| Column | Description | Value |
|------------------------------------|--|---|
| User Name | User who created/updated the data stream value | User Name value |
| Source Code | Source of data stream value in the database. i.e., Loaded through integrator, manually created, created by and any other feature like Promotions, etc. | Format: Up to 2 numeric characters |
| Creator Company ID Type | The ID Type for the company that created data for the stream. | |
| Creator Company Alternate ID | The Alternate ID of the company that created data for the stream. | |
| Creator Company Alternate ID Type | The Alternate ID Type of the company that created data for the stream. | |
| Creator Location ID Type | The Location ID Type of the creator company. | |
| Creator Location Alternate ID Type | The Alternate ID Type of the creator location. | |
| Partner Company ID Type | Your trading partner's ID Type. | |
| Partner Company Alternate ID | Your trading partner's Alternate ID for the company. | |
| Partner Company Alternate ID Type | Your trading partner's Alternate ID Type of company. | |
| Partner Location ID Type | Your trading partner's location ID Type. | |
| Partner Location Alternate ID | Your trading partner's Alternate Location ID. | |
| Partner Location Alternate ID Type | Your trading partner's Alternate ID Type for the Location. | |
| Global Item Number Type | The product's ID Type. | |
| Local Item Number Type | The product's Local Item Number Type. | |

Table A-10 (Cont.) Stream Extractor Field Definitions

| Column | Description | Value |
|-----------------|------------------------------|------------------|
| Revision Status | The status of revision data. | 0 = None |
| | | 1 = New |
| | | 2 = Acknowledged |
| | | 3 = Accepted |
| | | 4 = Rejected |
| | | 5 = Superseded |
| Creator Role | Creator's role code. | 1 = Seller |
| | | 2 = Buyer |

Sample Stream Extractor File

20010205000000 | 10-124-1107 | 10-124-1107-0001 | 30-333-3333 | 30-333-3333-0001
 | 0125468712 | 20020325 | 20020331 | 5.25 | 0 | 2

Aggregate Stream Loader

The template file for the Aggregate Stream Loader is `AggregateStream.template`.

Note: The streams you wish to load data for must first be assigned to the company before you attempt to load the data.

The Aggregate Stream Loader treats measure streams differently than balance streams or movement streams. Measure streams are loaded into the aggregate table as is without disaggregation. The creation date used for a measure stream is the system day and date.

If you load non-measure stream aggregate data, the data is automatically disaggregated. To view the data at the aggregate level, you must run the Process Aggregate task through the VCC Scheduler.

If the creator company is non-local, you cannot load aggregate data for measure streams.

Note: If the same record exists in two different data files in the same load, it is treated as a duplicate record.

While loading aggregate data, if the creator company is local, partner location is at aggregate level, and if the partner company is not the same as creator company, then you will get the following message:

```
////////Line(1)
```

```
//// errorcode = 0-10-172-475 message: Partner company is not the same as creator company. details: Partner company: DUNS number is not the same as creator company DUNS number
```

Loading Aggregate data in converted units (custom UOM) is allowed only if the Product dimension is a leaf. If a custom UOM is provided, then LIN, GIN Type, LIN Type will be ignored.

If the Local ID of a folder is the same as a Leaf ID, then the data will be loaded into the folder.

The Aggregate Stream Loader allows you disaggregate quantities that are at the aggregate context level; the Current Aggregate Stream extractor allows you to extract aggregates. The validation rules for this parser are described in “Integrator Validation Rules”.

Aggregate Stream Loader Rules

Rules to remember when using either the Aggregate Stream Loader or the Leaf Stream Loader:

- While loading custom UOM data on leaf product LIN,LIN Type and GIN Type will be ignored.
- Other GIn and Other UOM are case sensitive.
- If there is any file group collision problem then the job will be aborted without parsing any data files.
- <File name>.502.missing file carries both GIN and LIN even if any one is not found.
- <File name>.503.missing file carries both local Global Id and Alternate Id even if any one is not found.
- <File name>.504.missing file carries both Partner local Global Id and Alternate Id even if any one is not found.
- If the local id of the folder is same as leaf id then the aggregate loader considers folder dimension for loading the data.

The Aggregate Stream Loader also allows you to aggregate on a time only basis taking data that are based on a weekly schedule and aggregating it into daily data. This allows you to collaborate with partners who forecast on a daily basis. This feature is available only if your forecasts are based on daily time periods. If you are loading a time-only aggregation data, and all contexts are at the leaf level, the time period context must be a weekly time period.

Although the table below depicts both Context and Period at aggregate levels, they are not required to be. Either Context, Period, or both can be at an aggregate level. Different modes of aggregate loading are shown in the figures below.

| | |
|--------------|--------------|
| profile | Profile |
| straightline | StraightLine |
| proportional | Proportional |
| begin/end | Begin/End |
| | Not Allowed |

| Accumulation Rule | DisAggregation Factors | UI | | | | Dataload | | | | |
|-------------------|------------------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| | | Aggregate On | | Aggregate On | | Aggregate On | | Aggregate On | | |
| | | Context | Period | Context | Period | Context | Period | Context | Period | |
| | | | Wk->Day | Other->Day | | Wk->Day | Other->Day | | Wk->Day | Other->Day |
| Movement | Stored | profile | profile | | profile | profile | | profile | profile | |
| | Dynamic | proportional | proportional | proportional | straightline | straightline | straightline | straightline | straightline | straightline |
| Balance | Stored | profile | begin/end | | profile | begin/end | | profile | begin/end | |
| | Dynamic | proportional | begin/end | | straightline | begin/end | | straightline | begin/end | |

If you assume that Context is at aggregate level and Period is at leaf level, as shown in the table below, it is as if the Period column.

| Accumulation Rule | DisAggregation Factors | UI Aggregate On | | DataLoad Aggregate On | |
|-------------------|------------------------|---------------------|--|-----------------------|--|
| | | Context | | Context | |
| Movement | Stored | <i>profile</i> | | <i>profile</i> | |
| | Dynamic | <i>proportional</i> | | <i>straightline</i> | |
| Balance | Stored | <i>profile</i> | | <i>profile</i> | |
| | Dynamic | <i>proportional</i> | | <i>straightline</i> | |

Likewise, if the Period is at an aggregate level and Context is at a leaf level, is it as if the Context column did not exist. (seen below).

| Accumulation Rule | DisAggregation Factors | UI Aggregate On | | DataLoad Aggregate On | |
|-------------------|------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|-----------------------|---------------------|
| | | Period | | Period | |
| | | Wk->Day | Other->Day | Wk=>Day | Other=>Day |
| Movement | Stored | <i>profile</i> | | <i>profile</i> | |
| | Dynamic | <i>proportional</i> | <i>proportional</i> | <i>straightline</i> | <i>straightline</i> |
| Balance | Stored | <i>beginend</i> | | <i>beginend</i> | |
| | Dynamic | <i>beginend</i> | | <i>beginend</i> | |

The columns you can define for the Aggregate Stream Loader are described in the Table below.

Table A-11 Aggregate Stream Loader Field Definitions

| Column | Description | Value | Optional |
|---------------------|--|---|----------|
| Creation Date | The creation date of the stream. You cannot load a stream into the current stream table that has a creation date less than or equal to the prev_creation_date. For example, if you loaded a stream with a creation date of 10/30/2001, and the previous date is 10/29/2001, you cannot load a new stream with a date equal to or prior to 10/29/2001. Also note that the creation date is translated into GMT in the database according to the time zone selected. | Format: YYYYMMdd or YYYYMMdd HHmmSS or YYYYMMdd HHmmssSS | No |
| User Name | The name of the user responsible. | Up to 40 alphanumeric characters.. | No |
| Creator Company ID | The Global Company ID of the company that created the data for the stream. | Up to 40 characters | Yes* |
| Creator Location ID | The location ID of the company, if it is leaf. Local ID if it is folder. | Up to 40 characters | Yes* |
| Partner Company ID | Your trading partner's company ID. However, if the partner context contains a folder, this value must be the creator company ID if the creator company is local. | Up to 40 character numeric | Yes* |
| Partner Location ID | Your trading partner's company Location ID, if it is leaf. Local ID if it is folder. | Up to 40 character numeric. | Yes* |
| Global Item Number | The product's ID, if it is leaf. Local ID if it is folder. | Up to 40 character alphanumeric. | Yes* |
| Period Begin | The data stream's beginning time period. | YYYYMMDD | No |
| Period End | The data stream's ending time period. | YYYYMMDD | No |
| Quantity | The data stream's quantity. | Numeric | No |

Table A-11 (Cont.) Aggregate Stream Loader Field Definitions

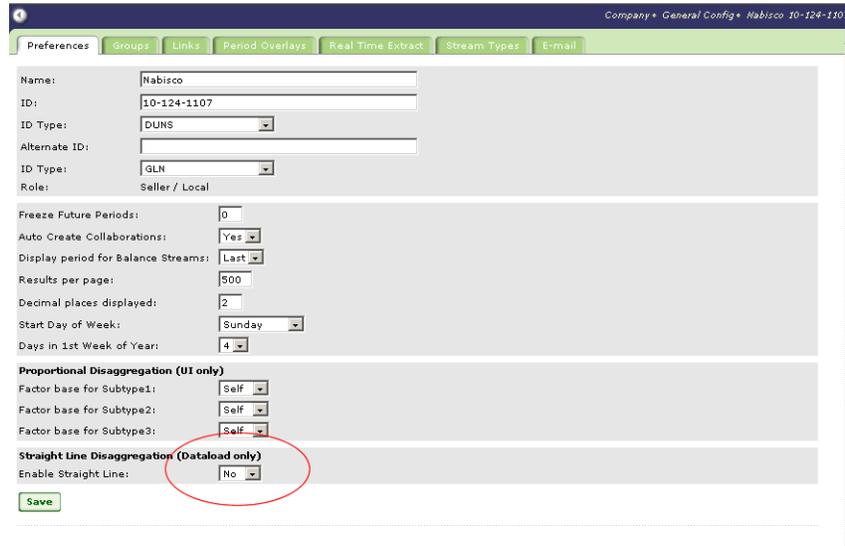
| Column | Description | Value | Optional |
|------------------------------------|--|---|----------|
| Data Stream Type Code | The type code you assigned to the data stream when you configured the control file for it. | Type Code | No |
| Data Stream Item Type Code | The data stream item type code you assigned to the data stream item when you configured the control file for it. | Item Type Code | No |
| Unit-of-Measure | The UOM type. | - Base UOM - Custom UOM - Can be left blank for Base UOM. | Yes |
| Creator Company ID Type | The ID Type of the company that created the data for the stream. | Numeric; | Yes |
| Creator Company Alternate ID | The Alternate ID of the company that created the data for the stream. | Up to 40 characters | Yes* |
| Creator Company Alternate ID Type | The Alternate ID Type of the company that created the data for the stream. | Numeric | Yes |
| Creator Location ID Type | The ID Type of the creator company's location. | Numeric. | Yes |
| Creator Location Alternate ID | The Alternate ID of the creator's location. | Up to 40 characters | Yes* |
| Creator Location Alternate ID Type | The Alternate ID Type of the creator location. | Numeric | Yes |
| Partner Company ID Type | Your trading partner's Company ID Type. | Numeric | Yes |
| Partner Company Alternate ID | Your trading partner's Alternate Company ID. | Up to 40 characters | Yes* |
| Partner Company Alternate ID Type | Your trading partner's Alternate Company ID Type. | Numeric | Yes |
| Partner Location ID Type | Your trading partner's Location ID Type. | Numeric. | Yes |
| Partner Location Alternate ID | Your trading partner's Alternate Location ID. | Up to 40 characters | Yes* |
| Partner Location Alternate ID Type | Your trading partner's Alternate Location ID Type. | Numeric. | Yes |
| Global Item Number Type | The product's ID Type. | Numeric. | Yes |
| Local Item Number | The product's Local Item Number. | Up to 40 characters | Yes* |
| Local Item Number Type | The product's Local Item Number Type. | Numeric | Yes |

*Although marked "Yes" in the Optional column, these fields are conditionally optional, based on whether or not other information has been provided. For more details, see full explanation of "[Conditionally Optional Fields](#)".

If two disaggregation profiles have common collaboration items, when disaggregation is performed, creation date will be adjusted.

Before you can run the Aggregate Stream Loader, you must create an Aggregate Profile. This can be done using the Client. For details, see “About Aggregate Profiles” in the VCC User Guide.

If you do not want to use an Aggregate Profile to load aggregate data, you must change the default settings in the Client to enable Straight-Line allocation. To do so, select “yes” in the Client’s Company - General Config - Preferences tab, as seen below. This will apply the changes for the whole company.



When loading aggregate data, one dimension from the context must be at the aggregate level. You must identify the dimension at the aggregate level by its folder ID (its local ID in the database).

The validation rules for the Aggregate Stream Loader are as follows:

If Creator Company is Local:

- For the Creator Context
 - If it is a folder, it must belong to the creator company
 - If it is a leaf, it must belong to the creator company
- For the Partner Context
 - If folder, it must belong to the creator company (if partner company is the same as creator, you can validate with partner company as well)
 - If it is a leaf, it must belong to the partner company

If Creator Company is not Local (company.isLocal = 0):

- For the Creator Context
 - If it is a folder, it must belong to the partner company
 - If it is a leaf, it must belong to the creator company
- For the Partner Context
 - If folder, it must belong to the partner company

- If it is a leaf, it must belong to the partner company
- For the Product Context
 - If it is a folder, it must belong to the partner company
 - If it is a leaf, it must belong to the partner company

Table A–12 Creator DUNS Validation Rules

| Creator Company | Location Context Level | Partner Company | Partner Context Level |
|----------------------------|------------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|
| Local Creator Company | | | |
| Local Company DUNS | Leaf | Local Company DUNS | Folder |
| Local Company DUNS | Folder | Partner Company DUNS | Leaf |
| Local Company DUNS | Folder | Local Company DUNS | Folder |
| Non- Local Creator Company | | | |
| Non-Local Company DUNS | Leaf | Local Company DUNS | Folder |
| Non-Local Company DUNS | Folder | Local Company DUNS | Leaf |
| Non-Local Company DUNS | Folder | Local Company DUNS | Folder |

Sample Aggregate Datafile

//If the creator company (111) is Local, then use the creator company DUNS number as the partner company DUNS number when the partner location is at the folder level

Context Comments Loader/Extractor

The Context Comments Extractor operates real-time, saving a context comment file to ~\server\realtimeextract\contextcomments each time a context comment is entered. No configuration is required.

The Context Comment Loader allows you to load comments extracted from a remote system. This loader/extractor uses a fixed XML format.

Exception Loader/Extractor

The template control file for the Exception loader is Exception.template.

