Sun Cluster Data Service for MaxDB Guide for Solaris OS



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Preface

Sun Cluster Data Service for MaxDB Guide for Solaris OS explains how to install and configure SunTM Cluster HA for MaxDB.

Note – This Sun Cluster release supports systems that use the SPARC and x86 families of processor architectures: UltraSPARC, SPARC64, AMD64, and Intel 64. In this document, x86 refers to the larger family of 64-bit x86 compatible products. Information in this document pertains to all platforms unless otherwise specified.

This document is intended for system administrators with extensive knowledge of Sun software and hardware. Do not use this document as a planning or presales guide. Before reading this document, you should have already determined your system requirements and purchased the appropriate equipment and software.

The instructions in this book assume knowledge of the SolarisTM Operating System (Solaris OS) and expertise with the volume-manager software that is used with Sun Cluster software.

Using UNIX Commands

This document contains information about commands that are specific to installing and configuring Sun Cluster data services. The document does *not* contain comprehensive information about basic UNIX[®] commands and procedures, such as shutting down the system, booting the system, and configuring devices. Information about basic UNIX commands and procedures is available from the following sources:

- Online documentation for the Solaris Operating System
- Solaris Operating System man pages
- Other software documentation that you received with your system

Typographic Conventions

The following table describes the typographic conventions that are used in this book.

TABLE P-1 Typographic Conventions

Typeface	Meaning	Example
AaBbCc123	The names of commands, files, and directories, and onscreen computer output	Edit your . login file.
		Use ls -a to list all files.
		<pre>machine_name% you have mail.</pre>
AaBbCc123	What you type, contrasted with onscreen computer output	machine_name% su
		Password:
aabbcc123	Placeholder: replace with a real name or value	The command to remove a file is rm <i>filename</i> .
AaBbCc123	Book titles, new terms, and terms to be emphasized	Read Chapter 6 in the User's Guide.
		A <i>cache</i> is a copy that is stored locally.
		Do <i>not</i> save the file.
		Note: Some emphasized items appear bold online.

Shell Prompts in Command Examples

The following table shows the default UNIX system prompt and superuser prompt for the C shell, Bourne shell, and Korn shell.

TABLE P-2 Shell Prompts

Shell	Prompt
C shell	machine_name%
C shell for superuser	machine_name#
Bourne shell and Korn shell	\$
Bourne shell and Korn shell for superuser	#

Related Documentation

Information about related Sun Cluster topics is available in the documentation that is listed in the following table. All Sun Cluster documentation is available at http://docs.sun.com.

юріс	Documentation
Data service	Sun Cluster Data Services Planning and Administration Guide for Solaris OS
administration	Individual data service guides
Concepts	Sun Cluster Concepts Guide for Solaris OS
Overview	Sun Cluster Overview for Solaris OS
Software installation	Sun Cluster Software Installation Guide for Solaris OS
System administration	Sun Cluster System Administration Guide for Solaris OS
Hardware administration	Sun Cluster 3.1 - 3.2 Hardware Administration Manual for Solaris OS
	Individual hardware administration guides
Data service development	Sun Cluster Data Services Developer's Guide for Solaris OS
Error messages	Sun Cluster Error Messages Guide for Solaris OS
Command and function reference	Sun Cluster Reference Manual for Solaris OS

For a complete list of Sun Cluster documentation, see the release notes for your release of Sun Cluster at http://docs.sun.com.

Related Third-Party Web Site References

Third-party URLs that are referenced in this document provide additional related information.

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Documentation, Support, and Training

The Sun web site provides information about the following additional resources:

- Documentation (http://www.sun.com/documentation/)
- Support (http://www.sun.com/support/)
- Training(http://www.sun.com/training/)

Sun Welcomes Your Comments

Sun is interested in improving its documentation and welcomes your comments and suggestions. To share your comments, go to http://docs.sun.com and click Feedback.

Getting Help

If you have problems installing or using Sun Cluster, contact your service provider and provide the following information:

- Your name and email address (if available)
- Your company name, address, and phone number
- The model number and serial number of your systems
- The release number of the Solaris Operating System (for example, Solaris 10)
- The release number of Sun Cluster (for example, Sun Cluster 3.2)

Use the following commands to gather information about each node on your system for your service provider.

Command	Function
prtconf -v	Displays the size of the system memory and reports information about peripheral devices
psrinfo -v	Displays information about processors
showrev -p	Reports which patches are installed
prtdiag -v	Displays system diagnostic information
/usr/cluster/bin/clnode show-rev	Displays Sun Cluster release and package version information

Also have available the contents of the /var/adm/messages file.

Installing and Configuring Sun Cluster HA for MaxDB

This chapter explains how to install and configure Sun Cluster HA for MaxDB. From version 7.5, SAP DB is distributed under the name MaxDB for MySQL (MaxDB). In this book, all versions of this database are referred to as MaxDB.

Note – If you are using the Solaris 10 OS, you can install and configure this data service to run in the non-global zone. Sun Cluster HA for MaxDB is supported in non-global zones.

This chapter contains the following sections.

- "Sun Cluster HA for MaxDB Overview" on page 10
- "Overview of the Installation and Configuration Process for Sun Cluster HA for MaxDB" on page 10
- "Planning the Sun Cluster HA for MaxDB Installation and Configuration" on page 11
- "Installing and Configuring MaxDB" on page 16
- "Verifying the MaxDB Installation and Configuration" on page 20
- "Installing the Sun Cluster HA for MaxDB Packages" on page 22
- "Configuring the HAStoragePlus Resource Type to Work With Sun Cluster HA for MaxDB" on page 24
- "Registering and Configuring Sun Cluster HA for MaxDB" on page 26
- "Tuning the Sun Cluster HA for MaxDB Fault Monitors" on page 32
- "Verifying the Sun Cluster HA for MaxDB Installation and Configuration" on page 36
- "Upgrading the SUNW.sap_xserver Resource Type" on page 39

Sun Cluster HA for MaxDB Overview

To eliminate single points of failure in an MaxDB system, Sun Cluster HA for MaxDB provides the following features:

- Fault monitoring and automatic failover for the MaxDB application. You must configure Sun Cluster HA for MaxDB as a failover data service.
- Fault monitoring and automatic restart for SAP xserver. You must configure SAP xserver as a scalable data service.

For conceptual information about failover data services and scalable data services, see the *Sun Cluster Concepts Guide for Solaris OS*.

Each component of MaxDB has data service that protects the component when the component is configured in Sun Cluster. See the following table.

Note – The files that are associated with the SUNW.sap_xserver resource type are supplied with the Sun Cluster HA for SAP liveCache data service. The Sun Cluster HA for SAP liveCache data service is installed when you install Sun Cluster HA for MaxDB data service.

MaxDB Component	Data Service
MaxDB	Sun Cluster HA for MaxDB
	The resource type is SUNW.sapdb.
SAP xserver	Sun Cluster HA for SAP liveCache
	The resource type is SUNW.sap_xserver.
NFS file system	Sun Cluster HA for NFS
	The resource type is SUNW.nfs.
	For more information about this data service, see <i>Sun Cluster Data Service for NFS Guide for Solaris OS</i> .

 TABLE 1
 Protection of MaxDB Components by Sun Cluster Data Services

Overview of the Installation and Configuration Process for Sun Cluster HA for MaxDB

The following table summarizes the tasks for installing and configuring Sun Cluster HA for MaxDB and provides cross-references to detailed instructions for performing these tasks. Perform the tasks in the order that they are listed in the table.

Task	Cross-Reference
Plan the Sun Cluster HA for MaxDB installation and configuration	Your SAP documentation. Sun Cluster Data Services Planning and Administration Guide for Solaris OS "Planning the Sun Cluster HA for MaxDB Installation
	and Configuration" on page 11
Install and configure MaxDB	"Installing and Configuring MaxDB" on page 16
Verify the MaxDB installation and configuration	"Verifying the MaxDB Installation and Configuration" on page 20
Install the Sun Cluster HA for MaxDB packages	"Installing the Sun Cluster HA for MaxDB Packages" on page 22
Configure the HAStoragePlus resource to work with Sun Cluster HA for MaxDB	"Relationship Between Resource Groups and Device Groups" in Sun Cluster Data Services Planning and Administration Guide for Solaris OS
	"Synchronizing the Startups Between Resource Groups and Device Groups" in <i>Sun Cluster Data</i> <i>Services Planning and Administration Guide for</i> <i>Solaris OS</i>
	"Configuring the HAStoragePlus Resource Type to Work With Sun Cluster HA for MaxDB" on page 24
Register and configure the Sun Cluster HA for MaxDB data service	"Registering and Configuring Sun Cluster HA for MaxDB" on page 26
(Optional) Tune the Sun Cluster HA for MaxDB fault monitors	"Tuning the Sun Cluster HA for MaxDB Fault Monitors" on page 32
Verify the Sun Cluster HA for MaxDB installation and configuration	"Verifying the Sun Cluster HA for MaxDB Installation and Configuration" on page 36
(Optional) Upgrade the SUNW.sap_xserver resource type	"Upgrading the SUNW.sap_xserver Resource Type" on page 39

 TABLE 2
 Tasks for Installing and Configuring Sun Cluster HA for MaxDB

Planning the Sun Cluster HA for MaxDB Installation and Configuration

This section contains the information that you need to plan your Sun Cluster HA for MaxDB installation and configuration.

Note – Sun Cluster HA for MaxDB can be configured to run in a whole root or a sparse root non-global zone, if required.

Note – Before you begin, consult your MaxDB documentation for configuration restrictions and requirements that are not imposed by Sun Cluster software. For information about restrictions that the Sun Cluster software imposes, see the Sun Cluster documentation.

Configuration Requirements

The configuration requirements in this section apply only to Sun Cluster HA for MaxDB.



Caution – If your data service configuration does not conform to these requirements, the data service configuration might not be supported.

For requirements that apply to all data services, see "Configuration Guidelines for Sun Cluster Data Services" in *Sun Cluster Data Services Planning and Administration Guide for Solaris OS*.

MaxDB Software Version Requirements

Use MaxDB version 7.4 or compatible versions.

Sun Cluster HA for MaxDB Configuration Requirements

Configure Sun Cluster HA for MaxDB as a failover data service. You cannot configure Sun Cluster HA for MaxDB as a scalable data service. For more information, see the following sections:

- "How to Enable MaxDB to Run in a Cluster" on page 19
- "How to Register and Configure a MaxDB Resource" on page 30

SAP xserver Configuration Requirements

To enable client applications to access Sun Cluster HA for MaxDB, you must use SAP xserver. Configure SAP xserver as a scalable data service. Do *not* configure SAP xserver as a failover data service.

Configure SAP xserver so that SAP xserver starts on all nodes to which the MaxDB resource can fail over. To implement this configuration, ensure that the node list of the SAP xserver resource group contains all nodes that are in the node list of the MaxDB resource group. For more information, see "How to Register and Configure an SAP xserver Resource" on page 27.

Supported Configurations of This Data Service

The Sun Cluster HA for MaxDB data service supports configurations that conform to the requirements in "Configuration Requirements" on page 12.

If you plan to use MaxDB with other highly available SAP applications, you must also configure the Sun Cluster data services for those applications. For more information, see the following table.

SAP Application	Sun Cluster Data Service	Associated Document
SAP R/3	Sun Cluster HA for SAP	Sun Cluster Data Service for SAP Guide for Solaris OS
SAP liveCache	Sun Cluster HA for SAP liveCache	Sun Cluster Data Service for SAP liveCache Guide for Solaris OS
SAP Web Application Server	Sun Cluster HA for SAP Web Application Server	Sun Cluster Data Service for SAP Web Application Server Guide for Solaris OS

The examples that follow show these supported configurations of Sun Cluster HA for MaxDB:

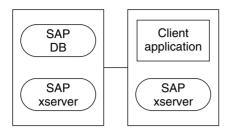
- Two-node cluster configuration
- Four-node cluster configuration with SAP R/3
- Four-node cluster configuration with SAP R/3 and SAP liveCache

Note – Sun Cluster HA for MaxDB might support additional configurations. However, you must contact your Sun service provider for information about additional configurations.

EXAMPLE 1 Two-Node Configuration

This example shows a two-node configuration in which a client application accesses the MaxDB resource through the SAP xserver resource. The characteristics of this configuration are as follows:

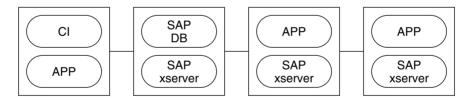
- The MaxDB resource is configured as a failover data service.
- The SAP xserver resource is configured as a scalable data service.



EXAMPLE 2 Four-Node Configuration With SAP R/3

This example shows a four-node configuration in which MaxDB is used with SAP R/3. This configuration uses multiple Advanced Planner & Optimizer (APO) application servers. The characteristics of this configuration are as follows:

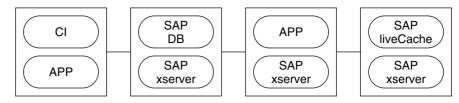
- The SAP APO Central Instance (CI) resource is configured as a failover data service.
- The MaxDB resource is configured as a failover data service.
- The SAP xserver resource is configured as a scalable data service.
- APO application server (APP) resources are configured as scalable data services.



EXAMPLE 3 Four-Node Configuration With SAP R/3 and SAP liveCache

This example shows a four-node configuration in which MaxDB is used with SAP R/3 and SAP liveCache. This configuration uses multiple APO application servers. The characteristics of this configuration are as follows:

- The SAP APO CI resource is configured as a failover data service.
- The MaxDB resource is configured as a failover data service.
- The SAP xserver resource is configured as a scalable data service.
- APP resources are configured as scalable data services.
- The SAP liveCache resource is configured as a failover data service.



Configuration Considerations

The configuration considerations in the subsections that follow affect the installation and configuration of Sun Cluster HA for MaxDB.

Device Group for the MaxDB Application

Ensure that you create a device group for the MaxDB application as follows:

- Install MaxDB on its own global device group. For more information, see "Installing and Configuring MaxDB" on page 16. This separate global device group for MaxDB ensures that the MaxDB resource can depend on the HAStoragePlus resource only for MaxDB.
- Create an HAStoragePlus resource for the global device group on which MaxDB is installed. For more information, see "Configuring the HAStoragePlus Resource Type to Work With Sun Cluster HA for MaxDB" on page 24.
- Ensure that the resource for MaxDB depends on the HAStoragePlus resource for the global device group on which MaxDB is installed. For more information, see "Registering and Configuring Sun Cluster HA for MaxDB" on page 26.

Dependencies of the MaxDB Application on SAP xserver

Configure MaxDB so that MaxDB starts only on a node where SAP xserver is running. To implement this configuration, configure resources and resource groups as follows:

- Ensure that the resource for MaxDB depends on the resource for SAP xserver.
- Create on the MaxDB resource group a strong positive affinity for the SAP xserver resource group.

For more information, see "Registering and Configuring Sun Cluster HA for MaxDB" on page 26.

Administration of SAP xserver by a User Other Than Root

You might be required to administer SAP xserver as a user other than root. In this situation, you must create and define that user as follows:

• You must create that user on all cluster nodes or zones that master SAP xserver.