The Exception loader/extractor allows you to load exceptions in bulk format or extract exceptions from the database. The validation rules for this parser are described in "Integrator Validation Rules". The fields you can define for the Exception loader are :

Table A–13 Exception Loader/Extractor Table

| Default | Column | Description | Possible Value |
|---------|---------------------|------------------|--|
| 1 | Creator Company ID | Creator Company | Format: DUNS Creator's Global Company ID / Creator Folders |
| 2 | Creator Location ID | Creator Location | Format: DUNS+4 Creator's Global Location ID / Local ID |

Table A-13 (Cont.) Exception Loader/Extractor Table

| Default | Column | Description | Possible Value |
|----------------|-----------------------|---|---|
| 3 | Partner Company ID | Partner Company | Format: DUNS Partner's Global Company ID |
| 4 | Partner Location ID | Partner Location | Format: DUNS+4 Partner's Global Location ID / Partner Folder's Local ID |
| 5 | Global Item Number | Product Item | Format: GIN Product GIN / Product folder's Local ID. |
| 6 | Period Begin | Beginning of the Active Period. | DATE |
| 7 | Period End | Ending of the Active Period. | DATE |
| 8 | User Name | User that creates Read-Only Exception. | Format: String; ANY User Name |
| 9 | Base Is Local | Is Base value Local or Partner. | 0 / "False" = Partner 1 / "True" = Local |
| 10 | Base Type Code | Base value stream type. | Specify a numeric constant or a string constant. |
| 11 | Base Item Type Code | Creator Company's specific Stream Item Type. | Specify a numeric constant or a string constant. |
| 12 | Comparison Value Type | One of the Comparison Types (see Possible Values). | Specify a numeric or a string constant: 1 = "Current" 2 = "Previous" 3 = "Gen_Offset" 4 = "Per_Offset" 5 = "Threshold" |
| 13 | Comp Is Local | Is Partner Company Local (0 / "False") or Partner (1 / "True"). | 0 / "False" = Local 1 / "True" = Partner |
| 14 | Comp Type Code | Partner Company's specific Stream Type | Specify a numeric constant or a string constant. |
| 15 | Comp Item Type Code | Partner Company's specific Stream Item Type. | Specify a numeric constant or a string constant. |
| 16 | Offset | Generation Offset value or Period Offset value. | Numeric |
| 17 | Absolute Variance | Absolute Variance value. | Numeric |
| 18 | Percent Variance | Percent Variance value. | Numeric |

Table A–13 (Cont.) Exception Loader/Extractor Table

| Default | Column | Description | Possible Value |
|---------|------------------|--|--|
| 19 | Severity Level | Severity Level of this Exception. | Specify a numeric or a string constant: 2 = "High" 1 = "Med" 0 = "Low" |
| 20 | UOM Type | Unit-of-Measure (see Possible Value). | Specify a numeric or a string constant: 1 = "BaseUnits" 2 = "StatFactor" 3 = "Currency" 4 = "Load" |
| 21 | Quantity 1 | Quantity | Numeric |
| 22 | Quantity 2 | Partner Company Quantity | Numeric |
| 23 | Resolution Code | Null or one of the Resolution Codes in addition to Comment. | Format: Numeric or Null. 1 = Local issue: changed value 2 = Partner issue: changed value 3 = Local issue: value unchanged 4 = Partner issue: value unchanged 5 = Split the difference 6 = New collaborative value 7 = Agreed to disagree 8 = Obsolete value 9 = Not resolved |
| 24 | Comment | Comments for this Exception, in addition to Resolution Code. | Format: Up to 100 characters. |
| 25 | Creation Date | Date when the exception was triggered. | DATE / DATETIME |
| 26 | Status | Exception Status. | Format: Numeric. 0 = Active 1 = In Process 2 = Auto In Process 3 = Supersedes 4 = Escalated 5 = Auto Escalated 6 = Auto Incomplete |
| 27 | IsSelf Aggregate | Indicates whether "Sum" on folder or "Any" on folder. | 0 = "False" 1 = "True" |
| 28 | IsPart Aggregate | Indicates whether "Sum" on folder or "Any" on folder. | 0 = "False" 1 = "True" |

Table A-13 (Cont.) Exception Loader/Extractor Table

| Default | Column | Description | Possible Value |
|---------|------------------|---|---------------------------|
| 29 | IsProd Aggregate | Indicates whether "Sum" on folder or "Any" on folder. | 0 = "False" 1 = "True" |

Comparison Types (accompanied by a Numeric Value in the "Comparison Value Type" Column) are "Current to Current" = 1 ; "Current to Previous" = 2 ; "Current to Generational Offset" = 3 ; "Current to Period Offset" = 4 ; "Current to Threshold" = 5.

Resolution Codes (accompanied by Value in the "Resolution Code" Column): "Local issue: Changed Value" = 1 ; "Partner issue: Changed Value" = 2 ; "Local issue: Value Unchanged" = 3 ; "Partner issue: Value Unchanged" = 4 ; "Split the difference" = 5 ; "New collaborative value" = 6 ; "Agreed to disagree" = 7 ; "Obsolete value" = 8 ; "Not resolved" = 9.

Rules:

1. If the Comparison Type chosen (Column #12) is "Current to Threshold", Columns 13, 14, and 15 are not needed.
2. If the Comparison Type chosen (Column 12) is not "Generational Offset" or "Period Offset", Column 16 is not needed.
3. "Resolution Code" and "Comment" (Columns 23 and 24) are Optional.
4. "Is Self Aggregate", "IsPart Aggregate", and "IsProd Aggregate" columns only need to be specified when Location IDs are specified in the Creator Location ID, Partner Location ID, and Product Location ID columns.

Exception Criteria Loader/Extractor

The Exception Criteria Extractor allows you to extract exception criteria in bulk format, and the Exception Criteria Loader allows you to load the net change of criteria that were extracted from a remote system, including both adds and deletes. This loader/extractor uses a fixed XML format described in `SyncraIntegrationTypesExcptCrit.xsd`. For more details on each field, refer to defining exception criteria.

Price Profiles Loader/Extractor

The template control file for the Price Profiles loader is `PriceProfiles.template`.

The Product Profile loader/extractor allows you to load or extract product profiles (base prices). The fields allowed in the Price Profile Loader/Extractor are described in the Table below.

Table A-14 Price Profiles Loader/Extractor

| Column | Description | Value |
|---------------------|---|---------------------|
| Creator Company ID | The ID of the company that created the data for the stream. | Up to 40 characters |
| Creator Location ID | The location ID of the company. | Up to 40 characters |
| Partner Company ID | Your trading partner's company ID. | Up to 40 characters |
| Partner Location ID | Your trading partner's location ID. | Up to 40 characters |

Table A-14 (Cont.) Price Profiles Loader/Extractor

| Column | Description | Value |
|--------------------|--|---------------------------------|
| Global Item Number | The product's ID. | Up to 40 character alphanumeric |
| Period Begin | The data stream's beginning time period. | YYYYMMDD |
| Period End | The data stream's ending time period. | YYYYMMDD |
| Base price | The product's base price. | Numeric |
| User Name | The user associated with this price profile. | Up to 40 characters |

The validation rules for this parser are described in "Integrator Validation Rules".

Sample Profile Datafile

10-124-1107,10-124-1107-0001,30-333-3333,30-333-3333-0001,0125468712,20010625,20010701,10.00,Dave Wilson

10-124-1107,10-124-1107-0001,30-333-3333,30-333-3333-0001,0125468712,20010702,20010708,20.00,Dave Wilson

10-124-1107,10-124-1107-0001,30-333-3333,30-333-3333-0001,0125468712,20010709,20010715,30.00,Dave Wilson

10-124-1107,10-124-1107-0001,30-333-3333,30-333-3333-0001,0125468712,20010716,20010722,40.00,Dave Wilson

Events Loaders

The VCC client allows you to create individual promotions one at a time. However, promotions can also be bulk loaded through the Events Loaders, as well as extracted from the database using the Events Extractor. The event promotions bulk load file must be in XML format to be read by the VCC Integrator.

Before you can load or extract Events, you must configure a control file describing the template name file. The control file description includes the XML file location, character set, Time Zone, etc. A sample XML file can be found in the Syncra_home/integrator directory, in addition to the Event status loader sample file, also in XML format.

The fields that are available for Events Loaders and Extractors are described in the following tables.

Note that Events Extractors no longer need to be configured using Extractor configuration. Properties are picked up from the format file directly.

Note: Event Loader data file has a fixed date format (YYYY-MM-DD) for all dates provided in the data file.

There are three types of Event Loaders:

- Events Loader
- Event Stream Set Loader

- Promotion Status Loader

Events Loader

Uses the Event.template

Creating Events

If the event ID does not already exist, the incoming data will be added to the database. Be aware that loading data with erroneous ID values may lead to duplicate event creation.

Editing Events

If an event ID already exists, new values will replace existing values. VCC detects that an event is being edited, and will replace existing values when:

1. any promotion items are provided
2. the "Set Impacts" flags are set

AND

3. the promotion status indicates impacts have been applied to forecasts

If the above conditions are met, the promotional forecasts for the promotion items that were previously associated with the event will be restated (i.e. new forecasts will be calculated for the promotion items that were loaded). Existing promotion items that do not match the new set will be deleted, and any items in the event load that did not already exist will be created.

Note: When Loading Events Created By Non-Local Companies, that Event can contain promotions for only one partner company. If it contains promotions for more than one the entire Event will be rejected.

Status updates are processed through a separate XML file. See "[Promotion Status Loader](#)".

For the Event and Promotion Status Loaders, Language encoding is not available from the Loader configuration, but can be specified by editing the following line in the xml file:

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8" ?>
```

Note: If an Event is being edited using the UI, then the user should not load the same Event in Edit operation in order to avoid data discrepancy.

The fields you can define for the Events and Status Loaders are at:

Event Level

Promotion Level

Event Item Level

Table A–15 Event -Level Events and Status Loader Field Definitions

| Element | Description | Value | Optional |
|-------------------------|---|---|----------|
| Event Category | Event Category from the pre-defined set of Categories | The event category name (Assortment Change, Community Promotion, Disaster, Freight Flow Allocation, Holiday, Inventory Policy Change, Joint Promotion, Labor, Location Closing, Location Opening, Manufacturer Promotion, Other NonPromotional, Other Promotional, Packaging Labeling Change, Price Change, Product Discontinuation, Product Introduction, Retailer Promotion, Seasonal Event, Store Closing Event, Store Format Change, Store Opening Event, Test Market, or Weather). | No |
| Description | User entered Event Description | Format: Up to 650 alphanumeric characters | Yes |
| EventId | Unique Event identifier | Format: Up to 80 alphanumeric characters | No |
| Name | Event Name | Format: Up to 60 alphanumeric characters | No |
| SetOrder Impact | Flag to set the Order impacts | Format: 0 or 1, True Or False | No |
| SetSalesImpact | Flag to set the Sales Impacts | Format: 0 or 1, True Or False | No |
| Streamset | Name of the stream set used by the Event | User-defined streamset name. | No |
| url | URL at Event level | URL not to exceed more than 650 characters. | Yes |
| Gln Identification Type | Company Id Type from the pre-defined set of Company id Types | Actual ID Type name. | No |
| Idn | Company Id | Format: Up to 30 alphanumeric characters | No |
| Timeframe Begin | Event Begin Date | Format: YYYY-MM-DD | No |
| Timeframe End | Event End Date | Format: YYYY-MM-DD | No |
| username | Name of the user creating/editing the Event, this user always belong to the company Id at Event level | Format: Up to 30 alphanumeric characters | No |
| LastModified Date | Date when the Event is created or Last Modified. Extractor only. | Format: YYYY-MM-DD | Yes |
| Comment | Event level comments | Format: Up to 200 alphanumeric characters | Yes |

Table A-16 Promotion-Level Event and Status Loader Field Definitions

| Element | Description | Value | Optional |
|-------------------------|--|--|--|
| Email | Email address separated by semicolon | Format: Up to 1250 alphanumeric characters | Yes |
| emailLanguage | Language used for email contents to send the email | Format: Please check the Language for the appropriate formats. For American English the standard format is en_US | No |
| EntireEvent | Flag to disaggregate Promo Sales Impact Qty for periods across Items | Format: 0 or 1, "true" or "false". | No |
| PartnerPromoId | Promotion ID defined by partner | Format: Up to 65 alphanumeric characters | Yes |
| PriceImpactType | Type used for computing Promotional Price Impacts. When Set Sales Impact is set to "1", this field is required. | Absolute Increase, Absolute Decrease, Set Value to, Percent Increase, Percent Decrease. | No |
| PriceImpactValue | Value used for computing Promo Price Impacts. When Set Sales Impact is set to "1", this field is required. | Number not to exceed 15 digits. | No |
| PromotionId | Unique Promotion Identifier | Format: Up to 80 alphanumeric characters | No |
| SalesImpactType | Type used for computing Promotional Sales Impacts. When Set Sales Impact is set to "1", this field is required. | Absolute Increase, Absolute Decrease, Set Value to, Percent Increase, Percent Decrease. | No |
| SalesImpactValue | Value used for computing Promo Sales Impacts. When Set Sales Impact is set to "1", this field is required. | Number not to exceed 15 digits. | No |
| Status | Current status of the promotion. (For extractor only, this is not used to change the Promotion Status-- to change the Promotion Status use Promo Status Loader.) | Actual status name. | No (Promo Status Loader) Yes (Event Loader) |
| url | URL at Promotion level | Format: Up to 650 alphanumeric constants | Yes |
| Gln Identification Type | Company Id Type from the pre-defined set of Company id Types | Actual various identification type. | No |
| Idn | Partner Company Id | Format: Up to 30 alphanumeric characters | No |
| FirstAvailableDate | Date of first availability of the shipment | Format: YYYY-MM-DD | Yes |

Table A-16 (Cont.) Promotion-Level Event and Status Loader Field Definitions

| Element | Description | Value | Optional |
|--------------------------------|---|--|-----------------|
| username | Name of the user creating/editing the Event, this user always belong to the company Id at Event level | Format: Up to 30 alphanumeric characters | No |
| LastModifiedDate | Date when the Event is created or Last Modified. Extractor only. | Format: YYYY-MM-DD | Yes |
| User defined1 | User entered alphanumeric characters | Format: Up to 650 alphanumeric characters | Yes |
| User defined2 | User entered alphanumeric characters | Format: Up to 650 alphanumeric characters | Yes |
| dcPromoOrderForecastOffset | DC Order forecast offset | Format: Integer | Yes |
| forwardBuyForecastOffset | Forward Buy Forecast Offset | Format: Integer | Yes |
| dsdPromoOrderForecastOffset | DSD Order Forecast Offset | Format: Integer | Yes |
| Milestone date | Milestone due date | Format: YYYY-MM-DD | Yes |
| Notification offset | Offset to notify milestone status | Format: Integer | Yes |
| Milestone status | Milestone status, Proposed, Planned, Active, Completed | Actual status name. | Yes |
| Tactic Component | Tactics Component | Actual tactic component name. | Yes |
| ComponentType | Tactic | Actual component type name. | Yes |
| UOM | Tactics UOM | Format: alphanumeric; not to exceed 35 characters. | Yes |
| Value | Tactics value | Format: Integer | Yes |
| Begin | Tactic Begin Date | Format: YYYY-MM-DD | Yes |
| End | Tactics End Date | Format: YYYY-MM-DD | Yes |
| Comment user | Username who added the Promotion level threaded comment | Format: Up to 30 alphanumeric characters | Yes |
| Idn | Company Id, user belongs to who is creating the comment | Format: Up to 30 alphanumeric characters | Yes |
| Company Id Identification Type | Company Id Type from the pre-defined set of Company id Types | Format: alphanumeric; actual ID type name. | Yes |
| Comment text | Threaded comment text at Promotion Level. Comments at Promotion Level contain dates in the YYYY-MM-DD hh:mm:ss format. All other Dates will be in YYYY-MM-DD format. | Format: Up to 75 alphanumeric characters | Yes |

Table A-16 (Cont.) Promotion-Level Event and Status Loader Field Definitions

| Element | Description | Value | Optional |
|--------------|----------------------------------|-----------------------------|----------|
| CreationDate | Date when the Comment is created | Format: YYYY-MM-DD hh:mm:ss | Yes |

Table A-17 Event Item-Level Events and Status Loader Field Definitions

| Element | Description | Value | Optional |
|------------------------------|---|---|----------|
| Dc Promo Order Forecast Qty | DC Order Forecast Quantity | Format: Up to 15 Numbers | Yes |
| Dsd Promo Order Forecast Qty | DSD Promo Order Forecast Qty | Format: Up to 15 Numbers | Yes |
| Forward Buy Forecast Qty | Forward Buy Forecast Quantity | Format: Up to 15 Numbers | Yes |
| Item Type | Type of the Item from the set of pre-defined two Item types | Actual item type name. | No |
| PriceImpact Type | Type used for computing Promotional Price Impacts. | Absolute Increase, Absolute Decrease, Set Value to, Percent Increase, Percent Decrease. | Yes |
| PriceImpact Value | Value used for computing Promo Price Impacts | Number; not to exceed 15 digits. | Yes |
| PromotionItem Id | Item Identifier , this is unique with a given Promotion and Event | Format: Format: Up to 80 alphanumeric characters | No |
| SalesImpact Type | Type used for computing Promotional Sales Impacts. | Absolute Increase, Absolute Decrease, Set Value to, Percent Increase, Percent Decrease. | Yes |
| SalesImpact Value | Value used for computing Promo Sales Impacts | Number; not to exceed 15 digits. | Yes |
| Local idn | Creator Location ID | Format: Up to 80 alphanumeric characters | No |
| Partner idn | Partner Location Id | Format: Up to 80 alphanumeric characters | No |
| Product idn | Global Item Number | Format: Up to 80 alphanumeric characters | No |
| Period Begin | Item Begin period | Format: YYYY-MM-DD | No |
| Period End | Item End Period | Format: YYYY-MM-DD | No |
| Participating Locations | Number of store level locations | Format: Integer | Yes |

Sample Events Loader XML File

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="ASCII" ?> <syncraTransaction>
<version value="1.0"/>
<event category="Assortment Change" description="Test Loader Extractor"
eventId="SYNCRA_183" name="TestLoad/Extract" setOrderImpact="true"
setSalesImpact="true" streamset="New" url="http://www.EventURL.com">
```

```

<creator>
  <gln identificationType="DUNS" idn="12345creatorcomp"/>
</creator>
<timeFrame begin="2003-10-07" end="2003-10-08"/>
<user>
  <username>user12</username>
</user>
<lastModifiedDate>2003-10-15</lastModifiedDate>
<comment>Test Loader Extractor</comment>
<promotionList>
  <promotion email="reciever1@company.com;reciever2@company2.com"
    emailLanguage="en_US" entireEvent="0"
    partnerPromoID="Partner_Promo"
    priceImpactType="Percent Decrease" priceImpactValue="5.75"
    promotionId="SYNCRA_185" salesImpactType="Absolute Increase"
    salesImpactValue="75.0" status="New" url="http://www.PromoURL.com">
    <partner>
      <gln identificationType="DUNS" idn="12345partnercomp"/>
    </partner>
    <firstAvailableDate>2003-10-15</firstAvailableDate>
    <user>
      <username>12345creatorcomp_user</username>
    </user>
    <lastModifiedDate>2003-10-15</lastModifiedDate>
    <userDefined1>User Defined #1</userDefined1>
    <userDefined2>User Defined #2</userDefined2>
    <orderOffsetList>
      <dcPromoOrderForecastOffset>0</dcPromoOrderForecastOffset>
      <forwardBuyForecastOffset>0</forwardBuyForecastOffset>
      <dsdPromoOrderForecastOffset>0</dsdPromoOrderForecastOffset>
    </orderOffsetList>
    <dueDateList>
      <milestone date="2003-10-05" notificationOffset="1" status="Proposed"/>
    <milestone date="2003-10-06" notificationOffset="1" status="Planned"/>
      <milestone date="2003-10-07" notificationOffset="1" status="Active"/>
      <milestone date="2003-10-08" notificationOffset="1" status="Completed"/>
    </dueDateList>
  </promotion>
</promotionList>

```

```
<tacticList>
  <tactic component="Ad" componentType="Billboard"
    uom="11u" value="1.0">
    <dates begin="2003-10-15" end="2003-10-16"/>
  </tactic>
  <tactic component="Ad" componentType="Direct Mail Ad"
    uom="22u" value="2.0">
    <dates begin="2003-10-17" end="2003-10-18"/>
  </tactic>
  <tactic component="Ad"
    componentType="Direct Mail Blow-In" uom="33u" value="3.0">
    <dates begin="2003-10-19" end="2003-10-20"/>
  </tactic>
</tacticList>
<commentList>
  <comment>
    <user>
      <username>12345partnercomp_user</username>
      <gln identificationType="DUNS" idn="12345partnercomp"/>
    </user>
    <commentText>This comment is posted by 12345partnercomp_
user.</commentText>
    <creationDate>2003-10-07 04:00:01</creationDate>
  </comment>
  <comment>
    <user>
      <username>12345creatorcomp_user</username>
      <companyid identificationType="DUNS" idn="12345creatorcomp"/>
    </user>
    <commentText>This comment is posted by 12345creatorcomp_
user.</commentText>
    <creationDate>2003-10-07 04:00:02</creationDate>
  </comment>
</commentList>
<itemList>
  <item dcPromoOrderForecastQuantity="101.0"
    dsdPromoOrderForecastQuantity="202.0"
    forwardBuyForecastQuantity="303.0"
```

```

        itemType="Cannibalized"
        priceImpactType="Absolute Decrease"
        priceImpactValue="5.75"
        promotionItemId="SYNCRA_2291"
        salesImpactType="Absolute Increase" salesImpactValue="75.0">
        <context>
            <local idn="12345creatorcomp_location"/>
            <partnerL idn="12345partnercomp_location"/>
            <product idn="Newproduct_GIN"/>
        </context>
        <period begin="2003-10-07" end="2003-10-08"/>
        <participatingLocations>0</participatingLocations>
    </item>
    <item dcPromoOrderForecastQuantity="101.0"
        dsdPromoOrderForecastQuantity="202.0"
        forwardBuyForecastQuantity="303.0"
        itemType="Cannibalized"
        priceImpactType="Absolute Decrease"
        priceImpactValue="5.75"
        promotionItemId="SYNCRA_2291"
        salesImpactType="Absolute Increase" salesImpactValue="75.0">
        <context>
            <local idn="12345creatorcomp_location11"/>
            <partnerL idn="12345partnercomp_location11"/>
            <product idn="Newproduct_GIN11"/>
        </context>
        <period begin="2003-10-07" end="2003-10-08"/>
        <participatingLocations>0</participatingLocations>
    </item>
</itemList>
</promotion>
<promotion email="reciever3@company.com;reciever4@company2.com"
    emailLanguage="en_US" entireEvent="1"
    partnerPromoID="Partner_Promo"
    priceImpactType="Percent Decrease" priceImpactValue="8.75"
    promotionId="SYNCRA_185" salesImpactType="Absolute Increase"
    salesImpactValue="705.0" status="New" url="http://www.PromoURL.com">

```

```
<partner>
  <gln identificationType="DUNS" idn="12345partnercomp"/>
</partner>
<firstAvailableDate>2003-10-15</firstAvailableDate>
<user>
  <username>12345creatorcomp_user</username>
</user>
<lastModifiedDate>2003-10-15</lastModifiedDate>
<userDefined1>User Defined #1</userDefined1>
<userDefined2>User Defined #2</userDefined2>
<orderOffsetList>
  <dcPromoOrderForecastOffset>0</dcPromoOrderForecastOffset>
  <forwardBuyForecastOffset>0</forwardBuyForecastOffset>
  <dsdPromoOrderForecastOffset>0</dsdPromoOrderForecastOffset>
</orderOffsetList>
<dueDateList>
  <milestone date="2003-10-05" notificationOffset="1" status="Proposed"/>
<milestone date="2003-10-06" notificationOffset="1" status="Planned"/>
  <milestone date="2003-10-07" notificationOffset="1" status="Active"/>
  <milestone date="2003-10-08" notificationOffset="1" status="Completed"/>
</dueDateList>
<tacticList>
  <tactic component="Ad" componentType="Billboard"
    uom="11u" value="1.0">
    <dates begin="2003-10-15" end="2003-10-16"/>
  </tactic>
  <tactic component="Ad" componentType="Direct Mail Ad"
    uom="22u" value="2.0">
    <dates begin="2003-10-17" end="2003-10-18"/>
  </tactic>
  <tactic component="Ad"
    componentType="Direct Mail Blow-In" uom="33u" value="3.0">
    <dates begin="2003-10-19" end="2003-10-20"/>
  </tactic>
</tacticList>
<commentList>
  <comment>
```

```

    <user>
      <username>12345partnercomp_user</username>
      <companyid identificationType="DUNS" idn="12345partnercomp"/>
    </user>
    <commentText>This comment is posted by 12345partnercomp_
user.</commentText>
    <creationDate>2003-10-07 04:00:01</creationDate>
  </comment>
<comment>
  <user>
    <username>12345creatorcomp_user</username>
    <companyid identificationType="DUNS" idn="12345creatorcomp"/>
  </user>
  <commentText>This comment is posted by 12345creatorcomp_
user</commentText>
  <creationDate>2003-10-07 04:00:02</creationDate>
</comment>
</commentList>
<itemList>
  <item dcPromoOrderForecastQuantity="101.0"
    dsdPromoOrderForecastQuantity="202.0"
    forwardBuyForecastQuantity="303.0"
    itemType="Cannibalized"
    priceImpactType="Absolute Decrease"
    priceImpactValue="5.75"
    promotionItemId="SYNCRA_2291"
    salesImpactType="Absolute Increase" salesImpactValue="75.0">
    <context>
      <local idn="12345creatorcomp_location01"/>
      <partnerL idn="12345partnercomp_location01"/>
      <product idn="Newproduct_GIN01"/>
    </context>
    <period begin="2003-10-07" end="2003-10-08"/>
    <participatingLocations>0</participatingLocations>
  </item>
  <item dcPromoOrderForecastQuantity="101.0"
    dsdPromoOrderForecastQuantity="202.0"
    forwardBuyForecastQuantity="303.0"

```

```

        itemType="Cannibalized"
        priceImpactType="Absolute Decrease"
        priceImpactValue="5.75"
        promotionItemId="SYNCRA_2291"
        salesImpactType="Absolute Increase" salesImpactValue="75.0">
    <context>
        <local idn="12345creatorcomp_location02"/>
        <partnerL idn="12345partnercomp_location02"/>
        <product idn="Newproduct_GIN02"/>
    </context>
    <period begin="2003-10-07" end="2003-10-08"/>
    <participatingLocations>0</participatingLocations>
</item>
</itemList>
</promotion>
</promotionList>
</event>
</syncraTransaction>

```

Event Stream Set Loader

Uses the EventStreamSet.template

The fields you can define for the Event Stream Set Loader are:

Table A-18 Event Stream Set Loader Field Definitions

| Column | Description | Value | Optional |
|--|--|---|----------|
| Name | Stream set name | Format: up to 20 alphanumeric characters | No |
| Creator Company ID | Creator Company ID, for which the stream set is being created/edited | Format: DUNS: up to 40 characters | No |
| Base Sales Forecast Stream Type | Base sales forecast stream type code | Format: up to 10 numbers | No |
| Base Sales Forecast Stream Item Type | Base sales forecast stream item type code | Format: up to 10 numbers | No |
| Base Sales Forecast Stream Is Local | Creator is local or partner | 0, 1 | No |
| Base Sales Forecast Stream Enable Totals | Enable Totals for Base Sales Forecast Stream | 0, 1 | No |

Table A-18 (Cont.) Event Stream Set Loader Field Definitions

| Column | Description | Value | Optional |
|---|---|---------------------------------|-----------------|
| Promo Sales Forecast Stream Type | Promo sales forecast stream type code | Format: up to 10 numbers | No |
| Promo Sales Forecast Stream Item Type | Promo sales forecast stream item type code | Format: up to 10 numbers | No |
| Promo Sales Forecast Event Stream Enable Totals | Enable totals for Promo Sales Forecast Event Stream | 0, 1 | No |
| Actual Sales Stream Type | Actual sales forecast stream type code | Format: up to 10 numbers | No |
| Actual Sales Stream Item Type | Actual sales forecast stream item type code | Format: up to 10 numbers | No |
| Actual Sales Stream Is Local | Creator is local or partner | 0, 1 | No |
| Actual Sales Stream Enable Totals | Enable totals for Actual Sales Stream | 0, 1 | No |
| DC Order Forecast Stream Type | DC Order Forecast Stream Type code | Format: up to 10 numbers | Yes |
| DC Order Forecast Stream Item Type | DC Order Forecast Stream Item Type code | Format: up to 10 numbers | Yes |
| DC Order Forecast Stream Enable Totals | Enable Totals for DC Order Forecast Stream | 0, 1 | Yes |
| DSD Order Forecast Stream Type | DSD Order Forecast Stream Type code | Format: up to 10 numbers | Yes |
| DSD Order Forecast Stream Item Type | DSD Order Forecast Stream Item Type code | Format: up to 10 numbers | Yes |
| DSD Order Forecast Stream Enable Totals | Enable Totals for DSD Order Forecast Stream | 0, 1 | Yes |
| Forward Buy Forecast Stream Type | Forward Buy Forecast Stream Type code | Format: up to 10 numbers | Yes |
| Forward Buy Forecast Stream Item Type | Forward Buy Forecast Stream Item Type code | Format: up to 10 numbers | Yes |
| Forward Buy Forecast Stream Enable Totals | Enable Totals for Forward Buy Forecast Stream Item Type | 0, 1 | No |
| On-Hand Inventory Stream Type | On-Hand Inventory Stream Type code | Format: up to 10 numbers | Yes |

Table A–18 (Cont.) Event Stream Set Loader Field Definitions

| Column | Description | Value | Optional |
|--|--|---------------------------------|----------|
| On-Hand Inventory Stream Item Type | On-Hand Inventory Stream Item Type code | Format: up to 10 numbers | Yes |
| On-Hand Inventory Stream Is Local | Creator is local or partner | 0, 1 | Yes |
| On-Hand Inventory Stream Enable Totals | Enable Totals for On-Hand Inventory Stream | 0, 1 | Yes |
| Monetary Sales Stream Type | Monetary Sales Stream Type code | Format: up to 10 numbers | Yes |
| Monetary Sales Stream Item Type | Monetary Sales Stream Item Type code | Format: up to 10 numbers | Yes |
| Monetary Sales Stream Is Local | Creator is local or partner | 0, 1 | Yes |
| Monetary Sales Stream Enable Totals | Enable Totals for Monetary Sales Stream | 0, 1 | Yes |
| Cross Dock Order Stream Type | Cross Dock Order Stream Type code | Format: up to 10 numbers | Yes |
| Cross Dock Order Stream Item Type | Cross Dock Order Stream Item Type code | Format: up to 10 numbers | Yes |
| Cross Dock Order Stream Enable Totals | Enable Totals for Cross Dock Order | 0, 1 | Yes |

Promotion Status Loader

The template control file for the Promotion Status Loader is PromoStatus.template. See “[Events Loader](#)” for field definitions in the Promotion Status Loader. The Promotion Status Loader contains the following fields:

- Event ID
- Promotion ID
- Company ID (Company ID of the “User”)
- User
- Status
- Comment (Promotion Level, threaded comment) — the value for this field can be null (optional).