 You must define that user when you register and configure Sun Cluster HA for MaxDB. For more information, see "Registering and Configuring Sun Cluster HA for MaxDB" on page 26.

Configuration Planning Questions

Answer the questions in this section to plan the installation and configuration of Sun Cluster HA for MaxDB. Write the answers to these questions in the space that is provided on the data service worksheets in Appendix D, "Data Service Configuration Worksheets and Examples," in *Sun Cluster Data Services Planning and Administration Guide for Solaris OS*.

• Which resource group will you use for the MaxDB application resource and for the logical host name for the MaxDB resource?

Use the answer to this question when you perform the procedure "How to Enable MaxDB to Run in a Cluster" on page 19.

• What is the logical host name for the MaxDB resource? Clients access the data service through this logical host name.

Use the answer to this question when you perform the following procedures:

- "How to Install and Configure MaxDB" on page 17
- "How to Enable MaxDB to Run in a Cluster" on page 19
- Where will the system configuration files reside?

See Sun Cluster Data Services Planning and Administration Guide for Solaris OS for the advantages and disadvantages of using the local file system instead of the cluster file system.

Installing and Configuring MaxDB

To enable Sun Cluster HA for MaxDB to make MaxDB highly available, additional installation and configuration operations are required. These operations supplement the standard installation and standard configuration of MaxDB.

During a standard installation, MaxDB is installed with a physical host name. To enable MaxDB to run in a cluster, you must modify MaxDB to use a logical host name.

For information about the standard installation and standard configuration of MaxDB, see the following documentation:

- If you are using MaxDB with SAP R/3, see the SAP R/3 documentation for information about how to install and configure SAP R/3 with MaxDB.
- If you are using MaxDB independently of SAP R/3, see the MaxDB documentation.

How to Install and Configure MaxDB

1 On one node of the cluster, install the MaxDB software.

Ensure that you install MaxDB on its own global device group.

- 2 Perform a standard configuration of MaxDB.
- 3 Create the .XUSER.62 file in the home directory of the operating system (OS) user who administers the MaxDB instance.

Note – If you are using MaxDB 7.5 or MaxDB 7.6, the UNIX user identity of the OS user who administers the MaxDB database is sdb. You must specify this user in DB_User extension property when you create the MaxDB resource in a later step. Otherwise, the MaxDB fault monitor cannot probe the MaxDB database.

a. Create a plain text file that contains information about the database user who administers the MaxDB database instance.

For information about the content of this file, see the MaxDB documentation. For the name of the server on which the database is running, specify the logical host name for the MaxDB resource that you specified in "Configuration Planning Questions" on page 16.

For an example of the content of this file, see Example 4.

b. As MaxDB admin user, generate the .XUSER.62 file from the plain text file that you created in Step a.

Use the MaxDB command xuser for this purpose.

xuser -b user-info-file

-b *user-info-file* Specifies the plain text file from which you are generating the .XUSER.62 file

4 Copy the /usr/spool/sql directory and its contents from the node on which you installed MaxDB to all nodes where resources for MaxDB and SAP xserver will run.

To ensure that the same owner owns the directory and its contents on all nodes, use the tar(1) command and the rsh(1)

tar cfB - /usr/spool/sql | rsh destination tar xfB -

destination Specifies the node to which you are copying the /usr/spool/sql directory and its contents

The following example shows a plain text file that contains information about a database user who administers an MaxDB instance.

5 If you are installing MaxDB 7.5 or MaxDB 7.6, perform this step. If you are installing a previous version, proceed to the next step.

Copy the /etc/opt/sdb directory and its contents from the node on which you installed MaxDB to all nodes where resources for MaxDB and SAP xserver will run.

To ensure that the same owner owns the directory and its contents on all nodes, use the tar(1) command and the rsh(1)

tar cfB - /etc/opt/sdb | rsh destination tar xfB -

```
destination Specifies the node to which you are copying the /etc/opt/sdb directory and its contents
```

6 If you are using MaxDB version earlier than 7.6.03.09, comment out /net in /etc/auto_master file and remove nis from the automount entry in /etc/nsswitch.conf file.

Example 4 Information About a Database User Who Administers a MaxDB Instance

DEFAULT dbm dbm TST srvr-1 *blank line* -1 -1 *blank line*

This example specifies the following information about a database user who administers an MaxDB instance:

- The user key that is used to address this combination of XUSER data is named DEFAULT.
- The user name and password of the database user are dbm.
- The name of the MaxDB instance is TST.
- The logical host name for the MaxDB resource is srvr-1.
- No structured query language (SQL) mode is specified.
- The default time-out value of the MaxDB instance is used.
- The default isolation level of the MaxDB instance is used.

For more information, see the MaxDB documentation.

How to Enable MaxDB to Run in a Cluster

1 Create a failover resource group to contain the MaxDB application resources and the logical host name for the MaxDB resource.

Use the resource group that you identified when you answered the questions in "Configuration Planning Questions" on page 16.

clresourcegroup create -n node-zone-list sapdb-rg

sapdb-rg Specifies that the resource group that you are creating is named *sapdb-rg*.

-n node-zone-list Specifies a comma-separated, ordered list of zones that can master this resource group. The format of each entry in the list is node. In this format, node specifies the node name and zone specifies the name of a non-global Solaris zone. To specify the global zone, or to specify a node without non-global zones, specify only node.

This list is optional. If you omit this list, the global zone of each cluster node can master the resource group.

- 2 Ensure that all network resources that you intend to you use are added to your name service database.
- 3 Add a logical host name resource to the failover resource group that you created in Step 1.

clreslogicalhostname create -g sapdb-rg $\$

- -h sapdb-logical-hostname sapdb-logical-hostname
- -g sapdb-rg

Specifies that the logical host name's database resource is to be added to the failover resource group that you created in Step 1.

- h

Specifies the host name list. You must use this option either when more than one logical host needs to be associated with the new MaxDB resource or when the logical host does not have the same name as the MaxDB resource itself. MaxDB is the resource for the *sapdb-logical-hostname* that you specified in "Configuration Planning Questions" on page 16.

sapdb-logical-hostname

Specifies the logical host name of the server on which the database is running. This host name must be the logical host name for the MaxDB resource that you specified in "Configuration Planning Questions" on page 16.

Note – If you require a fully qualified hostname, you must specify the fully qualified name with the -h option and you cannot use the fully qualified form in the resource name.

4 Enable the resource group that you created in Step 1.

clresourcegroup online -emM sapdb-rg

-emM Enables the resource group *sapdb-rg* created in Step 1 and moves it to the MANAGED state.

Example 5 Enabling MaxDB to Run in a Cluster

This example shows the sequence of commands that are required to enable MaxDB to run in a cluster. The commands are run on only one cluster node.

1. The following command creates a failover resource group to contain the MaxDB application resources and the logical host name for the MaxDB resource. The resource group is named sapdbrg. The sapdbrg resource group can be brought online on all cluster nodes or zones.

clresourcegroup create sapdbrg

- 2. The following command adds a logical host name resource to the sapdbrg resource group. The logical host name of the server on which the database is running is srvr-1. When the sapdbrg resource group is brought online, an attempt is made for each node to discover a network interface on the subnet that the host name list identifies.
 - # clreslogicalhostname create -g sapdbrg -h sdrvr-1 -d sapdblr

Note – If you require a fully qualified hostname, you must specify the fully qualified name with the -h option and you cannot use the fully qualified form in the resource name.

- 3. The following command moves the sapdbrg resource group to the MANAGED state, brings the resource group online, and monitors the resources in the resource group.
 - # clresourcegroup online -emM sapdbrg

Verifying the MaxDB Installation and Configuration

Before you install the Sun Cluster HA for MaxDB packages, verify that the MaxDB software is correctly installed and configured to run in a cluster. This verification does *not* verify that the MaxDB application is highly available because the Sun Cluster HA for MaxDB data service is not yet installed.