Metrics Loader/Extractor

The template control file for the Metrics Loader is Metric.template.

The fields you can define for the metrics loader/extractor are:

Table A-19 Metrics Loader/Extractor Field Definitions

| Column | Description | Value |
|------------------------|---|--|
| Creator Company ID | The company ID of the creator company. | DUNS number (Format: Up to 40 characters) |
| Creator Location ID | The location ID of the creator company. | DUNS + 4 or Local ID (Format: Up to 40 characters long) |
| Creator Aggregate Type | Enter 0 for leaf, 1 for any and 2 for SUM | LEAF, (IF Location ID=DUNS +4); ANY/SUM, (IF Location ID = Local ID) |
| Partner Company ID | Your trading partner's company ID. | DUNS number (Format: 10 character Numeric) |
| Partner Location ID | Your trading partner's location ID | DUNS +4 number OR Local ID. In case of Local ID, the Partner company ID should be same as Creator Company ID. (Format: Up to 40 characters) |
| Partner Aggregate Type | Enter 0 for leaf, 1 for any and 2 for SUM | LEAF, (IF Location ID=DUNS +4); ANY/SUM, (IF Location ID = Local ID) |
| Global Item Number | The product's ID or Local ID. | Up to 40 character alphanumeric |
| Product Aggregate Type | Enter 0 for leaf, 1 for any and 2 for SUM | LEAF, if Global Item Number; ANY/SUM, If GIN=Local ID |
| Period Begin | The Metric's beginning time period | If "Is Period Rolling" is set to "true" then use Integer else Use Fixed Date. (format: YYYYMMDD) |
| Period End | The Metric's ending time period | If "Is Period Rolling" is set to "true" then use Integer else Use Fixed Date. (format: YYYYMMDD). It Should be greater than Period Begin |
| Metric Name | The name of the Metric | Up to 40 alphanumeric characters |
| Type | The type of the Metric | 2 = Growth 3 = Simple Math 4 = Average 5 = Time Average 6 = Inventory Turns 7 = Variability 8 = Periods of Supply 9 = Forecast Error / Accuracy 10 = Weighted Average Error 11 = Rolling Error 12 = Count Missing 13 = Exception Count 14 = Period to Date 15 = Perpetual Inventory |
| User Name | The name of the User creating the Metric | Up to 40 alphanumeric characters |

Table A-19 (Cont.) Metrics Loader/Extractor Field Definitions

| Column | Description | Value |
|-----------------------|--|----------------------------------|
| Is Period Rolling | Enter "1" if rolling period; enter "0" if fixed period. | False, 0 / TRUE, 1 |
| Period Overlay Name | The name of the Period Overlay | Up to 40 alphanumeric characters |
| Is Percent | Enter "1" if Percent; enter "0" if Absolute. | False, 0 / TRUE, 1 |
| Base Is Local | Is Creator Company Local (TRUE, 1) OR Non-Local (False, 0) | False, 0 / TRUE, 1 |
| Base Type Code | The base data stream type code | * |
| Base Item Type Code | The base data stream item type code: 1 = base, 2 = promo, 3 = seasonal, 4 = total | * |
| Comp is Local | Is Partner Company Local (TRUE, 1) or Non-Local (False, 0) | False, 0 / TRUE, 1 |
| Comp Type Code | The comparison stream type code | * |
| Comp Item Type Code | The comparison stream item type code: 1 = base, 2 = promo, 3 = seasonal, 4 = total | * |
| Offset Type | 1 = Period Offset, 2 = Gen Offset | * |
| Offset | Generation or Period Offset value (NUMERIC) | Positive Integer |
| Offset Is Base | Is Offset base | False, 0 / TRUE, 1 |
| Output Type | 1 = Inventory Turns, 2 = Average Periods of Supply | * |
| Output Type Code | Metric output stream type code | * |
| Output Item Type Code | Metric output stream item type code | * |
| Order Number | Metric processing order number | Integer Value 1 - 5 |
| Frequency | Running frequency for Metric | Positive Integer |
| Stream Type Code 3 | Stream type code 3 for SUM metric | * |
| Stream Item Type 3 | Stream Item type code 3 for SUM metric | * |
| Stream Is Local 3 | Is Stream Local (1) OR Partner (0) | Partner, 0 / Local, 1 |
| Stream Type Code 4 | Stream type code 4 for SUM metric | * |
| Stream Item Type 4 | Stream Item type code 4 for SUM metric | * |
| Stream Is Local 4 | Is Stream Local (1) OR Partner (0) | Partner, 0 / Local, 1 |
| Stream Type Code 5 | Stream type code 5 for SUM metric | * |

Table A-19 (Cont.) Metrics Loader/Extractor Field Definitions

| Column | Description | Value |
|----------------------------------|---|--------------------------------------|
| Stream Item Type 5 | Stream Item type code 5 for SUM metric | * |
| Stream Is Local 5 | Is Stream Local (1) OR Partner (0) | Partner, 0 / Local, 1 |
| Stream Type Code 6 | Stream type code 6 for SUM metric | * |
| Stream Item Type 6 | Stream Item type code 6 for SUM metric | * |
| Stream Is Local 6 | Is Stream Local (1) OR Partner (0) | Partner, 0 / Local, 1 |
| Stream Type Code 7 | Stream type code 7 for SUM metric | * |
| Stream Item Type 7 | Stream Item type code 7 for SUM metric | * |
| Stream Is Local 7 | Is Stream Local (1) OR Partner (0) | Partner, 0 / Local, 1 |
| Stream Type Code 8 | Stream type code 8 for SUM metric | * |
| Stream Item Type 8 | Stream Item type code 8 for SUM metric | * |
| Stream Is Local 8 | Is Stream Local (1) OR Partner (0) | Partner, 0 / Local, 1 |
| Stream Type Code 9 | Stream type code 9 for SUM metric | * |
| Stream Item Type 9 | Stream Item type code 9 for SUM metric | * |
| Stream Is Local 9 | Is Stream Local (1) OR Partner (0) | Partner, 0 / Local, 1 |
| Stream Type Code 10 | Stream type code 10 for SUM metric | * |
| Stream Item Type 10 | Stream Item type code 10 for SUM metric | * |
| Stream Is Local 10 | Is Stream Local (1) OR Partner (0) | Partner, 0 / Local, 1 |
| Weight Is Base | Is Weight base | False, 0 / TRUE, 1 / None, -1 |
| Divisor Is Base | Is Divisor base | False, 0 / TRUE, 1 |
| Number of Periods to Average (N) | The number of periods to average. | Any integer, $H + L < \text{abs } N$ |
| Number of Periods to Roll | The number of periods to roll. | Any integer |
| Number of High Filter | The number of high filter | Positive integer |
| Number of Low Filter | The number of low filter | Positive integer |

Table A-19 (Cont.) Metrics Loader/Extractor Field Definitions

| Column | Description | Value |
|-------------------|--|--|
| POS Type | 1 = Period of Supply Leading, -1 = Period of Supply Trailing | |
| Exception Status | 0 = Active 1 = In-Process 2 = Auto In-Process 3 = Supersedes 4 = Escalated 5 = Auto Escalated 6 = Auto Incomplete 11 = Dismissed 12 = Resolved 13 = Unresolvable 14 = Obsolete 15 = Superseded 21 = Auto-Dismissed 23 = Auto-Resolved 24 = Auto-Unresolvable | Examples include multiple statuses: 0#1#2# single status: 0# |
| Forecast Type | Applicable for Forecast Error, Rolling Error, and Weighted Average Error | Value: 1 = Error 2 = Accuracy |
| Is Absolute Value | Only applicable for Forecast Error | Value: 1 = True 2 = False |
| Is Null Zero | Treat null values as zeros. | 0 = False 1 = True |
| Frequency Type | Frequency selected to recur once, always, or at specific intervals. | 0 = Run once 1 = Run always 2 = Run once every n days 3 = Run once every n weeks 4 = Run once every n months |
| Frequency Day | Run once every n days, on the day specified. | 1 = Sunday 2 = Monday 3 = Tuesday 4 = Wednesday 5 = Thursday 6 = Friday 7 = Saturday |
| Frequency Week | Run once every n weeks, on the day specified in Frequency Day | Any week number; 1 or greater. |
| Frequency Time | Optional time in GMT after which the job should be run. | TIME |

Table A-19 (Cont.) Metrics Loader/Extractor Field Definitions

| Column | Description | Value |
|--------------------------|--|--|
| Report On Overlay | Only applicable for Periods of Supply and Inventory Turns Average Periods of Supply. | 0 = False 1 = True |
| Include Current Period | Only applicable for Periods of Supply metric. | 0 = False 1 = True |
| Operation Type | Applicable for Simple Math | 0 = Sum -1 = Product -2 = Difference -3 = Ratio |
| Frequency First Run Date | Optional Begin Date after which the job becomes active. | DATE |
| Frequency Last Run Date | Optional End Date after which the job becomes inactive. | DATE |

*The value for Type Code and Item Type Code fields are defined by the user in the Data Stream mapping utility during loader/extractor configuration

Sample Metrics Loader Datafile:

```

111,111-001,0,111,PartLoc_Test1,2,Prod_Test1,1,0,1,Weighted-Average_Forecast_
Error,10,loader,1,,0,1,21,1,1,21,1,2,0,1,,41,1,3,0,,,,,,,,,,,,,1,0,,,,,1,
111,111-001,0,111,PartLoc_Test1,1,Prod_
Test1,1,0,1,Weight-FC-Error-Accuracy,10,loader,1,,1,1,21,1,1,21,1,2,2,1,,41,1,3,0,,,,,,,,,,,,,
,,,,,1,0,,,,,2,
111,111-001,0,111,PartLoc_Test1,2,Prod_Test1,2,0,1,Weighted_Avg_FC_
Metric,10,loader,1,,0,1,21,1,1,21,1,2,0,1,,41,1,3,0,,,,,,,,,,,,,1,0,,,,,1,
111,111-001,0,111,PartLoc_Test1,1,Prod_
Test1,1,0,1,Variability,7,loader,1,,0,1,21,1,,,,,41,1,3,0,,,,,,,,,,,,,4,,,,,
111,111-001,0,111,PartLoc_Test1,1,Prod_Test1,1,0,1,Time
Average-Metric,5,loader,1,,0,1,21,1,,,,,41,1,3,0,,,,,,,,,,,,,6,2,3,,,
111,111-001,0,111,PartLoc_Test1,1,Prod_Test1,1,0,1,Sum
metric,3,loader,1,,0,1,21,1,1,23,1,,,,,25,1,3,0,,,,,,,,,,,,,
111,111-001,0,111,PartLoc_Test1,1,Prod_
Test1,1,0,1,RE-Accuracy-PO-none,11,loader,1,,1,1,21,1,1,21,1,2,2,,41,1,3,0,,,,,,,,,,,,,
0,3,,,,,2,
111,111-001,0,111,PartLoc_Test1,1,Prod_Test1,1,20030217,20030224,Rolling_Error_
Metric,11,loader,0,Mertric_Poverlay,0,1,21,1,1,21,1,2,0,,41,1,3,0,,,,,,,,,,,,,0,0,,,,,1,
111,111-001,0,111,PartLoc_Test1,1,Prod_Test1,1,6,12,Ratio
Metric-overlay,1,loader,1,Mertric_
Poverlay,0,1,21,1,1,21,1,1,3,1,,41,1,3,0,,,,,,,,,,,,,
111,111-001,0,111,PartLoc_Test1,1,Prod_Test1,1,20030210,20030213,Periods of supply_
Trailing,8,loader,0,,0,1,1,1,1,21,1,,,,,41,1,3,0,,,,,,,,,,,,,-1,,,
111,111-001,0,111,PartLoc_Test1,1,Prod_Test1,1,8,15,Periods of supply
metric,8,loader,1,,0,1,1,1,1,21,1,,,,,41,1,3,0,,,,,,,,,,,,,1,,,

```

```

111,111-001,0,111,PartLoc_Test1,1,Prod_Test1,1,0,1,Inv Turns/ Avg per
supply,6,loader,1,Mertric_Poverlay,0,1,1,1,21,1,,,,,2,41,1,3,4,,,,,,,,,,,,,0,,,,,
111,111-001,0,111,PartLoc_Test1,1,Prod_Test1,1,0,1,Inv_turns_Metric,6,loader,1,Mertric_
Poverlay,0,1,16,1,0,21,1,,,,,1,41,1,3,0,,,,,,,,,,,,,0,,,,,
111,111-001,0,111,PartLoc_Test1,1,Prod_Test1,1,3,6,Growth
Metric-2-agg-any,2,loader,1,Mertric_Poverlay,0,1,17,1,,,,,1,5,,,,,45,1,3,0,,,,,,,,,,,,,
111,111-001,0,111,PartLoc_Test1,1,Prod_Test1,1,5,10,Forecast
Accuracy-agg-any,9,loader,1,,1,1,26,1,1,27,1,2,3,1,,45,1,3,0,,,,,,,,,,,,,0,,,,,2,
111,111-001,0,111,PartLoc_Test1,1,Prod_Test1,2,0,1,Forecast_Error_
Metric,9,loader,1,,1,1,21,1,1,21,1,2,2,1,,41,1,3,0,,,,,,,,,,,,,0,,,,,1,1
111,111-001,0,111,PartLoc_Test1,1,Prod_Test1,1,8,12,Exception_Count_
Metric,13,loader,1,,0,,,,,25,1,3,0,,,,,,,,,,,,,0#1#11#12#13#14#15#21#23#24#,
111,111-001,0,111,PartLoc_Test1,2,Prod_Test1,1,20030220,20030225,Count_ Missing_
Metric,12,loader,0,,0,1,24,1,,,,,41,1,3,0,,,,,,,,,,,,,
111,111-001,0,111,PartLoc_Test1,2,Prod_Test1,1,-5,-3,Average_Metric_
Rolling,4,loader,1,,0,1,23,1,,,,,1,1,3,0,,,,,,,,,,,,,
111,111-001,0,222,222-001,0,Prod_Test1,2,20030220,20030225,Average
Metic,4,loader,0,,0,0,21,1,,,,,22,1,3,0,,,,,,,,,,,,,

```

Aggregate Definitions Loader

Uses AggregateDefinition.template file.