How to Verify MaxDB Installation and Configuration on Each Node

Perform this procedure on each node or zone that can master the MaxDB resource group.

- 1 Log in as superuser to a node or zone that can master the MaxDB resource group.
- 2 Switch the MaxDB resource group to the node that you logged in to in Step 1.

clresourcegroup switch -n node sapdb-rg

- -n node Specifies the node to which the MaxDB resource group is to be switched
- *sapdb-rg* Specifies that the MaxDB resource group *sapdb-rg* is to be switched to another node

3 Confirm that the MaxDB database can be started and be stopped.

- a. Become the OS user who administers the MaxDB database.
 - # su os-sapdb-adm-user

os-sapdb-adm-user	Specifies the UNIX user identity of the OS user who administers the
_	MaxDB database. This user's home directory contains the
	. XUSER. 62 file that was created during the installation and
	configuration of MaxDB. For more information, see "Installing and
	Configuring MaxDB" on page 16. You specify this user when you set
	the DB_User extension property as explained in "How to Register
	and Configure a MaxDB Resource" on page 30.

If you are using MaxDB 7.5 or MaxDB 7.6, the UNIX user identity of the OS user who administers the MaxDB database is sdb.

b. Start the SAP xserver.

\$ x_server start

c. Manually start the MaxDB database instance on the node that you logged in to in Step 1.

\$ dbmcli -U sapdb-adm-key db_online

-U sapdb-adm-key Specifies that the dbmcli command is run with the user key of the database user who administers the MaxDB instance. This user key is created during the installation and configuration of MaxDB. For more information, see "Installing and Configuring MaxDB" on page 16. You specify this user key when you set the User_Key extension property as explained in "How to Register and Configure a MaxDB Resource" on page 30.

- d. Confirm that the MaxDB database instance is started.
- e. Manually stop the MaxDB database instance.
 - \$ dbmcli -U sapdb-adm-key db_offline
 - -U *sapdb-adm-key* Specifies that the dbmcli command is run with the user key that you used for starting the database in Step c
- f. Confirm that the MaxDB database instance is stopped.

Installing the Sun Cluster HA for MaxDB Packages

If you did not install the Sun Cluster HA for MaxDB packages during your initial Sun Cluster installation, perform this procedure to install the packages. To install the packages, use the Sun JavaTM Enterprise System Installation Wizard.

Note – You need to install the Sun Cluster HA for MaxDB packages in the global cluster and not in the zone cluster.

How to Install the Sun Cluster HA for MaxDB Packages

Perform this procedure on each cluster node where you are installing the Sun Cluster HA for MaxDB packages.

You can run the Sun Java Enterprise System Installation Wizard with a command-line interface (CLI) or with a graphical user interface (GUI). The content and sequence of instructions in the CLI and the GUI are similar.

Note – Even if you plan to configure this data service to run in non-global zones, install the packages for this data service in the global zone. The packages are propagated to any existing non-global zones and to any non-global zones that are created after you install the packages.

Before You Begin Ensure that you have the Sun Java Availability Suite DVD-ROM.

If you intend to run the Sun Java Enterprise System Installation Wizard with a GUI, ensure that your DISPLAY environment variable is set.

1 On the cluster node where you are installing the data service packages, become superuser.

2 Load the Sun Java Availability Suite DVD-ROM into the DVD-ROM drive.

If the Volume Management daemon vold(1M) is running and configured to manage DVD-ROM devices, the daemon automatically mounts the DVD-ROM on the /cdrom directory.

- 3 Change to the Sun Java Enterprise System Installation Wizard directory of the DVD-ROM.
 - If you are installing the data service packages on the SPARC[®] platform, type the following command:

cd /cdrom/cdrom0/Solaris_sparc

- If you are installing the data service packages on the x86 platform, type the following command:
 - # cd /cdrom/cdrom0/Solaris_x86
- 4 Start the Sun Java Enterprise System Installation Wizard.
 - # ./installer
- 5 When you are prompted, accept the license agreement.

If any Sun Java Enterprise System components are installed, you are prompted to select whether to upgrade the components or install new software.

- 6 From the list of Sun Cluster agents under Availability Services, select the data service for MaxDB.
- 7 If you require support for languages other than English, select the option to install multilingual packages.

English language support is always installed.

- 8 When prompted whether to configure the data service now or later, choose Configure Later. Choose Configure Later to perform the configuration after the installation.
- 9 Follow the instructions on the screen to install the data service packages on the node.

The Sun Java Enterprise System Installation Wizard displays the status of the installation. When the installation is complete, the wizard displays an installation summary and the installation logs.

10 (GUI only) If you do not want to register the product and receive product updates, deselect the Product Registration option.

The Product Registration option is not available with the CLI. If you are running the Sun Java Enterprise System Installation Wizard with the CLI, omit this step.

- 11 Exit the Sun Java Enterprise System Installation Wizard.
- 12 Unload the Sun Java Availability Suite DVD-ROM from the DVD-ROM drive.
 - a. To ensure that the DVD-ROM is not being used, change to a directory that does *not* reside on the DVD-ROM.
 - b. Eject the DVD-ROM.
 - # eject cdrom
- **Next Steps** Go to "Configuring the HAStoragePlus Resource Type to Work With Sun Cluster HA for MaxDB" on page 24.

Configuring the HAStoragePlus Resource Type to Work With Sun Cluster HA for MaxDB

For maximum availability of the MaxDB database, resources that Sun Cluster HA for MaxDB requires must be available before the MaxDB database instance is started. An example of such a resource is the file system where programs and libraries for the MaxDB runtime environment reside. To ensure that these resources are available, configure the HAStoragePlus resource type to work with Sun Cluster HA for MaxDB.

For information about the relationship between resource groups and disk device groups, see "Relationship Between Resource Groups and Device Groups" in *Sun Cluster Data Services Planning and Administration Guide for Solaris OS.*

Configuring the HAStoragePlus resource type to work with Sun Cluster HA for MaxDB involves the following operation:

Registering and configuring an HAStoragePlus resource

How to Register and Configure an HAStoragePlus Resource

Perform this procedure on any one cluster node.

- 1 Register the SUNW. HAStoragePlus resource type.
 - # clresourcetype register SUNW.HAStoragePlus

2 Create an HAStoragePlus resource for the global device group on which MaxDB is installed.

Create this resource in the MaxDB resource group. This resource must perform an affinity switchover for all global devices that are defined for this resource.

- # clresource create -d -g sapdb-rg \
- -t SUNW.HAStoragePlus -p filesystemmountpoints=mountpoint-list \
- -p globaldevicepaths=sapdb-device-group \
- -p affinityon=TRUE hsp-resource

- d

Specifies that a new resource is to be created in a disabled state.

-g sapdb-rg

Specifies that the resource is to be added to the MaxDB resource group.

- -t SUNW.HAStoragePlus Specifies that the resource is an instance of the SUNW.HAStoragePlus resource type.
- -p filesystemmountpoints=mountpoint-list Specifies a list of valid mount points for the file system.
- -p globaldevicepaths=*sapdb-device-group* Specifies the name of the global device group on which the MaxDB software is installed.
- -p affinityon=TRUE

Specifies that this resource performs an affinity switchover for all global devices that are defined for this resource.

hsp-resource

Specifies that the resource that you are creating is named *hsp-resource*.

The resource is created in the enabled state.

Example 6 Creating an HAStoragePlus Resource

```
# clresource create -g sapdbrg \
```

- -t SUNW.HAStoragePlus -p filesystemmountpoints=/global/sapdbdata \
- -p globaldevicepaths=sapdbdg -p affinityon=TRUE hsprs

This example shows the creation of a SUNW. HAStoragePlus resource that has the following characteristics:

- The resource is named hsprs.
- The resource is a member of a resource group that is named sapdbrg. The creation of this resource group is shown in Example 5.
- The resource is an instance of the SUNW. HAStoragePlus resource type. The registration of this resource type is not shown in this example.
- The mount point for the file system is /global/sapdbdata.
- The MaxDB software is installed on a global device group that is named sapdbdg.

• The hsprs resource performs an affinity switchover for all global devices that are defined for this resource.

Next Steps Go to "Registering and Configuring Sun Cluster HA for MaxDB" on page 26.

Registering and Configuring Sun Cluster HA for MaxDB

To enable Sun Cluster HA for MaxDB to make MaxDB highly available, configure Sun Cluster data services as follows:

- Configure SAP xserver as a scalable data service.
- Configure Sun Cluster HA for MaxDB as a failover data service.

Before you perform this procedure, ensure that the Sun Cluster HA for MaxDB data service packages are installed.



Caution – One SAP xserver serves multiple MaxDB instances and, if SAP liveCache is used, multiple SAP liveCache instances in the cluster. Therefore, do *not* configure more than one SAP xserver resource on the same cluster. If more than one SAP xserver resource runs on the same cluster, conflicts between the SAP xserver resources occur. These conflicts cause all SAP xserver resources to become unavailable. If you attempt to start the SAP xserver a second time, the attempt fails. The error message Address already in use is also displayed.

Setting Sun Cluster HA for MaxDB Extension Properties

The sections that follow contain instructions for registering and configuring resources. These instructions explain how to set *only* extension properties that Sun Cluster HA for MaxDB requires you to set. For information about all Sun Cluster HA for MaxDB extension properties, see Sun Cluster HA for MaxDB Extension Properties. You can update some extension properties dynamically. You can update other properties, however, only when you create or disable a resource. The Tunable entry indicates when you can update a property.

To set an extension property of a resource, include the following option to modify the resource:

-p property=value

-pproperty	Identifies the extension property that you are setting
value	Specifies the value to which you are setting the extension property

You can also use the procedures in Chapter 2, "Administering Data Service Resources," in *Sun Cluster Data Services Planning and Administration Guide for Solaris OS* to configure resources after the resources are created.

Administering SAP xserver as a User Other Than Root

You might be required to administer SAP xserver as a user other than root. In this situation, you must create and define that user as follows:

- You must create that user on all cluster nodes or zones that master SAP xserver.
- You must define that user when you register and configure an SAP xserver resource. To define the user who administers SAP xserver, set the Xserver_User extension property when you create an SAP xserver resource. For more information about the Xserver_User extension property, see "SUNW.sap_xserver Extension Properties" on page 44.

How to Register and Configure an SAP xserver Resource

- 1 Become superuser on a cluster node.
- 2 Register the SUNW.sap_xserver resource type.
 - # clresourcetype register SUNW.sap_xserver

3 Create a scalable resource group for the SAP xserver resource.

Configure SAP xserver so that SAP xserver starts on all nodes to which the MaxDB resource can fail over. To implement this configuration, ensure that the node list of the SAP xserver resource group contains all nodes that are in the node list of the MaxDB resource group. This resource group is created when the procedure "How to Enable MaxDB to Run in a Cluster" on page 19 is performed.

- # clresourcegroup create -n node-zone-list \setminus
- -p Maximum_primaries=nodes-in-sapdb-rg \
- -p Desired_primaries=nodes-in-sapdb-rg xserver-rg
- n node-zone-list

Specifies a comma-separated, ordered list of zones that can master this resource group. The format of each entry in the list is *node*. In this format, *node* specifies the node name and *zone* specifies the name of a non-global Solaris zone. To specify the global zone, or to specify a node without non-global zones, specify only *node*.

This list is optional. If you omit this list, the global zone of each cluster node can master the resource group.

-p Maximum_primaries=nodes-in-sapdb-rg

Specifies the maximum number of nodes on which the SAP xserver resource can start. This number is equal to the number of nodes that are in the node list of the MaxDB resource group. You must specify the same number as the value of the Desired_primaries property.

-p Desired_primaries=nodes-in-sapdb-rg

Specifies the desired number of nodes on which the SAP xserver resource can start. This number is equal to the number of nodes that are in the node list of the MaxDB resource group. You must specify the same number as the value of the Maximum primaries property.

xserver-rg

Specifies that the resource group that you are creating is named *xserver-rg*.

- 4 Add the HAStoragePlus resource to the SAP xserver resource group.
 - # clresource create -g xserver-rg \
 - -t SUNW.HAStoragePlus \
 - -p filesystemmountpoints=mountpoints \
 - -p affinityon=false xserver-storage-resource
 - -g xserver-rg

Specifies that the resource that you are creating is added to the resource group *xserver-rg*.

-t SUNW.HAStoragePlus

Specifies that the resource type of the resource you are creating is SUNW.HAStoragePlus.

-p filesystemmountpoints=mountpoint, ...

Specifies the mount points for the resource group you are creating.

-p affinityon=false

Indicates that the SAP xserver resource does not have to be colocated with the device group.

xserver-storage-resource

Specifies that the resource that you are creating is named *xserver-storage-resource*.

The resource is created in the enabled state.

For more details on how to set up an HAStoragePlus resource, see "Enabling Highly Available Local File Systems" in *Sun Cluster Data Services Planning and Administration Guide for Solaris OS*.

5 Create an SAP xserver resource in the resource group that you created in Step 3.

clresource create -d -g xserver-rg \

- -t SUNW.sap_xserver \
- -p resource_dependencies=xserver-storage-resource xserver-resource
- -g xserver-rg

Specifies that the resource is to be added to the resource group that you created in Step 3

- -t SUNW.sap_xserver Specifies that the resource is an instance of the SUNW.sap_xserver resource type
- -p resource_dependencies=*xserver-storage-resource* Sets a resource dependency between *xserver-storage-resource* and the HAStoragePlus resource we created in Step 4.

xserver-resource

Specifies that the resource that you are creating is named *xserver-resource*.

The resource is created in the enabled state.

6 Enable the resource group that you created in Step 3.

clresourcegroup online -emM xserver-rg

-emM Enables the resource group and moves it to the MANAGED state.

xserver-rg Specifies the name of the resource group.

Example 7 Configuring a SUNW. sap_xserver Resource

This example shows the sequence of commands that are required to configure an SAP xserver resource. The commands are run on only one cluster node.

1. The following command creates a scalable resource group to contain an SAP xserver resource for a four-node cluster. The resource group is named xsrvrrg. The xsrvrrg resource group can be brought online on all cluster nodes.

```
# clresourcegroup create \
-p Maximum_primaries=4 \
-p Desired_primaries=4 xsrvrrg
```

2. The following command adds the HAStoragePlus resource to the SAP xserver resource group. The xserver-storage-resource is called xsstorrs and the mount point, mtp1.

```
# clresource create -d -g xsrvrrg \
-t SUNW.HAStoragePlus \
-p filesystemmountpoints=mtp1 \
-p affinityon=false xsstorrs
```

The resource is created in the enabled state.

3. The following command creates an SAP xserver resource that is named xsrvrrs in the xsrvrrg resource group. The SAP xserver resource is an instance of the SUNW.sap_xserver resource type. The *xserver-storage-resource* is xsstorrs. The registration of this resource type is not shown in this example.

```
# clresource create -d -g xsrvrrg -t SUNW.sap_xserver \
-p resource_dependencies=xsstorrs xsrvrrs
```

The resource is created in the enabled state.