The fields you can define for the Aggregate Definitions Loader are:

Table A-20 Aggregate Definitions Loader

| Column | Description | Value | Optional |
|------------------------|--|----------|----------|
| Creator Company ID | The ID of the creator company. | | |
| Creator Location ID | The Location ID of the creator company. | | No |
| Creator Aggregate Type | The Aggregate Type of the creator company. | | No |
| Partner Company ID | The ID of the partner company. | | No |
| Partner Location ID | The Location ID of the partner company. | | No |
| Partner Aggregate Type | The Aggregate Type of the partner company. | | No |
| Global Item Number | The product's ID. | | No |
| Product Aggregate Type | The product's Aggregate Type. | | No |
| Period Begin | Aggregate range begin period. | YYYYMMDD | No |
| Period End | Aggregate range end period. | YYYYMMDD | No |
| Data Stream Type Code | | | No |

Table A–20 (Cont.) Aggregate Definitions Loader

| Column | Description | Value | Optional |
|-----------------|-------------|---|----------|
| Unit-of-Measure | | 1 = Base 2 = Stat 3 = Currency 4 = Loads | No |

Aggregate Definitions exported through the client will be in the following order:

Creator company Id, Creator Location Id, Partner company Id, Partner Location Id, Global Item Number, Period Begin, Period End, Stream Type code, UOM, Creator Aggregate type, partner aggregate type, product aggregate type.

Sample Aggregate Definitions Loader file

```
111,111-001,111,PartLoc_Test1,Prod_Test1,20020120,20041225,5,1,0,1,1
111,Loc_Test1,111,PartLoc_Test1,Prod_Test1,20020204,20020331,2,1,1,1,1
111,Loc_Test1,111,PartLoc_Test1,Prod_Test1,20020204,20020331,5,1,1,1,1
111,Loc_Test1,111,PartLoc_Test1,Prod_Test1,20020204,20020210,15,1,1,1,1
```

Collaboration Product Hierarchy Extractor

Collaboration Product Hierarchy Extractor allows for the selection of a file delimiter. Options include Comma, Tab, and Other. If “Other” is selected, use caution in providing a delimiter to ensure that the character chosen is not being used in the data itself.

Demand Policy Loader/Extractor

The template control file for the Demand Policy loader is DemandPolicy.template.

The fields you can define for the demands policy loader/extractor are:

Table A–21 Demand Policy Loader Field Definitions

| Column | Description | Value | Optional |
|---------------------|---|---|----------|
| Demand Stream Name | The name of the Demand stream set. | Format: up to 200 alphanumeric characters | No |
| Creator Company ID | The ID of the Local company for which the Demand Policy being created | DUNS number. (Format: 40 characters) | No |
| Creator Location ID | The location ID of the company. | DUNS + 4 or Local ID (Format: 40 characters long) | No |
| Partner Company ID | Trading partner's company ID | DUNS (Format: 10 character numeric). | No |
| Partner Location ID | Trading partner's location ID | DUNS+4 or Local ID). When "Partner Location ID" is provided as "Folder" (i.e. Local ID) then the Partner Company ID has to be the company ID of the "Local" company and the Folder (Local ID) should belong to the "Local" company. (Format: 40 characters) | No |

Table A-21 (Cont.) Demand Policy Loader Field Definitions

| Column | Description | Value | Optional |
|-------------------------------|--|---|----------|
| Global Item Number | The product's ID (GIN). | GIN OR Local ID. Format: 40 character alphanumeric | No |
| Method | Method used to determine the Demand. | String or Numeric, numeric value from 0-10. String is the name of the method | No |
| Smoothing Pre-filter | Used to determine the Demand. | string or numeric, numeric value from 0-6 and string is the name of the Filter | No |
| Seasonal Pre-filter | Used to Determine the Demand. | string or numeric, numeric value from 0-2 and string is the name of the Filter | No |
| Trials | Number of "tries" in determining the Demand | number | |
| End-Of-Life Date | The Date after which the Policy does not determine the Demand | If specified, then the forecast is forced to zero for all periods after the end-of-life date. This can be accomplished either by shortening the request to Geneva (i.e., the folder-level forecast job asks for 26 future periods, but the end-of-life on this item is 12 periods away, so for this item only request 12 forecast periods from Geneva, and 26 forecast periods on the other items in the job), or just submit the full request to Geneva, and truncate the output before displaying or saving back to the stream. (Format: can be chosen from variety of format available through configuration UI) | No |
| Use Lift factors | Boolean value to specify if the Lift factors to be used or Not. | BOOLEAN OR NUMBER, Boolean=true/false, Number- 1/0. (Format: character/numeric) | No |
| Use Like Item | Since historical data is required to generate a forecast, new or replacement SKU's can present a challenge. One way around the problem is to allow the use of history data from a "like item". | If "Use Like Item" is set to "No", then "Context", "End Date", and "Multiplier" do not apply. (Format: Boolean or Number. Boolean=true/false, Number=1 or 0) | No |
| Like Item Creator Location ID | The location ID of the Local company that created the like item | DUNS+4 or Local ID. (Format: 40 characters) | Yes |
| Like Item Partner Company ID | Trading partner's company ID | DUNS. (Format: 10 character numeric). Can be any partner from the Partner Tree | Yes |
| Like Item Partner Location ID | Trading partner's location ID | DUNS+4 OR Local ID . (Format: 40 characters). Can be any Partner from the Partner Location Tree. If Local ID then Partner Company ID is the same as Local Company ID | Yes |
| Like Item Global Item Number | The product's ID (GIN). | GIN or Local ID. Format: 40 character alphanumeric | Yes |
| Like Item End Date | History values are picked up till this date for the "Like Item". | (Format: YYYYMMDD) | Yes |

Table A-21 (Cont.) Demand Policy Loader Field Definitions

| Column | Description | Value | Optional |
|---------------------------|--|---|-----------------|
| Multiplier | The number by which the History period values to be multiplied in order to get the forecast values | Number. This values is identified as per the company's standards. | Yes |
| User name | The name of the person responsible for the creation of demand policy. | Format: up to 40 alphanumeric characters | No |
| Creator Aggregate Type | Creator Location leaf or folder | 0, 1 | No |
| Partner Aggregate Type | Partner Location leaf or folder | 0, 1 | No |
| Product Aggregate Type | Product leaf or folder | 0, 1 | No |
| History Start | Start period of History Data | Format: Up to 10 numbers | Yes |
| historyStart Date | Start Date of History data | Date: YYYYMMDD | Yes |
| History Start Is Rolling | History Begin is fixed or rolling | 0, 1 | No |
| History End | History End Period | Format: Up to 10 numbers | Yes |
| historyEndDate | History End Date | Date: YYYYMMDD | Yes |
| History End Is Rolling | History End is rolling or fixed | 0, 1 | No |
| Forecast Start | Forecast Begin Period | Format: up to 2 numbers | Yes |
| forecastStartDate | Forecast Start date | Date: YYYYMMDD | Yes |
| Forecast Start Is Rolling | Forecast Begin is rolling or fixed | 0, 1 | No |
| Forecast End | Forecast End Period | 0, 1 | Yes |
| forecastEndDate | Forecast End Date | Date: YYYYMMDD | Yes |
| Forecast End Is Rolling | Forecast End is rolling or fixed | 0, 1 | No |
| Period Overlay Name | Period Overlay used for the policy | | Yes |

Table A-22

| Column Name | Description | Value | Optional |
|----------------------|---|---|-----------------|
| Demand Stream Name | The name of the Demand stream set. | Format: up to 200 alphanumeric characters | No |
| Creator Company ID | The ID of the Local company for which the Demand Policy being created | DUNS number. (Format: 40 characters) | No |
| Creator Location ID | The location ID of the company. | DUNS + 4 or Local ID (Format: 40 characters long) | No |
| Partner Company ID | Trading partner's company ID | DUNS. (Format: 10 character numeric). | No |
| Partner Location ID | Trading partner's location ID | DUNS+4 or Local ID). When "Partner Location ID" is provided as "Folder" (i.e. Local ID) then the Partner Company ID has to be the company ID of the "Local" company and the Folder (Local ID) should belong to the "Local" company. (Format: 40 characters) | No |
| Global Item Number | The product's ID (GIN). | GIN OR Local ID. Format: 40 character alphanumeric | No |
| Method | Method used to determine the Demand. | String or Numeric, numeric value from 0-10. String is the name of the method | No |
| Smoothing Pre-filter | Used to determine the Demand. | string or numeric, numeric value from 0-6 and string is the name of the Filter | No |
| Seasonal Pre-filter | Used to Determine the Demand. | string or numeric, numeric value from 0-2 and string is the name of the Filter | No |
| Trials | Number of "tries" in determining the Demand | number | |
| End-Of-Life Date | The Date after which the Policy does not determine the Demand | If specified, then the forecast is forced to zero for all periods after the end-of-life date. This can be accomplished either by shortening the request to Geneva (i.e., the folder-level forecast job asks for 26 future periods, but the end-of-life on this item is 12 periods away, so for this item only request 12 forecast periods from Geneva, and 26 forecast periods on the other items in the job), or just submit the full request to Geneva, and truncate the output before displaying or saving back to the stream. (Format: can be chosen from variety of format available through configuration UI) | No |
| Use Lift factors | Boolean value to specify if the Lift factors to be used or Not. | BOOLEAN OR NUMBER, Boolean-true/false, Number- 1/0. (Format: character/numeric | No |

Table A-22 (Cont.)

| Column Name | Description | Value | Optional |
|-------------------------------|--|--|-----------------|
| Use Like Item | Since historical data is required to generate a forecast, new or replacement SKU's can present a challenge. One way around the problem is to allow the use of history data from a "like item". | If "Use Like Item" is set to "No", then "Context", "End Date", and "Multiplier" do not apply. (Format: Boolean or Number. Boolean=true/false, Number=1 or 0) | No |
| Like Item Creator Location ID | The location ID of the Local company that created the like item | DUNS+4 or Local ID. (Format: 40 characters) | Yes |
| Like Item Partner Company ID | Trading partner's company ID | DUNS. (Format: 10 character numeric). Can be any partner from the Partner Tree | Yes |
| Like Item Partner Location ID | Trading partner's location ID | DUNS+4 OR Local ID . (Format: 40 characters). Can be any Partner from the Partner Location Tree. If Local ID then Partner Company ID is the same as Local Company ID | Yes |
| Like Item Global Item Number | The product's ID (GIN). | GIN or Local ID. Format: 40 character alphanumeric | Yes |
| Like Item End Date | History values are picked up till this date for the "Like Item". | (Format: YYYYMMDD) | Yes |
| Multiplier | The number by which the History period values to be multiplied in order to get the forecast values | Number. This values is identified as per the company's standards. | Yes |
| User name | The name of the person responsible for the creation of demand policy. | Format: up to 40 alphanumeric characters | No |
| Creator Aggregate Type | Creator Location leaf or folder | 0, 1 | No |
| Partner Aggregate Type | Partner Location leaf or folder | 0, 1 | No |
| Product Aggregate Type | Product leaf or folder | 0, 1 | No |
| History Start | Start period of History Data | Format: Up to 10 numbers | Yes |
| historyStart Date | Start Date of History data | Date: YYYYMMDD | Yes |
| History Start Is Rolling | History Begin is fixed or rolling | 0, 1 | No |

Table A–22 (Cont.)

| Column Name | Description | Value | Optional |
|---------------------------|------------------------------------|--------------------------|----------|
| History End | History End Period | Format: Up to 10 numbers | Yes |
| historyEnd Date | History End Date | Date: YYYYMMDD | Yes |
| History End Is Rolling | History End is rolling or fixed | 0, 1 | No |
| Forecast Start | Forecast Begin Period | Format: up to 2 numbers | Yes |
| forecastStart Date | Forecast Start date | Date: YYYYMMDD | Yes |
| Forecast Start Is Rolling | Forecast Begin is rolling or fixed | 0, 1 | No |
| Forecast End | Forecast End Period | 0, 1 | Yes |
| forecastEnd Date | Forecast End Date | Date: YYYYMMDD | Yes |
| Forecast End Is Rolling | Forecast End is rolling or fixed | 0, 1 | No |
| Period Overlay Name | Period Overlay used for the policy | | Yes |

Sample Demand Policy Loader File

```
test,10-124-1107,10-124-1107-0001,30-333-3333,30-333-3333-0001,0168846122,3,2,1,1,2003
0126,1,1,10-124-1107-0001,30-333-3333,30-333-3333-0001,0168846122,20030202,1.5,Dave
Wilson,0,0,0,,20000109,0,0,,1,,2003040,0,3,,1,PeriodOverlayName
```

Sample Demand Policy Extractor File

```
test,10-124-1107,10-124-1107-0001,30-333-3333,30-333-3333-0001,0168846122,3,2,1,1,2003
0126,1,1,10-124-1107-0001,30-333-3333,30-333-3333-0001,0168846122,20030202,1.5,Dave
Wilson,0,0,0,,20000109,0,0,,1,,2003040,0,3,,1,PeriodOverlayName
```

Demand Stream Set Loader

The template file for the Demand Stream Set loader is DemandStreams.template

The columns you can define for the Demand Stream Set loader are:

Table A–23 Demand Stream Set Loader Field Definitions

| Column | Description | Value | Optional |
|--------------------|--|---------------------------------------|----------|
| Demand Stream Name | The name of the Demand Stream Set. | Up to 200 alphanumeric characters | No |
| Creator Company ID | The ID of the Local company for which the Stream Set is being created. | DUNS. (Format: 40 characters) | No |

Table A–23 (Cont.) Demand Stream Set Loader Field Definitions

| Column | Description | Value | Optional |
|---------------------------|--|---|----------|
| History Stream Type | The History Stream Type being used to determine the Demand. | Name or Stream Type. | No |
| History Item Stream Type | The Stream Item Type of History Stream Type being used to determine the Demand. | Name or Stream Item Type Code | No |
| History Stream Is Local | Specify if the History Stream Type belongs to Local Company or Trading Partner's company | Enter "TRUE" or "1" if this history stream is local; enter "FALSE" or "0" if this history stream is not local. (Format: Boolean or number. Boolean-true/false, Number -1/0). | No |
| Factor Stream Type | The Lift Factor Stream Type being used to determine the Demand. | Name or stream type code. | Yes |
| Factor Stream Item Type | The Stream Item Type of Lift Factor Stream Type being used to determine the Demand. | Name or stream item type code. | Yes |
| Factor Stream Is Local | Specify if the Lift Factor Stream Type belongs to Local Company or Trading Partner's company | Enter "TRUE" or "1" if this history stream is local; enter "FALSE" or "0" if this history stream is not local. (Format: Boolean or number. Boolean-true/false, Number -1/0). | Yes |
| Forecast Stream Type | The Forecast Stream Type used for determining the Demand. | Output stream name or stream type code. | No |
| Forecast Stream Item Type | The Stream Item Type of Forecast Stream Type being used to determine the Demand. | Output stream name or stream item type code. | No |

Supply Policy Loader/Extractor

The template control file for the Supply Policy loader is Supplypolicy.template.