4. The following command moves the xsrvrrg resource group to the MANAGED state and brings the resource group online.

```
# clresourcegroup online -emM xsrvrrg
```

How to Register and Configure a MaxDB Resource

1 Register the SUNW. sapdb resource type.

clresourcetype register SUNW.sapdb

2 Create a MaxDB resource in the MaxDB resource group.

Ensure that the MaxDB resource depends on the following resources:

- The HAStoragePlus resource for the global device group on which MaxDB is installed.
- The SAP xserver resource.

When you create this resource, specify the following information about the MaxDB database instance. This information is created when MaxDB is installed and configured as explained in "Installing and Configuring MaxDB" on page 16.

- The name of the MaxDB database.
- The UNIX user identity of the OS user who administers the MaxDB database instance. If you are using MaxDB 7.5 or MaxDB 7.6, the UNIX user identity of the OS user who administers the MaxDB database is sdb.
- The user key of the database user who administers the MaxDB database instance.

clresource create -d -g sapdb-rg \

- -t SUNW.sapdb \
- -p DB_Name=db-name ∖
- -p DB_User=os-sapdb-adm-user ∖
- -p User_Key=sapdb-adm-key \
- -p resource_dependencies=hsp-resource, xserver-resource sapdb-rs

-d

Specifies that the resource that you are creating is not immediately enabled.

-g sapdb-rg

Specifies that the resource is to be added to the MaxDB resource group.

-t SUNW.sapdb

Specifies that the resource is an instance of the SUNW. sapdb resource type.

-p DB_Name=db-name

Specifies the name of the MaxDB database instance in uppercase.

-p DB_User=os-sapdb-adm-user

Specifies the UNIX user identity of the OS user who administers the MaxDB database. This user's home directory contains the .XUSER.62 file that was created during the installation and configuration of MaxDB. For more information, see "Installing and Configuring MaxDB" on page 16.

-p User_Key=*sapdb-adm-key*

Specifies the user key of the database user who administers the MaxDB database instance. This user key is created during the installation and configuration of MaxDB. For more information, see "Installing and Configuring MaxDB" on page 16.

- -p resource_dependencies=*hsp-resource*, *xserver-resource* Specifies that the MaxDB resource depends on the following resources.
 - The HAStoragePlus resource for the global device group on which MaxDB is installed
 - The SAP xserver resource

sapdb-rs

Specifies that the resource that you are creating is named sapdb-rs.

The resource is created in the enabled state.

3 Ensure that the MaxDB resource group is brought online only on a node or zone where the SAP xserver resource group is online.

To meet this requirement, create on the MaxDB resource group a strong positive affinity for the SAP xserver resource group.

```
# clresourcegroup set -p rg_affinities=++xserver-rg sapdb-rg
```

```
-p rg_affinities=++xserver-rg
```

Specifies that the MaxDB resource group declares a strong positive affinity for the SAP xserver resource group.

sapdb-rg

Specifies that theMaxDB resource group is to be modified.

4 Enable the MaxDB resource group.

#clresourcegroup online -emM sapdb-rg

- emM Enables the MaxDB resource group and moves it to the MANAGED state.

sapdb-rg Specifies the name of the MaxDB resource group to be brought online.

5 (Optional) Consider configuring your cluster to prevent noncritical resource groups from being brought online on the same node or zone as the MaxDB resource group.

You might plan to run lower-priority services on a node to which the MaxDB resource can fail over. In this situation, consider using resource group affinities to shut down the noncritical services when the MaxDB resource fails over to the node.

To specify this behavior, declare on the resource group for each noncritical service a strong negative affinity for the MaxDB resource group.

clresourcegroup set -p rg_affinities=--sapdb-rg noncritical-rg

- p

Sets the resource group property to the specified value.

noncritical-rg Specifies the name of the noncritical resource group.

```
Example 8 Creating a SUNW.sapdb Resource
# clresource create -d -g sapdbrg -t SUNW.sapdb \
    -p DB_Name=TST -p DB_User=dbadmin \
    -p User_Key=DEFAULT -p resource_dependencies=hsprs,xsrvrrs sapdbrs
```

The resource is created in the enabled state.

This example shows the creation of a SUNW.sapdb resource that has the following characteristics:

- The resource is named sapdbrs.
- The resource is a member of a resource group that is named sapdbrg. The creation of this resource group is shown in Example 5.
- The resource is an instance of the SUNW. sapdb resource type. The registration of this resource type is not shown in this example.
- The MaxDB database instance that is associated with this resource is named TST.
- The UNIX user identity of the OS user who administers the MaxDB database is dbadmin.
- The user key of the database user who administers the MaxDB database is DEFAULT.
- The MaxDB resource depends on the following resources:
 - An HAStoragePlus resource that is named hsprs. The creation of the hsprs resource is shown in Example 6.
 - A SUNW. sap_xserver resource that is named xsrvrrs. The creation of the xsrvrrs resource is shown in Example 7.

Tuning the Sun Cluster HA for MaxDB Fault Monitors

Fault monitoring for the Sun Cluster HA for MaxDB data service is provided by the following fault monitors:

- The MaxDB fault monitor
- The SAP xserver fault monitor

Each fault monitor is contained in a resource whose resource type is shown in the following table.

Fault Monitor	Resource Type
MaxDB	SUNW.sapdb
SAP xserver	SUNW.sap_xserver

 TABLE 3
 Resource Types for Sun Cluster HA for MaxDB Fault Monitors

System properties and extension properties of these resources control the behavior of the fault monitors. The default values of these properties determine the preset behavior of the fault monitors. The preset behavior should be suitable for most Sun Cluster installations. Therefore, you should tune the Sun Cluster HA for MaxDB fault monitors *only* if you need to modify this preset behavior.

Tuning the Sun Cluster HA for MaxDB fault monitors involves the following tasks:

- Setting the interval between fault monitor probes
- Setting the timeout for fault monitor probes
- Defining the criteria for persistent faults
- Specifying the failover behavior of a resource

For more information, see "Tuning Fault Monitors for Sun Cluster Data Services" in *Sun Cluster Data Services Planning and Administration Guide for Solaris OS*. Information about the Sun Cluster HA for MaxDB fault monitors that you need to perform these tasks is provided in the subsections that follow.

Sun Cluster HA for MaxDB also enables you to control how the fault monitor responds if the MaxDB parent kernel process is not running. For more information, see "Forcing the MaxDB Database Instance to Be Restarted if the Parent Kernel Process Is Terminated" on page 35.

Tune the Sun Cluster HA for MaxDB fault monitors when you register and configure Sun Cluster HA for MaxDB. For more information, see "Registering and Configuring Sun Cluster HA for MaxDB" on page 26.

Factors That Affect the Interval Between Fault Monitor Probes

To determine whether SAP xserver and the MaxDB database instance are operating correctly, the Sun Cluster HA for MaxDB fault monitors probe these resources periodically. The optimum interval between fault monitor probes depends on the time that is required to respond to a fault in a resource. This time depends on how the complexity of the resource affects the time that is required for operations such as restarting the resource.

For example, SAP xserver is a much simpler resource and can be restarted much quicker than MaxDB. Therefore, the optimum interval between fault monitor probes of SAP xserver is shorter than the optimum interval between probes of MaxDB.

Operations by the Sun Cluster HA for MaxDB Fault Monitors During a Probe

The optimum timeout for fault monitor probes depends on the operations that a fault monitor performs to probe the resource.

Operations by the MaxDB Fault Monitor During a Probe

During a probe, the MaxDB fault monitor performs the following operations:

- 1. The MaxDB fault monitor determines whether the MaxDB database instance is online.
- 2. If the MaxDB database instance is online, the MaxDB fault monitor determines whether the parent kernel process of the MaxDB database instance is running. You can control how the fault monitor responds if the parent kernel process is not running. For more information, see "Forcing the MaxDB Database Instance to Be Restarted if the Parent Kernel Process Is Terminated" on page 35.
- 3. The MaxDB fault monitor determines whether SAP xserver is available. This fault monitoring supplements the fault monitoring that the SAP xserver fault monitor provides.