The fields you can define for the Supply Policy loader/extractor are:

Table A–24 Supply Policy Loader/Extractor Field Definitions

| Default | Column | Description | Optional | Possible Values |
|---------|------------------------|-------------------------------|----------|-----------------|
| 1 | Supply Stream Set Name | Name of the Supply Stream Set | No | String |
| 2 | Creator Company ID | Creator Company | No | DUNS (STRING) |
| 3 | Creator Location ID | Creator Location | No | DUNS+4 (STRING) |
| 4 | Partner Company ID | Partner Company | No | DUNS (STRING) |

Table A-24 (Cont.) (Cont.) Supply Policy Loader/Extractor Field Definitions

| Default | Column | Description | Optional | Possible Values |
|----------------|----------------------------|--|-----------------|--------------------------------|
| 5 | Partner Location ID | Partner Location | No | DUNS+4 (STRING) |
| 6 | Global Item Number | Product Item | No | GIN Format (STRING) |
| 7 | Safety Stock Type | "Fixed" or "Stream Based" Type of Safety Stock | No | "Fixed", 0 / "Stream Based", 1 |
| 8 | Safety Stock | Safety Stock, in Base Units (for "Fixed" Safety Stock Type ONLY) | Dependent | NULL / NUMBER >= 0 |
| 9 | Lead Time Average | Average Transit Lead Time, used for Safety Stock, in Base Periods | No | INTEGER >= 0 |
| 10 | Lead Time Variability | Transit Lead Time Variability, used for Safety Stock, in Days | No | INTEGER >= 0 |
| 11 | Minimum Inventory Override | % of the Safety Stock to use as the Minimum allowable Inventory, in Percents | No | 0 < NUMBER < Max. Inventory |
| 12 | Maximum Inventory | % of the Safety Stock to use as the Maximum allowable Inventory, in Percents | No | NUMBER > 100 |
| 13 | Inventory Period | "Previous" or "Current" Period, where the Beginning Inventory is in the Inventory Stream | No | Previous, -1 / Current, 0 |
| 14 | Unavailable Stock | Unusable Inventory, counted as part of total Inventory On-Hand, in Base Units | No | NUMBER >= 0 |
| 15 | Order Processing Time | Time for the Seller to get Order in-transit to the Buyer, in Base Periods | No | INTEGER >= 0 |
| 16 | Transit Lead Time | Travel Time between Seller Location and Buyer Location, in Base Periods | No | INTEGER >= 0 |
| 17 | Minimum Order Quantity | Minimum Quantity that could be ordered, in Base Units | No | NUMBER >= 0 |
| 18 | Order Increment Quantity | After Min. Qty, multiple in which the Order Qty can be increased, in Base Units | No | NUMBER > 0 |
| 19 | Planning Horizon | Number of Periods for which Supply Planning runs | No | INTEGER >= 0 |
| 20 | Service Level | Target level of Service, in Percents | No | 80 < NUMBER < 99.9 |

Table A-24 (Cont.) (Cont.) Supply Policy Loader/Extractor Field Definitions

| Default | Column | Description | Optional | Possible Values |
|---------|-------------------------------------|--|----------|-------------------------|
| 21 | End-Of-Life Date | Product End-Of-Life Date, that is converted into the Base period | Yes | NULL / DATE |
| 22 | Telescoping Period Overlay | Output is calculated and conformed into Telescoping Period Overlay format | Yes | NULL / ANY Tele-Overlay |
| 23 | Apply Frozen Period | Flag for Frozen Period = Order Processing Time + Transit Lead Time | No | "No", 0 / "Yes", 1 |
| 24 | Order Interval Days | Number of Days between Orders. In Days. Currently IGNORED | Yes | NULL / Integer >= 0 |
| 25 | Rounding Rules | Suggested pallet/truckload Rounding Rules (Round up/down). Currently IGNORED | Yes | NULL / STRING |
| 26 | Safety Stock Rules | Suggested treatment of the Safety Stock. Currently IGNORED | Yes | NULL / STRING |
| 27 | Transportation Strategy Description | Suggested Transportation Strategy (Preferred route, etc.) Currently IGNORED | Yes | NULL / STRING |
| 28 | Creator Aggregate Type | Creator Location leaf or folder | 0, 1 | No |
| 29 | Partner Aggregate Type | Partner Location leaf or folder | 0, 1 | No |
| 30 | Product Aggregate Type | Product leaf or folder | 0, 1 | No |
| 31 | User Name | User that creates Supply Policy | No | ANY User Name |
| 32 | Receiving Lead Time | Time Allowed for receiving prior to consumption | No | Integer >=0 |

Sample Supply Policy File:

```
//
Stream,CreatorCompID,CreatorLocationID,PartnerCompID,PartnerLocationID,Global
ItemNumber,SSType,SStock,LTmAvg,LTmVar,Min.Inv,Max.Inv,InventoryPer,UnavSt,O
rderPT,TransLT,Min.Ord,OrdInc,PlanHor,ServLev,EOLDDate,TelePO,ApplyFPer,OrdInt,
RndRule,SSRule,TransSt,CreatorAggregateType,PartnerAggType,ProductAggType,Us
erName,ReceivingLeadTime
```

```
//
```

```
Test,10-124-1107,-24,30-333-3333,-22,-11,1,1,0,80,150,Previous,0,2,1,50,5,21,,99,20020630,
Yes,0>Hello1>Hello2>Hello3,0,DaveWilson,0,0,0,0
```

Test,10-124-1107,-24,30-333-3333,-22,-11,1,1,0,80,150,Current,0,2,1,50,5,21,.99,20020630,Yes,0,Hello1,Hello2,Hello3,1,DaveWilson

Test,10-124-1107,-24,30-333-3333,-22,-11,0,100,1,0,75,150,Previous,0,2,4,50,5,21,.99,20020630,Yes,0,Hello1,Hello2,Hello3,2,DaveWilson

Test,10-124-1107,-24,30-333-3333,-22,-11,1,1,0,80,150,Current,0,2,4,50,5,21,.99,20020630,Yes,0,Hello1,Hello2,Hello3,3,DaveWilson

Test,10-124-1107,-24,30-333-3333,-22,-12,0,100,1,0,75,150,Previous,15,2,1,50,5,21,.99,20020630,Yes,0,Hello1,Hello2,Hello3,0,DaveWilson

Test,10-124-1107,-24,30-333-3333,-22,-12,1,1,0,80,150,Current,0,2,1,50,5,20,.99,20020630,Yes,0,Hello1,Hello2,Hello3,1,DaveWilson

Test,10-124-1107,-24,30-333-3333,-22,-12,0,100,1,0,75,150,Previous,0,2,1,50,5,21,.99,20020630,Yes,0,Hello1,Hello2,Hello3,2,DaveWilson

Test,10-124-1107,-24,30-333-3333,-22,-12,1,1,0,80,150,Current,0,2,1,50,5,20,.99,20020630,Yes,0,Hello1,Hello2,Hello3,3,DaveWilson

Supply Blocked Dates Loader/Extractor

The template control file for Supply Blocked Dates loader is SupplyBlockedDates.template.

The fields you can define for the Blocked Dates for Calendar loader/extractor are:

Table A-25 Supply Blocked Dates Field Definitions

| Column | Description | Possible Values |
|--------------|--|--|
| Company ID | The ID of the company that created the data for the stream | DUNS |
| Location ID | The location ID of the company. Location ID can be specified at the Leaf-level only. | Duns+4 |
| Blocked Date | Date to be blocked or unblocked. | Date in any of the following formats: yyyyMMdd, yyyy-MM-dd, yyyy.dd.MM, yyyy/dd/MM |
| Is Blocked | Action to take: block the date (true or 1) or unblock the date (False or 0). | FALSE, 0 or TRUE, 1 |
| User Name | User that creates Supply Blocked Dates. | |

Rules:

Location ID only can be specified at the leaf-level.

Sample Supply Blocked Dates Datafile

//// DATE in the FUTURE

10-124-1107,10-124-1107-0001,2002-07-01,TRUE,Dave Wilson
 10-124-1107,10-124-1107-0001,2002-07-02,1,Dave Wilson
 10-124-1107,10-124-1107-0001,2002-07-03,TRUE,Dave Wilson
 10-124-1107,10-124-1107-0001,2002-07-04,1,Dave Wilson
 10-124-1107,10-124-1107-0001,2002-07-03,FALSE,Dave Wilson
 10-124-1107,10-124-1107-0001,2002-07-04,0,Dave Wilson

///// PRESENT DATE

10-124-1107,10-124-1107-0001,2002-05-13,TRUE,Dave Wilson
 10-124-1107,10-124-1107-0001,2002-05-14,1,Dave Wilson
 10-124-1107,10-124-1107-0001,2002-05-15,TRUE,Dave Wilson
 10-124-1107,10-124-1107-0001,2002-05-16,1,Dave Wilson
 10-124-1107,10-124-1107-0001,2002-05-17,TRUE,Dave Wilson
 10-124-1107,10-124-1107-0001,2002-05-18,1,Dave Wilson
 10-124-1107,10-124-1107-0001,2002-05-19,TRUE,Dave Wilson
 10-124-1107,10-124-1107-0001,2002-05-20,1,Dave Wilson
 10-124-1107,10-124-1107-0001,2002-05-21,TRUE,Dave Wilson
 10-124-1107,10-124-1107-0001,2002-05-22,1,Dave Wilson
 10-124-1107,10-124-1107-0001,2002-05-23,TRUE,Dave Wilson
 10-124-1107,10-124-1107-0001,2002-05-24,1,Dave Wilson
 10-124-1107,10-124-1107-0001,2002-05-25,TRUE,Dave Wilson
 10-124-1107,10-124-1107-0001,2002-05-26,1,Dave Wilson
 10-124-1107,10-124-1107-0001,2002-05-27,TRUE,Dave Wilson
 10-124-1107,10-124-1107-0001,2002-05-28,1,Dave Wilson
 10-124-1107,10-124-1107-0001,2002-05-29,TRUE,Dave Wilson
 10-124-1107,10-124-1107-0001,2002-05-30,1,Dave Wilson

Supply Stream Set Loader

The template file for the Stream Selection for Supply is SupplyStreams.template.

The fields you can define for the Stream Selection for Supply are:

Table A-26 Supply Stream Set Loader Fields

| Default | Input/Output | Column Name | Description | Optional |
|---------|------------------------|---------------------------------------|---|----------|
| 1 | Supply Stream Set Name | Unique name for the Supply Stream Set | No | |
| 2 | Creator Company ID | Creator Company (DUNS) | No | |
| 3 | | Consumption Forecast Type | Mapping Consumption Forecast to specific Stream Type* | No |

Table A–26 (Cont.) (Cont.) Supply Stream Set Loader Fields

| Default | Input/Output | Column Name | Description | Optional |
|----------------|---------------------|--------------------------------|--|-----------------|
| 4 | Input | Consumption Forecast Item Type | Mapping Consumption Forecast to specific Stream Item Type** | No |
| 5 | | Consumption Forecast Is Local | Consumption Forecast Stream -- Local (1, TRUE) or Partner (0, FALSE) | No |
| 6 | | Consumption Actual Type | Mapping Consumption Actual to specific Stream Type* | No |
| 7 | Input | Consumption Actual Item Type | Mapping Consumption Actual to specific Stream Item Type** | No |
| 8 | | Consumption Actual Is Local | Consumption Actual Stream -- Local (1, TRUE) or Partner (0, FALSE) | No |
| 9 | | Inventory Type | Mapping Inventory to specific Stream Type* | No |
| 10 | Input | Inventory Item Type | Mapping Inventory to specific Stream Item Type** | No |
| 11 | | Inventory Is Local | Inventory Stream -- Local (1, TRUE) or Partner (0, FALSE) | No |
| 12 | | Expected Arrival 1 Type | Mapping Expected Arrival 1 to specific Stream Type* | Yes |
| 13 | Input | Expected Arrival 1 Item Type | Mapping Expected Arrival 1 to specific Stream Item Type** | Yes |
| 14 | | Expected Arrival 1 Is Local | Expected Arrival 1 Stream -- Local (1, TRUE) or Partner (0, FALSE) | Yes |
| 15 | | Expected Arrival 2 Type | Mapping Expected Arrival 2 to specific Stream Type* | Yes |
| 16 | Input | Expected Arrival 2 Item Type | Mapping Expected Arrival 2 to specific Stream Item Type** | Yes |
| 17 | | Expected Arrival 2 Is Local | Expected Arrival 2 Stream -- Local (1, TRUE) or Partner (0, FALSE) | Yes |
| 18 | | Expected Arrival 3 Type | Mapping Expected Arrival 3 to specific Stream Type* | Yes |
| 19 | Input | Expected Arrival 3 Item Type | Mapping Expected Arrival 3 to specific Stream Item Type** | Yes |
| 20 | | Expected Arrival 3 Is Local | Expected Arrival 3 Stream -- Local (1, TRUE) or Partner (0, FALSE) | Yes |
| 21 | | Expected Arrival 4 Type | Mapping Expected Arrival 4 to specific Stream Type* | Yes |
| 22 | Input | Expected Arrival 4 Item Type | Mapping Expected Arrival 4 to specific Stream Item Type** | Yes |
| 23 | | Expected Arrival 4 Is Local | Expected Arrival 4 Stream -- Local (1, TRUE) or Partner (0, FALSE) | Yes |