Operations by the SAP xserver Fault Monitor During a Probe

During a probe, the SAP xserver fault monitor determines whether SAP xserver is available.

Faults Detected by the Sun Cluster HA for MaxDB Fault Monitors

Faults that each Sun Cluster HA for MaxDB fault monitor detects are described in the subsections that follow.

Faults Detected by the MaxDB Fault Monitor

The MaxDB fault monitor detects the following faults in MaxDB:

- A status of the MaxDB database instance that is not ONLINE, for example, OFFLINE or ADMIN
- Unexpected termination of the parent kernel process of the MaxDB database instance

The MaxDB fault monitor also detects the unavailability of SAP xserver. This fault monitoring supplements the fault monitoring that the SAP xserver fault monitor provides.

Note – If the MaxDB fault monitor detects that SAP xserver is unavailable twice within the retry interval, the MaxDB fault monitor restarts MaxDB. By restarting MaxDB, the fault monitor ensures that the MaxDB database fails over to another node when SAP xserver is persistently unavailable.

Faults Detected by the SAP xserver Fault Monitor

The SAP xserver fault monitor detects following faults:

- **Unavailability of SAP xserver.** Unavailability of SAP xserver is also detected by the MaxDB fault monitor.
- **Persistent system errors.** A persistent system error is a system error that occurs four times within the retry interval. If a persistent system error occurs, the fault monitor restarts SAP xserver.

Recovery Actions in Response to Detected Faults

To minimize the disruption that transient faults in a resource cause, a fault monitor restarts the resource in response to such faults. For persistent faults, more disruptive action than restarting the resource is required:

- For the MaxDB resource, the fault monitor fails over the resource to another node. The MaxDB resource is a failover resource.
- For the SAP xserver resource, the fault monitor takes the resource offline. The SAP xserver is a scalable resource.

Forcing the MaxDB Database Instance to Be Restarted if the Parent Kernel Process Is Terminated

By default, unexpected termination of the parent kernel process does *not* cause the MaxDB fault monitor to restart the MaxDB database instance. The MaxDB database instance can continue to function without the parent kernel process. Restarting the MaxDB database instance in this situation might cause unnecessary unavailability of the MaxDB database instance. Therefore, you should force the MaxDB database instance to be restarted *only* if you require a feature that the parent kernel process provides. An example of such a feature is maintaining the integrity of the log history.

To force the MaxDB database instance to be restarted if the parent kernel process is terminated, set the Restart_if_Parent_Terminated extension property of the SUNW.sapdb resource to True.

Verifying the Sun Cluster HA for MaxDB Installation and Configuration

After you install, register, and configure Sun Cluster HA for MaxDB, verify the Sun Cluster HA for MaxDB installation and configuration. Verifying the Sun Cluster HA for MaxDB installation and configuration determines if the Sun Cluster HA for MaxDB data service makes the MaxDB application highly available.

Verifying the Sun Cluster HA for MaxDB installation involves verifying the operation of the following fault monitors:

- The MaxDB fault monitor
- The SAP xserver fault monitor

How to Verify the Operation of the MaxDB Fault Monitor

Perform this procedure on each node where MaxDB can run.

- 1 Log in as superuser to a node or zone that can master the MaxDB resource group.
- 2 Switch the MaxDB resource group to the node or zone that you logged in to in Step 1.

clresourcegroup switch -n node sapdb-rg

node Specifies the node to which the MaxDB resource group is to be switched

sapdb-rg Specifies the name of the MaxDB resource group is to be switched to another node

3 Abnormally terminate MaxDB.

a. Determine the process identities of all kernel processes for the MaxDB database instance that you are running.

ps -ef | grep kernel | grep db-name

db-name Specifies the name of the MaxDB database instance in uppercase

b. Kill all kernel processes for the MaxDB database instance that you are running.

kill -9 sapdb-kernel-pid

sapdb-kernel-pid Specifies the process identities of the MaxDB kernel processes that you determined in Step a

4 Confirm that the Sun Cluster HA for MaxDB fault monitor performs the appropriate operation from the following list:

- Restarting the MaxDB resource
- Failing over the MaxDB resource to another node

The expected behavior of the fault monitor depends on the failure history of the resource and the value of the Failover_enabled extension property. For more information, see the following sections:

- "Tuning the Sun Cluster HA for MaxDB Fault Monitors" on page 32
- "SUNW. sapdb Extension Properties" on page 41
- 5 Terminate MaxDB normally.
 - a. Become the OS user who administers the MaxDB database.
 - # su os-sapdb-adm-user
 - os-sapdb-adm-user Specifies the UNIX user identity of the OS user who administers the MaxDB database. This user's home directory contains the .XUSER. 62 file that was created during the installation and configuration of MaxDB. For more information, see "Installing and Configuring MaxDB" on page 16. You specify this user when you set the DB_User extension property as explained in "How to Register and Configure a MaxDB Resource" on page 30. If you are using MaxDB 7.5 or MaxDB 7.6, the UNIX user identity of the OS user who administers the MaxDB database is sdb.

b. Manually stop the MaxDB database instance.

- # dbmcli -U sapdb-adm-key db_offline
- -U sapdb-adm-key Specifies that the dbmcli command is run with the user key of the database user who administers the MaxDB database. This user key is created during the installation and configuration of MaxDB. For more information, see "Installing and Configuring MaxDB" on page 16. You specify this user key when you set the User_Key extension property as explained in "How to Register and Configure a MaxDB Resource" on page 30.
- 6 Confirm that the Sun Cluster HA for MaxDB fault monitor performs the appropriate operation from the following list:
 - Restarting the MaxDB resource
 - Failing over the MaxDB resource to another node

The expected behavior of the fault monitor depends on the failure history of the resource and the value of the Failover_enabled extension property. For more information, see the following sections:

• "Tuning the Sun Cluster HA for MaxDB Fault Monitors" on page 32

• "SUNW. sapdb Extension Properties" on page 41

How to Verify the Operation of the SAP xserver Fault Monitor

Perform this procedure on each node that can master SAP xserver.

- 1 Log in to a node or zone that can master SAP xserver.
- 2 Abnormally terminate SAP xserver.
 - a. Determine the process identities of all SAP xserver processes.

ps -ef | grep vserver

- b. Kill all SAP xserver processes.
 - # kill -9 xserver-pid

xserver-pid Specifies the process identities of the SAP xserver processes that you determined in Step a

- 3 Confirm that the SAP xserver fault monitor restarts the SAP xserver resource.
- 4 Terminate SAP xserver normally.
 - a. Become the OS user who administers SAP xserver.
 - # su os-sapxsrvr-adm-user
 - os-sapxsrvr-adm-user

Specifies the UNIX user identity of the OS user who administers SAP xserver. By default, this user is root. You can specify this user by setting the Xserver_User extension property. For more information, see "SUNW.sap_xserver Extension Properties" on page 44.

- b. Manually stop the SAP xserver.
 - # x_server stop
- 5 Confirm that the SAP xserver fault monitor restarts the SAP xserver resource.

Upgrading the SUNW.sap_xserver Resource Type

The SUNW. sap_xserver resource type is supplied with the Sun Cluster HA for SAP liveCache data service. The Sun Cluster HA for SAP liveCache data service is installed when you install Sun Cluster HA for MaxDB data service. Upgrade the SUNW.sap_xserver resource type if all conditions in the following list apply:

- You are using version 3.0 5/02 asynchronous release, version 3.1 5/03, version 3.1 10/03, or 3.1 4/04 of the Sun Cluster HA for SAP liveCache data service.
- You plan to use the Sun Cluster HA for MaxDB data service with your existing version of the Sun Cluster HA for SAP liveCache data service.
- You need to use the new features of the SUNW.sap_xserver resource type.

For general instructions that explain how to upgrade a resource type, see "Upgrading a Resource Type" in *Sun Cluster Data Services Planning and Administration Guide for Solaris OS*. The information that you need to complete the upgrade of the SUNW. sap_xserver resource type is provided in the subsections that follow.

Information for Registering the New Resource Type Version

The relationship between a resource type version and the release of Sun Cluster data services is shown in the following table. The release of Sun Cluster data services indicates the release in which the version of the resource type was introduced.

Resource Type Version	Sun ClusterData Services Release	
1.0	3.0 5/02 asynchronous release	
2	3.1 4/04	
3.1	3.2	

To determine the version of the resource type that is registered, use the clresource list command.

The resource type registration (RTR) file for this resource type is /opt/SUNWsclc/xserver/etc/SUNW.sap_xserver.

Information for Migrating Existing Instances of the Resource Type

The information that you need to migrate instances of the SUNW.sap_xserver resource type is as follows:

- You can perform the migration only when the resource is unmonitored.
- If you need to use the new features of the SUNW.sap_xserver resource type, the required value of the Type_version property is 2.
- If you need to specify the directory that contains programs and libraries for the SAP xserver runtime environment, set the Independent_Program_Path extension property. For more information, see "SUNW.sap xserver Extension Properties" on page 44.

The following example shows a command for editing an instance of the SUNW.sap_xserver resource type.

EXAMPLE 9 Editing an Instance of the SUNW.sap_xserver Resource Type During Upgrade

```
# clresource set -p Independent_Program_Path=/sapdb/indep_prog \
    -p Type_version=2 sapxserver-rs
```

This command edits a SUNW. sap_xserver resource as follows:

- The SUNW.sap_xserver resource is named sapxserver-rs.
- The Type_version property of this resource is set to 2.
- The independent program path is /sapdb/indep_prog.

* * *

Sun Cluster HA for MaxDB Extension Properties

Extension properties for Sun Cluster HA for MaxDB resource types are described in the following sections.

- "SUNW. sapdb Extension Properties" on page 41
- "SUNW. sap_xserver Extension Properties" on page 44

For details about system-defined properties, see the r_properties(5) man page and the rg_properties(5) man page.

SUNW. sapdb Extension Properties

The SUNW. sapdb resource type represents the MaxDB application in a Sun Cluster configuration. The extension properties of this resource type are as follows:

```
dbmcli_Start_Option
```

The option that is passed to the dbmcli command to start the MaxDB database instance.

Note – For M	TaxDB version 7.4.3, set this property to db_online.
Data type	String
Default	db_online
Range	Not applicable
Tunable	When disabled
Name	

The name of the MaxDB database instance in uppercase. This name is created when MaxDB is installed and configured as explained in "Installing and Configuring MaxDB" on page 16.

Data type String

Default	No default defined
Range	Not applicable
Tunable	When disabled

DB_User

The UNIX user identity of the operating system (OS) user who administers the MaxDB database instance. This user's home directory contains the .XUSER.62 file that was created during the installation and configuration of MaxDB. For more information, see "Installing and Configuring MaxDB" on page 16.

Data type	String
Default	No default defined
Range	Not applicable
Tunable	When disabled

Failover_enabled

Specifies whether the fault monitor fails over the MaxDB resource if the number of attempts to restart exceeds Retry_count within the time that Retry_interval specifies. The possible values of this extension property are as follows:

- True Specifies that the fault monitor fails over the MaxDB resource
- False Specifies that the fault monitor does not fail over the MaxDB resource

Data type	Boolean
Default	True
Range	Not applicable
Tunable	Any time

Independent_Program_Path

The full path to the directory that contains the following programs and libraries for the MaxDB application:

- Programs that are independent of the database software version
- Libraries for the client runtime environment

Sun Cluster HA for MaxDB determines the path to the dbmcli command from the value of this property. The dbmcli command resides in the bin subdirectory of the directory that this property specifies.

Data type	String
Default	/sapdb/programs
Range	Not applicable
Tunable	When disabled

Monitor_retry_count

The maximum number of restarts by the process monitor facility (PMF) that are allowed for the fault monitor.

Data type	Integer
Default	4
Range	No range defined
Tunable	Any time

Monitor_retry_interval

The period of time in minutes during which the PMF counts restarts of the fault monitor.

Data type	Integer
Default	2
Range	No range defined
Tunable	Any time

Pid_Dir_Path

The full path to the directory under which files that store the process identities of MaxDB kernel processes are created. The process identities of MaxDB kernel processes are stored in the following files:

- pid-dir/ppid/db-name
- pid-dir/pid/db-name

The replaceable items in these file paths are as follows:

- pid-dir is the directory that the Pid_Dir_Path extension property specifies
- *db-name* is the name of the MaxDB database instance that the DB_Name extension property specifies

Data typeStringDefault/var/spool/sqlRangeNot applicableTunableWhen disabled

Probe timeout

The timeout value in seconds that the fault monitor uses to probe an MaxDB database instance.

Data type	Integer
Default	90
Range	30-99,999

Tunable Any time

Restart_if_Parent_Terminated

Determines whether the fault monitor restarts the MaxDB database instance if the parent kernel process is terminated. The possible values of this extension property are as follows:

- True Specifies that the fault monitor restarts the MaxDB database instance if the parent kernel process is terminated
- False Specifies that the fault monitor does *not* restart the MaxDB database instance if the parent kernel process is terminated

Data type	Boolean
Default	False
Range	Not applicable
Tunable	Any time

User_Key

The user key of the database user who administers the MaxDB database instance. This user key is created when MaxDB is installed and configured as explained in "Installing and Configuring MaxDB" on page 16.

Data type	String
Default	No default defined
Range	Not applicable
Tunable	When disabled

SUNW.sap_xserver Extension Properties

The SUNW.sap_xserver resource type represents SAP xserver in a Sun Cluster configuration. The extension properties of this resource type are as follows:

Confdir_List

The full path to the directory that contains the MaxDB software and MaxDB database instance.

Data type	String
Default	/sapdb
Range	Not applicable
Tunable	At creation

Independent Program Path

The full path to the directory that contains the following programs and libraries for SAP xserver:

- Programs that are independent of the database software version
- Libraries for the client runtime environment

Sun Cluster HA for MaxDB determines the path to the x_server command from the value of this property. The x_server command resides in the bin subdirectory of the directory that this property specifies.

Data type	String
Default	No default defined
Range	Not applicable
Tunable	When disabled
Introduced in release	3.1 4/04

Monitor_retry_count

The maximum number of restarts by the PMF that are allowed for the fault monitor.

Data type	Integer
Default	4
Range	No range defined
Tunable	Any time

Monitor_retry_interval

The period of time in minutes during which the PMF counts restarts of the fault monitor.

Data type	Integer
Default	2
Range	No range defined
Tunable	Anytime

Probe_timeout

The timeout value in seconds for fault monitor probes.

Data type	Integer
Default	120
Range	No range defined
Tunable	Anytime

Soft_Stop_Pct

The percentage of the Stop method timeout that is used to stop SAP xserver by using the SAP utility x_server stop. If this timeout is exceeded, the SIGKILL signal is used to stop all SAP xserver processes.

Data type	Integer
Default	50
Range	1-100
Tunable	When disabled

Xserver_User

The UNIX user identity of the OS user who administers SAP xserver.

Data type	String
Default	root
Range	Not applicable
Tunable	At creation

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