Table A-26 (Cont.) (Cont.) Supply Stream Set Loader Fields

| Default | Input/Output | Column Name | Description | Optional |
|---------|--------------|-------------------------------|--|----------|
| 24 | | Expected Arrival 5 Type | Mapping Expected Arrival 5 to specific Stream Type* | Yes |
| 25 | Input | Expected Arrival 5 Item Type | Mapping Expected Arrival 5 to specific Stream Item Type** | Yes |
| 26 | | Expected Arrival 5 Is Local | Expected Arrival 5 Stream -- Local (1, TRUE) or Partner (0, FALSE) | Yes |
| 27 | | Safety Stock Type | Mapping Safety Stock to specific Stream Type* | Yes |
| 28 | Input/Output | Safety Stock Item Type | Mapping Safety Stock to specific Stream Item Type*** | Yes |
| 29 | | Safety Stock Is Local | Safety Stock Stream -- Local (1, TRUE) or Partner (0, FALSE) | Yes |
| 30 | Output | Projected Inventory Type | Mapping Projected Inventory to specific Stream Type* | Yes **** |
| 31 | | Projected Inventory Item Type | Mapping Projected Inventory to specific Stream Item Type*** | Yes **** |
| 32 | Output | Receipt Forecast Type | Mapping Receipt Forecast to specific Stream Type* | Yes **** |
| 33 | | Receipt Forecast Item Type | Mapping Receipt Forecast to specific Stream Item Type*** | Yes **** |
| 34 | Output | Shipment Forecast Type | Mapping Shipment Forecast to specific Stream Type* | Yes **** |
| 35 | | Shipment Forecast Item Type | Mapping Shipment Forecast to specific Stream Item Type*** | Yes **** |

* Stream Type could be Numeric or String, depending on Data Stream Type Codes mapping

** Stream Item Type could be Numeric or String, depending on Data Stream Type Codes mapping. Allowed values: 1, 2, 3, 4 ("Total" SITC)

*** Stream Item Type could be Numeric or String, depending on Data Stream Type Codes mapping. Allowed values: 1, 2, 3 (NO "Total" SITC)

**** SEE Rule #6

1. The creator of Input Streams and Input/Output Safety Stock Stream could be either Local or Partner ("Is Local" Columns).
2. Creator of Output Streams is always Local.
3. Stream Item of Input Streams could be any Stream Item of this Stream, including "Total" or "4" ("Item Type" Columns).
4. Stream Item of Output Streams and Input/Output Safety Stock Stream could be any Stream Item of this Stream, except "Total" or "4" ("Item Type" Columns).
5. ALL 5 Expected Arrival Streams and Safety Stock Stream are optional.

6. All Output Streams are optional, however, at least one Output Stream must be specified.
7. Input Inventory Stream and Output Projected Inventory Stream could be mapped to the same Data Stream.
8. No Output Stream can be mapped to the same Data Stream as any other either Input or Output Stream. The exception is rule 7.

Disaggregate Profile Loader/Extractor

The Disaggregate Profile Loader uses disagprofile.template.

Table A-27 *Disaggregate Profile Loader Field Definitions*

| Column | Description | Value |
|------------------------------|--|---|
| Creation Date | Creation date of the Disaggregation Profile | yyyyMMdd or yyyyMMddHHmmss |
| User Name | The name of the User who created the Disaggregation Profile | Up to 40 alphanumeric characters |
| Creator Company ID | Company ID of the creator company. | DUNS number (Format: Up to 40 characters) |
| Creator Location ID | The location ID of the creator company. | DUNS + 4 or Local ID (Format: Up to 40 characters long) |
| Creator Aggregate Type | 0 for leaf, 1 for SUM | 0, (IF Location ID=DUNS +4); 1, (IF Location ID = Local ID) |
| Partner Company ID | Your trading partner's company ID. | DUNS number (Format: 10 character Numeric) |
| Partner Location ID | Your trading partner's location ID. | DUNS +4 number OR Local ID. In case of Local ID, the Partner company ID should be same as Creator Company ID. (Format: Up to 40 characters.) |
| Partner Aggregate Type | 0 for leaf, 1 for SUM | 0, (IF Location ID=DUNS +4) ; 1, (IF Location ID = Local ID) |
| Global Item Number | The product's ID or Local ID. | Up to 40 character alphanumeric |
| Product Aggregate Type | 0 for leaf, 1 for SUM | LEAF, if Global Item Number; SUM, If GIN=Local ID |
| Source Stream Type | Stream type code from which factors data is computed. | Valid Stream type code (Integer) |
| Source Stream Item Type | The stream Item type code from which factors data is computed. | 1 for base, 2 for promo, 3 for seasonal, 4 for total |
| Source Is Local | Source is Local | 1 for True, 0 for false |
| Target Stream Type | The stream type code for which the profile is created. | Valid Stream type (Integer) |
| Target Stream Item Type Code | The stream Item type code for which the profile is created. | 1 for base, 2 for promo and 3 for seasonal. |

Table A-27 (Cont.) Disaggregate Profile Loader Field Definitions

| Column | Description | Value |
|------------------------|--|--|
| Effective Period Begin | The date from which the Disaggregate Profile Factors should be effective. | YYYYMMDD Format |
| Effective Period End | The date after which the Disaggregate Profile Factors should not be effective. | YYYYMMDD Format. It should be > Effective Period Begin |
| Is Rolling | 1 for rolling period; 0 for fixed period. | False, 0 / TRUE, 1 |
| Rolling Period Begin | If Disaggregate Profile Factors is based on Rolling Period, enter the number of the period at which the Disaggregate Profile Factors starts. | Current Period = 0, one period before current = -1, and one period after current = 1. (Format:numeric). Leave this column blank when you set "Is Rolling to "0". |
| Rolling Period End | The number of periods the Disaggregate Profile Factors carries into the future. | Current Periods = 0, one period before current = -1, and after = 1. (Format:numeric). Leave this column blank when you set "Is Rolling to "0". It should be > Rolling Period begin |
| Fixed Begin Date | The data starts date for computing factors . | YYYYMMDD Format |
| Fixed End Date | The data ends date for computing factors. | YYYYMMDD Format. It should be > than Fixed Begin Date |

Sample Datafile for Disaggregate Profile Loader:

//CONTEXT ON AGG - ROLLING POSITIVE

111,111-005,0,222,222-005,0, Prod_Test3,1,20020204, 20020210,17,1,1,2,1,1,0,3,,

111,111-005,0,111,PartLoc_Test3,1, 0005,0,20020204, 20020210,17,1,0,2,1,1,0,3,,

111,Loc_Test3,1,222,222-005,0, 0005,0,20020204, 20020210,17,1,1,2,1,1,0,3,,

111,Loc_Test3,1,111,PartLoc_Test3,1, Prod_Test3,1,20020204, 20020210,17,2,1,2,1,1,0,3,,

//CONTEXT ON AGG - FIXED PERIODS

111,111-006,0,222,222-006,0, Prod_Test3,1,20020204,
20020210,17,1,1,35,1,0,,,20021228,20030125

111,111-006,0,111,PartLoc_Test3,1, 0006,0,20020204,
20020210,17,1,1,2,1,0,,,20021228,20030125

111,Loc_Test3,1,222,222-006,0, 0006,0,20020204,
20020210,17,1,0,2,1,0,,,20030128,20030225

111,Loc_Test3,1,111,PartLoc_Test3,1, Prod_Test3,1,20020204,
20020210,17,2,1,2,2,0,,,20030110,20030130

Disaggregate Profile Factors Extract

Table A-28 Disaggregate Factors Extractor Field Definitions

| Column | Description | Value |
|------------------------------|--|--|
| Creation Date | Creation date of the Profile factors | yyyyMMdd or yyyyMMddHHmmss |
| User Name | The name of the User who created the Disaggregation Profile Factors | Up to 40 character alphanumeric. |
| Creator Company ID | Company ID of the creator company. | DUNS number (Format: Up to 40 characters.) |
| Creator Location ID | The location ID of the creator company. | DUNS + 4 or Local ID (Format: Up to 40 characters.) |
| Creator Aggregate Type | 0 for leaf, 1 for SUM | 0, (IF Location ID=DUNS +4); 1, (IF Location ID = Local ID) |
| Partner Company ID | Your trading partner's company ID. | DUNS number (Format: 10 character Numeric.) |
| Partner Location ID | Your trading partner's location ID. | DUNS +4 number OR Local ID. In case of Local ID, the Partner company ID should be same as Creator Company ID. (Format: Up to 40 characters.) |
| Partner Aggregate Type | 0 for leaf, 1 for SUM | 0, (IF Location ID=DUNS +4) ; 1, (IF Location ID = Local ID) |
| Global Item Number | The product's ID or Local ID. | Up to 40 character alphanumeric. |
| Product Aggregate Type | 0 for leaf, 1 for SUM | LEAF, if Global Item Number; SUM, If GIN=Local ID |
| Source Stream Type | Stream type code from which factors data is computed. | Valid Stream type code (Integer) |
| Source Stream Item Type | The stream Item type code from which factors data is computed. | 1 for base, 2 for promo, 3 for seasonal, 4 for total |
| Source is Local | Source is Local | 1 for True, 0 for false |
| Target Stream Type | The stream type code for which profile factors exist. | Valid Stream type (Integer) |
| Target Stream Item Type Code | The stream Item type code for which profile factors exist. | 1 for base, 2 for promo and 3 for seasonal. |
| Effective Period Begin | The date from which the Disaggregate Profile Factors should be effective. | YYYYMMDD Format |
| Effective Period End | The date after which the Disaggregate Profile Factors should not be effective. | YYYYMMDD Format. It should be > Effective Period Begin |
| Is Rolling | 1 for rolling period; 0 for fixed period. | False, 0 / TRUE, 1 |
| Rolling Period Begin | If Disaggregate Profile Factors is based on Rolling Period, enter the number of the period at which the Disaggregate Profile Factors starts. | Current Period = 0, one period before current = -1, and one period after current = 1. (Format:numeric). |

Table A-28 (Cont.) Disaggregate Factors Extractor Field Definitions

| Coulumn | Description | Value |
|----------------------------|--|--|
| Rolling Period End | The rolling end period. | Current Periods = 0, one period before current = -1, and after = 1. (Format: numeric). Leave this column blank when you set "Is Rolling to "0". It should be > Rolling Period begin. |
| Fixed Begin Date | The data starts date for computing factors . | YYYYMMDD Format |
| Fixed End Date | The data ends date for computing factors. | YYYYMMDD Format. It should be > than Fixed Begin Date |
| Numerator | Numerator of the context factors. | Valid Integer |
| Denominator | Denominator of the context factors. | Valid Integer |
| Factor Creator Company | The company ID of the Factor creator company. | DUNS number (Format: 10 character Numeric) |
| Factor Creator Location ID | The location ID of the Factor creator company. | DUNS + 4 (Format: 10 character numeric) |
| Factor Partner Company | The company ID of the Factor Partner company. | DUNS number (Format: 10 character Numeric) |
| Factor Partner Location ID | The location ID of the Factor Partner company. | DUNS + 4 (Format: 10 character Numeric) |
| Factor Global Item Number | The Global Item Number. | Up to 40 character alphanumeric. |
| Factor | Factor for the collaboration Item. | Valid fractional value |

Troubleshooting Integrator Data Loading

This appendix contains the following topics:

- [Troubleshooting an Integrator Data Load](#)
- [Reloading Rejected Data Streams](#)

Troubleshooting an Integrator Data Load

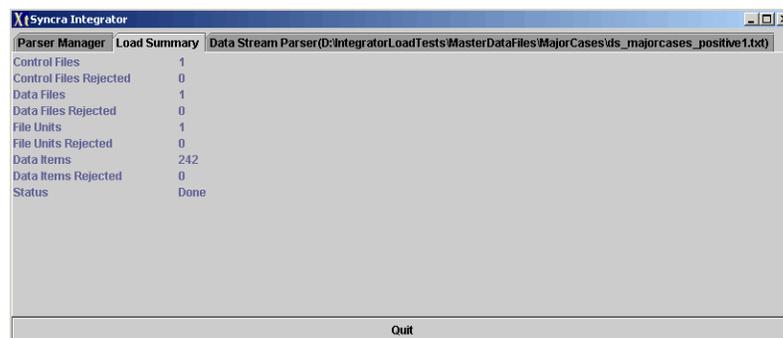
When you run the Integrator, the VCC Integrator screen appears detailing the progress of the data load. The screen contains several tabs, namely:

- Load Summary -- provides an overview of the data load.
- Parser Manager -- reports the status of a data file being segmented into file units for processing.

Note: If there are database errors, refer to the filename.db_errors file in the directory configured for completed files.

The Load Summary tab provides an overview of the data load. This is the first place to look when monitoring a data load. It lets you know if any control files, data files, file units, or data items were rejected. Large files are segmented into file units for efficient processing. Each file unit can be up to 100K.

Load Summary tab



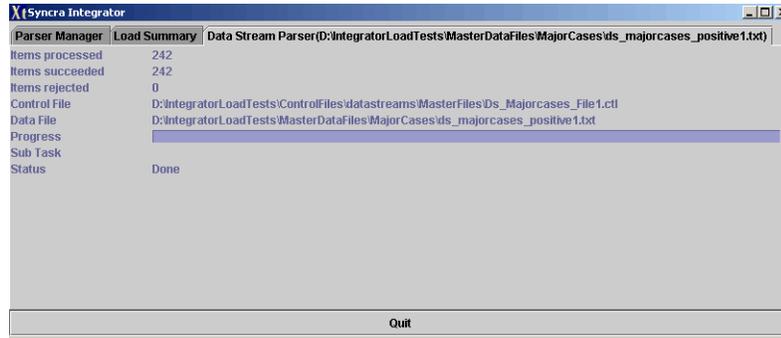
| Synco Integrator | |
|------------------------|--------------|
| Parser Manager | Load Summary |
| Control Files | 1 |
| Control Files Rejected | 0 |
| Data Files | 1 |
| Data Files Rejected | 0 |
| File Units | 1 |
| File Units Rejected | 0 |
| Data Items | 242 |
| Data Items Rejected | 0 |
| Status | Done |

Quit

If there are problems with a data load, you should use the VCC Monitor screen to troubleshoot the problem. When troubleshooting errors, start at the highest level and drill down as required to determine the error. First, look at the control file, followed by

the data file, then the file units that comprise a large data file and, finally, configuration issues. A control file, a data file, or a file unit can be rejected outright or they can report that they contain rejected items. A control file contains data files, data files contain file units, and file units contain individual records.

Filewise Details tab



Also, if you are running in batch mode check the completion code in the DOS window. If you are not running in batch mode, the completion codes are in the **summary.xml** file. The completion codes are:

- 4 -- COMPLETED_NO_REJECTS_NO_ERRORS
- 5 -- COMPLETED_WITH_REJECTS_NO_ERRORS
- 6 -- COMPLETED_NO_REJECTS_WITH_ERRORS
- 7 -- COMPLETED_WITH_REJECTS_WITH_ERRORS
- 8 -- APPLICATION ERROR

In the summary.xml file, look for the following to determine the completion code:

```

component cname="Integration_adaptor" root="h:smit:1007660951341" sid="-1">
<params mode="rewriteable">
<EndTime>Thu, December 06, 2001 12:49:31 PM EST</EndTime>
<BriefSummary>Completed: No Errors, With Rejects</BriefSummary>
<StartTime>Thu, December 06, 2001 12:49:12 PM EST</StartTime>
<RunningTime>21(seconds)</RunningTime>
<LogFile>D:\Syncra\integrator\output\adaptor.log</LogFile>
<CompletionCode>5</CompletionCode>
<ConfigurationFile>adaptor.template</ConfigurationFile>
</params>
</ component>
    
```

This is path to final (resulting) completion code:

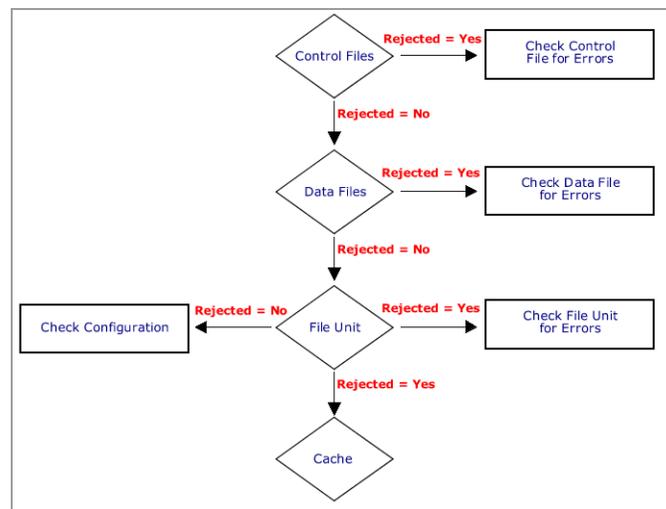
```
localhost/connection_point/application/params/component[@cname="Integration_
adaptor"]/params/CompletionCode
```

For example, you should look in the following order for errors:

1. Were any errors generated? If so, determine what was rejected by looking for reject files in the Integrator archive directory. Errors can occur in at the Integration adaptor level (adaptor.log), the control file, the file(s) loaded, the file units that comprise the file(s), and configuration problems.
2. Check the overall completion code for the Integration Adaptor in the generated summary.xml file.
3. Check for control file errors and check its completion code. When you monitor the control file for errors, the control file itself can be rejected or the control file can contain files that were rejected.
4. Check the file units for errors and check their completion codes. When you monitor file units for errors, the file unit itself can be rejected or the file unit can contain cache items (location, product, partner, period) that were rejected.
5. If there were no errors in any file units, check your configuration settings including your application configuration; system runtime environment configuration; load configuration.

The figure below illustrates the process for troubleshooting data loads:

Troubleshooting Data Loads



Following these steps, you should be able to locate most errors. To perform these steps, use the Monitor screen.

To access the Monitor screen:

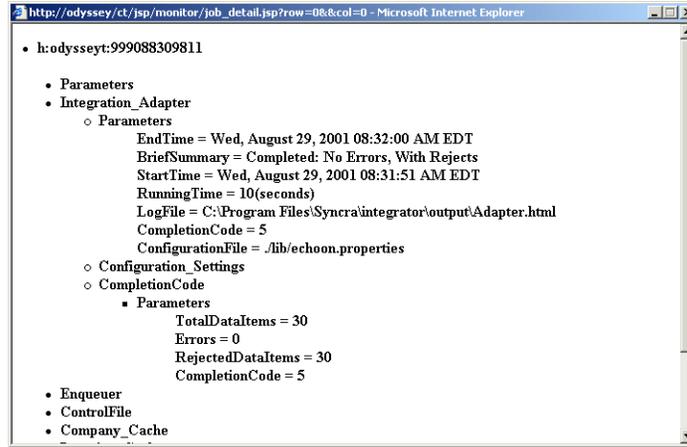
1. Log in to VCC as an administrator or superuser.
2. Select Monitor from the VCC menu and click the Jobs tab on the Monitor screen. If your loader job contained only one control file or multiple control files for the same loader type, see a job listing for your loader type (for example, "Int - Load Stream Data"). If your loader job contained multiple control files for various loader types, see job listing Int - Multiple Loads.
3. Optionally, select a filter from the Filter drop-down list and enter filter information to filter the jobs in the display.

| User Name | Company | Job ID | Job Name | Start Time | End Time | Status | |
|--------------------------|-----------------------------|---------|---------------------------|---------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-----------|
| superuser | All Companies | 508 | N/A | 09/03/03 12:12:23 | 09/03/03 12:12:23 | Completed | |
| integratoruser | All Companies | 499 | Extract Metrics | 09/03/03 10:55:35 | 09/03/03 10:55:36 | Completed | |
| integratoruser | All Companies | 498 | Extract Master Data | 09/03/03 10:55:31 | 09/03/03 10:55:35 | Completed | |
| integratoruser | All Companies | 497 | Process Extract Requests | 09/03/03 10:55:29 | 09/03/03 10:55:36 | Completed | |
| integratoruser | All Companies | 496 | Extract Metrics | 09/03/03 10:45:35 | 09/03/03 10:45:36 | Completed | |
| integratoruser | All Companies | 495 | Extract Master Data | 09/03/03 10:45:31 | 09/03/03 10:45:34 | Completed | |
| integratoruser | All Companies | 494 | Process Extract Requests | 09/03/03 10:45:29 | 09/03/03 10:45:36 | Completed | |
| integratoruser | All Companies | 493 | Extract Metrics | 09/03/03 10:35:56 | 09/03/03 10:35:57 | Completed | |
| integratoruser | All Companies | 492 | Extract Master Data | 09/03/03 10:35:44 | 09/03/03 10:35:56 | Completed | |
| integratoruser | All Companies | 491 | Process Extract Requests | 09/03/03 10:35:42 | 09/03/03 10:35:57 | Completed | |
| superuser | All Companies | 430 | Process Leaf Exceptions | 09/03/03 10:35:01 | 09/03/03 10:35:15 | Completed | |
| integratoruser | All Companies | 488 | Extract Master Data | 09/03/03 10:34:23 | 09/03/03 10:34:23 | Completed | |
| integratoruser | All Companies | 488 | Process Extract Requests | 09/03/03 10:31:05 | 09/03/03 10:31:10 | Completed | |
| integratoruser | All Companies | 468 | Int - Extract Stream Data | 09/02/03 09:32:21 | 09/02/03 09:58:33 | Aborted | |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | Dave Wilson | Nabisco | 459 | Process Reports On Demand | 08/29/03 21:50:58 | 08/29/03 21:52:28 | Completed |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | Dave Wilson | Nabisco | 458 | Process Reports On Demand | 08/29/03 21:07:56 | 08/29/03 21:09:17 | Completed |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | Dave Wilson | Nabisco | 457 | Process Reports On Demand | 08/29/03 20:08:11 | 08/29/03 20:10:08 | Completed |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | Dave Wilson | Nabisco | 456 | Process Reports On Demand | 08/29/03 20:01:36 | 08/29/03 20:02:39 | Completed |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | Dave Wilson | Nabisco | 455 | Process Reports On Demand | 08/29/03 19:49:55 | 08/29/03 19:50:04 | Completed |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | Dave Wilson | Nabisco | 454 | Process Reports On Demand | 08/29/03 19:41:01 | 08/29/03 19:42:19 | Completed |

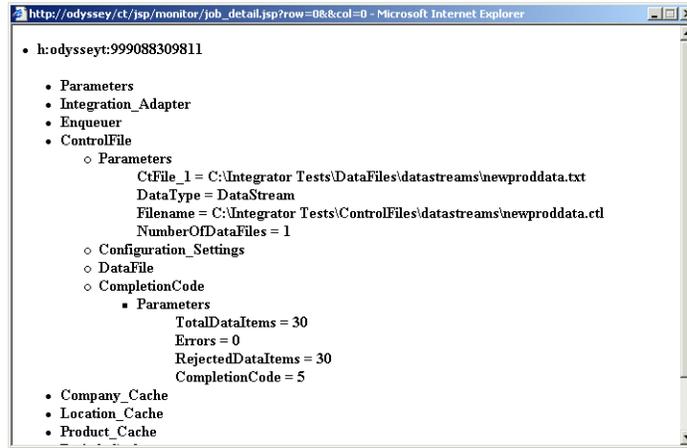
- Click the link under the Job ID column for the job you want to troubleshoot. The Details screen for that job appears.
- The Details screen displays a viewable and expandable version of the integration_timestamp_summary.xml file located in the Integrator done directory. It contains several expandable categories.

| Category | Count |
|------------------------|-------|
| Control Files | 1 |
| Control Files Rejected | 0 |
| Data Files | 1 |
| Data Files Rejected | 0 |
| File Units | 1 |
| File Units Rejected | 0 |
| Data Items | 242 |
| Data Items Rejected | 0 |
| Status | Done |

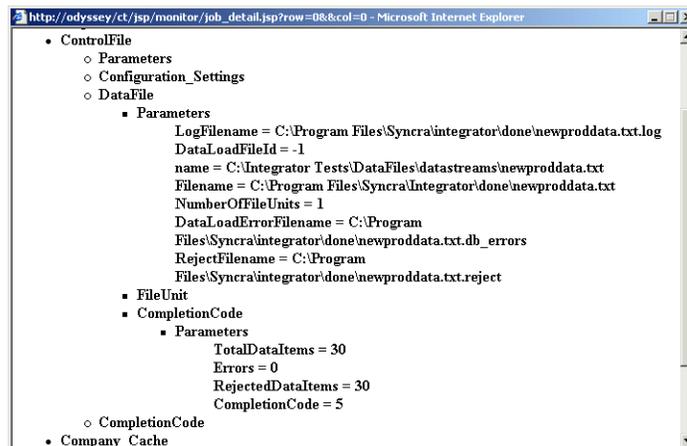
- The first category to expand and troubleshoot is Integration_Adaptor to determine if any errors occurred during the load. It contains the Parameters category and the Configuration_Settings category. View the Parameters category and check the CompletedCode and BriefSummary field to see if any errors were generated.



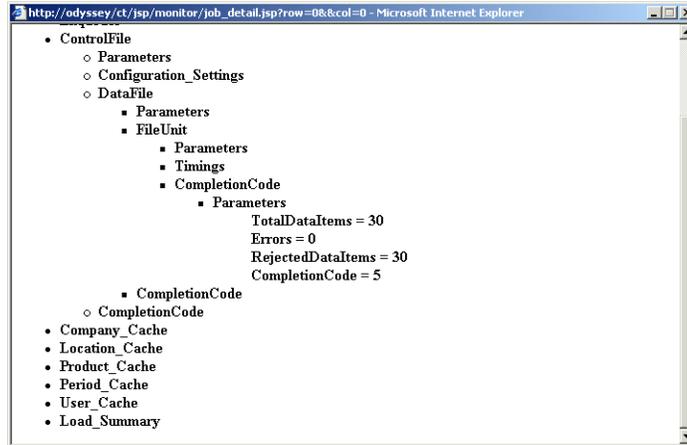
7. If errors were reported, check the control file for errors by expanding **Control File - CompletionCode - Parameters**. The fields to note here are **CompletedCode** , **RejectedDataItems** .



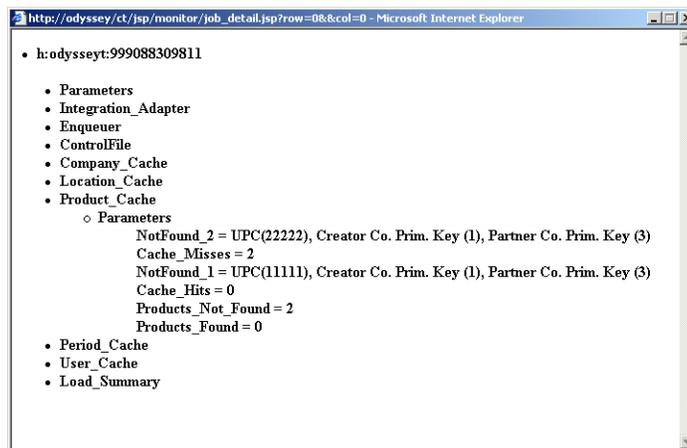
8. To check the files loaded, expand **Control File - DataFile - Parameters** and **Control File - DataFile - CompletionCode - Parameters**. Depending on the number of files processed, there may be more than one file. The fields to note are the **CompletionCode**, **RejectedDataItems**, **RejectedFileName** fields.



9. If there are no problems with the file, check the file unit. Large files are segmented into 100K file units for efficient processing. To check the file unit, select **Control File - DataFile - File Unit - CompletionCode -Parameters** .



10. If the file unit contains errors, check the **Company_Cache - Parameters, Location_Cache - Parameters, Product_Cache - Parameters, Period_Cache - Parameters, and User_Cache - Parameters** for errors.



11. If you could not determine errors in the control file, data file, or file units, check the application configuration settings by selecting **Integration Adaptor - Configuration Settings - Parameters**. The field to note are **CtServerHost, database.username, database.url, database.oracle.servicename**. These are all VCC configuration settings you can access through **VCC - VCC Configuration - VCC Configurations**.
12. Check runtime configuration settings by expanding Parameters. Fields to note are **java.vm.version, java.security.policy, java.class.path, and java.version**.

Reloading Rejected Data Streams

As previously mentioned, a rejected data stream is moved to the Integrator *done* directory (or whatever directory you have configured as the archive directory) and named:

`forecast_file_name.error_code.reject`

where **error_code** can be:

- Creator Company Not Found = 500
- Partner Company Not Found = 501
- Product Not Found = 502
- Creator Location Not Found = 503
- Partner Location Not Found = 504
- Period Not Found = 505
- Collaboration Item Not Found = 506

If an error occurs to which an error code does not apply, the file is named

forecast_file_name.reject

Note: If there are database errors, refer to the filename.db_errors file in the Syncra archive directory.

Once you have corrected the problem, you can reload the reject file. It contains only the items rejected.

To reload the file, follow the steps below:

1. Move the **forecast_file_name.error_code.reject** file or the **forecast_file_name.reject** file to your file group directory.
2. Turn create **Collaboration Items** on in the **Integrator Configuration** screen. To do this, select VCC - VCC Configurations - VCC Control File Configuration from the Syncra program group. Check the Collaboration Items box, as shown below, and click Save. This will automatically create the collaboration item for the product you created when you run the Integrator.
3. Load the **forecast_file_name.error_code.reject** or the **forecast_file_name.reject** using the Integrator.

If the reject file itself is rejected, it is placed in the archive directory with the name **forecast_file_name.error_code.reject.reject**

or

forecast_file_name.reject.reject

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